The last week has not been very fruitful in events, but the aspect of affairs is rather encouraging.

Gen. Lee is still on the retreat. His rear occupies Culpepper, and his advance is South of the Rapidan. No certain in-

he will soon occupy Culpepper and the but slow progress. North bank of the Rapidan, and that the rival armies will then take a long rest. victory about that place.

his intentions. He looks toward Hunts- day, before a full bench. ville, Atlanta, Chattanooga, and Knoxville, and does not move in force in any direction. We hope soon to hear of something decisive.

But a small force crossed the Cumberland adopted: river, and it has been repulsed.

ly to be some time yet before general trade between him and this (Lecompton Presbycan be safely resumed.

ceeded down to Port Hudson with a large he is worthy of, and well qualified for a part of his army. Whither he is destined more extended field of usefulness; and is not made known. Conjecture has it that he means to assail Mobile. We would think this probable but that it is to assail whereas, he has labored amongst us since 1857, and did not forsake us under adverse circumstances, but continued with us for think this probable, but that it is too early the last two years especially, under very in the season to take Northern troops to great personal sacrifices, thus giving us an that malarious region.

GEN. FRANKLIN has arrived at New Orleans and reported to Gen. Banks. There is a probability that he will soon be put in full command there, and that Gen. Banks part with him, yet we believe we should will come North.

GEN. GILMORE keeps up the bombardment of Forts Wagner and Sumpter. The sand defences of Wagner seem to resist confidence in him as an honest and upright the hand of peace, and propose that the fends and the bitterness of the present be buried, and that shot and shell more perfectly than do the man, a sincere Christian, and an energetic, nine feet brick walls of Sumpter. Hence faithful, successful and self-sacrificing minmore attention is being paid for a few days past, to the latter. He has some heavy guns advanced to within a mile of Sumpter; and these, with the iron clads, seven of which are now there, may do the desired work. But we must have patience.

A Patriotic Profession.

In this day when patriotism runs low. and partyism flourishes, we note with interest a political paper which can rise to an unselfish love of country. We hence clip the following from the Pittsburgh of the Union Literary Society, bow in hum-Chronicle, of July 31st:

"It" (the Gazette,) "makes a mistake in calling the Chronicle a Curtin aid. We are yet committed to no man or set of men. We shall advocate and support for our next Governor the man whom we deem most inflexibly loyal, most unflinchingly opposed to the rebellion, most determined to support the Government to the end, and most eminently fitted to conduct the affairs of this State with pure heart, able head and clean hands, and as we mean what we say in deprecating at this crisis all parties and party prejudices, we would infinitely prefer a war Democrat as a candidate, if he completely filled the bill, to an unsound, unsafe and unpopular Republican."

find such sentiments expressed, and consist. upright, and honorable Christian gentleently maintained, in all our journals. And the people ought to compel their papers to friend, whose place can never be supplied. such a course. To the great body of citizens, it makes not a particle of difference and relatives of the deceased our heart-felt who is President, or who Governor, or sympathies, and hope the remembrance of Congressman, or Assemblyman. But we are all deeply interested in having good great affliction. laws, and a faithful administration of law. We want rebellion suppressed. We want tions be sent to the family and relatives of good government. We want personal protection, and the sure enjoyment of the fruits of our industry. We want a free religion, and peaceful homes, and quiet Sabbaths. Give us these things, and it concerns us but little who have the honors and emoluments of office, and the profits of contracts. Just now we especially want wise, able, honest, and unselfish patriotic men to be our rulers. A violent, vituperative party man ought to be laid quietly aside, till the rebellion shall have been suppressed and the unity of the country restored and securred. Partyism has prolonged the war, and slain its thousands upon the purpose above named. The question thousands, and muleted us in debt and now is whether the cities and towns in any taxes to the extent of hundreds of millions. We must suppress it.

A Retaliatory Order.

vice. Those recently captured in the assault on Fort Wagner, have been sold as slaves. The President hence issues the following General Order: EXECUTIVE MANSION,

Washington, July 30, 1863.

It is the duty of every Government to give protection to its citizens, of whatever class, color, or condition, and especially those who are duly organized as soldiers in the public service. The law of nations and the usages and customs of war, as carried on by civilized powers, permit no distinction as to color in the treatment of prisoners of war as public enemies. To sell or enslave any captured person, on account of his color, and for no offence against the stands adjourned to meet in the Westminster laws of war, is a relapse into barbarism and Presbyterian church of Leavenworth City, on a crime against the civilization of the age.

The Government of the United States will The Government of the United States give the same protection to all its soldiers, and if the enemy shall sell or enslave any one because of his color, the offence shall be punished by retaliation upon the enemy's prisoners in our possession. It is therefore ordered that for every soldier of the United States killed in violation of the laws of war, a rebel soldier shall rifled muskets. my's prisoners in our possession. It is

be executed; and for every one enslaved by the enemy or sold into slavery, a rebel soldier shall be placed at hard labor on the public works, and continued at such labor until the other shall be released and receive the treatment due to a prisoner of

[Signed] ABRAHAM LINCOLN. By order of the Secretary of War. E. D. TOWNSEND, Adjutant General.

The Draft.

If Congress has fallen upon the wrong plan to raise men to recruit our armies, it dications are yet given where he means to will be a great calamity. Three hundred fix his line of defence. It will probably thousand men put promptly in the field range from Fredericksburg to Gordonsville. | would, to human probability, make the war Gen. Meade's advance is across the Rap- short and easy; so far at least as the great pahannock, and has had some skirmishing armies of the rebels are concerned. But with the enemy's rear. It is probable that without reinforcements, we must look for

We see that in Philadelphia, as well as in New-York, the Constitutionality of the Gen. Meade has hardly force enough to ad- | Conscription Act is to be tested. A bill vance farther and keep up his communical in equity has been filed in the Supreme itons, unless he should have a battle and a Court of Pennsylvania to this end, and an Jefferson Davis, and not Reuben David, is shown injunction has been asked for, restraining Gen. Rosecrans' movements are still not the Provost Marshals from farther proceeddetailed so as certainly to indicate what are lings. A hearing is expected, at an early

For the Presbyterian Banner Church of Lecompton, Kansas.

At a meeting of the Presbyterian church THE INVASION of Kentucky was spoiled and congregation of Lecompton, Kansas for the rebels, by the failure of Morgan's held in their church in Lecompton, on the raid, and by the advance of Rosecrans. 27th of April, 1863, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously

WHEREAS, Our pastor, the Rev. William THE MISSISSIPPI is used by steamers, | Willson, has petitioned the Presbytery of but much caution is needed. It is like. Highland to dissolve the pastoral relation terian) congregation; and whereas, it is impossible for us to fulfil our obligations to GEN. GRANT is reported to have pro- our pastor; and whereas, we believe that therefore,

Resolved, That whilst we are sorry to not, and therefore will not, oppose the dissolution of said pastoral relation.

this opportunity of expressing our implicit Resolved. That we take great pleasure in ister of the Gospel.

D. T. Mitchell, Secretary.

For the Presbyterian Banner. In Memoriam.

Extract from the minutes of the Union Literary Society of Washington College: WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God, in the wise dispensations of his providence, to remove from earth our beloved friend and late fellow-member, David Brown: therefore,

Resolved, That while we, the members ble submission to the voice which has called him so early to enter upon his eternal rest, we deeply mourn the sad event which has deprived us of a loved and honored friend, in his morning of promise, and

in the pride of his manhood. Resolved, That in the death of David Brown, this Society has lost one of its most worthy and gifted members; and that we further mourn with his wide circle of friends, that his purposed field of usefulness—the Gospel ministry—has lost a member who gave promise of becoming truly a "laborer worthy of his hire." "thoroughly furnished unto all good works." Resolved, That we, as individual mem-

bers of this Society, who have enjoyed It would be truly cheering if we could friend, have always found him to be a noble, man; and we believe that in his death we have lost a warm, generous, noble-hearted Resolved, That we tender to the family of comfort and consolation in this their

> Resolved, That a copy of these resoluthe deceased, and also forwarded to the Reporter and Tribune of this town, and the Presbyterian Banner, for publication. R. H. CUNNINGHAM,

J. HENRY SHARPE. J. D. Forrest, Committee.

THE JUDGES of the Supreme Court of the State of Maine have unanimously decided that no city or town has a legal right to pledge its credit to raise money for the purpose of paying the commutation of such of its citizens as may be drafted into the military service of the United States; and furthermore, that no city or town has any legal right to raise money by taxation for State have this right.

PRESBYTERIAL NOTICES.

ALLEGHENY CITY, July 27, 1863. The rebels are carrying out their threats

To the Moderator of the Allegheny City Fresbytery:

DEAR SIE:—You are respectfully requested to
against negroes caught in the Federal sercall a pro re nata meeting of the Presbytery, to convene on Tuesday, August 11th, in the First church, Allegheny City, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The object of the meeting is to receive under our care Mr. D. P. Lowary, from the Presbytery of Ohio. Also, to institute such examinations, he being a Licentiate, as may be necessary to prepare the way for his ordination at our next stated meeting, and his installation as paster of the churches of Beaver and Freedom. WM. ANNAN,

E. P. SWIFT, A. CAMERON, THOMAS CHESS. In accordance with the above request, I therefore call a meeting of the Presbytery of Aliegheny City, to convene at the time and place designated in the request.

M. L. WORTMAN,

Moderator of Presbytery. The PRESBYTERY OF HIGHLAND, Kansas,

General Rews.

Beaver Seminary. We call attention to the advertisement of this institution, in another column.

The Eclectic Magazine.

Mr. Bidwell treats his friends to a rich entertainment every month, in providing for them the Eclectic. In the August number we have a beauful engraving of Hildegarde and Charlemagne, and many excellent selections from the best foreign periodicals.

The Continental Monthly.

The August number of the Continental is, as usual, rich in its table of Contents. We notice the article, "Our Future," by Lieut. Egbert Phelps. It is founded on the supposition of our entire success in the war, and gives a glowing prediction of our greatness. Another article, and one which possesses historical value, just now, is a letter of Hon. R. J. Walker, on "Jefferson Davis and Repudiation," in which Mr. to be the veritable Mississippi repudiator.

The Roanoke.

This was one of our largest class vessels at the beginning of the war. She was then at Fortress Monroe, but was removed to Brooklyn to be altered. She is now an iron-clad, coated with mail from stem to stern, and carrying three turrets, with the heaviest guns, and is pronounced to be the most formidable vessel afloat. There were some reports that she would be fit only for harbor defence, but it seems that she is in other respects also, quite a success. Experiments have been made on her, at Newport News, and a report of the proceedings has been forwarded to the Navy Department. The ordnance and other departments of the vessel tested turn out to be completely successful, and the Roanoke is now at the disposal of the Government for any service it may see fit to order her.

How the War May Stop.

The Southern papers are a little less vituperative than formerly. The Richmond Sentinel has become mild enough to conclude a long article "This cruel war may stop if the North so wills opportunity of becoming acquainted with it. And when those in the United States who his character as a man, a Christian, and a are disposed to deal fairly with us shall gain the minister, under varied circumstances; rule, we may in time begin to bury the many

bitter memories which now add energy to our esentments, and may make with them treaties that will be mutually advantageous. Perhaps hereafter good will may be revived again. But, Union—never let it be mentioned! Never, never. It is impossible. Let the Democrats at the North content themselves with securing the

the two republics be good neighbors and good friends. It is either this, or the kill, burn, destroy, consume, annihilate, of the fanatics. There is no middle course. For ourselves, we shall stand for our liberties and in long as they are denied. And God will grant us

Mississippi.

We wish the following might prove true. We give it only as doubtful:

Mississippi is virtually abandoned by the rebels. There is a strong peace party in that State, favorable to returning to the Union upon the guarantee of the rights of the people under the Constitution, of person, property and conscience. Some say they would give half their incomes to liquidate the public debt if the difficulties could

Exempts.

These are discouragingly numerous. Even Massachusetts, as it seems, abounds in defective men. An exchange says:

In the First district, Massachusetts, the number of conscripts who presented themselves to the Board of Enrollment on Tuesday was sixtyeight, of whom forty-nine received exemption papers, eleven furnished substitutes and eight bassed. In the Third district, on the same day, ighty men were passed before the Board, of which number sixty-three were exempted from various causes, two had paid the commutation fee, and four substitutes were accepted. In the Fourth district the Board examined 140 persons, and of these 129 were furnished with certificates of exemption, six substitutes were accepted and sent to camp, and five were passed as fit for

New Type of Iron-Clads.

The Navy Department has decided to build another new batch of iron-clad vessels-of-war differing in several important respects from all those hitherto constructed in this country. Instead of being propelled by screw they will have paddle-wheels, and be entirely iron, with only the necessary wooden backing. These ships wil his many virtues may be to them a source | be finished about the same time as the fifteen light draft vesels.

Capture of Col. Ashby. CINCINNATI. Aug. 2.—The rebels burned ten

wagons loaded with forage, at Stamford, Ky., yesterday...
Col. Sanders reports to Gen. Burnside as hav ing captured 350 rebels near the Cumberland river, including Col. Ashby. The balance of the raiders are rapidly retreating, having abandoned their plunder at Irwin, Ky.

North Carolina.

The Raleigh, N. C., Standard denounces Jeff. Davis as a repudiator, in whom no confidence can be placed, and whose efforts to establish a Southern Confederacy will be a failure.

The Richmond Enquirer calls upon Jeff. Davis to suppress the Raleigh Standard, and wipe out the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

The Standard says that Gov. Vance will stand by the Supreme Court, and the Standard also, if necessary; and if Jeff. Davis attempts to use physical force to suppress the Standard, Davis will be met with physical force, and a revolution in this State will be the result. The Standard says that North Carolina has furnished 95,000 soldiers for the causeless war, 40,000 of whom are killed and wounded; that North Carolina should send a delegation to Washington at once, and see what terms can be obtained, and not

News From Charleston.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 1.—Advices from off Charleston state that no engagement had taken place since the assault on Fort Wagner. Our monitors were occasionally firing on both umpter and Wagner. Fourteen Parrotts and mortars are now in position at Morris Island.

The idea of taking Fort Wagner has been abandoned for the present, our shells making but little impression on the sand of the works. The 10th Connecticut occupies the rifle pits within one hundred and fifty yards of Fort Wag-

Sumpter. Terrible Earthquake at Manilla.

Gen. Gilmore feels confident of breaching

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 8 .- A late arrival from Hong Kong says that a terrible earthquak oc-curred at Manilla, June 8d; ruining half the city and damaging every building. Two thousand

lives were lost. The bark Ford, from Kagnowga, Japan, June 24th, has arrived. The Japanese Government and paid four hundred thousand dollars indem-The PRESBYTERY OF SCHUYLER will meet | nity for the murder of Richardson, but refused in Ipava, Fulton County, Ill., on Tuesday September 22d, 1863, at 7'o'clock in the evening tember 22d, 1863, at 7'o'clock in the evening them up. The Government pretended its inability to take them foreibly

The British Admiral proposed to proceed to Solzama's Principality and take them. The government declined, and contended that it would be essentially war upon Japan. Negotiations

From Havana.

NEW-YORK, August 3 .- Advices from Havana to July 25th, state that a large and destructive fire began on the 22d inst., and is still burning, although now confined to the ruins.

The fire is supposed to have commenced in ome cotton bales, belonging to Secessionists and Englishmen. Large quantities of goods, intended to be run through the Federal blockade, were also consumed. There were also burned large lots of horse-shoes, gin, saltpetre, nitre, percussion caps, sulpher, &c. There were also consumed 630½ boxes sugar. Total loss, estimated at \$1,118,163; but this is decidedly un-

Kentucky Election.

CINCINNATI, August 3.—The election in Ken tucky, as far as known, passed off quietly. The Union majority in the State will be about 20,000. Brutus Clay is certainly elected in Ashland LOUISVILLE, August 8.—Bramlette's majority over Wickliffe for Governor is 2,380. Majority for Congress over Wolfe, 2,500. The neighbor-hood districts, as far as heard from, give large

Jnion majorities.

A Terrible Mistake.

LEAVENWORTH, August 3 .- Capt. Harvey, at Westport, learning it was the intention of the guerrillas to attack the large train, which left Cansas City for Santa Fe in the latter part of July, started in pursuit with one company of Kansas volunteers. He overtook the train, and finding it had been robbed, started forward after the robbers, when he came upon Captain Colegan, with a company of the 9th Kansas, who had come from Santa Fe to meet the train. Each upposing he had found the enemy, Colegan drew ais men up in line of battle, ordered a charge, and a severe fight ensued, in which many wer-killed and wounded before the mistake was dis

The Wounded at the Gettysburg Battles:

Figures at the Surgeon General's office show he total number of our wounded at Gettysburg to have been about fourteen thousand. About two thousand wounded, including rebels, still remain at Gettysburg.

Soothing Syrup.

Henry A. Hitchcock, Secretary of School ommittee, Studbridge, Mass., writes:
"We regard Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syru as invaluable for the purposes for which it is designed, and would have it if its price were double what it now is. We shall do all in our power to introduce it among our friends and ac-

American Inventions at Hamburg.

The following communication has been received from ex-Governor Jos. A. Wright, United States Commissioner to the World's Fair, via telegraph from New-York:—Hamburg, July 15, 1863.—Second day of the great exhibition. The largest show of stock of modern times. Five housand entries. Campbell, of Vermont, takes three premiums on sheep, two of the first class. Seventeen hundred entries of sheep. McCormick thrashes all the nations, and walks off with the golden medal. Our glorious flag and coat of arms is seen all about us, surrounded by a loyal people. More than fifty thousand are inside of the grounds to-day. Forty thousand thalers were taken at the gates yesterday. May our glorious army be as successful in thrashing the rebels as Campbell, and McCormick, and other Americans, in competition with the nations here assembled. I regret that our people have taken so little interest in this exhibition. Never was there such an opening for American skill and industry. We have not a thousand articles on exhibition."

Foreign Aews.

By the America, foreign dates are received at New-York to the 22d ult.

The Times' city article says the American news was received with surprise, disappointment and satisfaction—surprise at the sudden collapse of the Vicksburg defence; disappointment at the removal, owing to Lee's retreat, of all prospects of a termination of the war; and satisfaction, contemplating England's wisdom in not prematurely yielding to the recent pressure for Confederate recognition.

FRANCE. The Constitutionale says that Russian replies are being examined by the three Powers which positively intend to agree on the means of set-ling the question definitely. Paris journals consider the Russian reply un

satisfactory.

The Nation says that the intention of the French Cabinet, regarding the Polish reply, will be made known within three days. Russia admits the six propositions, but rejects the armistice. The suppression of the insurrec-tion is necessary, and an amnesty is offered. Meanwhile she is willing to accept the principle of a conference itself, but does not admit the ight of all the Powers who signed the final act of Vienna to participate in the conference, until England, France, Austria, Prussia and Russia are agreed.

HALIFAX, August 3 .- The Arabia, from Liverpool on the 25th, via Queenstown on the 26th. arrived here this afternoon. The marine insurance companies had reported he loss of £150,000 by the capture of the ship B. F. Hoxie.

An Anti-Southern Association was being ormed at Manchester to counteract the influence and correct the misrepresentations of the slaveholders' Confederacy, and to employ all means against a recognition of the Confederate States. The Army and Navy Gazette thinks that with Grant's army free to cooperate with Rosecrans, there is no ground for speaking hopefully of the prospects of the Confederacy, unless Lee is able o reverse their misfortunes by a great victory. In the House of Commons on the 23d, the sub-

ject of the foreign enlistment act was introduced by Mr. Cobden, who referred to the proceedings of the Alabama, Florida, and Virginia, all built of the Ataoama, Neorica, and Voyinta, all built in British ports for the Confederates; that two iron-clad ships were now being built at Liverpool for the same purpose, and he believed that if they were allowed to leave England, the result would be a declaration of war on the part of the American Government. American shipping had almost become valueless in consequence of the seizures made by Confederate cruisers, and he implored the Government to take steps to pre-vent the departure of the vessels. He was informed that the American Government took note of the value of every vessel captured, and debited it to Her Majesty's Government. He was further informed that the American Minister had made a formal claim upon England to indemnify American ship owners for their losses. No doubt the claim was repudiated by her Majesty's Government. Out of disputed claims of this nature an expensive and disastrous war

Mr. Laird, referring more particularly to the case of the Alabama, said everything had been done in broad daylight. He taunted Mr. Cobden with pursuing a course which, while it would enable his friends in the North to get all they wanted, would put a stop in England to a legiti-mate branch of industry. He accused the Americans of having built ships of war for Russia during the Crimean war, and with raising recruits in Ireland since the outbreak of the resent conflict.

Lord Palmerston defended the course which the Government had taken, and said he could see no distinction in principle between selling arms no discinction in principle between selling arms to the Federals and selling ships to the Confederates. He appealed to the principle laid down on the subject by the Americans themselves. It was of course true that England had a municipal law bearing on the question, but the Government had carried out that law to the best of their ability, and that law, which they saw no reason to lter to suit the emergencies of a foreign power, they would continue to enforce as far as it was a for them to do.

possible for them to do.

Mr. Cobden was prevented on a point of order
from reading a letter from Gideon Welles, in Parliament. The letter was nevertheless published
in the papers. It is dated 19th of April last, and
is addressed to Charles Summers, and refers to
Mr. Laird's statement in Parliament that his firm
had been approached in 1861 by the agents of the
Federal government relative to; building war vest.

Mr. Cobden was prevented on a point of order

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of this College, by business at the least expense and snortest time, for the merit only. Hence the universal preference for first particular and the Union, who
holds the largest number of First Presuluss, and over all
competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

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merit only. Hence the universal preference for this College, by business at the least expense and snortest time, for the merit only.

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PROF. A. COWLEY, the best Penman of the Union, who
holds the largest number of First Presuluss, and competition of this College, by business writing.

For specimen of Penmanship, and Catalogue and competitions

concerning the murderers are still pending. sels for the North. Mr. Welles asserts that neiforeign residents are very apprehensive that ther directly nor indirectly was any application made by his authority to Mr. Laird or any other foreign ship builders for the construction of vessels for the American Government. Advances

were made to him, however, on behalf of numerous English and other foreign ship builders, but he declined in every instance any proposition to build, or to procure to be built, vessels for the Federal navy abroad. Mr. Laird asserts that he

is prepared to maintain the truth of his former tatement, and offered to place the proof in Lord Palmerston's hands. On the Polish question the Paris papers con inued to evince a strong war feeling.

the English Parliament on the 24th, and general dissatisfaction was expressed at the Russian re-ply. The Government was blamed for not pur-suing the policy of non-intervention adopted toward America

Special Rotices.

CARROLL COLLEGE, The undersigned mmittee of the Trustees of Carroll College would announce to the public that, with the leave of Providence Carroll College will be reopened for the reception of S dents on the First DAY of SEPTEMBER NEXT. We are warranted in saying that a full Board of Professors and Tutors, highly recomm have been secured to instruct in all the branches of a full Collegiate course, including the Preparatory stud ents have also been made to connect with the Institution a YOUNG LADIES' DEPARTMENT, providing nstruction in all the branches taught in the best Femal

In reviving this Institution, and enlarging and elevating s course of instruction, it shall be our aim to secure th highest possible culture and development of the faculties of the Students, by a thorough mental, moral and religious raining. We therefore invite all those desiring the educe tion of sons and daughters, to entrust them to our care Those having scholarships will find free access to any of the departments designated above; and to this we solici special attention. Students, Parents and Guardians wishing more partic

of room and boarding, &c., will receive prompt attention by addressing any of the undersigned Committee of Board stees of Carroll College.

R. B. HAMMOND, Pres't pro. tem. REV. DAVID HULL, Fiscal Agent.

REV. OSCAR PARK.

formation as to the course of studies, tuition fees, expen

WAUKESHA, Wis., June 25th, 1863. JEFFERSON COLLEGE. The Board rustees will meet on TUESDAY, the 4th of August, 1863 at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Library Room. A full meeting

f the Board is requested.

The Annual Commencement of Jefferson College will take lace on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of August. Exercises ominence at 9 o'clock A. M. JAMES M'CULLOUGH, Sec'y of Board. jy22-8t

WANTED .- Local and Travelling Agents, every Town or County. Circulars, with Testimonials o lergymen and Scientific men, in regard to the business, ISAAC HALE, JR., & CO.,

DENTISTRY .- DR. C. SILL, No. 246 Penn treet, attends to all branches of the Dental profession my6-ly GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES

r family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in us 👉 18 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!! -Don't fail to procure MRS, WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the nost experienced and skilful Nurses in New-England, and as been used with never-failing success in THOUSANDS It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorate the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly reflic Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic, and overcome Co vulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the Best and Surest Remedy in the World, in all

ases of Dysentery and Diabrhea in Children, whether arising from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS New-York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicin PRINCIPAL OFFICE—48 DEV STREET, NEW-YORK.

Price only 25 Cents per Bottle.

Commercial.

Pittsburgh Market. WEDNESDAY, August 5, 1863. ASHES—Soda Ash, 3@31/c.; Pots, 4@41/c.; Pearls, /c. The stock in first hands is ample for all ordinary

METOSSS.

APPLES—\$1.00@1.25 \$ bbl.

BUTTER—Choice Fresh, from store, 15@16c. \$ fb.

BEANS—Prime White, \$2,75 per bushel.

BAOON—Shoulders, 55%c.; Sides, 7c.; Plain Hams, 9½c.;

Sugar Cured do., 12@12½c. \$ fb.

BROOMS—Common, \$1.50; fancy, 2.50@3.00.

CHEESE—Western Reserve, 10@11c. \$ fb. Goshen; 15c.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, \$1.15 \$ bushel. Pesches, \$3.00 \$ bus. 3 bus. EGGS—101/c. per dozen. FEATHERS—Prime Western, 60c. % D. FEED—Shorts, \$1:00 % ovt.; Middlings, 1.25. PLOUR—Extra, \$5.50; Extra Family, \$6.20@6.50. GROCERIES—Coffee: Good Rio, 32@33c. Sugar, 13

Molasses, 55@60c.
GRAIN—Wheat: Red, \$1.15; White, 1.20@1.25. Corn, thelled, 75c. Rye, 80c. Oats. 65@70c. per bush.
HAY.—New, \$22.00@24.00 % ton; old, \$27.00@30.60.
POTATOES—\$1.00 per bushel.
SALT.—No. 1 Extra, \$2.40@2.50 per bbl.
SEEDS—Glover, \$5.50@6.00. Timothy, \$2.25. Flax, 82.50 3.50. STEARINE—9¼@9½c. & D. TALLOW—Rough, 5c.; Country rendered, 6c

Married.

On Thursday, July 22d, by Rev. W. W. Mc-M'Kinney, Mr. Thomas W. Rodgers, of Lawrence County, Pa., to Miss M. M. R. UBER, of Mercer County, Pa.

On June 25th, by Rev. S. H. Holliday, Mr JOHN J. THOMPSON to Miss MARY E. DARR, both of Brookville, Pa. On July 16th, Mr. Clark Reynolds, of Strattonville, Pa., to Miss Ellen THOMAS, of Brookville, Pa. On July 18th, Mr. WILLIAM KENNEDY, of Jefferson County, Pa., to Mrs. SARAH DOWLING, of Brookville, Pa.

Obituary.

[ANNOUNCEMENTS, GRATIS; ADDITIONAL BEMARKS, FIVE ORNIS A LINE, NINE WORDS BRING A LINE.]

DIED-At his residence, in Wayne Township, ndiana County, Pa., after a short and painful llness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, WILLIAM ADAMS, aged 39 years and 1 month. He leaves a wife, five small children, an aged ather, and a large circle of friends and acquaintances, to mourn their irreparable loss. Our loss we hope, is his everlasting gain.

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I. The Inspired Theory of Prayer.

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III. Faith a Source of Knowledge.

IV. The True Tone in Preaching, and the True Temper in Hearing.

V. The General Assembly.

VI. Date of the Books of Chronicles.

VII. Paul's Thorn in the Flesh.

Short Notices.

The Biblical Repertory and Princeton Review is edited by he Rev. Charles Hodge, D.D., and is published quarterly, in January, April, July, and October, at three dollars per

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1. Subscribers for one copy, who remit three dollars in advance, to the office of publication, will be entitled to payment of postage on all numbers issued after the receipt of the tinued to evince a strong war feeling. The Scicle regards the Russian reply as a defiance. Great irritation is also reported in Vienna. It is asserted that the French Government has resolved upon the terms of response to Gortschakoff's dispatch, and would forthwith communicate them. The latest intelligence represent France and Austria in active communication, and the accord was perfect.

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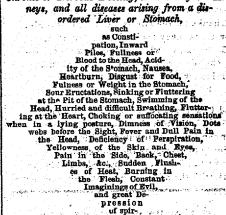
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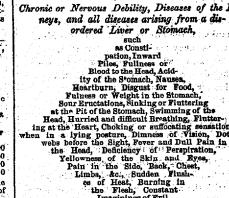
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