# Presbyterian Banner.

PITTSBURGH, NOVEMBER 29, 1862.

The War. From the Army of the Potomac there is but little reported. We are still to be contented with promises. Let not the public impatience, however, impel the army to attempt things impracticable. Our Generals cannot do as they please, nor can they execute as they may be ordered. There is an enemy before them. They must "count the cost" of a battle, and if their forces are inadequate, it is their duty a avoid bringing on a conflict. The advance of the army from the Potomac river, on the South of the Blue Ridge, to Warrenton and the by Hon. F. P. Stanton. Both are well worthy Rappahannock, was accomplished in a week, | perusal. There are other excellent articles. and was, in the circumstances, among the most rapid on record. But there it experienced a change of commanders, a halt, a deflection to Fredericksburg, and then an obstruction. The reports of last week indicated that a part of Gen. Burnside's army was in that city; it was only at the city, plexion of the Assembly is exactly this: Sixty-

the river intervening.

To cross the Rappahannock, at Fredericksburg will be a hard task, while the enemy is there in force. The river is broad. and must be bridged. Pontoons may be used, but still there may be delay. Then there are the Matapoony, North Anna, South Anna, and Chickahominy, before you reach Richmond. These are small rivers, but they need bridges, and to force their passage will both delay an army and cause waste. To reach Richmond by Gordonsville, with Gen. Burnside's army, and such a foe to contest the passage, was im- er for him to accept such a demonstration. practicable. That, we have along stated. exceedingly difficult, unless a division of the enemy's forces is made by an approach from some other quarter. By the Peninsula, we still insist, is the way, using the Richmond on the South.

equipments, and the naval forces to cooperate, and the requisite time, and they, if they are as able and prudent as some of them are, will give us victories.

They are as able and prudent as some of them are, will give us victories.

The success of our cause than the success of our cause that the success of our cause than the su are, will give us victories.

VICKSBURG is now the centre of attracprogress in clearing the Mississippi was not only checked there, but stopped. The permit me to say, Good night. [Long-continued] fleet of Farragut, which had penetrated to cheering.] land force is indispensable. This force. conjointly with a fleet, has been for months in a course of preparation, and is now tending to a concentration on the devoted city. Gen. Grant is preparing his army to advance inland by Holly Springs. Gen. Mcand Columbus, to descend the river. A part of Gen. Scofield's army of South Western Missouri, has returned to Rolla, thence to be transported to St. Louis, and thence embark for the scene of action. Many large steamers have been ordered to St. Genevieve, Cape Girardeau, and other places on the river, to take troops to unite pality, which I regard as one of the highest honin the expedition. We trust soon the riv- At this particular moment it is peculiarly gratier will be opened to our trade, through its fying to me to be thus assured of the good feelings whole length. And Vicksburg in our possession, will be a basis of operation toward the interior of Mississippi, the interior of Arkansas, and the North of Loui-

## Government Credit.

siana and Texas.

About thirteen and a half millions of the loan authorized by Congress, for three years, at seven and three-tenths per cent., had never been offered. Secretary Chase lately | the city. On the 21st Nov., under a flag of truce, concluded to put it into the market; but the following demand was made by Gen. Sumwanting some money a few days before the ner, who commanded the advance of Gen. Burnstock could be sold, he sent a telegram to New-York asking for an advance of \$12,-000,000. The money was forthcoming To the Mayor and Common Council of Frederickswithin twenty-four hours.

And the bids for the stock alluded to, were most encouraging. Over thirty millions of dollars were offered, nearly all at a premium of from two to four per cent.; and the whole loan was awarded at rates above three per cent. The premium This condition of things must terminate, and amounts to \$452,000. Government credit demand the surrounder of the depots of such troops.

is good. It is true that the Government standard of money is, by the course of trade with mand by the hour indicated, sixteen hours will foreign countries, reduced to thirty per cent. below gold. But that is a matter of our own. If we choose to deal abroad for our own. If we choose to dear abroad for obtaining possession of the city, every necessary no more than we can pay in produce, gold means will be taken to produce or and secure will fall, and Government currency will rise. And if as rapidly as the people get U. S. notes they put them into U. S. six per cent. stocks, which they are authorized to do; then gold and notes will soon more nearly approximate in value. But whatever may be the nominal discrepancy, the real difference will be little to those who additional were granted. wish to save money. The Government pays its interest promptly, in gold; and when the war is over, if successful, the Government stocks will soon become better than gold. It is only in case of the success of the rebellion, that gold laid by will be the better investment. If we had gold now which we did not need for use, we would by no means hoard it. By so doing we might have it when peace would come, but the interest would be lost. We would rather buy public stocks, and thus gain the thirty per cent premium, and the six per cent. annual interest on the principal and the premium, and then still have that which would be as good as gold, or better, on the return of peace.

a large number in killed and wounded.

Two hundred and sixty-eight prisoners were at the house of David Risnor, Esq., near Clark-ville, Mercer County, Pa., Mr. John Christy, of Fairview, Butler County, Pa., to Miss Sarah A. whole of that country is now open to him. The enemy has evacuated Brasheur City, having by

of their money; but if we had money to lay by, whether gold or notes, such is our faith in the stability, success, and honesty of the Government, and such is our patriotism also, as we trust, that we would sustain the public credit and help on the war, by investing a portion of it in the public

# General Rews.

#### The Continental Monthly.

The December number of this ably conducted Monthly, is on our table. It contains a third article on The Union, by Hon. Robert J. Walker, and an article on The Causes of the Rebellion, The solid worth of this periodical must bring it into great favor in an intelligent community.

#### The New-York Legislature.

The Senate, by reason of members holding over, is strongly Republican. Of the other branch, the Albany Journal says: "The comfour Republican Union, elected over Democratic opponents; sixty-three Regular Democrats, and one who has always acted with the Republicans. but was nominated by both Conventions, and of course elected without opposition."

#### Gen. McClellan in New-York.

A visit of Gen. McClellan to New-York, o the 20th inst., was the occasion of some excitement at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The calls to see him were numerous. He stated, in reply to some questions, that he could not, under any circumstances, accept of a public reception, and while he appreciated the kind feelings of those who would thus honor him, it would not be prop-He was serenaded in the evening by the band And to reach it by Fredericksburg will be of the 7th Regiment, and yielded to repeated demands for a speech. His remarks are thus reparted:

My FRIENDS: I thank you cordially for this spontaneous tribute of regard. I accept it, not for myself, but for the Army of the Potomac, which I once commanded, and in which you are James river, or the York, or both. A modification of this way would be, by the Appomatok, and through Petersburg, taking age and devotion of the citizen soldiers of New-York, and has increased the great debt of grati-The people must be patient. Haste has tude due to them by their country. [Cheers] caused delay, hitherto. Let us learn wisishly poured out its millions of treasure and dom by, our disappointments. Give our thousands of brave men in the cause of our coun-Generals the army they want, and the try than this great metropolis [Cheers.] At long associated. [Great cheering.] I, there-fore, and my former comrades with me, will feel will, it is supposed, move via Suffolk, and the tion in the South-west. As we look around doubly honored by the occurrences of this evening, and it is with a heart full to overflowing with gratitude that I again thank you for your will be remembered that, last Summer, our presence to night. [Great cheering.]
You know that I am still a soldier, therefore

New Orleans, came up; and the fleet of Foot, and Davis, which had taken Island No. Ten, Fort Pillow, and Memphis, went be deeply injurious to the General. He belongs down; but both together failed to capture to no party. He is a national man. The nation Vicksburg. Its location is such that a needs his military knowledge and talents. He feels himself consecrated to the country, till the war shall be ended; not at liberty even to defend himself, when that defence might cause divisions, or alienate the public from the public officers. Politicians, however, will be injudicious; but our hope is that the General will be able to keep himself, so far as his own words Clernand is collecting large forces at Cairo and deeds are concerned, from all party political commixtures. He has a country to serve; and just now, he can serve her best in patient and should again call him to military activities.

The following is an extract from his letter declining the hospitalities of the metropolis: "I feel most deeply this action of the munici-

and regard of the authorities of our greatest city. I trust that they reflect the sentiments of their constituents. At any other time I would gratefully accept the proffered honor, but I do not feel that it would be right for me to do so while so many of my former comrades are enduring the privations of war, and perhaps sacrificing their lives for our country.'

## Fredericksburgh, Va.

The occupation of this place by our troops for merly spoken of, seems to have been but a possession of the Western side of the river, opposite

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC. November 21st, 1862.

GENTLEMEN: Under cover of the houses of your city, shots have been fired upon the troops my command. Your mills and manufactories are furnishing provisions and the material fo clothing for armed bodies in rebellion against the Government of the United States. Your railroads and other means of transportation are removing supplies to the depots of such troops. s the representative of the Government of the

the operation of the laws and policy of the United States Government. I am, very respectfully; Your obedient servant, E. V. SUMNER, Brevet Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Com'g.

The Mayor, after consulting Gen. Longstreet. refused to surrender, and asked for more time to remove the women and children. Eleven hours

#### A Victory in Louisiana. Gen. Butler reported to Gen. Halleck, the fol-

lowing, under date of Nov. 2d: I have the honor to recount a very successful expedition, under Gen. Weitzel, of the preparation for the march of which I have previously nformed the commanding General. Gen. Weitzel landed at Donaldsonville; and

ville he met the enemy in force; a sharp engage-ment ensued, in which he lost eighteen killed and have been received and published. The commanding officer of the enemy, Col.
McPheeters, was killed, and the enemy lost quite a large number in killed and wounded.

We do not ask our readers thus to dispose | means of the railroad got away before our gunboats could cut off their retreat, the naval force having been delayed by a very severe storm. Gen. Weitzel writes to Gen. Butler some de-

> THIBODEAUX, La., Nov. 1, 1862. Major-Since my last dispatch I have received information that the enemy has evacuated Ber-wick's Bay, and in such a hurry (as our gunboats were in sight) that they left over 400 wagon loads of negroes behind at Brasheur City. To substantiate this report, the negroes are already returning. Now, what shall I do with them? I have already twice as many negroes in and around my camp as I have soldiers within. I cannot feed them; as a consequence, they

must feed themselves.

The community, of whom already quite a number have taken the eath of allegiance, is in great terror, fearing trouble with the negroes.

They beg me to allow them to retain their arms. I cannot do this without authority from headquarters.

Last night my pickets were fired upon by some person armed with a shot-gun. This would make it prudent to allow only those to retain arms who have taken the oath or are paroled. Please to give me instruction on this point. There is plenty of sugar here. I have already collected a large number of cavalry and artillery

horses and mules. Please now organize that railroad properly, with a Superintendent and proper employees, so that we may run regular trains and not have our rolling stock ruined by bad management. I have sent a force to Berwick's Bay to take

possession of the road from Tigersville to Berwick's Bay, communicate with the gunboats and repair the bridges across Bayou Boeup.

I will have the bridge across Bayou Lafourche completed at 4 c'clock this afternoon, and the bridge at Terrebonne will be completed to-mor-Then, when the Bayou Bourf bridge is ready, the whole road will be all right to Brasheur

#### Southern News.

All the planters, nearly, wish to make their

very excellent this year's crop, if I will order back their negroes, or allow them to make some

arrangements with them.

The Richmond Examiner speaks of the utter opelessness of recognition by foreign powers so long as the war lasts, and says this is not the doctrine which has heretofore existed among nations. France recognized the Colonies long before the war ended. But thank Heaven we are not dependant on the favors of outsiders. While we should like our justly defined rights, we owe our dependence on none but Him who rules among the nations. We will but arouse ourselves the more and fight the harder.

A telegraph to the Richmond Enquirer, dated Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 17, says: A gentleman from Albemarle says there are no Yankee gunboats on the Albemarle Sound, they having gone up the James river. This is explicable by either hypothesis that the enemy are coming upon us om Fredericksburg, or are about to be transported from the Suffolk line of advance. It inlicates work, however, on one side or the other. The news from the United States tells us that the Monitor has steamed down the Potomac from Washington, perhaps to take part in the move-The Potomac river, says the Examiner, is cov-

ered with vessels, and it is not improbable that Gen. Burnside is at this time embarking his army lesser columns from other points. The negro market has shown considerable activity the present week. A mother and seven children were sold for \$5,100.

#### Mews. Foreign

By the steamer Arabia, foreign news is re ceived to the 15th inst.

ENGLAND. The English Government has dissented from the French proposal for mediation.
The London Gazette publishes Earl Russel's official reply, dated November 18th. It recapitulates the circular of Drouyn de L'Huys' proposition of mediation. It recognizes the humane views and benevolent intentions of the Emperor, but observes that the concurrence of Russia would be expressly desirable; but up to the present time the Russian Government had not agreed to actively cooperate, although it may support the endeavors of England and France. The question for consideration was, whether silent suffering; and by so keeping himself, he the end proposed was attainable at the present will be in the best condition to do service if she time. Earl Russel then presents the decision of Her Majesty's Government, as follows: After weighing all the information received from the American Government, he is led to conclude that there is no ground at the present moment to hope that the Federal Government would accept the proposal suggested, and a refusal from Washington at the present time would prevent any speedy renewal of the offer. Therefore, he thinks it better to watch carefully the progress of opinion in America, and if it should appear, as there is reason to hope, it may be found to have undergone or may undergo any change, this Government may then avail itself of such change to offer friendly counsel, with a greater prospect than now exists of its being accepted by the contending parties. Her Majesty's Government will communicate to the French Government ernment any intelligence they may receive from Washington or Richmond, bearing on this important subject.

The Times editorially observes of Earl Russel's dispatch, that his arguments have been anticipated by the public, and this is the best proof Earl Russel's dispatch produced no effect commercially.

## FRANCE.

The Paris Moniteur says the answers of England and Russia are an adjournment of the American question of mediation. The Moniteur adds: If our information is correct, the hesitation of England and Russia nearly reaches its

# Special Hotices.

NOTICE. The present " Terms of Sale. the Presbyterian Board of Publication, will be discontined at the close of the year 1862. After January 1st, 1863, no discount from the Catalogu rices will be allowed except to Booksellers, to whom the loard is prepared to offer liberal inducements; to Ministers

20 per cent. will be given on purchases for their own us For further information please address W. SARGENT, Business Correspondent Philadelphia, November, 1862.

ding their Families, and Theological Students, to whon

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DENTISTRY .- Dr. C. SILL, No. 246 Penn took up his line of march on Sunday, the 26th of October. About nine miles beyond Donaldson-febs-1y

# Married.

Mr. DANIEL S. NOBLE to Miss MARY L., daugh- ington, Pa. ter of Rev. Wm. D. M'Cartney, both of Colum-

biana County, Ohio. October 30th, by Rev. C. G. Braddock, Mr. WILLIAM WOODS to Miss MARY A. MORROW, all of Allegheny Co., Pa.

## Obituary.

[ANNOUNCEMENTS, GRATIS; ADDITIONAL REMARKS, FIVE LENTS A LINE, NINE WORDS BEING & LINE.] DIED-September 30th, of diptheria, CHAR-LIE, son of James and Susan Patterson, aged 5 years, 11 months, and 21 days.

DIED-October 28th, ELIZA, wife of David

DIED-In Derry Township, Westmoreland Co., Pa., on Sabbath, the 16th of November, 1862, IDA, daughter of Joseph and E. W. Henderson, aged 1 year and 11 months.

ate Josiah McJunkin, in camp at Parkton, Md., n the 23d year of his age.

ears, 3 months, and 11 days. DIED-In Pittsburgh, Pa., November 12th 862, of diptheria, ELIZABETH M. ECKELS, in the 10th year of her age; and on November 19th, 1862, of the same disease, SAMUEL F. ECKELS, in the 2d year of his age; children o

A. J. and R. A. Eckles.

DIED-In Union congregation, Armstrong County, November 15th, of consumption, Mr. SAMUEL LEARD, in the 35th year of his age. Another trophy of redeeming grace, passing

of sainted memory, and inherited much of his houghtfulness, simplicity of character, and fondness for study. He had been early dedicated, by his parents, to the work of the ministry, and had already entered on his preparatory studies with unusual zeal. Many whole nights he spent over his books. The singular clearness of his mind and accuracy of his knowledge gave promise of great usefulness. But God had need of him for a higher service, and has early called him to it. Many are the beautiful traits in his character recalled by his weeping friends, not the least of which was his self-forgetfulness and self-sacrificing spirit. His end was as peaceful as his life was blameless. His trust was in Jesus. We can scarcely regret that our

oung soldier has so soon reached his crown. The following lines, by a sister, contain a truth dear to the Christian heart : It is not death to die;

To leave this weary road.

To be at home with God. Jesus, thou Prince of Life! Thy chosen cannot die;
Like thee they conquer in the strife,
To reign with thee on high.

And rise on strong, exulting wing,

DIED-September 1st, 1862, of typhoid fever Mrs. ANNE PATTERSON, wife of John Mc-Kown, deceased, in the 60th year of her age. nigh numbered. This feeling she expressed to Set thy house in order, for thou shalt die and not live." She obeyed the voice, and prepared o meet her God. Her faith in him as a covenant keeping God was strong. During a painful sickness of four weeks we heard not a murmur, nor a desire to live. Her language was, "Not my will, but thine be done." In life she loved to talk of Christ and the interest of his kingdom; in death she leaned upon him as her only support. When asked who should take care of her youngest

flock gathered into the fold of Christ with their The messenger found her ready. Her end was peace—gently falling asleep in Jesus. She left Last Day of our Lord's Passion. By Rev. Wm. Hanna, a family of seven daughters, five of whom were wardlaw's Lectures on James... still under her roof, and a large circle of friends still under her roof, and a large circle of friends
and relatives, to mourn her loss. But we have

Christ, the Life of the World. | Both from the German
Christ, the Light of the World. | of Rudolph Besser, D.D.
Each in the day of trouble. "He tempers the wind to the shorn lamb." "And I heard a voice," &c .- Rev. xiv: 18.

daughters, she replied, "I give them both to

God." May we not hope that a mother's conse-

cration will be accepted, and these lambs of the

DIED-On the 28th ult., at his late residence, near Mt. Pleasant, Pa., after a brief illness, Mr. SAMUEL NEEL, in the 77th year of his age. Mr. N. was the son of Mr. John Neel. Sr.. a pioneer of Western Pennsylvania, and one of the founders, as well as one of the first Ruling Elders, of the Presbyterian church of Mt. Pleasant. The deceased was more than half a century a member, and for the last sixteen years an active and efficient Ruling Elder of the same church, (having resided his whole life on the farm on which he was born.) Mr. N. was a growing Christian, whose piety, for the last thirty-five years at least, was earnest and active, leading him to labor, and pray, and contribute liberally, for the upbuilding of the Church of Christ at home and abroad. He was a kind friend of Christian ministers, and kept an open house for their hospitable entertainment.

The latter part of his life, as his health gradually declined, was almost exclusively spent in reading the Scriptures, in prayer, and in acts of beneficence. He anticipated, with much pleaure, the communion season, which occurred on the Sabbath preceding his death; and also the meeting of Presbytery, which occurred a few lays after, in Mt. Pleasant church-looking forward with much delight to a reunion with old friends, and especially Christian ministers, to whom he had been long and tenderly attached. But Providence ordered it otherwise, and he cordially acquiesced. To Mr. N., death was divested of terror, and he "desired to depart and be with Christ." He was a warm friend, an affectionate husband, and tender parent. He left a widow and five children to mourn their bereavement. His only surviving son succeeds him in the eldership; his elder son having been early removed by death, after having given much promise of usefulness in the ministry.

Thus has the church of Mt. Pleasant, in the lapse of a few years, been deprived of the prayers, labors, and counsels of all the aged members of Session, except one. Their memory is blessed, and will be tenderly cherished. But stances, are selected to bear rule in this venera-

DIED October 25th, 1862, at the house of her son, Thomas M.Gifflin, in Amwell Tp., Mrs. MARIA NORTON, relict of the late Thomas

M'Giffin, Esq., a distinguished attorney of Washington, Pa.

The subject of this notice was born in Newton, Connecticut, September 30th, 1786, of parents descended from the earliest English settlers in the New-England colonies. Having enjoyed the best advantages of the country in early youth, she was suddenly taken from a Seminary in Vermont in 1804, to accompany her father's family to Western Pennsylvania, then the "far West." Residing a short time in this place (at that time an unincorporated village,) the family removed to Ohio and thence to Indiana, where, in 1808, the deceased was married. She returned with her husband in July of the same year to Washington, where she passed the remainder of her life.

M'Giffin hegame the mother of nine chilmainder of her life.

Mrs. M'Giffin became the mother of nine chiliren, seven of whom still survive; and all of them save one, surrounded her in her last illness. Her 4. POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY, including husband's death had left her to a widowhood of about twenty years. She has now been gathered to her fathers in a ripe age, retaining to DIED-November 6th, ROBERT, son of the the last, the respect of the whole community in which she lived. Especially will she be remembered by the older class of our people as one of DIED-November 8th, WALTER LOWRIE, the most active and useful ladies in the history son of Rev. G. M., and S. E. Spargrove, aged 2 of the town. Her religious life was strongly marked. Her

connexion with the Presbyterian church of this place dates from 1816, when she made a profession of her faith in Christ. It is believed that she was one of the original teachers of the Sabbath School organized in the same year—a school which is one of the oldest in the country, and now in its forty-sixth year, is surpassed by few in size and usefulness. Every other good work, also, enlisted her hearty cooperation. None sur-Another trophy of redeeming grace, passing away without a fear, as he said, "to be with Jesus." These were his last words. And with Jesus we leave him until the resurrection of the just.

"If we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so them also which sleep in Jesus will God bring with him."

H.

DIED—In Union congregation, Armstrong County, November 5th, of typhoid fever, JOHN DICKEY, son of Robert and Margaret Brown, in the 20th year of his age.

He was the grandson of the Bev. John Dickey, of sainted memory, and inherited much of his passed her in sympathy and aid in behalf of the ded friends of the church. And in behalf of her

> ling mother. She was remarkably calm in the prospect of death, wondering only at her own triumph over doubt and fear. Her last earthly arrangements were made without trepidation, and with thanks From Rev. Isaac Ferris, D.D., LL.D., Chancellor of the to God that she could thus dispose of each linto God that she could thus dispose of each lingering care, whilst she committed her spirit into the hands of Jesus. Her dying struggles were severe, but her faith was unmoved. To her weeping children she would say: "I would that ye were as I am, except these bonds; weep not for me-all is well." And thus she "fell asleep." "Lift not then the wailing voice,

children, she was all that is meant by a wrest-

Weep not, 't is a Christian dieth-Up where blessed saints rejoice, Ransomed now, the spirit flieth; High in heaven's own light she dwelleth, Full the song of triumph swelleth: Freed from earth and earthly failing, Lift for her no voice of wailing!"

DIED-October 29th, 1862, at McAlisterville. Juniata County, Pa, Mrs. SARAH J., wife of John N. Hittle, in the 27th year of her age. Mrs. Hittle was the daughter of John W. and Euphemia Jamison, who were for many years consistent members of the Presbyterian church fessor of religion, regular in her attendance united with the church of Loss Creek, then unupon all the means of grace, and ardently at- der the pastoral care of the Rev. Matthew Allitached to the church of her choice. Before son, She was a consistent Christian up to the stricken by the hand of disease, she seemed to time of her death, and died with strong faith in have a presentiment that her days were well Christ. She left a husband and one child to mourn her removal; but their loss is doubtless her daughters; and to her pastor, upon his first her eternal gain. She sweetly fell sleep in visit to her bedside. God seemed to say to her, Jesus, and is now in glory, singing the praises of God and the Lamb.

"Happy spirit! thou art fled Where no grief can entrance find; Lulled to rest the aching head, Soothed the anguish of the mind."

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or to W. L. Alden, Esq., 48 Pine Street.

The following will show the estimation in which the enter prise is held by distinguished citizens of New-York: From Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D.D., Rector of St. George's

The above plan and course eminently deserve and meet my approbation, as extremely calculated to prepare the young ladies, to whom it refers, for the highest usefulness and the most rational happiness of life. I believe Dr. Alden to be highly qualified to work out the plan he has proposed, with success.

STEPHEN H. TYNG. From Wm. C. Bryant, Esq.

From Chas. King, LL.D., President of Columbia College. Dr. Alden proposes to form and instruct a Class of Young-Ladies, who; having passed through the elementary parts of education, may desire to proceed to some higher culture. Dr. Alden is thoroughly capable—has the benefit of much Dr. Alden is thoroughly capable—has the benefit of much experience as a teacher—and the enthusiasm in his vocation which begets enthusiasm, and so ensures success.

University of the city of New-York.

I regard it as one of the most important events in the department of education, that a higher course of mental training is about to be offered to young ladies, who have completed the usual Academic studies, by Dr. J. Alden, President of Jefferson College. No man within the range of my acquaint ance is better fitted than he to accomplish what he proposes in his circular. His past success is a sufficient guarantee of what he will do in this, altogether new, effort in our city.

I do most heartly commend the matter to my lady friends. ISAAC FERRIS. From Horace Webster, LL.D. President of the New-York

Free Academy.

I have examined, with pleasure, a plan proposed by the Rev. Dr. Alden, for a post-graduate course of instruction for young ladies of this city. The plan is an excellent one, and, carried out under the personal supervision of Dr. Alden, one of the most philosophic and distinguished educators in this country, cannot fail of proving highly beneficial to those who may enjoy the advantages of his instruction.

HORACE WEBSTER. From Rev. S. Irenseus Prime, D.D., Senior Editor of the New-York Observer.

New-York Observer.

It has given me much satisfaction to hear that the Rev. Dr. Alden is about to enter upon the work of Education in this city. He comes from the presidency of Jefferson College, where he has been eminently successful in all relations, being compelled by the heath of the family to change his residence. In his professorahip at Williams, and his presidency at Jefferson, he acquired a wide and well-sarned reputation as a teacher, combining with thorough and varied scholarship, a psculiarly facile, genial and pleasing method of imparting knowledge, making the mysteries of science easily intelligible to the young, and rendering the abstruse studies of the higher departments of learning a pleasant pursuit.

The plan that he now proposes, will not fail to be appreciated by parents who desire to give their daughters the advantages of the highest finish in intellectual culture, under circumstances peculiarly favorable to their improvement and enjoyment.

From Rev Edward Bright, Editor of the N. Y. Examiner. I very cordially subscribe to all that my friend Prime has here said of the Rev. Dr. Alden and his enterprise. EDW. BRIGHT. From Wn. Adams, D.D., Pastor of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church.

Having great confidence in Rev. Dr. Alden as a successful teacher, I cheerluly commend to the notice of my friends his project as stated above.

W. ADAMS. From Rev. Thos. E. Vermilye, D.D., LL.D., one of the Pastors of the Collegiate Dutch Church. tors of the Collegiate Dutch Church.

I have long been acquainted with Dr. Alden, and have long regarded him as one of our most able and thorough instructors. In the department to which he has devoted himself, as President of Jefferson College, he is, I think, unsurpassed perhaps unrivalled. The plan for a Young Ladies Post-Graduate Class covers that department, and I can have no doubt that it will be carried out with efficiency, and will be fairned as a president of those who may avail themselves of f singular advantage to those who may avail themselves of THOS. E. VERMILYE.

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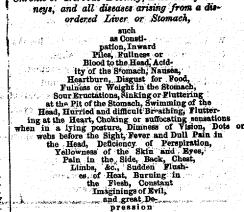
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From J. Newton Brown, D.D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge. of Religious Knowledge.

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PKILADELPHA, June 23, 1861.

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