

### CONTINUING THE White Goods Sale

With a sale of 36-inch Long Cloth, ten yard pieces; each piece wrapped and sealed. Priced, per piece \$1.95.

#### Ladies' Fine Satteen Princess Slips

In Tan, Blue, Brown and Black at \$1.50 each. Full sizes; made to give comfort and satisfactory wear.

#### Good Towelings at a Big Saving!

- Waffle Toweling ..... 9 yds. for \$1.00
- All Linen linen color Toweling ..... 15c yd.; 7 yds. \$1.00
- Homespun Toweling ..... yd. 17c; 7 yds. \$1.00
- All Linen Embroidered Huck Toweling ..... yard 95c Easily a \$1.25 value.

#### 3x5 Woven Rag Rugs—A Big Special at \$1

Cool, Serviceable, Attractive. Use them on your porch, in your hall or living room.

#### Curtain Scrim and Marquisettes Go On Sale This Week

An unusually large assortment of patterns in White and Beige. Priced 15c to 25c yard. Curtain Rods with Fixtures ..... 3 for 25c

#### 36-in. Mercerized Pongee, Yard 59c

One of the finest of the Pongee family. Colors are Gray and Tan, and are washable.

### THIS WEEK IN OUR PURE FOOD GROCERY DEPARTMENT

- Empire Telephone Peas, can ..... 23c Sweetest and tenderest peas grown. Dozen cans \$2.60
- Big 30c can Apple Butter, can ..... 23c Two quarts Good Apple Butter in each can.
- Calumet Baking Powder, 1 lb can ..... 27c Buy this special and save 8c.
- Karo Syrup, Red Label 13c; Blue Label 11c The best known syrup on the market! Buy a half dozen cans at this price.
- Lifebuoy Soap, bar ..... 5c
- Good 60c Brooms ..... 40c
- Phoenix Limburger, glass ..... 20c
- Baked Bologna, lb ..... 40c Two good luncheon suggestions.

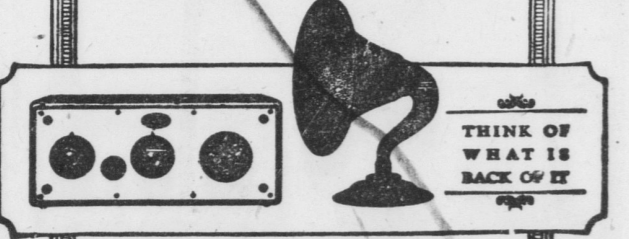
Give us your phone orders. We deliver promptly.

## GET IT AT BOOTH'S

### ATWATER KENT RADIO

IN RADIO, perhaps more than anywhere else, efficiency increases as complications are eliminated. That is why ATWATER KENT Radio is winning more and more friends each day. It is so beautifully simple.

With this simplicity come wonderful volume, tone quality, distance, selectivity and ease of operation—results that will give you a new conception of radio performance.



THINK OF WHAT IS BACK OF IT

Come in and see our stock of ATWATER KENT Receiving Sets and Loud Speakers. You will be immediately impressed by their beauty and fine workmanship—And for those already acquainted with the Atwater Kent Receiving Sets we show you.

E. B. ROHRER'S GARAGE Mount Joy, Pa.

## Crushed Stone \$1.50

Delivered to Mount Joy

Penn Lime, Stone and Cement Co. Rheems, Penna.

### The Produce and Live Stock Market

CORRECT INFORMATION FURNISHED WEEKLY BY THE PENNA. BUREAU OF MARKETS FOR THE BULLETIN

MARKET: With a draggy market thru out the week prices fluctuated on all classes except good to choice butcher cows, the latter showing a fair movement at firm prices. Beef steers compared with a week ago closed barely steady, top \$10.50 for choice load, averaging 1400 lbs., bulk of sales ranged from \$8.25 to \$9.50. Bulls and heifers closed about steady. Better grades fat cows look about 25c higher at close, top \$7.25, bulk \$5.25 to \$6.50. Caners and cutters steady, calves showing steady tendency, top weaners \$12.50.

RECEIPTS: Receipts for today's market—Cattle 7 cars from Penna., containing 148 head, 160 head trucked in from nearby farms total cattle 308 head. Receipts for week ending May 2, 1925: Cattle—26 cars;—23 from Penna., 2 St. Paul; 1 Canada; containing 619 head, 612 head trucked in, total cattle 1231 head, 26 calves, 485 hogs, 10 sheep.

Fruits & Vegetables: Nearby fruits and vegetables were in moderate supply on the Philadelphia market this morning. New Jersey asparagus was in lighter receipt and the market showed a slightly stronger tendency. Pennsylvania mushrooms although in lighter supply, continued weak. Spinach and rhubarb held about unchanged. Trading was somewhat indifferent on the carlot market although offerings were only moderate. Offerings of apples were of good quality and light, the market was steady with a few sales at advanced prices. Old potatoes continued to move slowly and new stock was weak with prices lower. Because of the ample supply of nearby radishes and spinach, the market for Norfolk stock was very slow and weak. Onions were firm with slightly higher prices on the best stock. Cabbage was about steady with a moderate demand. Strawberries were generally of fair to poor condition, good stock met a moderate demand but poor stock sold slowly at low prices.

Egg Market Firm: The egg receipts in Philadelphia on Tuesday were 9,193 cases, compared with 17,382 cases the day before. Pennsylvania furnished 884 cases of Tuesday's receipts, Maryland 393 and Delaware 263. The market has been generally firm this week, with the exception of Tuesday's market which showed a weaker tendency. Extra firsts were quoted at 31c per dozen on Wednesday with firsts selling at 28 1/2c. The live poultry market, however, was weaker with fancy colored fowl ranging from 33c to 34c per pound, while leghorns brought 29c to 31c.

Nearby white eggs are meeting a better demand on the New York market this week. The market has held steady with Extra Firsts selling at 23 1/2c to 33c on Wednesday and firsts at 32c. Selected extras were quoted at 35c to 37c and browns at 33c to 35c.

Range of Prices:

STEERS	
Good to choice	\$9.25-10.50
Fair to good	\$8.00-9.25
Medium to fair	\$7.25-8.00
Common to medium	\$6.00-7.25
BULLS	
Good to Choice	\$5.75-7.00
Fair to good	\$5.00-5.75
Medium to fair	\$4.25-5.00
Common to medium	\$3.50-4.25
HEIFERS	
Choice to Prime	\$8.00-8.50
Good to Choice	\$7.25-8.00
Medium to good	\$5.50-7.25
Common to medium	\$4.00-5.50
COWS	
Good to choice	\$ 6.25-7.25
Medium to good	\$ 5.00-6.25
Common to medium	\$ 3.25-4.75
Canners and Cutters	\$1.50-3.25
CALVES	
Good to choice	\$11.75-12.50
Medium	\$11.00-11.75
Common	\$ 4.00-11.00
HOGS	
Heavyweights	\$12.50-13.25
Mediumweights	\$12.25-12.75
Lightweights	\$11.25-12.25
Rough Stock	\$10.00-11.25

Lancaster Grain and Feed Market  
Wheat ..... \$1.65 bu.  
Corn ..... \$1.18 bu.  
Hay (bale) ..... \$13.00-14.00 ton  
Timothy ..... \$12.00-13.00 ton  
Straw

Selling Price of Feeds

Bran	\$37.00-38.00 ton
Shorts	\$37.00-38.00 ton
Hominy	\$49.00-50.00 ton
Middlings	\$45.00-46.00 ton
Linseed	\$51.50-52.50 ton
Gluten	\$45.00-46.00 ton
Ground Oats	\$41.00-42.00 ton
Cottonseed 41 pc.	\$51.00-52.00 ton
Dairy Feed 16 pc.	\$38.00-39.00 ton
Dairy Feed 18 pc.	\$42.50-43.50 ton
Dairy Feed 20 pc.	\$44.50-45.50 ton
Dairy Feed 24 pc.	\$49.00-50.00 ton
Dairy Feed 25 pc.	\$50.50-51.50 ton
Horse Feed 85 pc.	\$47.50-48.50 ton

Farm records and accounts work is being carried on cooperatively by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics with 13 State colleges and experiment Stations. The purpose of this work is to make available to farmers the essential factors of good farm organization and to show how to organize farms for the maximum income. The keeping of farm accounts enables producers to put their operations on a business basis.

Rouge is colored from a preparation made from the cochineal insect.

### SUFFERED TWO YEARS

Finally Relieved by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Says Mrs. Anderson



Rangleey, Maine.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me greatly for bearing-down pains in the sides and back, headaches and tired feelings. Suffered for two years and it seemed as though I could not get my work done from one day to the next. After reading letters from others who had taken the Vegetable Compound I decided to try it and now I can do all kinds of work, sewing, washing, ironing and sweeping. I live on a farm and have five in the family so am busy most of the time. I recommend the Vegetable Compound to my friends and hope my letter will help some one to take your medicine."—Mrs. WALTER E. ANDERSON, Box 270, Rangleey, Maine.

### SAVE FOUR MILLION DOLLARS BY FRUIT-FROST WARNINGS

After experiencing one of the longest periods of damaging temperatures in years, the Pomona citrus fruit district has come thru with 90 per cent of its crop safe. The Weather Bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture is given a large share of the credit for victory in this contest with the elements, and the manager of the San Antonio Fruit Exchange has taken the trouble to advise the Secretary of Agriculture accordingly. Advance information from the Weather Bureau on minimum temperatures in this district enabled growers to heat their orchards for 15 nights, in time to prevent frost damage.

The citrus crop in the Pomona district is estimated at 1,600,000 boxes of fruit worth \$6,000,000. Judging by other districts having similar freezing weather and not equipped to heat the orange and lemon groves artificially, a saving estimated at \$4,000,000 was made. The Pomona district was the first in California to cooperate with the department in its fruit-frost service. The Weather Bureau conducted fruit-frost work during the cold season this past year in seven other citrus districts, with a trained meteorologist in charge of each. In all of these the service was equally satisfactory. During several days of unusually cold weather in southern California late in December more than 3,000,000 gallons of oil were consumed in orchard heating. Through the advance warnings of impending conditions, furnished by the Weather Bureau, 175 truck loads of oil and 14 special trains loaded with oil, in addition to the regular scheduled freight service, were rushed into the citrus districts in two days as an emergency supply to meet the expected unusual conditions.

Since the close of the frost season in southern California, similar work is being conducted in the northwestern deciduous fruit districts. The fruit growers in all cases contribute approximately one-half the cost of the service.

### CANKER WORM APPEARS IN WESTERN COUNTIES

Canker worm moths are appearing in large numbers in many western counties of the State, according to T. L. Guyton, chief entomologist, Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. The female moth is a wingless creature which after mating crawls to the tops of trees and lays a mass of eggs. These egg masses are usually found on the smaller limbs of apple, elm and a few other host plants, forming a characteristic cluster. Each egg is somewhat vase-like in shape. The usually large number of egg masses being laid indicates that much loss is liable to follow from the feeding of the larval or worm stage of this insect.

Apple orchards which are given the regular sprays of the apple spray schedule will escape injury since the larvae are very easily killed with poison, Mr. Guyton states. One application of poison put on at the time of the petal fall of apples is usually enough to control canker worms. This spray should contain 1 1/2 pounds of powdered arsenate of lead to each 50 gallons of lime-sulphur solution.

The cultivation of orchards will do much to lessen the number of moths to appear next year since the greater part of the summer, fall and winter is spent by the insect in the ground in the pupal or inactive stage. The wingless moth may be caught in sticky bands placed about the tree trunks. These bands must be in place quite early in the spring. The best protection for orchards, however, is thorough spraying with arsenate of lead at the strength indicated.

### Take Advantage Of the Loan Banks

5,246 PENNA. FARMERS BORROW MONEY FROM FEDERAL LAND BANKS—606,158 ACRES SAFE-GUARDED

Pennsylvania farmers to the number of 5,246 have availed themselves of loans totaling \$15,798,969 from Federal land banks and joint stock land banks since these agencies were first established by law. These loans are safeguarded by 606,158 acres of land in the state having an appraised valuation on land and buildings of \$42,136,079.

The entire range of farm life is covered in the purposes for which the loans were secured, states the Foundation. Seventy-four per cent of the loans were used for the payment of mortgages, 12.5 per cent for the purchase of land mortgaged 5.5 for the payment of various debts, 3.5 for buildings and improvements, 2 per cent for implements and equipment, and 0.5 per cent for the purchase of livestock.

Total loans closed by these agencies since their establishment were \$1,444,746 distributed among 385,724 borrowers, states the Foundation. Of this, Federal Land Bank loans totaling \$976,761,718 was apportioned among 325,172 borrowers while joint stock land bank loans to the amount of \$467,984,967 were distributed among 60,552 individuals.

The extent to which the farm loan banks, the joint stock land banks and the more recently organized intermediate credit banks are being used by farmers in this and other states is an indication that these new financing institutions are finding their places in the credit structure of the nation to the well-being of the farmer.

### ALFALFA IN CROP SCHEME A SURE MONEY MAKER

Pennsylvania farmers who do not take advantage of alfalfa and other soil-building plants in their crop scheme are depriving themselves of profits that they might well reap according to the Blue Valley Creamery Institute, which finds that while the trend of alfalfa production is upward it is not displacing timothy and mixed grasses rapidly enough considering the vast areas in the state still devoted to these less profitable forage crops. Only 36,000 acres in the state are in alfalfa as compared with 962,000 acres of timothy, despite the fact that the latter will yield only 15 tons of hay to the acre to the former's 2.35 tons, the Institute states.

Use of imported alfalfa seed totally unsuited to corn belt and northern states conditions is believed by the Institute to explain the rather slow progress in acreage being made by this richest of hays. The use of the wrong kind of seed has caused losses of \$50,000,000 during the past five years to farmers in those sections and has probably been the most important single factor in working against a more rapid spread of this highly valuable crop. Alfalfa seed from mid-climate countries or even from our own southwest may germinate well enough and make a good growth during the first summer, but when heavy freezing weather comes the weakness of the imported seed becomes apparent. The stand shows up thin and sickly the following spring and the disgruntled farmer usually plows it up.

Properly adapted alfalfa seed will bring increased returns in yield, feed value and soil enriching qualities, according to the Institute, which points out that alfalfa not only produces the greatest volume of hay but also exceeds timothy in that it produces three times as much digestible feed per acre. As a feed for dairy cows, a ton of home-grown alfalfa is practically worth a ton of boughten hay, and many farmers are overlooking the fact that they can use the land they own or rent on a five-year lease to produce a ton of alfalfa for from \$5.00 to \$10.00 a ton that has a feeding value of a feed costing \$36.00 a ton. 377 Wisconsin farms growing alfalfa showed an average net profit per farm of \$1,200 a year, while 511 farms with no alfalfa acreage showed a net profit of but \$728, according to the Institute.

Hold Week for Sawyers: Sawmill week will be held at Pennsylvania State College, April 20 to 25, practical instruction will be given by experienced men in sawing lumber, setting up the mill, filing and caring for circular and cross-cut saws, and estimating timber. There will also be a program of helpful talks. The course is free to all who wish to attend for one or more days, or for the whole week.

The bond bootlegger has appeared. Bond houses located on the Illinois border take bonds into Indiana which have been approved by the Illinois state authorities but not by those of Indiana, make their sales and hurry back into their home offices in Illinois.

### Pratts FEED FACT



- PRATTS BABY CHICK STARTER
- PRATTS GROWING MASH
- PRATTS FINE CHICK FEED
- PRATTS INTERMEDIATE SCRATCH FEED
- PRATTS HEN SCRATCH FEED
- PRATTS LAYING MASH

### WHY IS A BLACK HEN SMARTER THAN A WHITE ONE?

That's easy! Because a black hen can lay a white egg but a white hen can't lay a black egg. Not so hard to see after you are told, is it? Here's another just like it. Why can Pratts make a better baby chick food than anyone else? That is just as easy to see—after you are told. Gives you something to think about, too.

Knowledge, supply, equipment and demand—that's why Pratts make the best baby chick food in the world. Knowledge, think what that means. Pratts made the first "baby food for baby chicks". We had no one to copy, we had to find out for ourselves what was best. It took years of work and thousands of chicks, but we know. Even now there is no feed manufacturer in the world that conducts the constant, extensive feeding tests that we do. A laboratory is necessary but we always confirm theory by practical tests on our big experiment farm. Practically all baby chick foods on the market to-day are imitations of Pratts. You never saw an imitation as good as the original.

Supply of the right ingredients is also necessary to make the best food. Substitutes won't do. I believe Pratts buy and use more dried buttermilk for our baby chick food than any other American feed maker. That means we get first call, the very cream of the market. We also have under exclusive contract practically the entire available supply of another vital ingredient. The other fellow must use a substitute—you know what that means. Equipment to properly process the ingredients, to mechanically predigest them, costs a lot of money. The entire equipment of many a mill did not cost as much and isn't as intricate as the machinery used by us to do nothing but make Pratts Buttermilk Baby Chick Food. Again substitutes won't do—a cheap sieve won't take off flour as well as our air process that requires complicated apparatus. An ordinary grinding mill won't make that sharp grained corn meal like our big special mills and plates. It can't be done. The right equipment counts.

Demand is vital—Pratts Buttermilk Baby Chick Food is the biggest selling, most highly recommended baby chick food on earth. It is sold and used in all parts of the world where better poultry is raised. We have the business because Pratts gives results. The tremendous demand makes it possible for us to secure the right ingredients at the right price, makes it possible for us to install and operate the most efficient of processing machinery. That's why Pratts can make a better baby chick food than any one else. Easy to see, of course, why they call Pratts, "America's Quality Feed Line".

### H. E. HAUER, Mount Joy

### A. M. MARTIN Contractor and Builder CONCRETE AND CEMENT WORK MOUNT JOY, PA.

Equipped to do every kind of work in the Building Trades. Many years of experience in building State Highways, Bridges, etc. with steel reinforcing.

Concrete and Cement Sidewalks, Plain Steps, Compound Steps, Spiral or Winding Steps, Pavements, Curbing, Coping, etc., etc. Cellar Floors, Cellar Walls, Basements, Furnace Bases, etc. Water Troughs, Mangers, Feed Chests, Stable Floors, etc. Bathing Pools, Reservoirs, Cisterns, Drains, Septic Tanks, etc., etc. Retaining Walls, Abutments, Arches, Foundation and Complete Buildings. Art and Ornamental Designs, etc. Inlaid Tile Work, Mantle Work, etc. All contract work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Prices as low as consistent with first-class workmanship. Reference—Union National Mount Joy Bank, First National Bank, Mount Joy; Florin Trust Company. I solicit your Patronage. Call or address

### A. M. MARTIN Mount Joy, Pa.

250 WEST MAIN STREET, Phone 73R.5. feb. 25-3 mo.

### Something New

Just received a full line of Summer Marshmallow Candies. We also handle Chiques Rock Soft Drinks; ice cold, all flavors.

TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES

10c sizes	..... 3 packs for 25c
15c sizes	..... 2 packs for 25c

We make a specialty of Bachman's Chocolate. We have 5 lb. Almond Bars and 5 lb. Plain Bars that we are selling at \$1.50 Per Bar.

### H. A. DARRENKAMP, 3 Doors East of Post Office MOUNT JOY, PA.



The Best Heating COAL. Pound for pound, Baker's Coal will give you more heat, whether burned in furnace, stove or grate, than any other coal you can buy. Trial will prove the truth of our statement.

### F. H. BAKER, Mount Joy