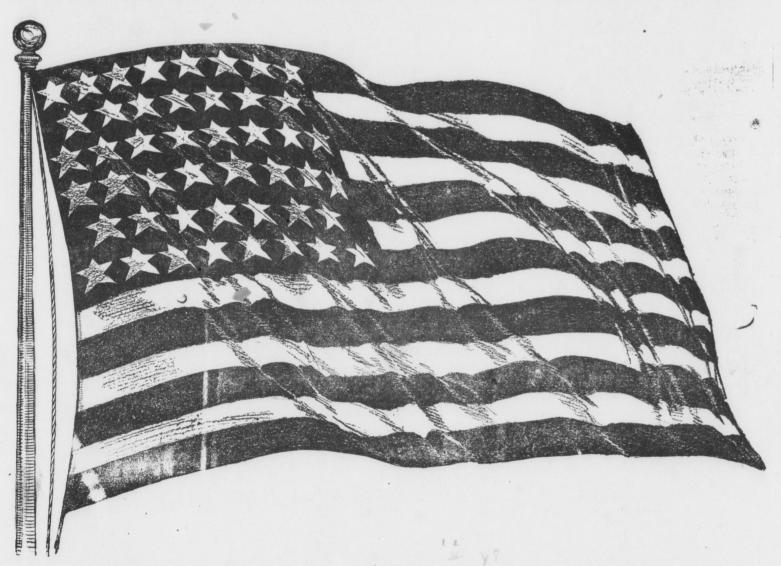
Annual Reunion of the Central Penna. G. A. R. Association Will be Held at Mt. Joy, Sept. 14

G. A. R. Reunion Tomorrow The War Fifty Years Ago

Will Be The Greatest Event In The History of Mount Joy

Everything Is In Readiness for The Reception and Entertainment of The Old Veterans---The Town is Beautifully Decorated---The Complete Program For The Celebration Follows:



Unfurl Old Glory Tomorrow

the success of one of the best planned to Railroad street, to Market street, and arranged programs ever attempt- to Frank street; east on Frank street ted on occasions of this kind in the to Barbara street, to Mount Joy State. Weeks, yes months ago the street, to Jacob street, to East Main various committees began their earn- street; west on East Main street to est task in an endeavor to make the Market street and dismiss. 15th annual reunion of the Central Penna. G. A. R. Association in Mount Joy the most successful ever held All the preliminary arrangements have been perfected and all is in read audience. iness to show the old veterans the time of their lives tomorrow.

The town is very beautifully dec- Chorus. orated, many bands, lodges, fire com- | Recitation - "Kentucky Belle panies, G. A. R. Posts and S. of V. Miss Esther Ebersole. Camps have expressed a willingness to attend, a choir of over 100 voices has been thoroughly rehearsed and bad weather only will prevent a rare sion Ridge," Miss Mary Eshleman. treat for the thousand of visitors that are expected to be with us on this occasion.

A large stand has been erected in the park from which the choir will discourse its music. All the hotels, restaurants and many private citizens, have prepared only the best eatables. There will be refreshment stands at many places thruout the town and an effort will be made to entertain all visitors in a most royal

Following is the program of the day's exercises:

Morning

10.00 o'clock-Assemble at Park Music-Germania Band. Address of welcome- Burgess

Clayton Hoffman. Response-J. B. Patrick. 10.30 o'clock-Business meeting.

Afternoon 1.30 o'clock-parade-Chief Mar-

shal, H. C. Schock. Aids-David Wagner, J. Fred Fenstermacher, Dr. F. L. Richards, C. N. Mumma, B. W. Brown, Geo. Cun-

Formation-Form on Main street, That of Market; on North and South eitket and streets adjacent thereto. at R. de moves east on Main street, ry othHaven street, to West Done-Examt, to Market street, to Main store to R. R.,

Only the weather man will effect countermarch to Manheim street

Presiding officer-Thos J. Brown 3.00 o'clock-Music, band. Prayer-Rev. F. G. Bossert. Music-"America." Schools and

Address-Dr. G. W. Berntheizel Music-"Flag of Freedom," Mixed

Address-Edwin W. Jackson, Esq

Music-Band. Recitation-"Drummer Boy of Mis Music-"Star Spangled Banner,"

Evening

7.30 o'clock-Camp fire. Music-Band. Prayer-Rev. C. E. Berghaus. Address-J. B. Patrick. Music-"Medley" Mixed Chorus. American Patriotic Songs. Address-Col. John M. Groff. Music-Band. Reminiscences—Comrades.

Music-"Our Soldier Heroes Sleeping," Male Chorus. Address-Hugh R. Fulton. and audience.

Mr. T. J. Brown will preside at the afternoon and evening sessions. Five thousand 4-page programs will be printed for gratis distribution tomorrow.

Following is the parade formation as given us by Chief Marshall, Mr. H. C. Schock

First Division Form on West Main Street. Mounted Constabulary. Chief Marshal .- H. C. Schock 3 Asst. Marshals,-Geo. Cunning ham, B. W. Brown, David Wagner Bugler,-Arthur P. Schock. Speakers in Carriages. 4th Regiment Band.

(Continued on Page 8)

BI-PLANE IN MT. JOY

One of the Curtis Type Will be Here Next Week

Aviator Mr. M. B. Cumbler Will Fly From Lancaster to Harrisburg and Will Stop at Mount Joy Through the Efforts of The Mount Joy Bulletin --- Everybody Invited to See Him.

Mount Joy in a biplane flying ma- week's Bulletin. chine of the Glenn Curtis type. This will be the first "air-bird" ever seen in this town and we feel certain that nine-tenths of the citizens of our town have never seen a real Aero-

Conestoga Park, at Lancaster, to Island Park, Harrisburg. The event will take place about Thursday or Friday of next week but definite in- quick if interested. formation and full details as to time Music-"Auld Lang Syne," Band place, etc., will be announced in next week's Bulletin.

pleted for this big event.

Mr. J. E. Schroll of the Bulletin, will select a place near this borough and the location will be such that everybody can see by close observation, the mechanism of a flying machine. The aviator will, land, stopping long enough to give the spectators a good tirely under the full direction of the Dept. Store. The store that satisfies.

Yesterday the Bulletin completed Mount Joy Bulletin and we extend a as Springfield offered no natural adrrangements to have that expert avi- most cordial invitation to everybody ator Mr. M. B. Cumbler appear in to attend. Don't fail to read next

A Lady Wanted

And this isn't a matrimonial bureau either. We want a young lady (à high school graduate preferred) This daring aviator will fly from this office. The work is similar to that of a typewriter. Steady employment and good wages. Apply

A Fine Window

The window at Mr. Harry Wil-Mr. M. B. Cumbler, the aviator, liams' tonsorial parlors is very beauand Mr. Wellington G. Jones, sport- tifully decorated, the features of ing editor of the Harrisburg Tele- which are many kinds of fire arms graph, came here by auto yesterday used during the rebellion together noon when arrangements were com- with numerous kinds of ammunition

Sale Was Continued The sale of the real estate of Marupon which the event will take place tin B. Metzgar which was to have been held at Newtown yesterday, was continued until Saturday, Sept. 30.

The G. A. R. are welcome and so idea of an aeroplane, and then con- are you to inspect the fine up-to-date inue on his journey to Harrisburg. line of men, women and children's The event here will be given en- wearing apparel at I. D. Beneman's

Fierce Battle at Wilson's Creek In Southwest Missouri. General Lyon Moves Out of Springfield With His 6,000 Troops to Attack Enemy Under McCulloch and Price Two or Three Times as Strong---Colonel Sigel's Force Routed Early In Fight---Lyon Killed While Urging His Men Forward---Command Devolves Upon Major Sturgis --- Union Forces Withdraw to Springfield---Confederates Remain on Field---Result of Battle Saves Missouri to the Union.

ECOND to Bull Run the battle

greatest fought in 1861. It was decisive in Missouri and

After his return to Springfield from the fight at Dug Springs Lyon was in

about to expire. Ten miles distant was

an opposing army outnumbering him three to one. Between him and St.

Louis another Confederate army was

approaching to cut off retreat in that

direction. If he withdrew he stood a

chance of encountering this second

army with his dwindling force and,

moreover, would discourage the Union

men three zhout the state and leave

that part of Missouri to the enemy.

If he waited in Springfield to be at-

tacked he endangered his entire force,

vantages for defense. There was but

one course left, and that was to move

General Lyon's plan was to make

the advance on the night of Aug. 8.

His men were footsore and tired, how-

ever, and as new supplies were about

on him to defer the movement one day.

The delar was almost fatal, for the

Confederates intended to move on

Springfield the night of the 9th, but

were deterred by a threatened thunder-

storm. The Union troops got under

way about 8 o'clock. There were only

6,000 all told, and part of these were

home guards left in Springfield. Lyon

divided his force into two columns,

1,100 or 1,200 under Colonel Franz Si-

4,000 effective men, under his own com-

Troops Poorly Equipped.

out and attack the foe before the foe

moved in to attack Lyon.

of Wilson's Creek was the effective troops the Confederates had between two and three times as many asked for re-enforcements from Genthe decree that the state was to eral John C. Fremont, then in com-

Sigel marched due south to strike the flank and rear of the enemy, and Lyon headed southwest to attack in front. Arriving while it was still dark, Lyon waited till dawn. He then surprised the Confederates preparing for

Sigel's Division Routed.

The deception was caused by the federate accounts of the battle do no: or captured, Sigel himself narrowly escaping. He saved only one gun, his

entire Confederate force free to attack had been beaten back. Fresh Confed been wounded twice, once in the foot and once on the head, and had had his



picket warned General Price ("Old on his men. Pap"), who commanded the line where Lyon attacked.

Leading Lyon's advance was Cantain Plummer's battalion of regular inand Totten's battery. These struck let is his left breast. Rains' pickets about 4 o'clock in the morning. The Union forces at once the Confederate skirmish line up the slope. A large force of Confederates was then seen on the hilltop, which was attacked by two regiments and Totten's battery and driven to the

slope of the next hill. Hot Fight In Cornfield.

Plummer's regulars became separated from the rest of the Union troops and crossed to the other side of the creek, where they suddenly faced a large body of Confederates in a corn field. The fight here grew hot until one of the Union batteries, that under Du Bois, took position on a hilltop and opened so hot a fire on the enemy in the cornfield that Plummer was enabled to withdraw his men.

At this juncture the firing grew heavy at the other end of the line, where General Price attempted to turn Lyon's flank. The arrival of the Second Kansas frustrated this attempt, but Price's troops stiff charged several times only to be beaten back. Totten's Union battery had taken position on a nearby hill and helped to repulse the Confederates. This was one of the fiercest actions of the day, the firing becoming an unbroken roar.

An interval here ensued during which Price brought up fresh troops and started another attack all along the line. The Confederates charged many times and the lines reeled back and forth in a flerce struggle that lastgel, the remainder, something less than ed an hour. At this time Lyon's entire force was engaged. He had se few troops that he could spare none for a reserve. At last the Confed-

erates temporarily gave way. The soldiers were underfed, poorly In the meantime Colonel Sigel had clothed, some of them were in tatters gained the rear of the enemy and beand, still worse, lacked shoes. The gan an attack from that side, driving in Confederate forces were even in worse some scattering troops of the Confedcondition, however, and were not so erates and following them for a long well drilled as the Union men. There distance. At first he met little reis a dispute as to the size of the Con- sistance. Sigel could hear the roar of federate army, no two authorities Lyon's guns and expected the victoriates, 517 killed, about 800 would sen quite agreeing. McCulloch, who was cas Union troops soon to break in command, admitted that he had through and join him. At this junc-11,000 men. Northern historians in- ture General McCulloch's men adsist that he had more than 20,000. At vanced in considerable force, and Sige! least a part of the discrepancy may thought them the Federal troops he have arisen from the fact that Mc- had been anticipating. He therefore Culloch and Price picked up several directed his men to withhold their was 10 per cent at Bull J thousand farmers and others along the fire until suddenly the supposed friends | per cent 1 Wilson's Cree

General Lyon's Death.

The charge succeeded in dislodging the foe and driving him back to the fantry, two companies of volunteers next ravine, but Lyon fell with a bul-

Nathaniel Lyon was perhaps the most promising general developed on formed in a skirmish line which ad. the Union side during the first year of vanced a mile and a half and pushed the war. He was born in Connecticut in 1818, graduated at West Point, served with distinction in the Seminole and Mexican wars, was in the early troubles in Kansas, where he wrote vigorous articles for the news papers, and at the beginning of the civil war was assigned to Missouri, where his career became one of increasing glory. It is not too much to say that General Lyon held Missouri in the Union and sealed the pact with his blood. His will left practically all his property, \$30,000, to the cause of

his country. He died unmarried. The death of the general did not end the battle. The chief command now devolved on Major Sturgis, who knew Lyon's plans and continued the fight on these lines. For a half hour longer the engagement continued, when the Confederates once more gave way. It was only a lull, however. Suddenly they reappeared along the entire front and for the first time began an effective assault from a battery. The fight once more became general, the Confederates attempting to turn the Union right flank and assaulting Totten's battery at the center. The Federal line now stood like a wall of steel. Several times the enemy charged forward almost to the muzzles of the guns and as often were driven back.

At last Major Sturgis decided that he had too few troops to try to hole the field and determined to retire t Springfield and thence to Rolla. T Confederates admit that they "glad to see him go." Nor did th

attempt pursuit. Losses on Both Sides Heavynd-The battle had lasted till 11 o'c and for the number of men eng and the length of time consumer one of the flercest in the history war. According to the Annus cyclopedia of that year, the as follows: Union, 223 k. wounded and 292 missing; Co 30 missing. The battle of Creek was even bloodier than to buy. Bull Run, for at Bull Run t loss was only 9 per cent of gaged, while at Wilson's Cr