



Good, Sound Logs
are the only kind used in the manufacture of Lumber for our yard.

LUMBER
of inferior quality is never permitted to form a part of our stock. It must be perfect in every particular and thoroughly seasoned. Do you wonder we do so much business. Quality, price and fair dealing tells the tale.

E. S. MOORE

Dealer in

Coal, Lumber, 'Grain

Feed, Hay, Straw, Slate, Salt, Cement and Fertilizer

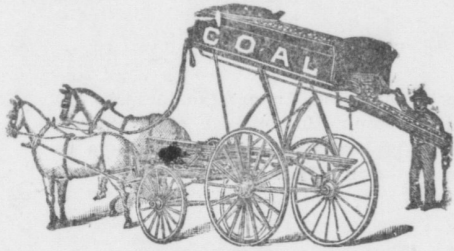
A large stock of Feed constantly on hand. Highest cash price paid for grain

Estimates on Lumber and Mill Work a Specialty

FLORIN, PENNA.

YOU WILL GET TEN CELEBRATED

S. & H. Trading Stamps
WITH EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH OF COAL PURCHASED FOR CASH AT



F. H. Baker's
COAL and LUMBER YARDS

Mount Joy, Penna.

Sole agent for Congo Roofing. No. 1 Cedar Shingles always on hand Also Siding, Flooring, Sash, Door, Blinds, Mouldings, Lath, Etc. Agents for Alpha Portland Cement. Also Roofing Slate estimates Quickly and Cheerfully made on all kinds Building Material Telephone No. 833. Opposite Old P. R. R. Depot

Summer Hats

Straws of Every Variety

PANAMAS, BANKOKS, JAVAS, MILANS, MACKINAW, FEATHER WEIGHT STIFF AND SOFT HATS, CAPS FOR ALL PURPOSES—ALL AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Wingert & Haas

44 North Queen St., Lancaster Pa.

Remember the Graduate

A glance through our store offers many suggestions to parents and friends, for the remembrances so appropriate at commencement time.
Our WATCHES, RINGS, BRACELETS, MESH BAGS, ETC., should interest those very near to the young graduate, their other good friends will also find many acceptable articles in our stock.

PIROSH & SIMMONS

Jewelers and Opticians 20 North Queen Street. Next Door to Shaub & Co. Shoe Store
LANCASTER, PENNA.

Engle's Furniture Warerooms

MOUNT JOY, PENNA.

GOOD HOMEMADE FURNITURE A SPECIALTY
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER

Popular Lumber for sale in lots to suit the purchasers

Undertaking and Embalming

THE GRAIN HOUSE OF THE EAST
ESTABLISHED 1897

WILLIAM L. BEAR & CO.
(Members Chicago Board of Trade)

BROKERS

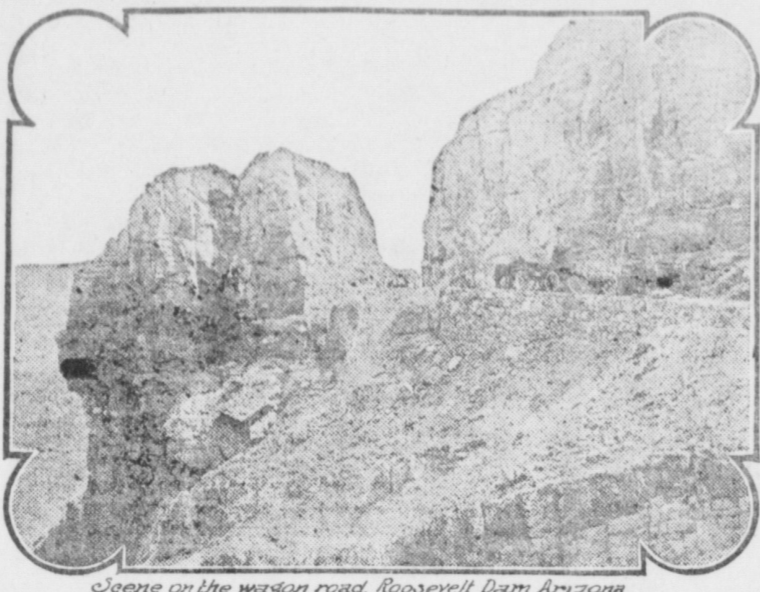
PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING, Chestnut and 15th Sts., PHILADELPHIA

STOCKS—BONDS—INVESTMENTS

30 SECONDS 2 MINUTES
To Chicago Board of Trade. To any Grain Market in America

Lancaster Branch 220-226 Woolworth Bldg.

ARIZONA THE 48TH STATE



Scene on the wagon road, Roosevelt Dam Arizona

ARIZONA, whose entry as the forty-eighth member of the Union, and completed the nation of states from ocean to ocean, has had a history probably as turbulent and trying as any state in the Union. The struggles of the Pilgrims of Massachusetts, the Hollanders who colonized New York, the Quakers who settled Pennsylvania and the English who brought civilization to the Virginia shores were no harder than those of the pioneers of Arizona. They were killed by Indians, robbed by lawless people of their own nationality, starved upon the deserts, frozen in the snow-capped mountains and bitten by poisonous reptiles. They had no government for many years and fought as hard to get territorial rights as they have been fighting for the past ten years to get statehood rights. They were on the point of rebelling at one time and even went so far as to establish a territorial form of government of their own despite the expressed desire of congress, exemplified in its refusal to grant a territorial government, that they should remain a part of New Mexico.

Their nearest peace and judicial officials were than four hundred miles away, at Mesilla, N. M., and their law was the law of the strongest against the weakest. At one time all of the present state of Arizona was the county of Arizona, attached to New Mexico for purposes of administration only.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, General Lawton, General Crook and many other noted men of the United States army gained their first fame in campaigning in Arizona. It was from Arizona that the only raid of United States troops was ever made into a foreign country not that at war with us; the soldiers were after Indians who had been killing and robbing in Arizona. The history of Arizona is thrilling from its inception to the present day.

The origin of the name Arizona is not definitely known. Bancroft, the historian, and some others have insisted that the name is from a supposed Pima Indian word, "Arizonac," although Bancroft admits that the aboriginal meaning of the term is not known. The historian treats as "extremely absurd" the suggestion that the name is of Spanish derivation, and he apparently bases that conclusion upon the fact that there is no similar word in Spanish.

But it is possible that "Arizona" may have had its derivation from the Spanish words arida zona (arid zone). The well-known tendency of uneducated speakers of Spanish to leave off the last syllables of words ending in vowels and their tendency to run words together would easily transform arida zona into "Arizona."

First True Exploration.
It was about 1527 that Cabeza de Vaca turned his wandering footsteps to the Hopi and Zuni villages in the northeast, gaining Mexico at last by way of the friendly Pima settlements along the Gila.

It was in 1540 that Vasco de Coronado, governor of Mexico, traveled the golden tales of a monkish traveler, started northward on the first true exploration of that mysterious land. He sought the fabled Seven Cities of Cibola, where gold and precious gems paved the streets. Though he did not find the object of his search his expedition led to Spanish settlements and agriculture, and mining had some development.

Back again into barbarism was Arizona plunged by the Mexican war for independence, and not until the Gadsden purchase, in 1848, did the firm hand of governmental authority again take hold. Even then, however, all that was known of Arizona was a narrow strip within which the Southern Pacific railroad now runs and along which flowed the tide of travel from the eastern states to the gold fields of California.

Treachery of Indians of Long Ago.
When the white man first came to Arizona there were approximately 40,000 Indians within the borders of the territory. The principal tribes were the Navajos, Hopis, Wallapais, Chamehuicis, Havasupais, Mohaves, Pimas, Maricopas, Yumas, Papagoes and Apaches, of which there were several groups or divisions. The Navajos perpetrated several massacres in the early days, but it was not long before all the Indians except the Apaches had been subdued.

Tricky and cruel, the Apaches held out for many years against the intruders of the whites upon their ancient hunting grounds. Such leaders as Cochise, Geronimo and Natchez led the Apaches against famous American generals like Nelson A. Miles and George Crook. A reward of \$5,000 was once offered for Apache Kid, but was never claimed.

Up to 1874 the Indians terrorized large sections of the territory and kept out immigration and capital. In that year all the Apaches that could be rounded up were placed on the San Carlos reservation. It was supposed that an end had been put to the Indian troubles, but raids in 1882 and 1883 shook the feeling of security.

In the year 1883 there were 25,000 Indians in the territory occupying lands reserved for them by the general government. The government was supporting about five thousand of them.

In 1882 the Chiricahua, White Mountain and San Carlos Apaches broke out in open rebellion. On the morning of April 19 Looco's band broke out at San Carlos and after killing the chief of police started up the valley of the Gila, killing at least sixty white settlers.

Then for six years Arizona was the scene of a merciless Indian war. In 1883 Geronimo became chief of the Apaches. He massacred settlers and burned ranches almost at will. After each raid he would escape to the mountain fastnesses of Mexico where the United States soldiers could not pursue him. Finally permission was secured from Mexico for soldiers to cross the frontier in pursuit of the Indians. In 1888 Captain Lawton, serving under Gen. Nelson A. Miles, rounded Geronimo's warriors and made them prisoners. The whole tribe was taken to Florida and later transferred to Fort Sill, Okla., as prisoners of war.

There Geronimo remained until his death, three or four years ago, and the remainder of his band is still there. All desire to return to Arizona and it is possible that sometime the government may see fit to grant them their wish. Today they are as peaceful and placid as any Indians, having seen the folly of resisting the whites.

Of course there were bad men and gun men in Arizona in her early days. Stage and train robberies were by no means uncommon and excited only passing comment. Finally train robberies became so frequent that in 1885 the penalty for that crime was fixed at death. In the same year the legislature passed a law providing a fine of \$25 for any one carrying concealed weapons.

It was not until after the penalty for train robbing had been fixed at death that Arizona became really peaceful. Now there is no train robbing any more, and as the day of the stage coach is practically passed the stage robber is extinct.

Until 1907 everything was wide open in Arizona. Gambling was unstrained and, except where municipal laws prevented, women and minors were allowed in saloons. In that year the legislature responded to an urgent message from Governor Kibbey and pronounced public sentiment and passed a rigid anti-gambling law that closed such games.

Starling Going South.
Reports received at the department of agriculture state that the English starling, whose progress in this country has been watched with some uneasiness, has got as far south as Newport News.

This is one of the imported birds that it is feared will rank with the English sparrow as a pest. It does no particular harm in England, but it was introduced into Australia a number of years ago and there it has been a serious menace to the wheat crop. Its only redeeming feature is that it is a much larger bird than the English sparrow, and therefore likely to be easier to handle. The birds were started in this country in New England and worked south slowly. For several seasons they seemingly were stationary in the latitude of Philadelphia.

Brazil Fosters Agriculture.
During the first six months of last year the Brazilian government distributed sixty-one tons of seed among farmers and institutions besides a number of books containing advice.

\$100 Reward, \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that has been cured. It is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a new positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Makes the Nation Gasp
The awful list of injuries on a Fourth of July staggers humanity. Set over against it, however, is the wonderful healing, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve, of thousands, who suffered from burns, cuts, bruises, bullet wounds or explosions. It's the quick healer of boils, ulcers, eczema, sore lips or piles. 25c at S. B. Bernhart & Co's.

Advertise in the Mt. Joy Bulletin.

PHRASES ON HEEL AND TOE

Two Words Seem to Have Lent Themselves to Innumerable Coined Expressions.

The fact that heels and toes are the only words which signify both parts of the body and parts of its clothing is doubtless responsible for the innumerable phrases in which both words play an important part. In these unquestionably the heel is the more frequent factor—generally in its corporal as distinguished from its sartorial significance. It is amusing, for instance, to recall the time when the "mashers" of the period wore red heels to their shoes, thereby, it will be remembered, subjecting themselves to the flaccidation from the pen of the spectator. Not that red heels were a novelty in Addison's time, for they were in evidence in the reign of Elizabeth. In France the height and color of the heel were a fashion set by the grand monarch.

Present day votaries of the dance might not inconceivably laugh the suggestion to scorn, but, in other respects and with due modifications, the description does not seem unrecognizably archaic. "Out at heels" has long been a proverbial phrase; Falstaff, who nowadays would possibly have declared he was "stone broke," tells Pistol he is almost "out at heels."

We have—to take to one's heels, to kick one's heels to show a pair of heels, to turn on one's heels, to grind under heel, to cool one's heels, heels over head, the iron heel. And that we are most lofty runaways—a kindred expression to our "showing a clean pair of heels," and "taking to one's heels." And quotations might be multiplied. Not must the familiar "two for his heels" be forgotten, the vulgarity of which alienated the gentle mind of immortal Mrs. Battle from cribbage.

The Dullness of Genius.
In my last I mentioned my having spent an evening with a society of authors who seemed to be jealous and afraid of one another. My uncle was not at all surprised to hear me say that I was disappointed in their conversation. "A man may be very entertaining and instructive on paper," said he, "and exceedingly dull in common discourse. I have observed that those who shine most in private company are but secondary stars in the constellation of genius. A small stock of ideas is more easily managed and sooner displayed than a great quantity crowded together. There is very seldom anything extraordinary in the appearance and address of a good writer; whereas a dull author generally distinguishes himself by some oddity of extravagance. For this reason I fancy that an assembly of grubs must be very diverting."—By Tobias Smollett to Sir Walter Phillips of Jesus college, Oxon.

Their Preference.
"Now, boys," said the teacher, "I need not tell you anything further of the duty of cultivating a kindly disposition, but I will tell you a little story of two dogs. George had a nice little dog that was as gentle as a lamb. He would sit by George's side quietly for an hour at a time. He would not bark at passers-by, nor at strange dogs, and would never bite anybody or anything. Thomas' dog, on the contrary, was always fighting other dogs, and would sometimes tear them cruelly. He would also fly at the hens and cats in the neighborhood, and on several occasions had been known to seize a cow by the nostrils and throw her. He barked at all the strange men that came along, and would bite them unless somebody interceded. Now, boys, which is the dog you would like to own, George's or Thomas's?" Instantly came the answer in one eager shout: "Thomas's."

Sailor Swam Fifteen Miles.
Alfred Schurman, a sailor on the British steamship Bentmore, made a remarkable record by swimming fifteen miles through the Gulf of Mexico to shore.

The Bentmore steamed from Port Arthur and was out fifteen miles in the gulf when Schurman, who was engaged at work on the railing, was pitched overboard by a lurch of the ship and was not missed by his shipmates. He struck out and after nearly seven hours in the water finally made shore.

It was a turbulent sea and Schurman was exhausted when picked up on the beach five miles from Port Arthur and sent to a hospital.

Didn't Need It.
Redd—Do you believe in this custom of breaking a bottle of champagne over the bow of a new ship?
Greene—I certainly do. It brings good luck to the ship.
"Well, I know of one vessel where they never broke any wine over her bow and she made a very successful voyage."
"Name the vessel, please?"
"The Ark."

Wanted to Be Helpful.
Elderly Bachelor—Mrs. Burnside, will you marry me?
Attractive Widow—Mr. Wackford, are you forgetting that I have six children?
Elderly Bachelor—Not at all, young lady; I want to help you train up those youngsters—darn 'em.—Chicago Tribune.

Didn't Appreciate It.
Mrs. Peck—Really, we never know who our best friends are.
Peck—That's true. There's the fellow I won you away from. He hasn't spoken to me since.

His Arm Cut
Paul Clepper, of Maytown, was severely injured at the Marietta freight station. While assisting to unload tobacco cases from the wagon, his arm came in contact with the sharp tongue he was using, and the flesh was penetrated deeply. A vein was cut, and before a physician arrived he lost considerable blood, and fainted. Dr. T. E. Ingram attended him.

Watt & Shand

BUSY MAN—FOR YOU

Saturday preparations are made for your whole summer outfitting, for work or for play. Best collection of fine merchandise for men we have ever seen. All here ready. Get your shirts, hosiery and underwear right inside the centre square door, and your shoes in the rear main floor; get your new suit on the second floor. Plenty brand new merchandise to choose from, much specially priced to save you money and more people than usual ready to serve you.

FOR EVERY MAN

A New Summer Suit

And while he's about it, why not a bang-up, good suit? No need to pay much. Today he can get an All-Worsted or Blue Serge Suit at a saving.

Special events in the Men's Clothing Store.

Unusual arrangement with manufacturers brings fine new suits of usual high priced grade at

\$15, \$16.50 to \$20

All-wool, all hand-tailored, expertly cut in the correct fashion of the season and made of fabrics that have latest design woven in them. Both Plain and Fancy Serges, Medium and Light Colored Worsteds.

The Best Shirts Made at \$1 Are Here

Soft Solesette—We have to keep explaining that they are not silk. Mostly plain shades. Plenty of beautiful Madras Shirts; stripes and figures; and the best values on the market; \$1.00

Underwear at All Prices

Every good and wanted kind and at prices that will meet all purses. This underwear section for men is very convenient, just inside the Centre Square door. Prices range from 25c a garment up.

Time For Belts and Belts are Here

Belt is important, you know. Should be one that will keep on looking like an important belt. There are all kinds. 25c up.

Corner Square and E. King Sts.

ARE YOU BUYING YOUR Grocery Needs

Where You Can Get The Best Quality at The Lowest Prices?

You can answer this question correctly after you have examined and compared our prices with what others ask and tasted the quality of our goods which are guaranteed to give you entire satisfaction. All goods Delivered.

H. G. Hagenberger

BELL PHONE

Mount Joy, Penna.

Make Your Porch Comfortable

To Make It Cool—Screen it with VUDOR PORCH SHADES. Their extremely moderate price makes them popular with every one who can afford a porch at all.

FOR SOLID COMFORT—Get a Couch, Hammock, for outdoor sleeping or lounging it has no equal.

SUMMER FURNITURE—A few minutes inspection of our large and varied line will supply many bright ideas and suggestions, as well as lowest prices obtainable in chairs, rockers, settees, tables, swings and many other useful pieces in reed, rattan, fiber rush, old hickory, etc.

Westernberger, Malev & Myers
125-131 East King St., LANCASTER, PA.



WE UPHOLD THE HIGH QUALITY OF OUR ICE CREAM

It will melt in your mouth, it is so delicious. Call on us and try our new flavors and dainty service. All the latest dishes, sundaes, with our natural fruit flavors. If you cannot get your wife to come with you—take a quart to her. Try us once and then you can say you have really tasted good ice cream. Order and time; it will keep for hours, because it is the right kind.

Lewis Siller