



Better Foods for Less!

With ASCO Service you are sure of obtaining Highest Quality Foods at Reasonable Prices, because we take but one small profit, and the savings are yours.

Where Quality Counts Your Money Goes Furthest!

ASCO Finest Tiny June PEAS can 19c	Ritter, Tomato SOUP can 5c
New pack—finest of the crop.	ASCO or Ritter Beans 3 cans 23c with Pork
ASCO FANCY Sweet PEAS can 15c	Campbell's Assorted SOUPS can 10c
New pack—1930 crop.	Campbell's Tomato Soup 3 cans 25c
	Asco Buckwheat or Pancake 3 pkgs 25c FLOUR
	ASCO Tender Cut Red Beets me can 10c

Timely Suggestions!

Farmdale Tender Peas 2 cans 25c	Del Monte Sugar Peas can 17c
ASCO Golden Bantam Corn 2 cans 29c	ASCO Finest Maryland Tomatoes med can 10c
ASCO Royal Anne Cherries can 19c 32c	California Bartlett Pears big can 25c
ASCO Dutch Cocoa 1/2 lb can 20c	Princess Cocoa lb can 15c

Shredded Wheat pkg 11c	ASCO Sliced Bacon 1-2 lb 18c
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Preserving Needs!

Ball Mason PINT JARS doz 69c	Ball Mason QUART JARS doz 79c
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Jelly Glasses doz 39c	Best Jar Rubbers 3 doz 19c
Porcelain-Lined Jar Tops doz 25c	Certo (Sure Jell) bot 29c
ASCO Pure Spices can 7c	

BAKING HELPS!

Old Fashioned Brown Sugar 2 One lb 13c
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Cow Brand or H. & H. Baking SODA can 5c 9c
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Calif. Seedless Raisins 2 pkgs 15c

Calif. Seeded Raisins pkg 10c

ASCO Pure Fruit jar Preserves 21c

Asco Finest Calif. Peaches big can 23c
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Baked in spotless bakeries—of the finest ingredients
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Bread Supreme Large Wrapped Loaf 8c

Victor Bread, Big Pan Loaf 5c

ASCO COFFEE lb 29c

Acme Brand lb tin COFFEE 35c

BOSCUL COFFEE lb tin 43c

N. B. C. Assorted Iced and Marshmallow Cakes lb 25c

Take note of the fair prices at which you can buy Highest Quality Foods and Table Needs—and you will recognize the importance of your neighborhood ASCO Store.

These Prices Effective in Our MOUNT JOY STORE

MOLASSES FEED MIXING

WE HAVE RECENTLY INSTALLED A MIRACLE PROCESS MOLASSES MIXING MACHINE. NOW WE CAN MIX ANY FORMULA YOU WANT AND ADD MOLASSES TO IT. GIVE US A TRIAL.

WE ARE ALSO IN A POSITION TO SELL MOLASSES IN ANY QUANTITY.

WOLGEMUTH BROS., FLORIN, PA.

Phones: 151R4 and 57R6

PLUMBING and HEATING

Also All Kinds Repair Work PROMPT SERVICE PRICES REASONABLE

JOSEPH L. HEISEY

Phone—179R5 FLORIN, PENNA.

PRODUCE & LIVE STOCK MARKET

CORRECT INFORMATION FURNISHED WEEKLY BY THE PENNA. BUREAU OF MARKETS FOR THE BULLETIN

The demand for potatoes was very slow both on the carlot market and the Dock and Callowhill street markets this morning. Some dealers held their prices steady but sold very few potatoes. The carlot market showed lower prices than yesterday. Long Island Green Mts. sold slowly at \$2.25-2.30 per 100 pound sacks while Maine Cobblers fair condition brought 1.75-1.85 while N. J. 100 lb. sacks Cobblers sold at 1.65-1.90 according to quality. Truck receipts of N. J. Cobblers sold mostly at 2.00-2.15 per hundred lb. sacks. Few fancy bringing \$2.25, while Penna. Round Whites sold at 2.00-2.25 per hundred lb. sacks with poor stock selling as low as 1.50, according to the Penna. and Federal Market News Service.

Apples met a very slow demand and the market was dull with the best bushels selling at mostly 1.00-1.25, and poorer stock 50-75c. Crabapples sold slowly at 40-65c per 5-8 basket. Grapes were dull and Penna. and N. J. half bushel baskets at 40-65c. Peaches met a slow demand and nearby 5-8 baskets Elbertas sold at 75c-1.35 with poorer and small selling as low as 35c, while White varieties brought 50-75c. Elbertas in bushels sold at 1.00-1.75 according to quality.

Green beans were in lighter supply and sold at 40-75c per 5-8 basket, while Lima Beans brought 75c-1.25. Beets sold at 1-2 1/2c per bunch according to quality and carrots brought 1c-2c. Cabbage was dull and sold at 20-40c per 5-8 basket. Penna. celery sold at 5-8c per wired bunch.

Corn was steady and sold at 50c-2.50 per 100 ears according to the quality. Lettuce was steady and sold at 25-75c per crate, while spinach brought 1.00-1.25 per bushel. Peppers were in heavy supply and sold slowly at 15-30c per 5-8 basket. Tomatoes met a slow demand and brought 25-80c per 5-8 basket according to quality and condition.

Sweet potatoes showed a weaker tendency and N. J. 5-8 basket Yellows sold at 85c-1.00, few fancy high as 1.15, while Reds brought 1.00-1.15, few 1.25. N. J. bushel hamper Yellows sold slowly at 1.50 to 1.75.

Market: Fairly active on slaughter stock. Beef steers and butcher heifers strong, 25c or more higher, all grades showing advance, medium grade southwestern grassers predominating, none quotable above \$9.50, bulk \$7.50-8.25. Bulls, butcher cows and cutters about steady; bulk fat heifers \$6.75-7.50; beef bulls 6.25-7.00; butcher cows 5.50-6.25; cutters 2.75-3.50. Stockers and feeders fairly active during week, but slow at close, few sales about steady, bulk \$6.50-7.25, few choice with weight 8.00. Calves strong to unevenly higher, top vealers \$13.00, few selects 13.50. Hogs steady, top 160-220 lb. wts. 12.50.

Receipts: For today's market, cattle 37 cars, 19 W. Va.; 8 Va.; 7 Tenn.; 2 St. P.; 1 Pa.; containing 1014 head, 98 trucked; total cattle 1112 head, 97 calves, 63 hogs, 148 sheep. Receipts for week ending Sept. 13, 1930, cattle 211 cars, 83 Va.; 47 W. Va.; 28 St. Paul; 14 Tenn.; 7 Chicago; 6 Pa.; 5 Pittsburgh; 4 Mich.; 3 Md.; 3 N. Y.; 3 Buffalo; 3 St. Louis; 2 Kansas City; 2 Ohio; 1 Ky.; containing 6046 head, 379 trucked; total cattle 6425 head, 1028 calves, 1929 hogs, 876 sheep. Receipts for corresponding week last year, cattle 206 cars, 39 Va.; 39 Canada; 28 St. Paul; 26 W. Va.; 26 Chicago; 11 St. Louis; 11 Tenn.; 7 Pittsburgh; 3 Pa.; 3 N. Y.; 3 Oklahoma; 2 Iowa; 2 Ky.; 2 Md.; 1 Kansas City; 1 Buffalo; 1 Ohio; containing 5969 head, 183 trucked in; total cattle 6152 head, 672 calves, 1394 hogs, 711 sheep.

Range of Prices	
STEERS	
Good	\$9.25-10.25
Medium	8.00-9.25
Common	5.50-8.00
Good	9.25-10.50
Medium	8.25-9.25
Good	9.25-10.50
HEIFERS	
Choice	7.25-8.00
Good	6.50-7.25
Medium	5.75-6.50
Common	5.00-5.75
COWS	
Choice	6.00-7.00
Good	5.00-6.00
Common & med.	3.50-5.00
Low cutter & cutter	2.00-3.50
BULLS	
Good and choice (beef)	7.25-8.25
Cutter, common & med (yrigs, excluded)	5.00-7.25
VEALERS	
Good and choice	11.25-13.00
Medium	9.50-11.25
Cull and common	7.00-9.50
FEEDERS AND STOCKERS	
Good and choice	7.00-8.50
Common & medium	4.75-7.00
Good and choice	7.25-8.75
Common & medium	5.00-7.25
HOGS	
Lightweight	\$12.00-12.50
Mediumweight	12.00-12.50
Mediumweight	11.75-12.25
Heavyweight	11.50-12.00
Packing sows	7.50-11.50
Lancaster Grain and Feed Market	
Selling Price of Feeds	
Bran	\$34.50-35.50 ton

LIME HAS BEEN USED AS AID TO SOIL FOR CENTURY

Lime has been used to increase the productivity of cultivated land in Pennsylvania for more than 100 years, according to the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

One of the first kilns for burning lime in America was constructed in Chester county in 1806. Not until about 1820, however, did lime begin to supersede land plaster (gypsum) as a soil corrective. Within 10 years, the visible, good effects of lime, particularly on light, sour, worn-out land, convinced the thousands of farmers that the purchase of lime was a good investment.

At first, limestone was hauled to the farm and burnt but later it proved more practical for the quarry owner to burn the stone and sell the product ready for spreading on the land. About 1880, machinery was perfected to pulverize limestone so that it could be applied without burning. Today, pulverized limestone makes up more than 50 per cent of the total lime products sold in the Commonwealth while only one per cent is burnt lime.

The trend in amount of lime used for agricultural purposes has been downward in many Pennsylvania counties during the past decade. However, farmers in Beaver, Bradford, Bucks, Cambria, Chester, Clearfield, Crawford, Erie, Jefferson, Mercer, Potter, Tioga, Venango, Warren, Washington and Wyoming are maintaining or increasing their use of the product.

When the total amount of lime used for agricultural purposes during the past decade is compared with the lime requirement of the soil in the various counties, it is found that farmers in those sections which need the most lime have applied proportionately less during this period than farmers in those sections which have the lowest lime requirement. Thus, in Berks, Lancaster, Lehigh, and York counties, the amount of lime applied over the past ten years more than equals the indicated needs while in counties of highest requirements, only about one-fourth the total need has been applied.

Counties in which the lime requirement of the agricultural land is the highest are those of the northern section of the state, especially Erie, Crawford, Warren, McKean, Potter, Tioga, Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Pike.

WORKERS REMOVE ROADSIDE SIGNS

Caretakers of the Pennsylvania Department of Highways have just completed the destruction of 32,225 roadside signs embodying every type of blur, daub, scrawl and tattered legend that came within the definition of illegal advertising. A report submitted today to W. A. Van Duzer, assistant chief engineer of the Department, tabulated the results of the six weeks' clean-up campaign instituted by the Department Forester, who is in charge of roadside beautification.

To Erie county the award was made for the most notable improvement in roadside appearance. In that county alone caretakers hauled out 6,427 of the noxious emblems. Employees in nine other northwestern counties took down more than 7000 signs.

The campaign was State wide. Orders were issued that illegal signs, including those on the highway right of way and those erected on private property without specific permission or lease, were to go. Each caretaker was instructed to scour each foot of his section, questioning the property owners along the roadway as to the legality of signs on their land.

While Erie county saw the record number of signs pulled down, five other counties yielded from 1,000 to 2,000 signs: Armstrong, Butler, Clinton, Cambria and York. Other counties rid of from 500 to 1000 signs were: Crawford, Venango, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Beaver, Greene, Washington, Blair, Somerset, Berks and Bucks.

Signs constructed in imitation of the Department's official markers were given the official taboo and the perpetrators warned that such imitation is illegal. Prominent among this class, according to the report, are signs erected by roadside stands, bearing the words "Stop," or "Warning."

The Kurds and Turks over in Asia Minor are about to fight each other over oil. In this country we have gasoline wars. It's more refined.

If the man likes gardening, I find myself liking the man.

Shorts	35.00-36.00 ton
Hominy	45.00-46.00 ton
Middlings	40.00-41.00 ton
Linseed	53.00-54.00 ton
Gluten	48.50-49.50 ton
Ground Oats	39.00-40.00 ton
Soy Bean Meal	51.00-52.00 ton
Hog Meal	44.00-45.00 ton
Cottonseed 41%	45.50-46.50 ton
Dairy Feed *16%	36.50-37.50 ton
Dairy Feed *18%	39.00-40.00 ton
Dairy Feed *20%	44.00-45.00 ton
Dairy Feed 24%	48.00-49.00 ton
Dairy Feed 25%	49.50-50.50 ton
Horse Feed 85%	44.50-45.50 ton
Alfalfa (Regular)	41.00-42.00 ton
Alfalfa (Reg'd)	44.00-45.00 ton

HOME HEALTH CLUB

WEEKLY LETTER WRITTEN EXPRESSLY FOR THE BULLETIN BY DR. DAVID H. REEDER

GALL STONES: The accumulation of hardened bile within the gall bladder or bile ducts is technically called biliary calculi. Persons in middle life and old age are most liable, especially those who are of a bilious temperament who have lived in malarial sections or who have been troubled by constipation or liver trouble or who have eaten largely of animal food. Their origin may be due to simply drying out of the bile, altered characteristics of the fluid or accumulation about a nucleus of mucous or other material. The size of the stones may vary from that of a grain of wheat to that of a hickory nut. If large there are seldom more than two or three. If small, there may be 200. About a year ago I took a patient to the hospital for surgical interference. She had 92 gall stones about the size of a large green pea. They usually develop very slowly and give but little trouble until they commence to be evacuated when they irritate the passages or become lodged in the gall duct.

The symptoms of gall stones are not hard to recognize by a physician of experience although mistakes are frequently made. The paroxysms of pain which occur when the gall stones are striving to leave the bladder are excruciating in character and very exhausting. They may come on regularly every few days, weeks, or months. Sometimes the results in evacuation and at other times the calculi are unable to pass through the duct. An attack commences with dull pain under the right ribs usually after eating or exertion. The pain soon grows sharp and intense, of a gripping nature, extending to the abdomen and shoulder. There may be vomiting of food and mucous and occasionally chills and convulsions, but no fever. The face is pale and when the calculi become fastened in the passages there will be jaundice, often the whole surface of the body is cold and covered with perspiration.

Such symptoms last for hours or for days before the stones are evacuated and then when they enter the small intestines the pain suddenly ceases and the jaundice disappears and intense relief is experienced although there is great prostration and weakness. Occasionally a gall stone may be of such a large size or of such roughened character as to become firmly lodged in the duct and thus cause suppuration or death unless surgical interference is prompt.

Gall stones are usually green or brown, but may be varied in color. They may be soapy or greasy to the touch or hard and friable. They may be round or flat, and smooth or warty. A very small calculus may cause great pain and one large one may be followed by numerous small ones. The discharges from the bowels after a paroxysm should be carefully searched for gall stones.

The safest and most effective method of home treatment consists of drinking one wine glassful of sweet oil, pure olive oils are pleasant to take, at bedtime. This should be followed the next morning with a cathartic such as seditol powders, a teaspoonful each morning in a wineglassful of water. This system should be continued for several weeks or until relief is experienced by a passing of the stones.

After the stones have passed out of the body new ones will form unless the bowels are kept open and the home health club methods of avoiding bilious attacks are rigidly followed.

All readers of the publication are at liberty at all times to write for information pertaining to the subject of health. Address Dr. David H. Reeder, 3 East 31st St., Kansas City, Mo., with at least six cents postage.

PRISONERS WORK ON DEER LICENSES

Special deer license tags are now being manufactured at the Western State Penitentiary for the delivery about October 1, according to a report of Harry E. Andrews, superintendent of the prison industries, State Department of Welfare.

The report indicates that during June and July, production in the tag department of the prison centered on auto, dog, hunters' tags and highway signs. More than 100 men were employed in the department during the two months and it is expected that this number will increase in an effort to produce 1931 auto license tags in sufficient quantities for the annual demand.

Feeding Barley

Success in feeding barley to stock depends upon its quality and the manner in which it is prepared for feeding, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Barley fed whole is too hard and much of it remains undigested. Do not grind it fine, however, but set the grinding machinery so it is merely cracked. In the West, where there are large mills to do the work, barley is often rolled. Small outfits for rolling barley on the farm may be bought. Eastern farmers could advantageously feed more barley to stock, the department believes.

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4 RENT LARGE STORE ROOM

(Formerly Bernhart's)

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Jno. E. Schroll, Realtor

Mount Joy, Penna.

I have leased the former Jac. Sherk Service Station, west of Mount Joy, where I will be pleased to serve the public with

Greases Washed Also Tires, Tubes, Etc.

I will appreciate a share of your patronage.

Gillum's Service Station

Midway Between Mt. Joy and Florin

aug6-1f

NEW BOWLING ALLEYS

I have just completed the installation of my new Brunswick Bowling Alleys. They are now open to the public and I invite inspection.

Bowl for your health's sake. Come in any time.

Garden Spot Restaurant

Harry Thomas, Prop. MOUNT JOY, PA.

aug27-4t

CLARENCE SCHOCK
MOUNT JOY, PA.

WE ASK PATRONAGE WE GIVE SERVICE

LUMBER-COAL