

MT. JOY BULLETIN
MOUNT JOY, PA.
J. E. SCHROLL, Editor & Prop.

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All correspondents must have their communications reach this office no later than Monday. Telephone news of importance between that time and 12 o'clock noon Wednesday. Change of advertisements must positively reach this office no later than Monday night. New advertisements inserted if copy reaches us Tuesday night. Advertising rates on application.

The subscription lists of the Landisville Vigil, the Florin News and the Mount Joy Star and News were merged with that of the Mount Joy Bulletin, which makes this paper's circulation about double that of the paper's ordinary weekly.

EDITORIAL

Of all the nuisance taxes, the three cents letter postage, is certainly the most unpopular. When the average citizen pays the extra cent to mail a letter he knows what officialdom in Washington has done to him, and his complaining is loud and bitter, and will become more so as he feels the pinch of other levies.

WHY NOT?

We have been asked on numerous occasions within the past ten days, "Will Mount Joy hold a Community Exhibit this Fall?"

Our reply in every instance was, "Why Not? Of all years, this is the one time we should not miss for a number of reasons.

We have spoken to some of the active workers on previous exhibits and all are willing to donate their services for the good of the cause. We feel certain there are others who will cheerfully assist.

Farm shows will be held in two of our sister towns and we sincerely hope we have one in Mount Joy again this Fall.

ONE THING THAT NEEDS CORRECTION

Stop if you will, for a few minutes, and watch traffic on any of our artery highways. You will be immediately impressed by the number of trucks, loaded to the top, traveling over these highways. Many are from other states. The roads are full of them.

We cannot help thinking that here is a maladjustment of conditions that should be remedied. Here is a common carrier outfit which uses and abuses, practically without expense, the roads for which the motorists of our state have been taxed for years. They are enabled by low expense to underbid for service our railroads upon which the prosperity of this country is considerably based.

This problem will get worse from year to year unless it is curbed. Our roads are comparatively new now and the thundering impact of the heavy rigs does not seem to make much difference but as time goes on the roads begin to crumble under the strain so that replacements are necessary it will be too bad.

We favor the trucks and busses being placed on a fair basis with the railroads. If they want to compete with the railroads, let them build their own highways and maintain them. Why should the taxpayers do it?

SEVEN SIGNS OF AN UPTURN

1. Congress has adjourned therefore cannot sanction further raids on the treasury.

2. Agricultural prices have been stabilized, surplus stocks have been reduced, and, in the case of pork products, the market has stiffened.

3. The banks have secured. The recent flurry in Chicago served only to prove how adequate the new machinery is to prevent a new banking disaster.

4. All foreign gold having been withdrawn from the United States, there is no ground for apprehension over the maintenance of the gold standard.

5. The general business index of The New York Times has been practically stationary since the end of May. The steady drop in production has ended.

6. The country is close to the end of the period of the delayed replacement of goods. Those who have incomes cannot continue much longer to wear old clothes and postpone other purchases. When the demand for goods increases, the national income will cease to decline.

7. German reparations, the greatest unsettling factor in world relationship, probably has been compromised at last, with a perceptible decrease in the likelihood of a new conflict in Europe or a civil war in Germany.

If these things do not indicate that America has "hit bottom" and is ready for the upturn, what do they imply?

A WAVE OF PROTEST

Business men, manufacturers, property owners of every class and kind are joining in the wave of protest against increasing governmental expenditures and mounting taxes.

Marshall Field & Company, the largest department store in the world, we believe, have issued a circular to their wholesale customers in which they point that while, last year, Federal, State and local taxes took almost 22 cents out of every dollar of private income, the proportion will be higher this year because of the greatly reduced income.

Expenses have not been reduced; they have been increased. According to the Field tabulation, since 1927 our federal cost have increased 73 per cent

Interesting Trip To Pacific Coast
(From page one)

in the "Bolder country" and realized just why the Bolder Dam is of such great importance to the progress of California. The country is mountainous, very scenic and hot.

The Imperial valley of southeastern California flourishes with dates. This is the only place in the United States where dates can be raised for commercial purposes. The hay crop here is a continuous routine, which must be cut and baled at night. Much of this hay is shipped east.

At the head of the Imperial valley is the pretty city of San Bernardino. Here the orange growers gather annually to compete for the prizes awarded by the orange growers association. The exhibition is a gala affair and takes place in February.

Moving northward, however by northward I also mean rising to sea-level. At this point we were two hundred feet below sea-level. Reaching Barstow we prepared to spend a night, a sleepless one, and at three A. M. we began our first lap across the desert. At 3:15 A. M. we saw the sunrise. This is a really most spectacular sight. By seven o'clock we reached Needles and were very glad to seek shelter under a frame shedding. Other tourists joined us and until four-thirty our chief duties consisted of drinking water and telling stories of Alaska and North Pole expeditions. The temperature had reached one hundred and twenty degrees.

Beginning our second lap, we found as before vast waste-land, a few more coyotes and small white lizards. There is also a rugged mountain climb to Williams Arizona. Needless to say we welcomed the sight of the town, it was three A. M. and we were all suffering from the climatic conditions.

Grand Canyon! What a contrast, and how we enjoyed it! I wish I could stop right here and tell you all the wonders it possesses. The canyon itself is thirty-five miles across, one to two miles deep and two hundred miles long. This is the only National park in which Indians live within its boundaries.

The painted desert brought many exclamations and will always remain under our scenic wonders.

Our time limited our study of the Indians. We saw several tribes including the Hopi and Navajo. Indian art is very fascinating. To learn of their customs we attended a lecture which proved very worthwhile. Their civilization is very questionable. We found grain stored in the houses built for them by the government while they exist in mud huts. Some tribes are dying out but in place of the seven thousand Navajos Custer found we learned they now number between fifty and sixty thousand.

New Mexico was much of a surprise to us. We were hardly prepared to find so crude and backward a state in our union.

We found the Pan-handle section of Texas much different. This fertile ranch land is very beautiful as well as productive. Oklahoma was very interesting, finding both agriculture and oil. Tulsa being a very beautiful city. Arkansas and poverty seem to go hand in hand. The Ozark regions are very beautiful and we feel that education would be the real means for progress.

Tennessee, Memphis, Nashville and Knoxville! Each contributed to our delightful trip. Lovely southern atmosphere, beautiful buildings and warm hospitality.

Cotton and tobacco fields gave us much to observe and appreciate.

Upon entering Virginia came the urge to see our parents. From Harrisonburg we were on familiar soil. Following our planned route from Winchester to Frederick to Gettysburg to York arriving at Mount Joy last Tuesday evening.

Our entire trip covered eleven thousand three hundred and eighty-six miles. We visited twenty states and Mexico.

The trip is an excellent one very historic and very beautiful. One we hope all our friends will make and enjoy.

FIRE TOWERS OPEN NEW SCENIC VIEWS

Some of the most beautiful scenic areas in the Commonwealth may be seen from the 122 forest fire observation towers maintained by the Department of Forests and Waters.

They are visited by thousands of persons annually, who have learned of the beautiful views they make possible. The towers are from 60 to 90 feet high and are safe and easy to climb.

During the spring and fall periods of forest fire danger, observers are stationed at the towers.

Visitors are welcome.

Advertise in The Bulletin

from \$1,964,000,000 to \$3,195,100,000 a year.

This is all wrong. It is time to call a halt. We see only one way to do that, and that is to make economy the watchword of the coming campaign. No man should be supported for election to any office in which he will have anything to say about taxation or the spending of tax money who will not pledge himself to reduce expenses and taxes, even if by doing so he loses a few votes when he comes up for reelection.

We think that nine-tenths of governmental extravagance is due to the desire of legislators to placate groups and individuals whose votes they desire. It is nothing short of robbery, in our opinion, for a man in public office to impose taxes upon one class of the public in order to spend the money for the benefit of another class, whose votes, he hopes, will perpetuate him in power.

It is time to stop.

LANDISVILLE

Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Cooper, of Main street, have returned home after spending ten days touring the New England States. Coming home they stopped at Mansfield and Chambersburg with their daughters. Rev. and Mrs. Cooper covered 1,790 miles on the trip.

The tenth annual Staley family reunion was held at White Rose Park, York on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Sheaffer, of Detroit, Michigan and L. L. Sheaffer, of Flint, Michigan, spent the week with their mother, Mrs. Sheaffer and sister Mrs. Dyer. Keith Dyer has returned with them, expecting to remain a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hess and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Fissell spent Saturday evening at the old fiddlers convention at Parkesburg.

Miss Anna Habecker and friend Mr. Benjamin Brubaker, with a number of friends spent Sunday at Red Point Beach, Maryland, all enjoying the day.

Miss Betty Minnich, who spent a few days at New York with her sister, Hilda returned home Saturday.

Prof. and Mrs. James Morgan of Mansfield, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Mansfield's parents, Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. Addison Miller and daughters Arline and Burnes with Mr. and Mrs. William Habecker attended the Habecker reunion at Downingtown.

Miss Dorothy Fissell and some friends motored to Hanover, where they spent the evening at Senf's park. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Kline and family and Miss Joseph Staley, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Clay Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Snyder and family spent Sunday at Valley Forge.

Miss Ette Debler spent several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Miles Debler, her brother on Broad street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Tobias and family of Williamsport, spent Sunday with Mrs. Tobias' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper. From here they went to Washington to spend some time.

The Blue Ridge Mountaineers consisting of the Seifert family played at the home of Helen Debler on Broad street Tuesday evening. Uncle Dudley and Uncle High was also present. Refreshments were served by Mrs. Debler.

Miss Mary Lump of Broad street entertained as her guests on Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Shortlege and son, Miss Mildred Shortlege from Baltimore, Maryland, Mrs. Minnie Dombach, Allen Dull and daughter of Columbia.

Samuel Mumma is spending two weeks at the Choir camp at Goldsboro.

Miss Lorea Falkenroth of York, is spending a week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Mumma.

Definite Price Put on Native Wife in Africa

When an Inhabitant native of Portuguese East Africa wants to get married he usually goes to Johannesburg to work in the gold mines for the price of a wife, Miss Ruth Thomas, a St. Louis missionary recently returned from there, says. The price of a native wife is \$75, which must be paid to her father.

"The prospective bridegroom marches into the home of the father," Miss Thomas reports, "and says in a bold tone, 'Do the cattle eat here?' (Inhabitant for 'Are there any marriageable girls here?')

"If the father replies affirmatively the boy produces the 'bride price' and asks for his daughter's hand. The father answers that the young man must obtain the consent of his daughter."

"If the daughter is obstinate it may require a good deal of arguing on the part of the parent to change her view. Seldom, however, does a prospective father-in-law allow \$75 to slip away from him."

"When an agreement has been reached the two kneel before the father for his blessing. He fills his mouth with water and sprays the bride's face and then does the same thing to the bridegroom. That is the wedding."—Exchange.

Depression of 1873

Nearly 50,000 commercial houses failed between 1873 and 1878. By November, 1873, pig iron could hardly be sold at any price and by December 1 half the furnaces and mills in the country had shut down. Six months later there were 175,000 men idle in that industry alone. Rhodes thus described the period in those five years, "a long, dismal tale of declining markets, exhaustion of capital, lowering in value of all kinds of property, including real estate; constant bankruptcies, close economy in business, and grinding frugality in living; idle mills, furnaces and factories, former profit-earning iron mills reduced to the value of a scrap heap; laborers out of employment, reductions of wages, strikes and lockouts, the great railroad riots of 1877, suffering of the unemployed, depression and despair." Recovery was fairly rapid.

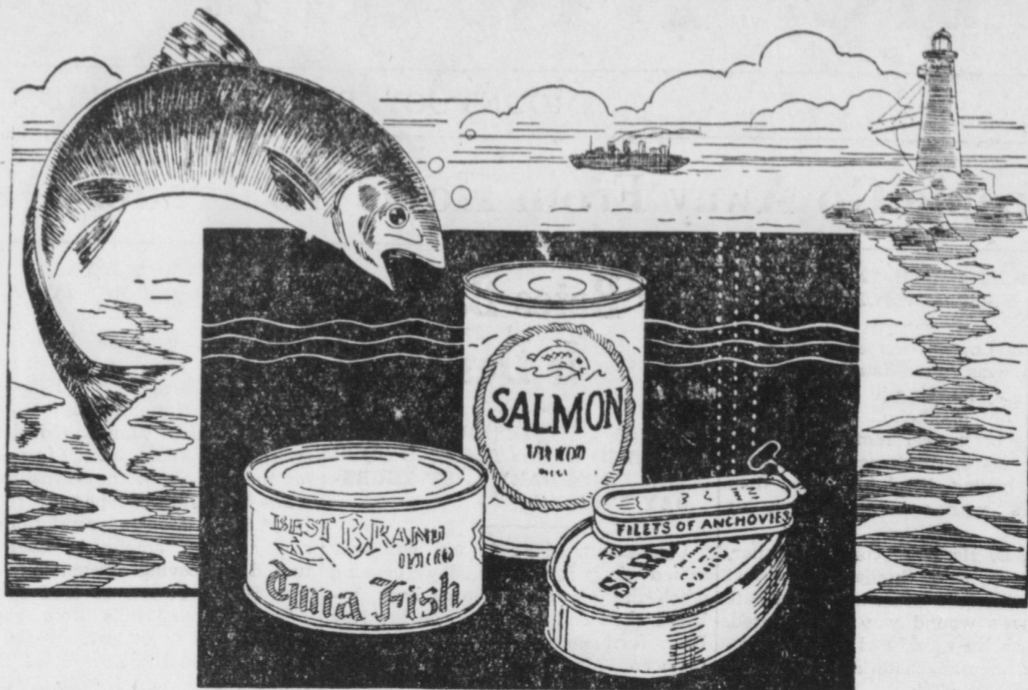
Historic Dueling Pistols

At the termination of the historic duel between Stephen Decatur and Commodore Barron, the pistols used by both parties were taken possession of by Capt. Jesse D. Elliott, U. S. N., who had acted as second for Barron. He retained them until his death, in 1845, when they came into the possession of the late Gen. W. L. Elliott of San Francisco, by whom, it is recorded, they were owned in 1864, which is the last definite record the adviser on arms of the Milwaukee public museum has of them.

You can get all the news of this locality for less than three cents a week thru the Bulletin.

There is no better way to boost your business than by local newspaper advertising.

WONDERS OF THE DEEP



MOST of the earth has been discovered. More and more we are probing the secrets of the air. But the ocean remains, in many ways, the great mystery. And since nearly three-fourths of the earth's surface is covered by oceans, it will probably be many years before scientists can explain all of the wonders of the deep.

One of the never-ceasing sources of wonder is the quantity of food which comes out of the sea, and the nutritive value of this sea food. Science explains this, in part, by telling us that as the land becomes poorer, the sea becomes richer. By the processes of erosion and other factors, the land is being continually impoverished and the sea enriched. Water which seeps through the soil dissolves soluble salts and minerals and these eventually reach the sea. Man has even hastened this process by deforestation, and the seas have become a great storehouse.

Diabetic Importance
Commissioner Henry O'Malley, head of the Bureau of Fisheries

in the United States, says that he looks forward to the time when we will cultivate the seas as we do the land areas, increasing their production, much as we do with oyster farming today. In speaking of the importance of sea foods in the diet, Commissioner O'Malley says: "They have proved to be good sources of the minerals and vitamins so essential to a well-balanced diet, and of course, to good health. For a long time sea foods have been recognized as the richest known source of iodine among foods."

If you are a housewife, this all sounds very interesting, perhaps—but perhaps, also, you hate to clean fish. Scaling and cleaning even the most sleek and iodine-containing fish imaginable is not an inviting task. But unless you are a very old-fashioned housewife, this element does not seriously enter into your enjoyment of fish, because it is sold in such convenient forms today — and canned fish, which affords such excellent variety, has been found to retain food value excellently.

The following tested recipes will bring some of these "wonders of

the deep" to your table in tempting and nutritious form.

Fishes in Summer Dishes

Jellied Codfish: Make a white sauce of two tablespoons butter, two tablespoons flour, one and one-half cups milk, salt and pepper to taste and one slightly-beaten egg. Dissolve one tablespoon of gelatin in four tablespoons of cold water. Add to the white sauce. Cool, fold in the contents of two 10-ounce cans of codfish flakes and eight sweet pickles. Mold as desired. Chill. This serves ten persons.

Crab Meat Cocktail: Flake the contents of one 6½-ounce can of crab meat. Add two hard-cooked eggs which have been finely chopped, and six sliced stoned olives. Fork in lightly, one-half cup crisp shredded lettuce. Add one-half cup cocktail sauce, and serve in small green pepper cups. This serves six persons.

Cocktail Sauce: Mix together one-half cup catsup, one-fourth cup lemon juice, one-eighth teaspoon salt, one-eighth teaspoon Worcestershire sauce and two drops of tabasco sauce.

HOW MUCH

is a dollar

Dave Harum said, "When you get hold of ten dollars get it into you or onto you as soon as you can, for there ain't no pocket in a shroud and you're a long time dead."

If you had nothing but money you would be poor indeed. It is the things for which you can exchange the money you earn that set the standards of your living comforts and conveniences.

You know this. But do you know that it is you who largely determines the value of your dollars?

Many things contribute to the distance a dollar will go, but the greatest agent in "value received" is Advertising.

The advertisements in this paper tell you about the best grades of merchandise. They tell you where they can be had and for how much.

They tell you of the new things that manufacturers are producing to make your dollars of real worth to you in greater comforts, better living, more enjoyment.

Read the advertisements. Take time to save time. Take trouble to save trouble. Read to save walking. Search the ads to save searching the stores. And to make the dollar go farther!



IMPORTANT!

When you ask for a product by name, as a result of advertising, you do not accept a substitute—substitutes are offered not as a service to you, but for other reasons.

SUMMER PRICES on

blue coal

now in effect at

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EXCLUSIVE AGENCY
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Lost 20 Lbs. of Fat In Just 4 Weeks

Mrs. Mae West of St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I'm only 28 yrs. old and weighed 170 lbs. until taking one box of your Kruschen Salts just 4 weeks ago. I now weigh 150 lbs. I also have more energy and furthermore I've never had a hungry moment."

Fat folks should take one half teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water in the morning before breakfast—it's the SAFE, harmless way to reduce as tens of thousands of men and women know.

For your health's sake ask for and get Kruschen at any drugstore—the cost for a bottle that lasts 4 weeks is but a trifle and if not the first bottle you are not joyfully satisfied with results—money back.



PROBAK BLADES

I'll Tell You Free How to Heal

Bad Legs

Simply anoint the swollen veins and sores with Emerald Oil, and bandage your leg. Use a bandage three inches wide and long enough to give the necessary support, winding it upward from the ankle to the knee, the way the blood flows in the veins. No more broken veins. No more ulcers nor open sores. No more crippling pain. Just follow directions and you are sure to be helped. Your druggist won't keep your money unless you are.

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