

ing, people have become so disheart-ened in some localities with the mea-ger results of their efforts to grow turkeys for market that they have de sisted from the attempt. The great American bird, the bird | ing, people have become so disheart- | and, to have this influence to which will scream back an answer to

you every time you imitate his "gob-ble" or otherwise "make a noise like a gobble," has along with his domesticator, man, driven the other American bird far into the back woods, figuratively and actually. When the Indians owned the land,

the eagle and the turkey stood on

sisted from the attempt. Mr. T. F. McGrew, of New York, a well-known judge of poultry and a writer on breeds and breeding, has

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YOUNG BRONZE COCKS.

probably an equal footing, the one the tyrant of the air and the other the king of game birds. Both were hunt-ed by the Indian, the eagle to furnish plumes for his war bonnet, and the turkey, of course, for food. But now the cagle seldom is hunted

and still more seldom ever killed or captured, while the turkey is found in hundreds of thousands of farm yards

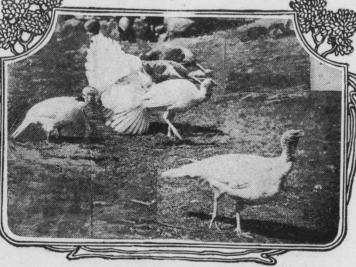
Although the North American wild turkey is a beautiful and resplendent game bird, with feathers of black, shaded with a rich bronze and illuminated with a lustrous finish of coppery color, his domesticated cousin, while improved nothing in appearance, has been bred up to outweigh any other domestic fowl, thirty or thirty-five pounds being not uncommon among prize turkey flocks.

According to the Department of Agriculture the growing of turkeys has improved within the last few years as a result of a determined effort on the part of producers of what is termed "standard bred or exhibition" stock to demonstrate that it is more profitable to use pure bred breeding stock than the smaller and less vigorstock than the smaller and tess vigor-ous stock of days gone by. Their efforts to introduce throughout the country the several standard varie-ties of turkeys have greatly improved our turkey growing industry. This effort has supplied rich, new, vigorous our blood throughout the whole country, adding strength and virility to in-numerable flocks, many of which had become considerably deteriorated through inbreeding.

Deterioration Through Inbreeding. The fact that one fecundation is sufficient to render fertile all the eggs of one laying has made possible the undermining of the health and vigor of the present-day domestic turkey. Being advised of this, hundreds of people depend upon their neighbors' flocks for the services of a mole and

written a turkey bulletin for the De-partment of Agriculture which is known as Farmers' Bulletin No. 200, and in this he says that there is no other kind of livestock that will return so large a profit to the successful producer as will poultry, and no kind of poultry is more profitable than turkeys when properly handled. The fact that turkeys will, from the time they are six weeks old until winter sets in, gain the greater part of their entire living from bugs, grasshoppers and waste grain that they pick up in their wanderings over the range, assures their existence through this period at little or no cost to the grower. In other words, they may be termed self sustaining foragers, where they have sufficient range. The Bronze Turkey.

This turkey holds the post of honor It is possibly a cross between the wild turkey and the tame turkey, which lat-ter is generally believed to have de-scended from either the North Ameri-



GROUP OF WHITE TURKEYS.

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the English Norfolk turkey, the Slate turkey, and the red Bourbon turkey, which is similar to the Buff turkey. In addition to the North American wild turkey, the Mexican wild turkey still affords splendid sport, as does also the Honduras turkey, which is found in various parts of Central America, both birds being resplendent and of savory

The turkey bulletin of the Depart ment of Agriculture above mentioned is a brief booklet which will certainly is a brief bookiet which while certainly be read with interest by anyone grow-ing or caring for turkeys. It describes the different varities, and devotes fif-teen or twenty pages to the selection

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He Was Incorruptable.

the sof eggs with dark shells and those with light. Their flavor is affected by the food of the fowl for good or for evil. Exhaustive experiments by well equipped investigators prove that the egg deserves its reputation as an easily assimilated and highly nutri-tious food, if eaten raw or lightly cooked. Such experiments also show that eggs at twelve cents a dozen are a cheap source of nutrients; at sixa cheap source of nutrients; at six-teen cents, somewhat expensive, and the ministry. Foiled in every attempt, but not dis-

at twenty-five cents and over, highly mayed, the commissioner's now resorted to measures distinguised in extravagant. basis of comparison was the

The Sasis of comparison was the market prices of standard flesh foods considered in relation to their nutri-tive elements. But there is a physio logical constituent of eggs which is of great value, yet it defles the search of the scientist or the inquisition of the statistician, and that is their palata-bility Unless a food however rise in in a statistic in favor of the concilia-bility of the statistician is food however rise in the concentration of the single search of the scientist of the concentration of the statistic in the concentration of the statistic in the concentration of the statistic in the science in favor of the concella-tion of the science in favor of the statistic in the science in favor of the science in the science in favor of the science in the science in favor of the science in the sc infamy and baseness. They opened bility. Unless a food, however rich in proteins, is relished, it loses much of memory, should be enshrined in the hearts of every loyal Pennsylvanian. It was simply this: "I am not worth purchasing, but such as I am, the its value, while, per contra, a less chemically desirable food that is enjoyed becomes valuable by reason of that fact.

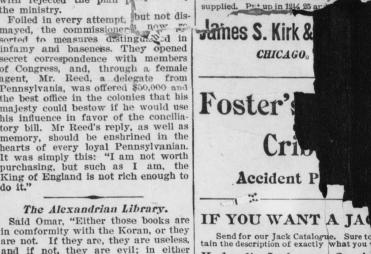
do it.'

Said Omar, "Either those books are in comformity with the Koran, or they are not. If they are, they are useless, and if not, they are used used as a second and if not, they are evil; in either event, let them be destroyed." Such was the logic that led to the destruction of seven hundred thousand

The Alexandrian Library.

Kirk's AMERICAN CROWN SOAP

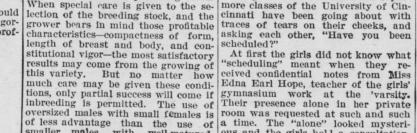
s a green soap, consistency of paste, a perfect cleanser for automobile machinery and all vehicles; will not injure the most highly polished surface. Made from pure vegetable oils. If your dealer does not carry American Crown Soap in stock, send us his name and address and we will see that you



The coloring of this variety is a ground of black blazoned or shaded with bronze. This shading is rich and glowing, and when the sun's rays are reflected from these colors, they shine like polished steel. The female is not as rich in color as the male but both have the same color and shadings. Much of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost in f of this richness of color is lost if out of proportion, should not be mished the same color and shadings.

CAN WILD TURKEY. which turkeys are subject. Drop a postal to your member of Congress or Senator, and he will send you one. Food Value of Eggs. Popular belief to the contrary, there is no difference in the nutritive quali-ties of eggs with dark shells and those with light. Their flavor is affected by the food of the fowl for good on for

GROUP OF WHITE TURKEYS. Being advised of this, hundreds of people depend upon their neighbors' flocks for the services of a male and pay no attention to the matter of breeding stock except to keep one or two turkey hens. This has reduced many of the turkeys throughout the country almost' to a condition of im-becility. The lack of vigor in a large portion of the breeding stock through. The stould be guarded against at all times, if it is hoped to gain the best results. Naturally the Browe turkey should be the largest in size, the most vigor-ous in constitution, and the most prof-



### The Narragansett Turkey.

This turkey is a noble looking, full-hested bird but is not so large as the ground with a steel-gray edge to the

feather which imparts a metallic black-and-bronze luster. The cocks, or toms, weigh from 20 to 30 pounds, and some old ones have gone 40 pounds. The Narragansett is a desirable breed and some growers declare that they will reach market size and condition And she measured the arms and the

As bred for market these turkeys are reddish buff or light chestnut color mixed with white and some dark shadings. They are highly valued in S some localities for their quick growth and for their attactiveness when dressed, although they do not run as the Naragansett or the Bronze.

### The White Turkey-

In America the white variety called the White Holland turkey. is In called the White Holland turkey. In England they are known as "Austrian Whites," where they are considered sports from other turkeys. They range from 10 pounds for young hens to 26 pounds for old cocks, although they have run as high as 35 pounds at fairs. Mr. McGrew states that white turkeys Mr. McGrew states that white turkeys are quite as easy to grow as any other variety, and he states that one cannot select a better kind for all uses than the White Holland. They grow to the most profitable sizes, dress beautifully for market, their light, pinkish-white shanks add to their appearance; and with them, as with all white poultry, the pin feathers show less than in darker varities. The very largest tur-

oversized males with small females is of less advantage than the use of smaller males with well-matured, inedium-sized females. When she went in to Miss Hope her face was eager, but when she came out it was scarlet.

"And what do you think?" she whis-pered: "You-have to-take off all

"And after she gets your clothes off, what then?" chorused the girls. Then the first girl told, with tears the in less time than the Bronze turkeys. 'er—legs. The bust expansion and the length of the fingers, and how big the chest is when the girl takes a long breath, and how little it gets when the girl expels her breath. Then she subtracts the difference, divides it by two, and multiplies the result by

three, and says: "There's where you ought to be, and maybe you'll be that by the end of the year, when the second physical examination comes."

The girls held an indignation meeting the latter part of the week, and a committee was secretly appointed to wait on President Dabney. "But," said the girls on the commit-tee, "we would rather take one of

has now provided a garment in mak-ing the "test".

### Lacking In Education.

Little Freddie, having lost a nickel was crying bitterly.

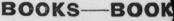
An old gentleman who had stoppe'd to investigate said: "My boy you shouldn't cry that way." "But," said the little fellow, "I d-don't know how to c-cry any o-other way."

manuscript volumes in Alexandria. Pliny tells us that Homer's Iliad, with its 15,000 verses was written in a space as small as a walnut shell.

In more remote times an account is given of an ivory chariot constructed by Mermicides, so small that a fly could cover it with one of its wings, and of a ship that could be concealed by the wing of a bee.

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theys are not as profitable either to grow or to sell. The medium sizes-from 9 to 18 pounds dressed-are the most desirable for family use. Other turkeys are the Black turkey, similar to, if not much the same, as stock through inbreed vigor come largely through the female, similar to, if not much the

