# Presbyterian

PITTSBURGH, JANUARY 14, 1863.

The War.

The battle of Murfreesboro fails of In the first and second day's fighting We must await events. our losses were severe, and defeat seemed imminent. The right wing, under Gen. M'Cook, was the object of the enemy's main attack, and it gave way seriously. It was driven some six miles. This disconcerted the plan of battle. On the third day, Friday the 2d of January, the battle changed, and the enemy retreated. He | Diplomatic Correspondence. They make an 8vo. had, however, captured about 4,000 of our volume of 910 pages. men, and 24 cannon. These guns he took away, with all his own, and most of his stores. His loss in killed and wounded is stated at 12,000, ours at about 7,000. We have seen no official reports of losses, on either side. Reports sav our army is falling back.

This thing of our losing so many prison- | could. ers beyond the number we capture, ought to be a matter of strict inquiry. Something must be wrong.

There is now a pretty fair prospect of Gen. Rosecrans getting East Tennessee. The enemy has retired to Tullahoma, some land river has four feet of water, and large quantities of supplies have arrived at Nashville by boats. The railroad may convey ern States. these to Murfreesboro; and the rail may be the line of operations to Tallahoma and Chattanooga, provided the army shall be enabled to advance again. But we need more men there, as well as energy.

The raid of Gen. Carter into North-east Tennessee, contributed much to Gen. Rosecrans' success. Carter is a Tennessean. He started from Kentucky with 1,000 cavalry, (Pennsylvanians and Ohioans,) on the 21st of December, and penetrated the coun- exertion of power; we will use every policy of try to the Holston river, in Tennessee. There he burned the railroad bridge. He also burned the bridge over the Watauga, ten miles distant. He fought two brisk skirmishes, and killed, wounded and captured we can never voluntarily consent to the breaking up of the Union of these States, or the destrucover 500 rebels, beside capturing 700 stand of arms and a large amount of rebel stores; and after thus doing his work, and chas- yet there is some comfort in it. They know well tising the rebels, he returned to Kentucky with a loss of but ten men. The distance with a loss of but ten men. The distance hope that the Governor will see the necessity of a traversed was over two hundred miles, united North in order to prevent a division of with rifles, muskets, &c. The Harriet Lane was few passable roads and only the most scanty supplies. This more than equals the cavalry raid of the rebel Stuart to Chambersburg, in distance, difficulties, and results. We trust it is a beginning, on our part, of many important enterprises. We have in the midst of such a war as now afflicts the men who, if opportunity were given by their commanders, would delight in such expeditions.

The troops under Gen. Sherman, at Vicksburg, suffered a severe repulse. This thing of assailing entrenchments is a dangerous business. It should not be attempted except under an urgent necessity. The loss is terrible; and the demoralizing effect of a repulse, perpetuates the injury. After the severe destruction of our men at Fredericksburg and Vicksburg, and the comparatively little loss inflicted upon the enemy, it will be difficult to urge an army upon fortifications. Our newspaper generals, quite learned in history, refer us to the exploits of Napoleon, and others, in making such assaults, but it was a small matter to approach the cannon, and projectiles, and muskets of those days, to what it is to approach the weapons-the improved artillery, the shells, shrapnell, and Minie rifles-of our time. Simple cannon balls do but little execution compared with shells; and the present infantry arms are as deadly at six hundred yards, as were the old ones at one hundred. We want skill, caution, and strategy, as well as brave men and good armor. Our loss in the assault was about 3,000.

After Gen. Sherman withdrew from Vicksburg, Gen. M'Clernand assumed command of the army, which embarked on transports and retired to Napoleon, Arkansas. The failure of the expedition is greatly to be regretted. There must be a new attack on Vicksburg, with a stronger force, and better arrangements; or the canal commenced last Summer must be made to take the river. A high rise in the Mississippi would pour water through this canal, and soon cut a new channel, leaving Vicksburg three miles to one side. It would then be of but little importance.

The news from Texas is distressing. The loss at Galveston, reported in our news columns, is a new evidence of the daring and the resources of the enemy; and it admonishes us of the need of carefulness on the part of our commanders. The main loss might certainly have been avoided. We hope yet to hear that the matter has been exaggerated. The Government has yet no official information.

We do not yet hear of any important operations of Gen. Banks, above Baton

The blockade of Mobile is enforced very strictly. There are indications that the forts at the entrance of the harbor will Alabama, ...... 435,080 North Carolina, ... 331,059 soon be assailed. If they were taken the blockade would be more easy.

The expedition which sailed from Fortress Monroe, some weeks back, and to which several iron clads were attached, has reached Beaufort, N. C., and the troops are moving inland. The rebels report them at 40.000. The destination is, probably, Wilmington, N. C. If so, we shall soon hear of the iron clads having entered the Cape Fear river, and trying the strength of Kentucky.......225,488 Tennessee,......275,719

Maryland, ...... 87,189 the forts there. Wilmington would be an important basis for operations, being on the | West Virginia, 48 counties, railroad between Weldon and Charleston, Virginia, 6 counties,... and the centre of a considerable trade. The army of the Potomac is still unmoved. Doubtless the Government has a

ern Virginia; but, if it is wise and wishes Border States have been taken South since the for vigorous operations in the Spring, it census of 1860; and many others have escaped will carefully shelter the troops during the

Winter.

The Cabinet imbroglio, which occurred shortly before Christmas, seems to have vanished. There are, however, rumors of contemplated changes in the War Departthe importance attached to it, as we ment. Reports of this kind are too nucome to know more of the situation. merous and unreliable, to merit a record.

## General Rews.

Message and Documents.

We are indebted to Hon. J. K. Moorhead, M C., for a copy of the President's Message and the

Message of the Governor of Delaware.

Governor Burton deplores the war, the depreciated currency, the fanatical madness of the North, and the folly of the South. He condemns emancipation, and denounces colonization. He has much fault to find with the General Government, and would change its policy if he

Governor Scymour's Message. The House of Assembly, in New-York, failed

to organize promptly. The votes for Speaker, on repeated trials, were 63 to 63. The Governor sent his Message to the Senate It shows much ability, and is less violent against

forty miles toward Chattanooga. The Cum- the National Administration than was anticipated. It condemns the military arrests, denounces emancipation, and squints at a separation, if possible, between the Eastern and West-His loyalty the Governor thus expresses:

"We must accept the condition of affairs as they stand. At this moment the fortunes of our country are influenced by the results of battles. Our armies in the field must be supported; all constitutional demands of the General Government must be promptly responded to. But war alone will not save the Union. The rule of action which is used to put down an ordinary insurrection is not applicable to a wide-spread armed resistance of great communities. It is weakness and folly to shut our eyes to this truth. "Under no circumstances can the division of the Union be conceded. We will put forth every conciliation; we will hold out every inducement to the people of the South to return to their allegiance, consistent with honor; we will guarantee them every right, every consideration demanded by the Constitution, and by that fraternal regard which must prevail in a common country;

This will be cold comfort to the rebels; and that if they can only conquer President Lincoln, they can then soon dispose of Gov. Seymour. We and water on the Federal forces at Galveston hope that the Governor will see the necessity of a Our gunboats were attacked by five rebel steamthrough a mountainous country, affording the Union, and will, as a wise and loyal man, co- captured by boarding

> Message of Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania. This is a document of more than usual merit. one wounded. The Owasco lost one killed and Its author may well feel gratified that he is able, nation, to speak of so high a degree of prosperity in the State over whose interests he presides. The condition of the finances we thus abstract

from the Message: Received from ordinary sources,.....\$4,017,822 Total receipts, including last year's balance in the Treasury,..... 

from ordinary sources,..... Payments for ordinary purposes in 1862, less than in 1861,..... 95.817 This is truly a gratifying exhibition of the

state of the Treasury. The public debt is \$40,448,213. The sinking fund, to be applied toward the redemption of that debt, is, \$10,781,000, which is held in securities of the Pennsylvania and the Sunbury and

Erie railroads, and the Wyoming canal. The last semi-annual interest on the State debt was paid, as had been usual, in specie. The number of men furnished to the army by

Pennsylvania, the Governor thus states: "Including the three months volunteers, Penngent more than two hundred thousand men since the breaking out of the rebellion, besides som fifty thousand who were in service, or actually ports are now engaged in running the blockade, ready for it, as volunteer militia, under the call and conveying munitions of war, clothing, etc., of 11th of September last, making in the whole into rebel ports. The names of these vessels, more than two hundred and fifty thousand men. The number now in actual service is not blockading squadrons and cruisers.

The Common School system is advancing in effectiveness, and growing in the public esteem. An amendment of the Constitution is recomnended, so as to give citizens in the army the right of voting in all elections. The Message thus closes:

"I cannot close this message without speaking of the unbroken loyalty and spirit of the free-men of Pennsylvania. They feel that on the preservation of the Union and the suppression of the most causeless and wicked rebellion which history records, depend the honor, the interests and the whole future welfare of the Common wealth. They will never tolerate schemes for destroying the Government of the United States, forming separate confederacies, or any other schemes for creating general confusion and ruin, and siding and comforting the traitors who

are in arms against their country.

"The State has furnished more men for the defence of our institutions and has lost more by the oasualties of war than any other State. She has given her blood and treasure freely, and is ready to give as much more of both as may be needful, Her people intend that, by the blessing of God, this rebellion shall be suppressed, and wil not be turned from ther settled purpose by the wiles of masked enemies or the vacillations of feeble friends. On the contrary they will (as is their right) insist that competent integrity, earnest-ness, intellect and vigor shall be employed in the public service to preserve the Government and

Statistics of the Proclamation.

In speaking, last week, of the Proclamation, we put the number of slaves released by it, at 3,000,000. Something more definite should be out on record.

According to the census of 1860, the eight States in which all the slaves are declared free, are enumerated as follows: Arkansas,....111,115 South Carolina,...402,406 Florida,..... 61,745 Texas,............182,566 Georgia, .....462,198

The two States where a part are freed, are: Louisiana—Thirty-five parishes ... Virginia-Ninety three counties,...........451,533 ..697,478

Grand total declared free,..... The following number are left in bondage, viz .: Delaware,........1.798 Missouri,.......114,931 made.

. 12,771 . 85,786 Louisiana, 13 parishes...... Total not freed,..

.834,238 The exact numbers, at present, must vary a plan, or is planning, for operations in East- little from the above. Many slaves from the Acouncil of war-was held on board the Ti-

ern Virginia: but, if it is wise and wishes | Border States have been taken South since the to the free States. The above, however, is a tolerably near approximation to correctness.

### Pennsylvania U. S. Senator.

HARRISBURG, January 13 .- The Republican Caucus met at 10 o'clock and adjourned without announcing their action. At noon the Senete and House met in joint session, and on the first ballot Charles R. Buckalew was elected by two majority; Mr. Laporte voting for W. D. Kelly. The Republicans voted with that exception for

Mr. Buckalew takes the place of Mr. Wilmot, on the 4th of March next, and is a Democratic

From the Peninsula.

Gen. Dix has informed the War Department hat on Wednesday night a party of National cavalry and infantry, sent out by Gen. Keyes from Yorktown, landed at West Point, proceeded to White House, destroyed the depot and rolling stock of the railroad there, burned a steamer and several sloops, boats and barges loaded with grain, secured a large number of animals and eight hundred wagons, and returned on Friday morning, having sustained no loss whatever.

From Missouri. Sr. Louis, Jan 12.—Gen. Curtis received a dispatch from Maj. Collins, commanding the post at Lebanon, Mo., stating that, at 3 o'clock on Saturday morning, 700 Federals, at Hartsville, attacked 4,000 rebels, with five cannon, under Marmaduke and Porter, and drove them five miles south. The rebels then took a circuit and returned to Hartsvile, when the fighting re-commenced and continued till sundown. Our loss is thirty-five killed and wounded. The rebloss is one hundred and fifty.

### Michigan Legislature.

DETROIT, Jan. 8.—The Michigan Legislature assembled at Lansing, yesterday.

The Governor's Message was delivered to-day.

The financial affairs of the State are represented to be in a most satisfactory condition. Adequate sinking funds have been provided for the gradual extinguishment of the present State debt, and a system of taxation not burdensome inaugurated, which will prevent further increase

The State has furnished, in all, forty-five housand five hundred soldiers, of whom twenty thousand two hundred were sent to the field preious to July. Yet to be raised to fill the quots under the last call for six hundred thousand, twenty-nine hundred.

Alluding to the proclamation of emancipation. which is heartly endorsed, he says: "We are about to strike hands with the entire loyal popu-lation of the South, whether white or black. We shall no longer respect the claim of a white trai-tor to compel black loyalists to aid him in de-Jan. 9.—The Legislature of this State reëlected Senator Chandler for the term of six years.

Loss at Galveston, Texas. The Purser's cook of the Creole, arrived at New-York, reports by the arrival of the gunboat Clifton at South-west Pass, that on the evening of the 3d he learned that early on the morning o the 1st inst. the rebels made an attack by land operate with the Government, while success is men, including Capt. Wainright and Lieut. Lee and crew, 130 all told, had been killed by the

muskerry from the rebel steamers. The gunboats Clifton and Owascowere engaged and escaped—the former losing no men and but The barks loaded with coal fell into the hands

The flag-ship Westfield being ashore in another channel, her crew were transferred to the trans-ports, and Commodore Renshaw, fearing that she would fall into the hands of the rebels, blew her up. By some mismanagement, before the boat containing Commodore Renshaw, Lieut. Zimmerman and the boat's crew got away, they were 6,763,853 blown up with the ship.
4,590.509 The Rebel force is estimated at 5,000, under

Gen. Magruder. Our land force was under the command of Col. Burrell, of Massachusetts, and probably did not exceed 300, the residue not having arrived, or not having disembarked at the time of

Our loss is estimated at 150 to 160 killed, and 200 taken prisoners; the navy suffering the most. It is thought that the rebel loss is much more than our own, as our guns were firing grape and canister continually in their midst. The rebels had several batteries ashore. The Federal troops were on the long wharves of Galveston, and it is said repulsed two charges

### of the rebels before they surrendered. Washington.

January 12.—The War Department, up to this fternoon, has received no details concerning the surrender of Galveston.

The Navy Department has advices that over orty fast sailing vessels fitted out in English with their descriptions, are furnished to our

The opinion of the Attorney General affirmatory of the citizenship of free men of color born in the United States, is accounted altogether the ablest, as it is the most important, legal paper drawn up by him since he assumed the duties of his office. After stating his own conclusions; he examines those authorities usually cited in

The whole amount of coin required to pay the loan of 1842, over two millions, was advanced by moneyed institutions, most of which, it is believed, had no interest in loan nor any interest in transaction, except what arose from the general support of public credit; and the advance was made without premium and at an interest of four per cent., and it is not to be called for unti t can be reimbursed from receipts from customs

dedicated by act of Congress to the payment of the interest and principal of the public debt. The report of the Secretary on banks states that the returns are incomplete, owing to the non-resoption of returns from the seceded States, and Maryland, Delaware and Illinois, in which States no laws exist compelling the publication of such returns. The aggregate bank circulation of the loyal States was in January, 1862, nearly twenty-four millions less than in January, 1861, while the specie reserve was increased in the sum of fourteen and a half [millions, and deposits in banks increased thirty-nine millions, mainly in New-York, Boston, and Phila-

General Rosecrans has ordered all cantured rebel officers to be confined until Jeff. Davis order is revoked; the rebel prisoners to subsist on army rations, and if food is contributed by their friends, it will be confiscated to hospital use, and a repetition be regarded as a jail

The House passed Mr. Hutchins' resolution, tendering the thanks of the House to Gen. Butler, for his able, energetic, and humane administration of the Department of the Gulf-yeas,

Latest News From Vicksburg.

OFF THE MOUTH OF THE YAZOO RIVER. ) Jan. 3d-via Cairo 11th. expedition against Vicksburg was withdrawn from the Yazoo river, yesterday, in safety. A single attack by the enemy was repulsed by The Yazoo is abandoned as a base of opera-

tions. The enemy is impregnable on the front facing that stream. There has been no fighting since last Monday. Nothing has been heard from Banks or Far-

M'Clernand arrived here on Wednesday night. The army is now on transports at Millekin's Bend. No further developments have been 275,719
Pemberton and Price are in Vicksburg with 60,000 men. They had 160 guns in the batteries, besides their field artillery.

Our losses are between 2,800 and 3,000. The 30,561 loss of the enemy unknown. Capt. Gwinn, of the gunboat Benton, died this

evening.

It has been raining incessantly for the past twenty-six hours, causing a heavy rise in the Mississippi river.

gress, Gen. M'Clernand's headquarters, on Sun- | Presbyterian Church. He was an affectionate day; Com. Porter, Generals Sherman and M'Clernand, and other officers, were present. It was few weeks since he remarked in a letter to a deemed expedient to abandon the attempt on

Europe to the 2d inst.

The working men of Manchester have held : meeting to express sympathy with the North in their efforts to suppress the rebellion in the United States, and a congratulating address to President Lincoln, on his course, was adopted

The English revenue accounts show an increase during the year of £2,392,000.

The London Times thinks that this proves conusively that cotton is not king, and it would be far better for England to keep all her cotton operatives on public pension till they were absorb ed in other trades than vary one point in her na

tional policy.

The London Daily News says it looks on the contributions to relieve Lancashire of its distress as an honest and true manifestation of the abiding American feeling toward England, and sets them against many beligerent threats as having nothing in them but the passion of the moment. It concludes thus: "On the whole, we rest in the conviction that there will be no war between the wo countries; but whether there is war or not the responsibility for it already rests with thos f our country who, out of the repose of peac at home, speak and write whatever is most irri tating to a people subject to the irritations of revolution and war."

## Commercial.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14, 1862. ASHES—Soda Ash, 3@8½c.; Pots, 4@4½c.; Pearl

Nurposes.

APPLES—\$2.12@2.25 % bbl.

BRANS—Prime White, \$2.50 per bushel.

BACON—Shoutders, 5½c; Sides, 6½c; Plain Hams, 10c; sugar Cured do., 12½c, % b.

BUTTER—Oholee Fresh, 20c. % b.

CHEESE—Western Reserve, 12c. % b. Hamburg, 12½. CHEESS—18c, per dozen.
FEATHERS—Prime Western, 60c. B. D.
FEATHERS—Prime Western, 60c. B. D.
FEED—Shorts, \$1.00 B cwt.; Middlings, 1.25.
FLOUR—Extra, \$5.90@6.00; Extra Family, \$6.25@6.75.
GROCERIES—Coffee: Good Rio, 30@33c. Sugar, 10½
@11½c. Molasses, 54@56c.
GRAIN—Wheat: Red, \$1.15; White, 1.20@1.25. Corn,
75c. Rvs. 75c. 943. 45@56c. per bush.

5c: Rye, 75c. Oats, 45@50c. per bush. HAY—\$18.00@20.00 % ton, at scales. SEED3—Clover, \$5.75@5.87: Timothy, \$1.75. STEARINE—9¼@9½c. \$\ b.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c.; Country rendered, 6c.

## Special Hotices.

DR. STONEROAD, CANCER SURGEON, cures ancer in all its various forms, external and internal, viz. lancer of the face, cancer of the lip, cancer of the stomach cencer of the lungs, and cancer of the womb. Also, chronic licers—no difference how long standing—and all diseases a scrofulous character, without the aid of mercury or the knife. Consultations free. The poor prescribed for withou charge. Office, 139 Grant Street, between Virgin alley

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DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. SILL, No. 246 Penn treet, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

## Married.

Mr. WILLIAM WALTERS, of Rochester, Pa., to Miss Luanna Fisher, of Bridgewater, Pa. December 24th, Mr. P. R. HEWITT, of Mercer Co., to Miss Amelia P. Harsha, of Rochester, Pa. January 1st, Mr. M. M. Moore, of Blair County, Pa., to Miss E. K. McKenzie, of Vanport, Pa. By Rev. S. C. Jennings, D.D., on the 16th ult., Mr. Robert Hood to Miss Jane H. Craig. On the 31st ult., Mr. GEORGE M. FERREE, to Miss RACHEL O. CURRY. On the 1st inst., Mr. RICHARD BIDDLE YOUNG to Miss Mary Olivia Ferres. on the same day, Mr. Robert C. McBride t Miss Susan MoMurtrie.

December 25th, by Rev. A. Dousldson, Dr. S. M. VIETUE to Miss SABAH J. EWING, both of Olivet, Armstrong County, Pa. January 1st, Mr. J. C. Donnin, of Conemaugh Tp., Indiana Co., to Miss Martha Miller, of Kiskiminetss Pownship, Armstrong County, Pa. December 30th, at the residence of the bride's

father, near Guffey's Station, by Rev. A. G. Wallace, Mr. Addison H. Brown to Miss Mary GAUT, all of Westmoreland County, Pa. December 31st, in White Deer Valley, by Rev. N. Boyd, assisted by Rev. M. B. Patterson, FRANK PORTER to LOTTIE PLATT.

On December 30th, by Rev. Robert R. Moore, Mr. W. H. WETZ to Miss ELIZABETH ILER, both of Richland County, O. On Tuesday, December 23d, in the Presbyterian church at Schellsburg, Pa., by Rev. William Prideaux, assisted by Rev. Robert F. Sample, Rev. WILLIAM A. FLEMING, of Frostburg, Mary-land, to Miss Lizzie J. Prideaux, daughter of

the first-named officiating clergyman. January 1st, by Rev. A. W. Boyd, Mr. DANIEL C. SNYDER, of Hayesville, to Miss JANE DIL-WORTH, of Happy Home, Beaver Co., Pa. On Tuesday, 30th ult., by Rev. G. W. Zahniser, Rev. G. W. Jackson, to Miss Henrietta F. daughter of Hon. James Gwin, of Huntingdon,

## Obituary.

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[ANNOUNCEMENTS, GRATIS; ADDITIONAL REMARKS, FIVE DIED December, 29th, at Louisville, Ky., Mi

THOMAS H. WELLS, of Co. C. 41st Reg't O. V. I., aged 21 years and 21 days; son of S. A. Wells, of Wayne County, O. Four brothers now ie side by side. 🗀 🧎

DIED-On the 3d inst., in Bedford, Pas, Miss IARY FOSTER, in the 58th year of her age. September, of a wound received in a skirmish on the first of that month, Mr. JOHN T. SMILEY, member of the 4th Ohio Cavalry Company, is

the 53d year of his age. DIED\_On the 23d of October last, of bilious fever, in the hospital at Jackson, Tenn., Mr. MORRISON B. SMILEY, (son of the former,) in he 28d of his age.

DIED—Suddenly, in Morgan County, Ohio, of lisease of the lungs, Miss ISABELLAS. WHITE, in the 57th year of her age. She first united with the Presbyterian church

of Upper Buffalo, Pa., then enjoying the labors of the Rev. John Anderson. When she removed to Ohio with her brother and sisters, she united with the church of Bristol, where she exerted the influence of a Christian, and died "the death of the righteous." "Be ye also ready," &c. aith a guidigeach

DIED-In the United States Hospital, at Parkton, Maryland, on the 8th of December, 1862, Mr. JOHN HENDERSON, a member of Co. K. 140th Reg't P. V., in the 49th year of his age. The deceased was an upright and honorable man-a consistent member of the Old School

few weeks since, he remarked, in a letter to a Vicksburg, and to operate against some other friend, (although in good health,) that he never place. A plan of attack was decided on, but its expected to see home. He was denied that publication is forbidden. cleasure; yet he has gone home, not to an earthly home, but, we trust, to that home where there is no more sorrow, no more pain or death. The lonely wife and numerous friends have much to console them, that he fills a Christian's and patriot's grave.

> DIED-In Locust Spring Hospital, Maryland, October 5th, 1862, from the effects of a wound received by the accidental discharge of a musket in the hands of another soldier, on the battlefield of Antietam, ERRED FOWLES, a member of Co. G, 155th Reg't P. V., in the 31st year of his age.

Mr. Fowles was the son of Reuben and Susan Fowles, Clarion County, Pa. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church, and gave satisfactory evidence that our loss was his eternal gain. He leaves a wife and two small children, to mourn his loss; but they mourn not as those that have no hope.

DIED-December 19th, 1862, at the residence f her daughter, Maria Elliott, Clarion County, Pa., Mrs. ELIZABETH GARDNER, relict of Benjamin Gardner, in the 88th year of her age. During a long life did this excellent mother show herself to be a zealous, faithful, and devoted Christian. She was from early youth a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. She had for some five years been severely afflicted with rheumatism, and was for a considerable portion of that time confined to her bed; yet

Lord is the death of his saints. DIED-Of typhoid fever, in Tazewell County Illinois, on the 4th of December, 1862, Mr. ANDREW EAGLESON, in the 31st year of his

she bore her affliction with Christian fortitude

and patience, and gave bright evidence that she

was born of God. Precious in the sight of the

Mr. Eagleson was the son of Henry Eagleson Esq., a Ruling Elder in the Presbyterian church of Beech Springs, in Harrison County, Ohio. In October, 1858, he was united in marriage with Miss Sarah Maria, daughter of Mr. James Simpson, of Beech Springs, Ohio, and in May, 1858, removed to Illinois, and settled in the bounds of the Presbyterian church of Deer Creek, where he resided at the time of his death. In February, 1858, he united with the church of Beech Springs, then under the pastoral care of

He has left a wife and three small children, to mourn his loss; but they have reason to hope that he is now, in company with the loved ones gone before, around the throne of God in heaven, singing the song of redeeming love. There the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are forever at rest.

"There is a world above, Where parting is unknown; A long eternity of love. Formed for the good alone; And faith beholds the dying here, Translated to that glorious sphere."

DIED-In the hospital at Yorktown, Va., June 8th, 1862, THOMAS G. POLLOCK, Second Corporal of Co. A, 103 Reg't P. V., in the 30th year of his age; son of Robert and Mary Pollock. Thomas was the son of pious parents, who early trained him to fear God and keep his Commandments. Having arrived at the years of nanhood, he did not forget the principles which had been instilled into his mind in his youth. in December, 1857, he was received by public profession of his faith, into the Presbyterian church of Callensburg, Pa. Thomas was a man emarkable for his uprightness of character, and or the depth of his piety. When the army left Yorktown, he was left behind, sick of fever. After a short illness, he was called to lay down his armor, and to go and wear the crown of a Christian soldier. Far away from home, without any earthly triend to comfort him he died as only a Christian can die, trusting in Christ as his friend, who has said of such, "I will never December 23d, by Rev. D. A. Cunningham, leave thee nor forsake thee." The chaplain of the hospital testifies that he died a peaceful and happy death. His body sleeps in the old revolutionary graveyard of Yorktown, beside those who laid down their lives to purchase the liberties which he sacrificed himself to perpetuate.

How blest the righteous when he dies, When sinks a weary soul to rest; How mildly beams the closing eyes, How gently heaves the expiring breast!"

DIED—In Philadelphia, December, 1st, 1862, at the house of his cousin, Robert Pollock, JOHN C. POLLOCK, son of Robert and Mary Pollock, aged 24 years; at the time of his death a men ber of Co. E, 62d Reg't P. V.

John, like his brother Thomas, felt that the call of his country for men to defend it, was but the call of God, and both of them gave themselves as a sacrifice for its defense. John also made a profession of his faith in Christ at the same time with his brother. The sincerity of his love for Christ was most strikingly illustrated by the character of his after life. His piety, like that of his brother, was of that positive kind which can endure the fiery trials of a soldier's life, unharmed. When the war broke out, he was a student in the Callensburg Institute, prosecuting his studies with a view of entering College. As a student he was faithful and exemplary; and even the ungodly students were heard to say that he never deviated in the least from the path of rectitude. He participated in the seven days' fight before Richmond, and while so many of his brave comrades of the 62d were either killed or wounded, he escaped unhurt. He was with his regiment, also, at the battle of Antietam, but did not participate. Soon after, he was taken sick, but remained with the army until it left for Virginia. He was then sent to the hospital in Philadelphia, where he remained until a few days before his death, when ie was removed to the house of his friends. His father arrived to see him a short time before his his death, and had the melancholy satisfaction of seeing him breathe out his life in the peace and joy of a triumphant death. A few minutes before he died he remarked to those around him that it was getting dark; but the darkness of his natural vision was but the twilight which was to

asher in the glorious light of heaven. Thomas and John were levely and pleasant in their lives, and in death they were not long divided. The Christian warriors are doubtless now the victors, and joining with each other in singing, "Unto him that hath loved us, and washed us from our sins in his own blood, and has made us Kings and priests unto God and his Father." To him be the glory of our salvation. Life's duty done, as sinks the clay, Light from its load the spirit flies;

While heaven and earth combine to say, How blest the righteous when he dies!" Larred Frank (2 12 11 1 R. A. B.

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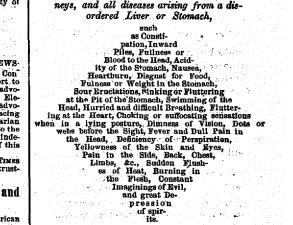
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