ges and joints in bones, but there are valves ges and joints in bones, but there are valves fourth Tuesday of June, at 10 o'clock A. M. Robert Herron, Stated Clerk.

| Sturgis, encountered a large rebel force on the Robert Herron, Stated Clerk. | 10th inst., under command of General Sturgis, encountered a large rebel force on the loth inst., under command of General Sturgis, encountered a large rebel force on the loth inst., under command of General Sturgis, encountered a large rebel force on the loth inst. equally striking. One of the muscles forms an actual pulley. The bones which support the bedy are made precisely in that form 11 o'clock A. M. which has been ascertained, by calculations and experiments, to be the strongest for pillars and supporting columns-that of hollow cylinders.

Effect of Light .- Dr. Moor, the metaphysician, thus speaks of the effect of light on body and mind:-" A tadpole confined in darkness would never become a frog; and an infant being deprived of heaven's free light will only grow into a shapeless idiot, instead of a beautiful and reasonable being Hence, in the deep, dark gorges and ravines of the Swiss Valais, where the direct sunshine never reaches, the hideous prevalenco of idiocy startles the traveler. It is a strange, melancholy idiocy. Many citizens are incapable of any articulate speech : some are deaf, some are blind, some labor under all these privations, and all are misshapen in almost every part of the body. I believe there is in all places a marked difference in the healthiness of houses according to their aspect with regard to the sun, and those are decidedly the healthiest. other things being equal, in which all the rooms are, during some part of the day, fully exposed to the direct light. Epidemics attack inhabitants on the shady side of a street, and totally exempt those on the oth. | preparations, the movement commenced on Suner side; and even in epidemics, such as day night, June 12th. The Eighteenth Army ague, the morbid influence is often thus Corps, under command of Gen. Smith, marched

partial in its labors." Elevation of the Coast of Chili. - That the latter coast is being gradually elevated, would appear from the fact that for half a ventury the harbors of the country have River. Gens. Hancock's and Warren's corps been diminishing in depth. On examining the coast between Conception and Rio Maule, the various escarpments of schistose Maule, the various escarpments of schistose rocks will be found to present several cavities formed in other times by stone-boring Tuesday and Wednesday, June 14 and 15, partly mollusks; these markings succeed each other without interruption from high-water level to a height of from 8 to 10 metres (about 30 feet). The upper ones are much more crowded than those below, thus proving that the elevation has been gradual; for had it taken place at various intervals. there would be a series of interruptions in the series, which do not exist.

zinc, 1,688; silver, 1,681; gold, 1,879; have long stood.

Now a new orde of some importance to state that certain of these figures are lower than those obtained | plant ourselves across the enemy's lines of comby M Becquerel, when using the air

The opinion appears to be gaining ground in England that submarine cables should be made of the lightest material. A copper wire with a Manilla hemp insulator is now recommended as the lightest and strongest, yet is heavy enough to sink The Red Sea and Algiers cables are said to have been destroyed by their own

The metal lithium is the lightest known so when dropped into fuming nitric acid, the most active oxydizing agent known.

Falling Up.—When the moon is overhead, it is difficult for us to conceive that if a cannon ball were fired at us from the kind, and pronounced more difficult to take than

made so hard that they will cut steel and stand well for tools. A good workman was two days in getting a 11-inch hole through a brass bell.

Literary.

thumous volume by Hugh Miller. The not embraced in his Autobiography.

cited such unusual interest, are to be published in the such and Petersburg. There was a report that guarding these valuable works. John Morgan, Butler had been driven back by Lee, with heavy with his forces, if he had chosen to make a dilished in full. They will probably form a loss, on the 17th. Troops were sent forward to book of travels such as we have not had for a long time.

Butter had been driven book by Lee, will lees, on the 17th. Troops were sent forward to Butler's support. On the morning of the 18th, the Ninth corps carried a portion of the second the lees of t

The annual accounts of the Direction of the British and Secure have been laid before Parliament. evening.

An official dispatch from City Point, dated 9 000 (\$475,000). The total number of articles added to the library in the course of mile in front of Petersburg, where they found the year was 107,784.

A new work by F. G. Hibbard, D.D., entitled "The Religion of Childhood," has just been issued by Poe & Hitchcock. The ground taken by the author is, that all children are in a state of favor with God through the grace of atonement.

The same publishers have in preparation "A New Body of Divinity," by T. N. Ralston, D.D.; "Contributions to the Early History of the North-west, including the Moravian Missions in Ohio," by the late S. P. Hildreth, M.D.; "The Bible and Modern Thought," by Rev. T. B. Birk, M. A., a distinguished clergyman of the Church | right was also carried by our troops and is firm-

of the English press are the third and our guns. The remaining defences are never-theless stoutly maintained. The resistance has fourth volumes of "Ancient Eastern Monarchies," comprising the History, Geogra- the town has been largely reinforced from Lee's phy, and Literature of Babylon, Media, army, some even supposing that the main body and Persia, by Prof. Rawlinson. "The of the rebel army has been transferred to Pe-Rock-cut Temples of India," illustra- tersburg. This seems highly improbable. A speedy success, however, in the capture of Peted by seventy-five photographs taken on tersburg is not to be antiducted and least of all the spot, by Major Gill; descriptions by James Ferguson, F.R.S. "Walk from London to John O'Groat's House," with for which so much anxiety has been felt, has been Notes by the Way, illustrated with photoreceived. Gen. Lee had reported a rebel victory applied portraits, by Elihu Burritt. The second volume of the new and enlarged edition of Kitto's Cyclopedia of Biblical Literature, edited by W. Lindsay Alexander, D.D. A Critical and Exegetical Company of the Poly of Constant of the Poly of Con mentary on the Book of Genesis, with a New Translation, by James G. Murphy, LL.D., Professor of Hebrew in Belfast. A new and and additionable of Milman, and also about 20 officers, 500 men, and 300 horses. new and revised edition of Milman's History of Christianity, in three volumes octavo. The Divine and Human Elements

Presbyterial.

The Presbytery of Weoster will hold an adjourned meeting at Congress, O., on the Fourth Tuesday of June, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. E. Carson, Stated Clerk.

The Presbytary of Winnebago will meet at Oners, including 20 officers. Gen. Sheridan propurchase was agreed upon for \$1,100, and the Beaver Dam, Wig., on the last Tuesday (28th) of June, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

June, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

Nothing new has been received from Gen. Hungle of Lords, on the same day, the Victoria Valley.

The Presbytery of Ohio will meet at Forest Grove church, on the Third Tuesday of June, at W. B. Mc Rvaine, Stated Clerk. The Presbytery of Clarion will meet on the Third Tuesday of June (21st), at 11 o'clock A. M., in Oak Grove church.

J. H. Sherrard, Stated Clerk. The Presbytery of Allegheny stands adjourned to meet at Plain Grove, on the Fourth Tuesday (27th) of June, at 11 o'clock A. M. J. R. Coulter, Stated Clerk.

The Presbytery of Blairsville will meet, ac cording to adjournment, at Somerset, on the Third Tuesday of June, at 7 o'clock P. M. James Davis, Stated Clerk.

The Presbytery of Allegheny City stands adjourned to meet in the church of Beaver, on the Third Tuesday of June, at 11 o'clock A. M. Wm. Annan, Stated Clerk.

Current Aews.

The War.-The advices last week from the Army of the Potomac closed with the information that Gen. Grant was successfully transferring his forces from the Chickshominy to the James River. After several days' preliminary to White House, and there embarked on transports for Bermuda Landing. Gen. Wright's corps and Burnside's moved to James bridge, when they crossed the Chickahominy and

marched thence to Wilcox's, on the James River. in boats and partly on a pontoon bridge. The enemy, although suspicious that such a move was meditated, appears to have been wholly un-prepared to resist it, and the passage of the James was safely effected without opposition.

The usually well-informed army correspondent of the N.Y. Times affirms, in reference to this last movement, that from the very start, the transfer of the army to the South side of Richmond has formed an integral part of Gen. Grant's plan of campaign. Military men, he believes, regard Temperatures at which Metals Boil.—These have been hitherto determined by means of of ultimate success than has been possible at an air pyrometer, but M. Becquerel has any previous time since the war began. Hithadopted another method for their determi-

> Now a new order begins. By holding the railroads running South and West from Richmond via Petersburg, Danville, and Lynchburg, we munication, and have a tourniquet around the throat of the rebellion. If Lee allows himself to be shut up in Richmond, there will be a repetition of Vicksburg over again. If he comes out of his works and gives battle, in fair field fight, it is all the Army of the Potomac desires. Moreover the two great rebel armies are now effectually sundered, and Johnson, coming to reinforce Lee, would find his progress to Rich-

mond barred by the same opponent who stopped his junction with Pemberton in Vicksburg. Gen. Smith's corps, 15,000 strong, which had been transferred by water from White House to Bermuda Hundred, arrived on Tuesday evening. and moved out toward Petersburg. On Wednessolid. It floats in naphtha, and yet can be daptured the very strong works northeast of Pedrawn into a fine wire. It is harder than day morning, June 15, Gen. Smith surprised and potassium but softer than lead. It does them by the enemy to hold them. He was joined not inflame in water, like sodium, but does the night following this capture by the 5th corps, which in turn captured more of the enemy's re-doubts further south; and this corps was follow-ed by the 9th corps, which on Friday morning, June 17th, carried two more redoubts of the Pe-

tersburg defences. The works thus carried were of the strongest central portion of the moon's disk, it would rush down toward us a short distance, and then turn backward and fall up to the moon again.

Missionary Ridge, at Chattanooga. The hardest fighting is reported by General. Butler to have been done by the black troops, who stormed the worst forts, and received the thanks of General Smith, who said that hereafter he would trust

Compositions of zine and copper can be them in a difficult place as readily as the best white troops.

In the assault of Wednesday, nearly 400 prisoners were taken, several stands of colors, and 16 cannon, of which 6 were taken by the black troops. In the assault on Friday, 450 prisoners and four guns were taken. Our guns are said to command Petersburg, but at last accounts the enemy still held possession of the place.

The enemy, in his endeavors to reinforce Pe-

"Edinburgh and its Neighborhood, Geo- tersburg, abandoned his entrenchments in front logical and Historical, with the Geology of of Bermuda Hundred. They no doubt expected the Bass Rock," is the title of another post troops from north of the James river to take their places before we discovered it. Gen. Butler took advantage of this, and moved a force at once upauthor's widow is engaged in the prepara- on the railroad and plankroad between Rich. tion of a Memoir for the period of his life | mond and Petersburg, which he hopes to retain possession of.

Dispatches from Bermuda Hundred, dated Mr. Palgrave's travels in Arabia, the summary account of which, as given recently at the Geographical Society, has exline of the rebel works, taking 500 prisoners. The annual accounts of the British Mu- They had repulsed a rebel attack of the previous

the enemy occupying a new line of entrench-ments, which, after successive assaults, we failed to carry, but hold and have entrenched our ad-

. During the assaults upon Petersburg, twentytheir entrenchments, has not been so severe. On Saturday evening, the rebels made another vigorous assault upon our centre and left, the Second and Ninth corps. They were again re-pulsed and driven to their works. On Sabbath morning, June 19th, the Second corps charged and carried the works in their front, and at 9 A. M. a continuation of these works on the

Our advance is said to be within a mile of Pe-Among other recent or prospective issues tersburg, which is consequently at the mercy of been so strong as to lead to the conviction that

tersburg, is not to be anticipated, and least of all a bloodless triumph. Gen. Sheridan's official report of his expedition,

On Sabbath, June 12th, the railroad from Trevelian Station to Lorraine Court House was thoroughly destroyed by Sheridan's forces, the ties being burned and the rails rendered unserviceain Holy Scripture, by Rev. John Hannah, ble. Upon moving toward Gordonsville, the enble. Upon moving toward Gordonsville, the ensmy was found so strongly entrenched, having been reinforced also, that it was not deemed prubeen reinforced als dent to venture an assault, our ammunition he-sides being nearly expended, and the horses suffering for want of forage. Gen. Sheridan there

fore withdrew his command over the North Anna Our loss in the engagement of June 11th, was 85 killed, 490 wounded, and 160 taken prisoners. The enemy lost heavily, in killed and endered for \$1,500,000, which the Government tendered for \$1,500,000, which the Government wounded, and we took and brought off 370 pris- considered too large, and declined. Later, the

The Presbytery of Saltsburg will meet at Pine Run church, on the Fourth Tuesday of June, at 2 o'cleck P. M.

W. W. Woodend, Stated Clerk.

The Presbytery of New Liebon will meet, D. V., in the Presbyterian church of Glasgow, Pa., on the Third Tuesday (the 21st) of June, at 8 o'clock P. M.

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The gard of the Colony through the war in spite of the expense. The suppression of their own rebellions in New Zeeland was discussed. Earl Granville said every effort would be made to suppress it. Lord Lyttleton said they ought to see the colony through the war in spite of the expense. The suppression of their own rebellion in New Zeeland was discussed. Earl Granville said every effort would be made to dispersion of 25 men surrenders. A gang of about 300 rebells atacked Bardstown on Saturation of 25 men surrenders.

The Presbytery of New Liebon will meet at Pine Kentucky we have a confirmation of the gang of about 300 rebells atacked Bardstown on Saturation of 25 men surrenders.

The Presbyterian in New Zeeland was discussed. Earl Granville said every effort would be made to suppress it. Lord Lyttleton said they ought to suppress it.

The Spirit in State Clerk.

The Spirit in State Clerk is suppression of the South flower in spite of the expense of the South flower in spite of the expense of the South flower in spite of the expense of the South flower i

town, on the railroad running south from Cor-inth, and, after a severe fight, in which our loss in killed and wounded was heavy, our forces were worsted. At last accounts Sturgis was at Collinsville retreating toward Memphis.

Dispatches state that, with the troops that had lately arrived, Memphis was safe.

Gen. Sherman, having received the news of Sturgis' defeat, reports that he has already made

arrangements to repair Sturgis' disaster, and placed Gen. A. J. Smith in command, who will assume the offensive immediately.

Intelligence from Gen. Sherman, Tuesday, June 14th, was to the effect that he was then ad vancing his lines on Kenesaw. Gen. Thomas had gained some ground, and one rebel brigade was nearly surrounded. The rebel Gen. Polk

was killed on that day. On Wednesday, June 15th, heavy fighting was reported. Blair's corps was storming the enemy's works. Our whole army was in line and firing along the entire front. The whole work home along the entire front. The rebels were being slowly driven back under a fire mainly of artillery. Our losses were slight. Blair was reported south of the Chattahoochie river on Wednesday night. Johnson had massed his artillery to prevent our right from crossing. A general fight was expected there. A rebel courier was captured Tuesday

night with dispatches from Johnson to Wheeler, ordering him to destroy the bridge which Sherman recently built over the Etowah.

Gen. Sherman reports that, in the midst of the darkness and storm of Saturday evening, June 18th, the enemy in his front gave way, and at daylight on Sunday our advance entered the rebel line from right to left. The whole army is now in pursuit as far as the Chattahoochie. Gen. Sherman adds: "I start at once for Ma-

General.-On Wednesday, June 15th, C. L. Vallandingham returned to his residence at Dayton, Ohio. On the same day he made his appearance at a Democratic district Convention, held at Hamilton, to the surprise of the assembly, and was received with enthusiasm. He spoke briefly, denying that he had encouraged marched thence to Charles City, on the James
River. Gens. Hancock's and Warren's corps
crossed the Chickahominy at Long Bridge, and in the latter that the had encounted disobedience to lawful authority. It is not known what course the Government will pursue, but it is surmised that for the present, Vallaudigham will not be interfered with

President Lincoln visited the Philadelphia Sanitary Fair on Thursday, June 16th. The streets from the depot to the hotel, and from the hotel to the Fair, were thronged with people anxious to obtain a view of the visitor. After being conducted around the Fairs he made a brief speech in reply to a complimentary toast. In the course of his remarks he ventured the prediction that Gen. Grant was now in a posi-tion from which he could not be dislodged by the enemy, until Richmond should be taken. Mr. Lincoln paid a tribute to the value of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions.

Since the 17th of October last, six hundred thousand men, not including black men have enlisted or re-enlisted in our armies, and one hundred and twenty-five millions of dollars have been expended in bounties since that period. Within the past year seven hundred adopted another method for their determination. The instrument he employs is a thermo-electric pile, and with it he found that the following metals boil at the following degrees Fahrenheit:—cadmium, 1,328; five to three. This disproportion we could not number of forty-eight thousand men, exclusive in the substitution of the country of number of forty-eight thousand men, exclusive of the one hundred days men—some two thousand or more-have been forwarded to him.

The Assistant Treasurer at New-York received from the Secretary of the Treasury, June 20th, the following important statement of the position of the public debt, and circulation: The amount of debt, including all legal tender notes and unpaid requisitions, is \$1,919,395,168.88. The amount of interest bearing legal tender notes withdrawn is \$38,890,700.00. The amount of ordinary legal tender notes withdrawn and placed in reserve is \$17,258,872.00, showing a reduction at present of legal tenders of all descriptions to be \$56,149,572.00. This statement, says Mr. Chase, shows the actual present state of the debt and circulation. Of couse it will be necessary to replace a portion of the five per cent. legal tenders with compound interest at six per cent. Mr. Cisco states, of personal assuran ces from the Secretary of the Treasury, that it is not the purpose of Mr. Chase to issue an amount of the compound interest of six per cent. equivalent to the amount of legal tenders thus retired, but to contract their circulation as much as possible, and to regulate future issues of ourrency by the strictest necessity. There are the highest official assurances too that these are Mr.

Chase's future intentions. The ceremony of dedicating the site for the Battle Monument, at West Point, New-York, took place on Wednesday, June 15. Gen. Geo. B. McClellan delivered the address, in which he paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of the noble soldiers and officers who have fallen during the present struggle.

A selection has been made of the design of Mr. James G. Batterson for the National Monu-ment at Gettysburg. The monument is to be of white granite, resting on a pedestal of the same material. From the pedestal will spring four buttresses, which will support an equal number of statues. These statues will represent, respectively, War, History, Peace, and Plenty. The crowning statue of the whole monument is to be colossal bronze figure of the Genius of Liberty, which will be fifteen feet high. Of the entire monument the height will be fifty feet. The nonument itself is to cost \$50,000, but headstones and other things connected with the job will bring the entire bill up to something like \$120,000.

The Cincinnati Times states that the fortifications around that city cover an area of nine miles, have eighty pieces of cannon of large cali-bre, and two hundred rounds of ammunition to each gun. As late as Tuesday last, on this ex-treme circuit of defence there were just ten men version from his route to Cynthiana, could have reached those works in twelve hours.

Admiral Lee has organized a torpedo and picket division for clearing the banks of the James river of torpedoes. The division consists of three gunboats, seven armed boats and 150 men, and precedes the fleet in its advance up the riv-er. They have already secured eleven infernal machines, four of which contained twelve hundred pounds, and one contained two thousand pounds of powder. They are all very dangerous and powerful torpedoes.

The engineering department in Gen. Sherman's During the assaults upon Petersburg, twentyone pieces of artillery have been taken, and
1,200 prisoners. Our loss during Friday and
Saturday, in killed and wounded, is estimated at 8,000. The enemy's loss, fighting behind find its fellow. In fact, the measurement of ev-ery bridge from Dalton to Atlanta has been obtained, and duplicates constructed ready to be erected instantly.

A terrible explosion occurred at the Washington Arsenal on Friday, June 17, a few minutes before 12 o'clock. It seems that some red stars for fire-works, had been made, and set out on black pans to dry. They could not stand a tem-perature of more than 200 degrees, and under the hot sun soon reached that. One of the stars ignited, which set the remainder off, exploding the laboratory. The occupants of the building were all females. Upon the explosion a terrible scene was witnessed. In the yard there were about 1,200 men and 300 women at work, a number of whom were burned and bruised in endeavoring to get away. The alarm was immediately given, and after the fire was extinguished a search for bodies was commenced. Eighteen bodies have thus far been taken out of the ruins, burned to a crisp. It was impossible to recognize them. Eight females were taken out in a sad condition and placed in the hospital. The sad condition and placed in the nospital. The scene at the yard was of the most heart-rending description. By a strange coincidence, just before the explosion occurred, a letter was read to these girls acknowledging the receipt of \$170 contributed by them for the erection of a monument to the victims of an almost similar catas-

trophe at Pittsburgh, last year.
On the same day, June 17, a fire occurred in the Watervliet Arsenal, near Albany, N. Y., where, through the hesitation of the men to go near the fire for fear of an explosion, the main buildings were in imminent danger of destruction. The fire was finally subdued.

Hon. Aaron H. Oragin was elected, June 15, U

Foreign.—In the House of Commons, May 20, the Attorney General related the circumstances attending the purchase by the Government of the Laird rams. Before the seizure the Government had offered to purchase, but the e was agreed upon for \$1,100,000, and

Nothing new has been received from Gen. Hun-ter's forces in the Virginia Valley.

From Kentucky we have a confirmation of the rebellion in New Zealand was discussed.

Earl

The Presbytery of Steubenville will meet, ac-

painful character, and he was afraid great barbarities had been committed.

The telegrams announcing the recovery of the Pope are only half believed. The exclusion of all strangers from the Vatican dusing the last with agreeable reading and with matters confew weeks leads some of the most suspicious nected with the toilet and the mysteries of housepersons to surmise that the Pope is really dead, persons to surmise that the rope is really seems, and that his death is being concealed while his successor is being appointed and established on the Papal throne. These surmises, however, appear to have no ground. In the meanwhile, great excitement prevails in Italy, and there seems to be no very cordial feeling between the governments of Turin and Paris.

A French blockhouse has been captured at Senegal, and fifteen hundred French soldiers

massacred by the blacks. A letter from Paris says: "The formation of the Ladies' Union in the United States against met, say that their occupation is gone; that they have ceased to buy until further orders, but that they do not expect to buy any more so long as the Covenant exists. The number of American buyers in France is very large, and they find hemselves all at once out of employment. The Paris Siecle says it has received a private letter respecting the treatment to which Polish women are subjected by the Russians, which contains such terrible details that it does not dare to publish them. They are torn from their families and transported to Siberia; they are given, like slaves of old, to pitiless masters, who force them to contract fresh unions. Such is a European method of suppressing a rebellion. Mr. Dayton, American Minister at Paris, hav-

ing submitted to the French Government con-vincing evidence that the four vessels of war building at Bordeaux and Nantes, were designed for the Confederate Government of the Southern States, orders have been given that the vessels in question should not be permitted to leave the ports where they are building. M. Benyer, in giving his opinion, proves very clearly that an illegal and punishable act has been committed. The French law upon this subject appears to be much clearer than the English law.

The rebel steamer Alabama arrived at Table
Bay, March 20, and left again on the 25th for a

new cruise.
The London Times is prepared to hear of the complete failure of Grant's expedition. It questions whether he will be able to recross the Po-Two delegates are said to have been appointed ca, ascertain the real state and prospects of the belligerents, and report the same to the Empe-It is also reported that overtures have been made by France to the British Government, with a view to stopping the frightful and useless carnage between the Federals and Confederates.

The same arrival which brings us this interesting intelligence, conveys the three following items of news, going to show that the suppres-sion of rebellions elsewhere than in the United States, is a perfectly legitimate business.

The Paris Moniteur, of Saturday, June 4, publishes details of the French victories over the insurgents in Algeria, indicating that the insurrectionists must soon be forced to disperse. the rebels at Waisoo, and expected an early surrunder of Wauking and Soochusur.

Melbourne, April 26.—New-Zealand advices report two severe engagements, in one of which the English troops suffered a reverse. There is

no immediate prospect of a close of the cam-The Dano-German Conference reassembled in London on the 2d of June, and on rising appointed the 6th of June for the next sitting. The London Times says all accounts represent the feeling in the Danish capital as warlike beyond all former example. The Danes will not make peace on the basis of giving up everything that could possibly be lost by war. They are making the most of their fleet, they are strengthening their defences, and are ready to try the chances of another campaign. They know that even non-intervening England and unsympa-thetic France can never allow their country to be blotted out of the list of nations. In these circumstances it is needless to say that the meeting of the Conference on the 2d was not marked by any cheering progress in the nego-tiations. The leading Danish papers violently denounce England's proposition at the confer-ence for a division of Schleswig, and call for earnest resistance. The news of the seizure of the Chincha

proaches so nearly to the character of direct and also ready." high-handed robbery that it is difficult to imag-ine it can be the act of any European or civilized Government. The London Times says intelligence from Madrid warrants a hope that the dispute with Peru will soon be honorably settled, the Spanish Gov-

ernment having entirely disapproved the recent conduct of their Admiral at Lima. Valparaiso dates to the 17th ult. state that the whole Chilian and Peruvian coast was highly excited at the recent Spanish occupation of the ing Christian man, laboring with untiring zeal Chincha Islands. The Ministers of State and for the good of those around him. The interest Finance of Chili were compelled to resign on of the Church was at all times near his heart. account of proposing a settlement of the difficulties by diplomacy, and new Ministers were

resisting the Spanish invasion of American in | sand more of our country's sons to come to its

were rapidly going on. The naval vessels were being iron-clad, and a monitor was soon to be launched. The people were unanimous in their determination to resist the Spanish aggressions. Bolivia, Columbia, Equador and the Argentine Republic were also preparing to as the same time to show that there is a power sist Peru. The cession of the Ionian Islands to Greece

had been formally completed, amid great enthusiasm. In compliance with the wish of Greece, however, England will extend her protection over the Ionian inhabitants, in their relation with the them. Possessed of a fine voice, he often the beautiful hymns found in the soldiers Advices from Alexandria state that favorable and one especially was dear to his heart: anticipations were entertained regarding the next Egyptian cotton crop, a largely increased yield being expected. A letter from St. Petersburg states that the

telegraph intended to place the Old and the New Worlds in communication by way of Behring's straits, is not only decided on, but is actually in Maximilian reached Vova Cruz on the 28th

of May. He stopped on the way at Martinique, of May. He stopped on the way at martinique, liberated and carried with him four prisoners, condemned to hard labor by Forey; also, eight others, and paid their passage to Vera Cruz. He distributed two thousand frames amongst the He distributed two thousand francs amongst the remainder, promising to attend to their fate on his arrival at the city of Mexico.

A widow and two sons are left to mourn the

Gens. Santa Anna, Almonte, Miramon, and Marquee, have been appointed by Maximilian, Grand Marshals to the new empire. A ship-ofwar is to be sent to Havanna, to convey Santa Anna to Vera Cruz.

A correspondent of the N. Y. World, himself an eye-witness, relates the most shocking barbarities of the French army, upon its occupa-tion of Tula. Whole streets were laid waste by fire and axe, and not one man in Tula, who had opposed the invasion of the French, was left alive. The outrages perpetrated upon the women of Tula and of Guadalajara, are too revolting for detail.

Local Intelligence. CYD.

cess of this enterprise has exceeded the expectations of its most sanguine friends when it was
first projected. Fairs had become no longer a
novelty, whilst those recently held in the large
cities had realized such amounts as, it was thought by some, would dampen the arder and was a communicant in the Protestant Episcopal and the first of the stable of the second se

and desperate. The North might cease from its generous emulation of those who wished to make Church, but entertained the most friendly recefforts to conquer the Confederacy to-morrow, a similar effort here. But owing to the unsparaged for the churches and Christians of all and feel little of the struggle but the losses it in alphore of the various committees to whom has involved. But for the South to yield would | ing labors of the various committees to whom be social ruin, more extensive than the most pro- the details were entrusted, and largely owing to be social ruin, more extensive than the most pro-tracted war can produce. The army of the the untiring efforts of the ladies in preparing ar-south reflects the feeling and temper of the pop-South reflects the feeling and temper of the population more fully than the troops of the North, and also to their unwearied services during the and also to their unwearied services during the pean immigration; and this difference must soon begin to tell on the relative military strength of unanticipated success has been achieved. The the rival powers, if it is not already visible in the desperate resistance to this last Northern in the desperate resistance to this last Northern in the relief of the resistance to the last Northern in the relief of the relie when all outstanding dues have been collected, In the House of Lords, on the 2d inst., Lord and remaining articles disposed of, the net re-Stratford de Redcliffe called attention to the | peipts will undoubtedly exceed that amount. state of Circassia and the emigration of the peo- We call the attention of those interested to the ple, owing to the Russian excesses. Earl Russell promised to produce all the information in advertisements in this week's paper, with referhis power. He said the details were of the most | ence to these final arrangements of the Fair.

> Godey's Lady's Book, for July, is as usual in advance of the other monthlies, and is filled nected with the toilet and the mysteries of housekeeping, which have long rendered this magazine so popular with the ladies. For sale with a variety of periodical and other literature, by Henry Miner, and by John P. Hunt, Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

The Eclectic Magazine, for July, follows close upon the enterprising Godey. The present number is embellished with a fine steel plate portrait of Benjamin Franklin. The contents comthe use of foreign goods has scattered terror and confusion among the European manufacturers.

The buyers of the houses of A. T. Stewart, Arnold, Constable & Co., and others whom I have editor and proprietor, No 5, Beekman Street, New-York.

Pittsburgh Market.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE PRESENTERIAN BANNER, BY LITTLE & TRIMBLE, WHOLESALE GROCERS, 112 AND 114 SECOND STREET.] WEDNESDAY, June 22. BACON—Higher Shoulders, 13/413/4c.; Sides, 14/4@4/c. for Ribbed, and 15/2@16c. for Clear; Plain Hams, 17/4c.; Sugar Cured do., 116/21c.
BUTTER—Packed, 21@22c.; Roll very dull at 20c.
OHERSE—15@16c. % bb.
DRIND FRUIT—Dull. Penches, 18@20c. Apples, 10@ o. 2 b. EGGS—Demand good—supply light; 20@21c. per dozen. LARD—Advanced; sales at 15½@16c. FLOUR—Sales at \$3.00, 8.25@\$5.50 for Spring and Winter wheat brands.

GRAIN—Wheat: Sales of Red at. \$1.50; white, \$1.68@
1.70. Corn quiet and dull: sales at \$1.30. Oats quiet butfirm: sales from first hands at 70@80c., and from store at 80@90c.

GROCERIES—Sugar is firm at 18@19c. for Cuba, and 20@21c. for N.O. Molasses, \$1.10@115 for new crop N.O. Coffee, 431/2@45c.

HAY—\$40.00@333.00 per ton, at scales.

POTATOES—Dull and nominal at 65c.@\$1.00 \$3 bushel.

Married.

On Thursday, June 9th, by Rev. G. Van Arts-Two delegates are said to hear Waterloo!! On Tuesday, June 7th, by Rev. John E. Carson, Dr. M. A. SPENGER to Miss GETTIE C. ARMstrong, all of Doylestown, Ohio.

June 8th, by Rev. J. D. Fitzgerald, at the residence of the bride's mother, in Moundsville, West Virginia, Mr. LAMOINE MOTT, of Barnesville, Ohio, to Miss GERTRUDE ANSHUTZ. On Tuesday evening, June 7th, at Locust

Grove, the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Samuel Ramsey, Mr. James E. Karns to Miss Lizzie A. Randolph, all of Tarentum, Pa. June 14th, by Rev. Wm. F. Morgan, Mr. Jas. M. GUTHRIE, of Plum Creek, to Miss ROSANNA MOORHEAD, of Elderton, Pa. By Rev. John W. Potter, June 13th, Mr. Syn-

DIED-Near Monroeville, O., May 4th, 1864, in the 16th year of his age, RUSSELL MOORE, son of R. S. and M. J. Cooley. As a child of the covenant, he exhibited God's faithfulness to believing parents, in being early led to love and serve the Saviour. His daily

walk and conversation plainly told all about him that he was fast ripening for the kingdom above. Eternity was to him a restity: hence he walked thoughtful on its silent, solemn shore, ready to set sail at the bidding of his Lord. He trusted SUMMER Islands from Peru, by Spain, has created very considerable excitement. We notice that the British press generally characterizes the act in severe terms. The London News says it appears to him a restity: hence he walked thoughtful on its silent, solemn shore, ready to severe terms. The London News says it appears to him a restity: hence he walked thoughtful on its silent, solemn shore, ready to considerable excitement. We notice that the Saviour in life, and found him precious severe terms. The London News says it appears to him a restity: hence he walked thoughtful on its silent, solemn shore, ready to considerable excitement. We notice that the Saviour in life, and found him precious in death. For him to die was gain. "Be ye in death. For him to die was gain.

DIED-On the hospital boat, near Cape firardeau, Mo., June 25th, 1863, Serg't GEORGE L. LUCAS, a member of Co. I, 77th Peg't Ill-Vols., aged 42 years. The deceased, at the time he enlisted in the

service of his country, was a Ruling Elder in the Presbyerian church of Elmwood, Ill., and was a bright and shining light, an earnest, workand the lived, had a large subscriptions have been added to that of Congress to place the country on a war footing, and to ald Peru in when the call was made for three hundred thouse it is company at all times pleasant and agreeable. But although leading a life of great usefulness in the church and community in which he lived, he was impressed with the idea that he had a higher and nobler duty to perform; and when the call was made for three hundred thousestic in the first place. ependence. rescue, he was among the first to take his place in the ranks to battle for his country. It was and a Divine reality in the religion of Jesus Christ which he professed. He enjoyed religion in camp to a remarkable degree, chiding gently his erring comrades; and earnest prayers would ascend morning and evening from his tent for them. Possessed of a fine voice, he often sung the beautiful hymns found in the soldiers book,

"Nearer, my God, to thee,

The dear ones at home were not forgotten. The writer can never forget how earnestly he prayed for our families, and that we might be mitted to meet them again upon earth; but course of execution, all the difficulties, both God had greater blessings in store for him. At monetary and international, having been surceived a shock from which he never recovered. He remained in the hospital at Young's Point for some time, but his health gradually failing, it was thought best to send him North; He was not permitted to reach his destination, but as the boat was winding its way along the shore of his arrival at the city of Mexico.

The Emperor and Empress landed at Vera Cruz on the 29th, amid a salute of 101 guns. The keys of the city were presented to them, and they immediately proceeded inland, and at the last accounts had reached Soledad.

R.

> DIED—On the 30th day of March last, at his residence in Penn Township, Butler County, Pa., WILLIAM DICKSON, Esq., in the 82d year of his age. When the aged officen and humble Christian

"goes the way whence he shall not return," it seems proper that a brief record of his death and of "the manner of his life," should be made, that the living may be led to emulate his virtues and imitate his example. Hence we offer these few remarks respecting him whose cease is above noted. Mr. Dickson was one of the earliest settlers of Western Pennsylvania, and was extensively and favorably known throughout the region of country in which he lived. The Creator en-dued him with strong mental faculties, of which he gave evidence in early life. This being manifest to those who best knew him, he was encour The Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair was brought to a close on the evening of Saturday, June 18th, object before him, he advanced far in the study of Latin and Greek, and made himself acquaintafter being kept open for fifteen days. The suc- ed with some of the higher branches of learn-

other evangelical denominations. Christian people, and especially Christian ministers, always received a cordial welcome to his house, extensive and accurate, and in the humiliating doctrines of grace, as therein set forth, he was a firm believer.
His last sickness, which was protracted

through several months, and very painful, he bore with Christian resignation. "I am a great sinner," he was wont to observe to those stand sinner," he was wont to observe to those standing around him, "but a sinner saved by grace." His counsel and exhortations to his friends and neighbors, frequently at his bedside, were very impressive, and his parting blessing to his children was truly affecting. Calling them around his dying bed, he placed his emaciated hand upon the head of his effect son and said: "Now to the great God who has made you, and from whom I received you, I now deliver you up. I pray God that he may make you a faithful soldier of the cross; and I solemnly beg that you will build on the foundation of the apostles and prophets, Jesus Christ being the chief corner-stone; and that you will try to meet me in heaven." In the same solemn manner, and in similar terms, he addressed each of his other children present. To his beloved wife he said:
"You will soon follow me. Strive earnestly to neet me in heaven. Spend much of your time on your knees."
A few days after this, he calmly resigned his

spirit into the manus of beens, amortality.
we trust, to awake to a glorious immortality.
O. PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENER-PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL ASSRMBLY AT NEWARK, N. J.

Full Reports of the Case of Rev. Dr. McPheeters; Decision of the Military and Ecclesiastical Authorities in St.
Louis; Speeches of Dr. McPheeters and G. P. Stroug. Esq.,
of St. Louis; Speeches of the Members of the General As
sembly in the Case—fully, accurately and expressly reported for the Presbyterium.

Those Reports are to be found in the Double-Sheet Presbyterian for May 28th, June 4th, 11th, 18th, and 28th.
Price for the five numbers, with postage prepaid, thirty-five cents. ents. Address jun22-1t W. S MARTIEN & CO.,

spirit into the hands of Jesus, and fell asleep,

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Also, at Mechanics' Hall, Agricultural Implements, Iron and Steel, Harness, Trucks, Furniture, Hardware, and such oth r articles as shall be unsold at that time.

Jun 22-1t FELIX R. BRUNOT, Chairman. Dittate.

SALE OF THE GREAT SANITARY
FAIR BUILDINGS.—Sealed Proposals for the purchase of the Bazaar, Dining koom, Floral Hall, Auditorium, Mechanics Hall, Monitor Hall, and Live Stock Building, or either of them, at so much per 1,000 feet, board measure, for the lumber contained therein. will be received until Sat urday evening, 25th June, at 7½ o'clock.

The Buildings to be taken down by the purchaser as boon as required to do so by the Executive Committee and the City Councils.

The buds for the Joists. Posts and Boards to be separate. Bids will also be received for the Roof Paper on the severat buildings, to be taken off by the purchaser immediately after the buildings are sold.

Bids will also be received for the Proposals," or to the undersigned.

Bids will also be received for the beautiful Pagoda in the Dining Hall, and for the Childrens' Play House in the Ladres' P. V., in the 29th year of his age; a citizen of Rural Vælley, Pa.

CASH FOR THE FAIR.—ALL PER— CASH FOR THE FAIR.-ALL PER-

SONS who have on hand money contributed for the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair, are requested to pay the same to N. HOLMES, Esq., Treasurer of the Fair.
All friends of the Union Soldiers who wish to place their names, on the roll of honor with those who have already contributed so generously, are urged to do so at once. The gross receipts of the Fair now amount to \$300,000. For the worthiness of the object and the honor of our city, let us increase the sum to more than \$300,000 net.

Buis and claims of every kind against the fair must be presented forthwith, in order that the business may be closed up at the earliest possible moment.

Jun22 1t.

F. R. DRUNOT, Chairman.

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—North American Review. April, 1868.

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