

THE TIMES.

New Bloomfield, March 29, 1881.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

No Cut or Stereotype will be inserted in this paper unless light face and on metal base.

Twenty per cent. in excess of regular rates, will be charged for advertisements set in Double Column.

Mr. J. H. BATES, Newspaper Advertising Ag't., 41 Park Row, (Times Building), New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements for this paper at our best rates.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Look at the figures on the label of your paper. Those figures tell you the date to which your subscription is paid. Within 2 weeks after money is sent, see if the date is changed. No other receipt is necessary.

THE BILL to remove the Capitol to Philadelphia has been defeated by a large vote, and consequently Harrisburg can rest easy, if they ever had any fears of a removal.

THE PLACE where killing is not murder, is now proven to be San Francisco. Kallóch who was arrested and tried for the murder of Chas. DeYoung, has been acquitted. And yet all accounts agree in calling it a cold-blooded and deliberate murder. We may now expect to hear of some more butchering in that city.

MR. VOORHEES has offered the following resolution in the Senate. It is regarded as the beginning of a general attack: Resolved, That the hostile attitude assumed by the national banks towards the refunding of the national debt at a low rate of interest, and the recent attempt to dictate the legislation of Congress on that subject, are contrary to the best interests of the people, and well calculated to excite their alarm for the future. The resolution was after much discussion allowed to come before the Senate, and Mr. Voorhees made a violent attack upon the banks.

IT is now stated on good authority that the members of the Legislature can not draw pay beyond the one hundred days which is specified for a session. The law provides for paying members \$10 a day for a session of 100 days, but it is alleged that there is no authority and provision made for their payment during the extra fifty days which custom and their pecuniary interests have sanctioned. Under the New Constitution the 100 days will expire on the 15th of April or thereabouts and it is not likely that the Legislature will continue in session in case the members cannot draw pay any longer.

PEOPLE who use the success of the French loan as an argument that this country might borrow all the money it needs at three per cent. either forget or conveniently neglect to mention the fact that the French loan is issued fifteen per cent. below par. When the United States raises a loan it wants to receive one hundred cents on every dollar, and we had better, if need be, pay a little more interest than depart from the salutary rule that has been laid down.—Should we offer a loan at three per cent. with the same discount from par, there is no doubt but what it would be readily taken, as the interest instead of three per cent. is actually three and five-eighths per cent. when the price at which it was sold is taken into the account.

The State for Quacks.

The Missouri Legislature has killed a bill to restrict the practice of medicine to the possessors of medical diplomas. The argument which defeated the measure was that a good doctor is known by his cures, and that a bad one is not improved by a certificate. "It is a grave mistake," said one opponent of the proposed law, "to consider medicine a science. It is essentially empirical, and its practice is simply a conformity with certain rules founded on experience. The experience of the individual is of vastly more importance as a guide than the recorded experience of others, and the only effective way to learn the practice of medicine is to practice it. A special preparation is not superfluous, and a certificate of competency is not objectionable, but they should stand for what they are worth. The people are able to take care of themselves, and, as a general thing, manage to starve out medical pretenders."

Gambling House for Children.

In the lower part of Roosevelt street, N. Y., a little store has recently been opened for the sale of toys and candies. Its chief feature to the children of that unpleasant neighborhood is a "wheel of fortune," so called, which stands on the counter in the back part of the little bazaar. From very early in the morning till late at night the gilded arrow whirled on its well-worn pivot under the impulse of some young gambler's hand. The blackboard over which the arrow revolves is marked with as many diverging lines as a wheel has spokes. In each of these divisions is a toy of insignificant value—a trinket in tin or painted wood. The tariff is one cent a chance,

and if the prize is not wanted the gambler has the option of taking a cent's worth of candy in its stead. There is one chief prize. If it falls to a boy he gets a base ball; or if to a girl, a set of stoneware dishes. A pretty woman presides at the tempting board, and is kept busy all day long dropping the pennies into the money drawer. There is too much of that kind of gambling nearly every where. All the prize packages sold are generally bought with the hope of getting something of greater value than is paid for. Parents should not permit their children to buy these packages, as it only lays the foundation for a desire to gamble on a larger scale.

A Romantic Story.

A romance in real life is the talk of the gossips in Allegheny county. Seven years ago a young man named George Arthur Brebb landed in New York from Liverpool. He was the son of the superintendent of one of London's public libraries, who was also a large stock holder in the Queen's Theater, London. At home young Brebb had lived a fast life, which brought about a quarrel between him and his father and he determined to emigrate. In New York, Brebb fell in with fast friends and soon his small sum of money was exhausted. Having no trade, Brebb started out with a gang of tramps and for five years roamed from State to State dirty and ragged. In April, 1879 he was with dirty companions hanging around Cadiz, Harrison County, Ohio. One Sunday John H. Fair, a small farmer and coal operator, with his family was out walking, and as the roads were muddy they took the railroad track. After walking some distance they came upon young Brebb and his gang huddled around a fire. Mr. Fair got into conversation with the men and Mrs. Fair noticed by Brebb's speech that he was a native of her own country. Mr. and Mrs. Fair asked Brebb to cut loose from his companions and stay with them. This Brebb agreed to do, and next day he was put to work. Shortly after Brebb became one of the Fair household a widowed sister of Mrs. Fair came over from England to make her home with the Fairs. She was told the story of Brebb and Brebb and Mrs. Tweedle soon grew to be very warm friends. Friendship in time ripened into love, and ere many months passed by Mrs. Tweedle consented to marry Brebb, although she knew nothing as to who he really was and only knew of his life in this country from his own account. He was a redeemed tramp and that was all. The ceremony was performed in December of that year, after which matters went on as usual for several months. Finally Brebb concluded he would write home and let his people know of his whereabouts and situation. After a lapse of a short time he received an answer, stating that his father had died two years ago, and that in his will he had left his wayward son £10,000. Brebb then disclosed his identity to his wife and relatives and soon after left with his wife for London, where from a letter received this week, they arrived in due time and had immediately received the inheritance of about \$50,000.

Will Partridge eat Partridge?

During the past winter a number of partridges belonging to the Lancaster Game Association have died, although provided with plenty of feed, fresh water and gravel. The dead birds were removed from the room in which they died as soon as they were discovered; but occasionally they may have lain dead under cover a few days before being discovered. Three or four of them were noticed to have the feathers partly picked off and the flesh eaten away from the neck and back. It was thought the mischief might have been done by mice (rats could not possibly enter the room), and a trap was set to catch them. Yesterday, however, while the birds were being fed, a dead one was discovered behind a piece of canvas that had been arranged as a screen and retreat for the birds. The feathers and flesh were picked from its back, and some feathers were sticking on the beaks of the living birds. The man who fed the birds is fully convinced that the living birds were feeding on the dead one, although there was abundance of feed—screenings, cracked corn, a head of cabbage and a basin of water—within their reach. Some of our old sportsmen say they never heard of such a thing. If any of our readers have heard of a similar case we would be pleased to hear from them.—*Lancaster Examiner.*

Old Abe's Decision.

During Lincoln's time there was a great row over the Post Office in Major Bickham's town of Dayton, Ohio. Two Hotspurs were in the field. Petition after petition in favor of one or the other poured in upon the President, and delegation after delegation hastened to Washington to argue the case. Mr. Lincoln was a long-suffering man, but his patience gave out at last. He could

not determine that one applicant was in the slightest degree more competent or more patriotic or better supported than the other. Finally after being bored by a fresh delegation, he said to his Secretary: "This matter has got to end somehow. Bring a pair of scales." The scales were brought. "Now put in all the petitions and letters in favor of one man and see how much they weigh, and then weigh the other fellow's pile." It was found that one bundle was three-quarters of a pound heavier than the other. "Make out an appointment at once for the man who has the heaviest papers," said Mr. Lincoln, and it was done.

A Burglar Killed.

A daring attempt was made on last Wednesday morning to rob the National Bank of Rolla, Mo. A man named Pat Ebert, hailing from Kansas, took up his residence near the bank about a month since. He obtained access to an empty building adjoining the bank, and for three days was tunnelling toward the vault. He had just made his entrance, when the bank was surrounded by the police, who had been apprised of his movements, and an attempt was made to take him alive. He dashed among them, however, with a dagger, and was shot in his tracks. He lived one hour afterward, but would answer no questions. He only remarked—"You've got me, boys."

A Remarkable Story.

A strange story comes from Florence, S. C. As James Best was crossing a field on his farm recently he was instantly killed by a stroke of lightning, which tore up the ground where he had stood, and buried him from sight. Mr. Best was seen just before the fatal stroke and his disappearance produced great consternation among those persons who were watching him from their windows, and several ran out to fathom the mystery. They found a large hole, surrounded by heaps of dirt, but not a vestige of Mr. Best. After two hours hard work with shovels his dead body was found at the bottom of the hole. The case is producing a sort of religious terror among the more ignorant and superstitious countrymen, and they look upon it as an omen of some terrible calamity.

Foreign Affairs.

NICE, March 23.—A fire in the Italian Opera House broke out at the commencement of the opera this evening. Fourteen persons who were suffocated have been taken out and their bodies placed in the church opposite the theater. It is feared that a hundred men and women perished in the flames.

MADRID, March 22.—A bomb with a lighted fuse attached was placed outside the Royal Theater last night, but it was discovered by the police before it could explode.

The eleven hundred persons reported in the Berlin dispatch as having left for Bremen and Hamburg on their way to America left that city on Monday from two railway stations only. The emigration is so large that the steamship companies are obliged to charter extra steamers.

Suspected Sororicide.

DETROIT, Mich., March 21.—Mrs. J. R. Scott, who lived five miles north of Williamston, Ingham co., was found dead on the 6th inst., having, as was then supposed, shot herself. A note was found beside her saying she had lived long enough. Suspicions of foul-play developed a day or two later, and evidence was obtained which led to the arrest of John Fink, Mrs. Scott's brother, on a charge of murder. Great excitement prevails in the community regarding the affair. Litigation in regard to property was the cause of Mrs. Scott's death, whether from suicide or otherwise.

A Kidnapper Arrested.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 22.—Henry Jenkins, who resides in South Brooklyn, was arrested in Jersey City this morning, having in his possession the two-and-a-half year old child of Mrs. Taylor, of No. 48 Beason avenue. The child had been taken out of its bed, and at the time of the arrest had nothing on but its night-gown. He is held to answer the charge of kidnapping. The child's parents being wealthy it is supposed he hoped to obtain a ransom for its return.

A Sink in the Turnpike.

There seems to be some curious formations in our limestone lands. On Wednesday, as Mr. Jacob Baum was driving a team with a wagon load of lumber along the pike, when opposite the farm of Hon. J. W. Killinger, between Annville and Palmyra, the hind wheels of his wagon seemed to sink deep into the ground, and were extricated with a great deal of trouble. It turned out that there was a big hole or chamber beneath, many feet in depth,

and with the general proportions of a good sized room. At the bottom water could be seen, apparently in a flowing condition. We learn that there is a stream north of the pike that disappears in the soil, and the one at the bottom of the hole referred to may be it. The hole was fenced around, and the Turnpike Company was considering the best way to fill it up.—*Lebanon Courier.*

POTTSVILLE, March 24.—A cowardly attempt at exterminating the occupants of a house of ill-fame was discovered yesterday afternoon and reported this morning. The place is known as the "Flower Garden," and while the tenant was cutting wood yesterday preparatory to kindling a fire she found a piece of hemlock about two inches in diameter and less than a foot long. Thinking it was too thick she split it with a hatchet disclosing an alarming state of affairs. The piece had been hollowed with an augur and filled with three rifle cartridges of the kind used in the old muzzle-loaders. Each cartridge was carefully wrapped in newspaper, and all were pressed down hard. The open end of the stick had been plugged with wood, and so daubed with earth as to hide its real character. Had it been thrown into the stove in the room where several women usually were it would probably have dealt death to all present.

INDIANA has a very strange dog law that goes into effect on the first day of April. By its provisions every dog in the state is to be registered by its owner, and will be assessed for taxation, and if not registered is to be killed. The law is a stringent one, and seems to be justified by the fact that sheep husbandry in the state has been greatly interfered with by the pest of sheep-killing dogs. The number of sheep in the state is said not to exceed a million, while there are 200,000 dogs.—*Fort Wayne Sentinel.*

PITTSBURGH, March 24.—Seven masked men entered the house of John Conner, aged 81, who, with his wife as his only companion, lives at Catfish, Pa., about fifty miles from here, bound and gagged both, compelled the old gentleman to give the combination of his safe, and stole \$5,000 worth of Government coupon bonds, unregistered, and from \$5,000 to \$10,000 in cash. The old people were roughly handled and may not survive the shock of the outrage.

DR. HURD, of Paterson, pricked one of his fingers with a needle a few days since while making a post-mortem examination, and although every precaution was taken, he is in a critical condition from the effect of blood poisoning.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23, 1881.

Those who are here urging an extra session of Congress, have received several severe setbacks lately in the shape of protests from leading commercial cities of the Union to the President, against a called session, it being maintained that it would paralyze business, unsettle values, and be disastrous to the welfare of the country. For several days past there has been a strong impression that the called session was a foregone conclusion; but last night it was thought that the probabilities in favor of it are greatly lessened, and some go so far as to state positively that the idea was given up at yesterday's Cabinet meeting. The most powerful arguments thus far given for an extra session have been advanced by Secretary Blaine, who puts the question to the President in this query: Do you want the Greenbackers to go into a campaign with the cry that a Republican President vetoed a bill in the interests of the National banks? Now Secretary Blaine happens to hail from a State where the greenback element has probably more strength than in any of the other States of the Union, and he fully appreciates that this club can be used by them in the State of Maine quite effectually. It can also be used in Ohio, Indiana and Wisconsin. Of the Cabinet, Secretary Blaine, it is understood, is the most earnest champion of the special session. Secretary Windom, on the other hand, is quite lukewarm in the matter, if not positively disinclined to the project of an extra session.

Those who oppose an extra session, notably, Representatives Robeson and Keifer take the ground that if the session is called for the purpose of passing the funding bill, that it may be, a bill no better in terms can be got through the House, than the bill vetoed by President Hayes. Mr. Keifer is, perhaps, troubled with a little modesty, for if the session be called shortly he will be Speaker.

When the Senate met yesterday Mr. Voorhees offered the following resolution: Resolved, That the hostile attitude assumed by the National banks toward the refunding of the National debt at a low rate of interest, and the recent attempt to dictate the legislation of Congress on that subject, are contrary to the best interests of the people, and well calculated to excite their alarm for the future. Several Senators raised the point that the resolution being of general legislation is out of order at this time. Senator Voorhees maintained to the contrary and gave several precedents. The whole matter, however, went over until to-day, at the suggestion of Senators Merrill and Conkling.

The Republican Senators held a caucus yesterday at which it was decided to offer a resolution to proceed to the election of Senate officers to-day. It is very doubtful, however, if the Democrats allow such action as they can

by withholding their votes, leave the Senate without a quorum. Hon. Geo. C. Gorham was agreed upon for Secretary. Mr. Gorham held the position for eleven years.

A new batch of office seekers have arrived in town to take the place of those now walking home. The late arrivals are from the South and Southwest.

OLIVE.

Important to Travelers.—Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue.

A WOMAN,

Or a MAN either, who wants BARGAINS,

will do well to look over some of the

Job Lots Closing Out

by the subscriber in order to make room for Spring Goods.

We have some Jobs that are worthy of your attention. Besides these Job lots it will pay you

TO CALL AND

See Our Assortment of

Toys, Books, Albums, Fancy Note Paper, Jewelry, Glass Sets, China Ornaments, Perfumery in fancy bottles, Choice Soaps, Looking Glasses, Decks, Work Boxes, &c.

IF YOU WANT

Fancy Goods for Ladies,

Look at our assortment of Lace Ties, Silk Ties, Collars, Silk Handkerchiefs, Pocket Books, Bags, Zephyr Goods, Fancy Buttons, Skirts, Under Vests, Ribbons, etc., etc.,

IF YOU WANT

Blankets for Beds or Horses,

Look at our assortment. We can offer you Colored Bed Blankets for \$2 per pair and up. White Blankets for \$2.75 per pair, and up, and Horse Blankets from \$1.60 up.

IF YOU WANT

Gloves for Men or Boys,

Come and look at what we can offer you and note prices. We can please you.

IF YOU WANT

Trunks, Valises or Satchels,

You should call and see what we have. It will probably save you money.

IF YOU WANT

Fine Groceries,

Such as Citron, Seedless Raisins, Choice Layer Raisins, New Orleans Molasses, Mince Meat, Pure Spices, prepared Cocoa Nut, Canned Corn, Canned Peas, Canned Beef, Oat Meal, and any other goods in the grocery line, come and see us; we have what you want.

IF YOU WANT

Hardware,

You will find that we have Sleigh Bells, Skates, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Pistols, Cartridges, Hatchets, Axes, Augurs, Chisels, Saws, Iron, Steel, Nails, and a general assortment of such goods as are kept by a first class hardware store.

F. MORTIMER,

New Bloomfield.

NOTICE!

THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Perry county, that he has a large and well selected stock of

HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,
DRUGS,
WINES & LIQUORS,
IRON,
NAILS,
HORSE and MULE SHOES,
STEEL,
IRON AXLES,
SPRINGS,
SPORES,
HUBS,
FELLOES,
SHAFTS,
FOLES & BOWS,
BROOM HANDLES,
WIRE,
ALSO,
TWINES, &c.

Paints, Oils, Glass, Plaster, and Cement.

SOLE, CALF, KIP and UPPER LEATHER, FISH, SALT, SUGARS, SYRUPS, TEAS, SPICES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, and SMITH COAL.

John Lucas & Co's.,
MIXED PAINTS,

(ready for use.)
The best is the CHEAPEST.

And a large variety of goods not mentioned, all of which were bought at the Lowest Cash Price, and he offers the same to his Patrons at the Very Lowest Prices for Cash or approved trade. His motto—Low prices, and Fair dealings to all. Go and see him.
Respectfully,
S. M. SHULER,
Liverpool, Perry Co. Pa.