publishing Societies will aid us, but they and elsewhere similar destruction. If we ate to modify the matter. The wages, if the arge extent, or leave many of the soldiers

It is hoped that editors and publishers will furnish papers and books gratuitously, or at reduced prices. Second-hand books, also, will be welcomed gratefully by the soldier, and will be of value in making up the contemplated libraries.

All contributions of books, and all packages and articles designed for the soldiers. may be sent to any member of the Commission, or of the District Committees, which will soon be published, or to the rooms of any Christian Association in the land, and they will be cared for and forwarded. Articles directed to any particular sol-

dier, company, or regiment, will be carefully conveyed, the donor furnishing money to pay the expressage.

Articles not particularly directed, will be distributed as the Commission shall deem

Contributions in money may be sent to any member of the Commission, or to the District Committees, or to the Treasurer. All communications should be addressed b the Secretary and Treasurer, Hon. Benamin F. Manierre, 21 Wall Street, New-

There are over 700,000 men now in the army and navy, who have left the comforts of home, to endure hardship, and, it may be, die for us. A large number of them have now no means of religious instruction, and all are exposed to the demoralizing influences of war. We propose to encourage in them whatever is good, and keep fresh in their remembrance the instructions of earlier years, and to develop, organize, and make effective the religious element in the army and navy.

The field is open to us. We can have free access to their immortal souls—the chaplains desire and call for our aid-the Government wish it-and the men ask for and receive religious reading and teaching, with an eagerness most touching.

Thousands, who at home never entered the house of God, and had none to care for their souls, now in imminent peril, desire to know of him who can give them the victory over death, through our Lord Jesus Christ. The time is short what we do, must be done quickly.

Brethren and friends, we have made known to you our purposes and plan of operation. Our appeal is in the soldiers' behalf. It is for your sons and brothers, and those whose lives are in jeopardy every hour, who are subject to suffering and prejudice. want, and at any moment may be called to die on the field of battle, far away from their fathers' sepulchres.

GEORGE H. STUART, BENJAMIN F. MANIERRE, EDWARD S. JANES. CHARLES DEMOND, BENJAMIN C. CUTLER Executive Committee.

#### For the Presbyterian Banner. On Breaking the Military Force of the Rebels According to the Will of God.

Rev. Dr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, has number of the Danville Review.

Speaking of the union people in the Confederate States, he says: "So far is it from people speedily and joyfully return to their toward a war with America. allegiance as soon, as the military force of the rebels is broken, and society is allowed to return to its ordinary condition." Perhaps no man in the United States is better prepared to form a correct judgment as to our national affairs and the proper course to be pursued, than Dr. Breckinridge; and his whole article deserves attentive consid-

eration. But how is this military force to be such a regard to the will of God that we may expect his favor in overwhelming the rebels this Winter. Secretary Cameron left the consideration of the first, very properly, in the language: "It will be for Congress to decide whether the army shall be further augmented, with a view to a more speedy termination of the war, or whether it shall be confined to the strength already fixed by law." Intelligent and patriotic people will desire Congress to make an increase. 1st. Because, when we have gained territory in Missouri and Kentucky, we have | ed unsold. had to recede from it for want of men to maintain it, and new battles must be fought over to re-possess it. 2d. We are manifestly unable to make an aggressive movement at all points, without great danger, of being driven back and defeated, as we have peen in some instances. 3d. Unless the bellion is conquered in the Gulf States efore the return of Summer, our forces will have to be withdrawn, for they could ot endure the climate, and all that we may have gained will be lost. 4th. The danger y delay of getting into difficulty with foreign Powers, will be greatly increased. The last and most important reason is, that more lives would probably be lost, and greater expense incurred, by having under arms, for one or two years or more, our 600,000 men, than to have a million of men. (which Secretary Cameron said he could have received;) and thus end the struggle in three months. So long as we remain unable to make a decided aggressive movement, the rebels maintain their courage, and the suffering Union men, with their tamilies, become disheartened—they are robbed and murdered. Sympathy for them. economy of the lives of the soldiers and of neans in the end, demand a sufficient force

to immediately overpower the rebels. But the second and most important is, to regard the will of God, and to rely upon his ower. Not long after our days of humiltion, portions of the army moved on the ord's day, and were discomfitted. Since hen, Secretaries in the Cabinet and Generals have reviewed troops on that day, to he interference of the public worship of he soldiers; and there has been a manifest endency to disregard the authority of God n many quarters; but not by our President and present Commander-in-chief. If the leaders of this nation and the majority of the people think they can carry out even lawful undertakings contrary to the Divine will, as to the object, the time and manner, will, as to the object, the time and manner, they may protract the war until they are taught by sad experience; as some ancient nations were, that "the Lord hath prepared his throne in the heavens, and his kingdom ruleth over all." By his permitting other nations to join against us, we may foresee how it is possible to have a "thirty years' war," as there was in Europe from 1618 to 1648; which, when ended, left of the fadies and so is possible to have a made before daylight. The battle is reported to have raged with great fury until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when, Zollicoffer having been killed, the whole rebel force fled in confusion to their camp. Their loss is not stated, but it is thought to be heavy. The Bailey Peyton killed is a son of the ex-member of Congress from Tennessee.

It is for sale by John P. Hunt, Masonic Hall, Fifth Street. Mr. Hunt is about to open in addition to his present establishment, a new Bohomia with about three-fourths of a mill. from 1618 to 1648; which, when ended, left in addition to his present establishment, a new Bohemia with about three-fourths of a mil-

preceding the millennium, we must "fear monthly: God and keep his commandments."

## S. C. J. Temperance Items.

THE PLEDGE.—I had no cap, except an old one; the better one I had pledged for liquor. I had pledged my wife's dresses, also, and, in fact, everything but my credit. That I could not pledge, for I had none; and at last I thought I would pledge myself. I did pledge to total abstinence, and ever since I have been a happy man.—An Old

DRUNKENNESS IN FRANCE.—The Minister of the Interior has addressed a circular to the prefects of departments, stating that though the Government has not thought fit to obtain the passing of a law against drunkenness, it has resolved, in order to diminish the vice, to enforce with greater severity the decree of 1851, relative to wine shops and public houses. The circular reminds the prefects that in the last legislative session, numerous petitions praying for the adoption of measures for the repression of drunkenness, were presented to the Senate, and were referred by

it to the Minister of the Interior. What will those say to this who have persisted in affirming, there is no drunkenness in wine growing and wine drinking nia Railroad, and some other bills, was carried.

MASSACHUSETTS is reaping the fruit of its noble educational, temperance, and religious efforts in sending forth regiment after regiment of rare discipline and energy; though we wish we could hear among them less irreverence of God's name. His Excellency, Gov. Andrew, has shown himself the first of patriots. The Legislative Temperance Society, we understand, will early be organized and will, we hope, infuse into all branches a spirit of true temperance.

THE TEMPERANCE MEN. of Worcester. have gained a great victory, in the election of P. Emery Aldrich, Mayor, by one hundred and thirteen majority, over the rum candidate. They have also elected a whole ticket of their Board of Aldermen and

### PERSONAL.

Gov. Hicks, of Maryland, whose loyal and for many, too, who have no parents or near | discreet course has done so much to save relatives, that this work is undertaken, that State from rebellion, in his final Mes-We beseech you by all that is valuable in sage to the Legislature, says:—"For whatour national institutions, nay, by all that ever of good the great Disposer of events priation bill was taken up. Several amendments is inspiring in the Christian faith, and has made me the instrument, and for what proposed by the Committee on Finance were comforting in the hope of heaven, that you ever of error the fallibility of my judg-adopted. The bill was then passed. come promptly forward to encourage and ment has led me to commit, during my sustain these young men in their patriotic term of office, I am content to await the a resolution was adopted instructing the Commitservice, and to secure to them those precious just verdict of my fellow-citizens when tee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expedispiritual blessings which are needed every- peace and sober counsels, experience and ency of reporting a bill making void all sales, where, and at all times, but especially by calm reason, shall enable them to approve transfers, and disposition of property of every

Spurgeonism, according to the English than two thousand copies of Spurgeon's was taken up. Sermons have been distributed to under-

The late Prince Albert, so says the London \$3,000 each, the office to last for one year. The amendment was agreed to, and the bill was passed. years ago, about his being a supporter of what was then called "German interests." In 1854 Lord Palmerston was charged by taries of War, with a salary of \$3,000 per annum, an able, patriotic article on the "Civil War the Queen with sending dispatches to for- to perform such duties as the Secretary may -Its Nature and End," in the December eign powers without her royal sanction, and present, or are required by law, the term of apwas dismissed from the post of Foreign Secretary, by the advice of the Prince Consort. Lord Palmerston took his revenge by perbeing credible that their deliverance cannot suading the editors of certain so-called be accomplished, except by the slaughter of "liberal" journals to denounce the Prince vast populations, nor maintained afterwards as a supporter of the German interests, and except by immense standing armies, all the hence resulted his unpopularity at that facts of this sad case show, that what has time. The same paper states that it has happened in all ages and countries will reason to believe that Prince Albert vigorhappen again here, and the mass of the ously opposed the movements of England

Mr. Mudie's Library.—Mr. Mudie is a booksubscription, any one might obtain reading of all new books issued, as well as and his library now contains 547,989 volumes, elassified as follows: History and broken speedily? 1st. By an increase of Biography, 123,279; Travel and Advenour army and munitions of war. 2d. By neous, including Science and Religion and the leading Reviews, 115,518.

The household effects of the rebel General Buckner were sold at public auction, at left with me, which was addressed to you on the Louisville, Ky., last week, to satisfy the demands of the City Tax collectors. The auctioneer sold out Buckner's oak book- Wilkes, of the San Jacinto. I send you a copy cases, desk, tables, arm-chairs, chamber-fur- of the correspondence which has passed on that niture and other articles, and stopped when exciting subject between this Government and the amount of the tax had been realized. Some scraps of carpet and bedding remain-

# PRESBYTERIAL NOTICES.

The PRESBYTERY OF SUSQUEHANNA will (D. V.,) hold its next stated meeting in Troy, Pa., on the last Tuesday (28th) of January, at 61, P. M.
JULIUS FORTER, Stated Clerk.

The PRESBYTERY OF WINNEBAGO will meet at Cambria; Wis., on Thursday, January 30th, 1862, at 7 colock P. M. H. M. ROBERTSON, Stated Clerk.

## General Aews.

The late expedition from Cairo, was but a re aggressive movement, are not yet complete.

## General James Lane

Passed through this city last Monday night. accompanied by his Staff, en route for the field of his future operations in the South-west.

#### The Atlantic Monthly For February, has been received. This number is a remarkably good one, even for a Magazine

so generally able as the Atlantic. For sale by John P. Hunt, Masonic Hall. The Tribune Almanac.

Henry Miner, Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, send is very useful for reference.

## The Flood at Pittsburgh.

On Monday of this week we had another great flood. The depth of water was 28 feet 9 inches. which was but two feet less than the November flood. The rise was gradual, and hence the damage was not great, persons having had time and attacked Somoeph in his camp, whose process damage were driven in at an early hour, and the attack to prepare for it.

heed funds. We must purchase books to a do not share terribly in the "great battle" Senate bill passes both houses, will be as follows,

		Present	Propose
	and the second s	pay.	pa
	Major General	.\$469.00	\$30
	Brigadier General	823.50	24
	Colonel	218.00	20
	Lieutenant-Colonal		18
	Major		15
•	Captain		12
	First Lieutenant		10
,	Second Lieutenant		8
	Surgeon General		20
ď	Surgeons, ten years' service		18
•	Surgeons, less than ten years		16
•	Surgeons, five years' service		12
•	Surgeons, less than five years		10
ļ	Paymaster General		20
	Deputy Paymaster General		18
	Paymaster		
•			8
	Chaplain	· . — —	
1	All military storekeeders		12

### Pennsylvania Legislature.

The Legislature has not yet got fairly into the passing of bills. Many are proposed. There is a little too much partyism for the public good, at such a time as this. Loyalty is, however, strongly exhibited. Henry D. Moore has been reëlected State

Treasurer. A proposition is before both Houses, and like-

ly to prevail, to appoint a Committee to investigate the means by which the bill of last session commuting the Tonnage Tax on the Pennsylva-Corruption is alledged.

### Congress.

JAN. 16. SENATE. - Mr. Lane, of Kansas was confirmed in his seat by a vote of 24 yeas, 16

House.-A bill passed directing the Secretary. of War to furnish prisoners captured by the enemy, with clothing and other necessaries. JAN. 17 .- SENATE .- Mr. Howard, the new Senator from Michigan, appeared and took his seat. Mr. Fessenden, of Maine, from the Committee on Finance, reported back the House joint resolution declaratory of the purpose of Congress to mpose a tax.

Mr. Carlisle, of Va., objected to the consideration of the resolution, but subsequently withdrew his objection. The resolution was then passedyeas, 39; nay, Mr. Powell. After an executive session of three hours, the

Senate confirmed the nomination of Mr. Cameron

as Minister to Russia, by a vote of 24 against 14, House.-The fortification bill, appropriating over five millions, was discussed and passed. JAN. 20.—SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Fessenden, of Me., the Consular and Diplomatic Appro-

House.-On motion of Mr. Lovejoy, of Illinois, without partiality, and to condemn without kind by persons engaged in the insurrection against the United States.

JAN. 21.—SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Wade papers, is being sown broadcast at Oxford of Ohio, the bill authorizing the Secretary of and Cambridge. It is stated that more War to appoint two Assistant Secretaries of War.

Mr. Wilson offered an amendment as a substigraduates in the streets, and a volume has tute, to wit: That the President, with the conbeen sent to every resident M. A., at both sent of the Senate, shall appoint two additional

House.-The Senate bill authorizing the President to appoint two additional Assistant Secrepointment to be one year, was passed, and the House adjourned.

## Austria and the United States.

It will be recollected that a few years ago, an ustrian man-of-war attempted to take a German, by force, from one of our vessels, in the harbor of Smyrna; the man being a native of that country, but having emigrated to the United States. Captain Ingraham, of our navy, was in the harbor at the time, and hearing seller in London, who some years ago es of the event he at once laid his ship alongside of tablished a circulating library, from which | the Austrian, with ports open and guns shotted, by the payment of a moderate quarterly and demanded the captive. He was successful. Now, in the Trent affair, we took two of our men from a merchant vessel, and it was Austria's turn the standard works of English literature. to call our attention to our own principles. The His plan has proved a complete success, official letter to our Government is entirely respectful. Its purport will appear from Mr. Seward's, answer as follows:

## [Mr. Seward to Chevalier Hulsemen.]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, January 9, 1862. To the Chevalier Hulseman, &c., &c., &c.-SIR: I have submitted to the President the note you 18th of December last, by Count Rechberg, touching the affair of the capture and detention of the British contract steamer *Trent*, by Captain the Governments of Great Britain and France, and I have to request that you will transmit these papers to Count Rechberg. The Imperial Government will learn from them two important

First, That the United States are not only incapable for a moment, of seeking to disturb the pence of the world, but are deliberately just and friendly in their intercourse with all foreign nations; and secondly, that they will not be un-faithful to their traditions and policy as an adocate of the broadest liberality in the application of the principle of international law to the conduct of maritime warfare. The United States, faithful to their sentiments, and while at the same time eareful of their political Constitu-tion, will sincerely rejoice if the occasion which gave rise to this correspondence shall be im-proved so as to obtain a revision of the law of nations, which will render more definite and certain the rights and obligations of States in the time of war. I shall esteem it a favor sir, if you will charge yourself with the care of ex-The late expedition from Cairo, was but a repressing these sentiments to your Government, connoissance in force. The preparations for an and will at the same time assure Count Rechberg that the President appreciates very highly the frankness and cordiality which the Govern-

> such great interest to the welfare of the United I avail myself of these circumstances to offer

ment of Austria has practiced on an occasion of

to you, sir, renewed assurances of my very high [Signed,] WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

## Great Battle at Somerset, Ky.

We have so many magnified accounts of battles in Eastern Kentucky, that we give news from there with some caution. From what seems to be reliable telegrams, we give information of a battle near Somerset, between the forces of Gen. Schepff, and the rebels under Gen. Zollicoffer. us the Tribune Almanac. It contains an excel- If the victory is as complete as is reported, it lent compend of the late Acts of Congress, of will open up the way to Cumberland Gap, and Census Returns, Election Returns, &c., &c. It thence to Eastern Tennessee. It may also lay Gens. Johnson and Buckner under the necessity of retiring from Bowling Green.

> CINCINNATI, Jan. 20 .- The Lexington correspondent of the Commercial gives the following account of Saturday's battle: Zollicoffer, learning that the Federal force had appeared, in his rear, marched out of his entrenchments at 3 o'clock on Saturday morning, and attacked Schoepff in his camp, whose pickets

stationery, newspaper, periodical, and bookstore, at the North-east officery City.

Stationery, newspaper, periodical, and bookstore, at the North-east officery City.

Quarters announce that the battle did not take place, on Saturday, but on Sunday morning; that Gen. Thomas continued the pursuit till night.

Our forces followed the rebels, who ran before them in the wildest confusion libe. lion where there were three millions of people. In the Palatinate of the Rhincher was only one person where there had been fifty. In Saxony, 900,000 perished in two years. The city of Augsburgh retained eighteen thousand out of eighty thousand of its irrhabitants. In Bayaria, in 1646, two hundred villages were burned,

tents, and eighty wagon-loads of Quartermas-ter's and medical stores, which fell into our hands. Our troops had possession of their in-

renchments early this morning. After reaching the opposite side, the rebels dispersed in every direction.

Two hundred dead and wounded rebels were picked up on the field. Zollicoffer was found in wagon mortally wounded. Our loss is not definitely ascertained, but must have been considerable. The surgeon of the 10th Indiana regiment telegraphed that his regiment had seventy killed and wounded.

Col. Munson's brigade, including the 10th and 18th regulars and some Kentucky regiments, reinforced Gen. Thomas on Saturday night. They made a forced march of twenty-five miles, through heavy roads, and managed to arrive three hours before the commencement of the fight, in which they took a glorious part, in

spite of their fatigue.

The tenor of all official dispatches goes to show that the affair resulted in the most brilliant No prominent officers are said to be killed or

Gen. Schoepff was unable to cut off the re treat of the enemy, owing to the bluffy character of the country and the obstruction of all the roads by felled trees.

Louisville, January 21.—There is no news from Gen. Thomas to-day. No details of the Federal loss have yet been received... General Thomas has taken the steamer and nine barges in which the rebels conveyed their forces across the Cumberland, and which, in their precipitate flight, they failed to destroy. The theory at headquarters is, that using that boat to convey his troops across the river, Southward, and providing other means of transportation, General Thomas has been too busy to send the details of the recent fight.

## Capple of the vo

Missouri. An official report from Major General Halleck has been received, which says that Major Hubbard's cavalry attacked a rebel force of 900 men at Silver Creek, in Howard County, under Col. Poindexter, on the 18th inst., and routed them. The enemy's loss was 40 killed and 60 wounded.
Our loss was 6 killed and 19 wounded. We captured 160 horses, 60 wagens, 105 tents, 80 kegs

f powder, and 28 prisoners. BOLLA, January 18.—The indications are that all the troops at this point will move Westward, except one or two regiments to guard the post. The enemy's pickets extend fourteen miles from Springfield, and Price's force is estimated at

Sr. Louis, January 20.—John B. Henderson, Douglas Democrat, a member of the State Convention, and an uncompromising Union man, and Brigadier General in the State service, has been appointed by Lieut. Gov. Hall to fill Trusten Polk's seat in the U.S. Senate.

ROLLA, January 17.—The brigade which has left here for the West within the last three days, is composed of the 35th and 36th Illinois, and the 25th and 44th Missouri, and Bachoff's and Hoffman's batteries, under command of Gen. Osterhaus. Another brigade, under Gen. Sigel, will probably leave in a day or two and Gen. Sigel will doubtless assume command of the en-tire division at the proper time.

### Washington.

January 16 .- On Tuesday, the rebel batteries on the Potomac fired twenty-six shots at an oyster pungy, but did not hit it. Yesterday a fleet of similar vessels ran the blockade without being greeted with such salutes, and arrived safely at Washington.

Gen. Cameron, in replying to the resolution of the Senate, calling for information relative to army contracts and payment of troops, says: "I take occasion to state that I myself have not made a single contract for any purpose whatever, having always interpreted the laws of ongress as contemplating that the heads of Bureaus, who are experienced and able officers of

The Committee on the Conduct of the War, have resolved to advise the immediate passage of bill to punish with death any person who commits a fraud upon the Government, whereby a soldier is bodily injured, as for instance in the sale of unsound provisions. Also, to punish with imprisonment and confiscation of all property and Government dues, all contractors who in any way defraud the Government in the quality of goods sold, or services pretended to be renlered to the Government

The Government Contract Investigating Committee are now engaged upon the subject of al-leged frauds in this vicinity. They discover that the same horses have been twice sold to the Govrument. Superintendents and inspectors are bribed to certify to horses, sometimes selling them to private individuals; that the enormous amounts paid by the War Department for transportation, induce strong competition among railroad companies, so that many Colonels in the West, moving their regiments East, have received each from \$1,500, to \$2,000 bonus; that some suders are making \$3,000 profits per month; that nearly all the sutters South of the Potomac sell liquor with the knowledge of the officers; that it is smuggled in boxes marked "Government and Capital stores," or packed in barrels and marked "Beef."

Sharpe's rifles have been ordered for the Sharphooters, at Col. Berdan's request. The Commissioner of Patents has issued a cirular, in which he says: the cultivation of cotton in the free States is beginning to attract gen-

So far, about one thousand prisoners on each side have been exchanged, nearly five hundred of whom were connected with the army of the Potomac. The system of exchanges, inaugurated by our Government, is fully reciprocated by the rebel authorities.

Jan. 17 .- The fortification bill which passed the House to-day appropriates an aggregate o

Gen. McClellan has continued to improve in ealth. His interview with the Committee on the Conduct of the War, yesterday, was mu-tually satisfactory. Without entering into any details of his plans, he convinced the Committee that the result which all desire—the suppression of the rebellion and the end of the war, will be ttained with certainty, and even with more dispatch than the most sanguine were inclined to

The Committee on a Proposed National Armory Vest of the Alleghenies has met a sufficient number of times to learn that its members disagree so thoroughly, that it will be impossible to secure a majority in favor of any place. Probably the Committee will recommend that three Commissioners be appointed by the President to secure and the commissioners of the president to secure the commissioners of the commissioners.

Jan. 18 .- An order has just been issued from the army headquarters containing the following instructions relative to furloughs: The exigencies of the service demand that every officer and meeting of Parliament. oldier of the army, able to do duty, should be

Gen. Cameron will remain in Washington, som lays, and visit his home before departing for Mrs. Greenhow, who, for the last five months

as been under surveillance in her own house was, together with Mrs. Baxter, who recently arrived from Richmond with a military commission for Dr. Brown, of Baltimore, to-day, removed to the old Capitol building. Miss Poole, who had been their companion, took her parole, and will probably soon be sent to Richmond under a flag

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs have for several weeks past been engaged in the ex-amination of the thirteen hundred or fourteen amination of the turreen nundred or fourteen hundred army appointments, of all grades, made by the President during the recess, and which have been submitted by him for confirmation. Early this week, that body will consider, in executive session, such of them as have received the favorable action of the Committee. The number of Brigadier-Generals is nearly seventy, including the recent appointment of N. J. T. Dane, of Minnesota, and James Shields, of California. All the Brigadier-Generals will now be recommended for confirmation, with the excepion of twelve or fourteen, and these will be reserved for further consideration by the Com-mittee. It is believed that good habits and morals, as much as competency and bravery, have not been overlooked in the examination of all the appointments. In some cases of doubt the Committee have been voluntarily supplied with documents in order to aid them in coming

to a favorable conclusion. Jan. 20.-The Hon. Mr. Stanton, Secretary of

ment.

It is reported that Secretary Chase will soon commence the issue of small Treasury notes,

LATEST .- Ex-President Tyler died at Richmond on Friday night, after a very brief illness. WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 18. - A letter received here from a reliable source at Newburn, dated 17th, says that forty-three Federal vessels are at

From the South.

Hatteras.
An official dispatch received at Wilmington or the 19th, from Goldsboro' on the 16th, says that 34 small steamers and 16 sail vessels were inside, and 7 large steamers outside, of Hatteras. More are reported in Pamlico Sound. The above may be relied on, as it comes from an officer in Hyde

County.

A law was recently passed by Congress prohibiting the publication of war news in the newspapers.

## Mason and Slidell

Arrived at St. George's, Bermuda, on the 9th inst., on board the British steamer Gladiator, which subsequently conveyed them to St. Thomas, where they were to take the mail steamer for

### Fort Pickens.

The Confederate batteries at Pensacola having repeatedly fired at our small vessels, Fort Pickens opened on the Confederate steamer Times, which was landing stores at the Navy Yard, on the 1st of January. The rebel batteries responded, and the firing was continued till evening, Fort Pickens firing the last shot. The rebel guns were well aimed, and the most of their shells burst inside the Fort. Only one man was wounded, however. One of our shots made a large breach in Fort Barancas. In the evening our firing set Warrington on fire. The conflagration continued until night, and the place was still burning on the evening of the 2d, when the Rhode Island left. The fire was seen at a distance of thirty-

The Ohio Banks. CLEVELAND, January 16 .- The Legislature of Ohio passed an act to day authorizing the sus-pension of specie payment by the banks of the

One of the conditions of the Bank Suspension Law is, that the banks shall resume in fifteen days after the New-York banks do.

### Affairs in Kansas.

LEAVENWORTH, January 16.—Intelligence has been received here that four thousand Union Indians, in Cherokee county, were attacked on the 6th by a superior force of Texans. The Indians were compelled to retreat. They are now in Kansas.

Brigadier General Denver left to-day for Western Virginia.

A continual guerilla warfare is carried on in Johnson County, Missouri, routing bands of rebels and detachments of Jamison's command. A quantity of Government stock has been recovered, and other property confiscated. On the 5th, near Columbus, Johnson County, the Fed-eral troops were fired on from ambush, and five

### From the Far South.

The gunboats Louis, New London, and Water Witch, left Ship Island on the 31st of December, for Biloxi. The result was not learned, but as the Rhode Island was leaving, the New London was seen returning with three schooners in tow. The schooner Venus was captured off Gulveston by the Rhode Island. She was bound from Port Isabel, for Franklin, La., with a cargo of tin, copper, lead, and wood, valued at \$10,000. She was sent to Ship Island.

### Importation of Arms and War Material.

The steam ship Saxonia, which arrived at New-York from Hamburg, a few days since, had on board, for the Government, two batteries of field artillery, comprising sixteen pieces, and about one thousand four hundred packages of war mathe regular army, shall make all contracts for supplies for the branches of the service under terial, including twenty-five thousand stand of arm. A quantity of saltnetre was also on board. The Hamburg line of steamers has, within a few weeks, brought large shipments of saltpeter and other war material to this port, consigned to Government. On her last trip, the Saxonia did not touch at Southampton, for fear, it is said, of meeting with some difficulty with the British Government on account of this shipment to America.

#### British Troops in Maine. PORTLAND, January 11 .- The steamer Hiber

mian, with British troops, will come here first to land its mails and passengers, and then go to St. Johns. Secretary Seward has telegraphed pernission to land her troops to be conveyed to Canada or elsewhere. From Fortress Monroe. The Minnesota, to-day, took down her top mast

### and spars, and will, it is said, proceed to Elizabeth river, to-night, with the frigate Cumber-The Pensacola is also lying here, and every

vidence of active naval operations are apparent

Information has been received that the rebels

have abandoned Roanoke Island, in Pamlico The Rebel Riot in Baltimore. The Baltimore Patriot states that during the

three days' reign of secesh, in April last, the nice little sum of \$98,000 of the people's money mysteriously disappeared. Some strange devel opments have just come to light on the subject which in all probability would never have bee known had the secessionists succeeded in holding the reins of the municipal government.

### Aews. Foreign

Late arrivals from Europe bring tidings of a ar better state of feeling, both in England and France, toward our country. The news of the surrender of Mason and Slidell, had not yet reached England, but the ebullition of the war spirit had subsided; a strong feeling had shown itself, among the substantial masses, opposed to war; and the quiet tone of leading American journals had inspired hope. Public stocks, which had fallen off four per cent., had risen to former quotation. The price of cotton, which had fallen under a prospect of a raising of the blockade by the war, had advanced; and grain, which had risen under the expectation that a war would prevent imports, had declined. Next week we look for a response to the news on the Trent affair, and for an account of the

## Commercial

Pittsburgh Market. WEDNESDAY, January 21, 1861. ASHES—Soda Ash, 3@33/c.; Pots, 4@41/c.; Pearl/c. The stock in first hands is ample for all ordinar

51/c. The stock in first hands is ample for all ordinary purposes.

APPLES—\$2.50@2.75 % bbl.

BBANS—Prime White, \$1.25 per bushel.

BUOK-WHEAT FLOUR—\$1.50 % 100 bs.

RROOMS—Common, \$1.50; fancy, 2.00@2.50.

BUTIER—Choice Roll, 18@14c. % b.

CORN—45c. % bushel.

CRANBERRIES—\$600 % bbl.

CHESES—Western Reserve, 61/207c. Hamburg, 71/2c.

DRIED PEACHES—New crop, \$3.00 % bushel.

DRESSED HOGS—31/203/4 % b.

EGGS—10c. per dozen.

FEATHERS—Prime Western, 371/2c. % b.

FLOUR—Extra, \$4.60; Extra Family, \$5.00@5.15; Fancy, \$5.60@5.75.

GROCERIES—Coffee: Good Rio, 20@21c. Sugar, 91/2c. Rice, \$1/200c. Molasses, 50c.

HAY—\$9.00/2150 % ton, at scales.

HIDES AND BEATHER—Green beef hides, 6@61/2c.; green salted hides. 51/206c; dry flint, 12c. Rough country leather is quoted as fol-

HIDES AND MATHER—Green beef hides, 64634c; grees salted hides. 54,66c; dry hint, 12c. Bough countries there is dull at 20,622c. Dressed leather is quoted as follows; Red Spanish Sole B. b., 21,624c. Slaughter Sole \$1,000,000; S24,628; Bridle Leathe \$1,000,000; 440,646; Skirting Leather \$1,000,000; Harnes March 19,000,000; Harnes March 19,000,000; Harnes March 19,000,000; Harnes March 19,000; Harnes March 4@26. BALT—No. 1, \$1.30@1.75. SEEDS—Clover, \$3.75@4.00. Timothy, \$2.00. Flan 51.00. STEARINE—91/@91/2c. B b. TALLOW—Rough, 5c.; Country rendered, 6c.

## Married.

M'Connellaville, Ohio, November 21st, Mr. DAVID DAVIS, of Noble County, Ohio, to Miss Harrier M. Lightfler, of Morgan County. December 19th, at the residence of the bride's father, near M'Connellaville, Mr. M. M. Huff to Miss Mague Brown. December 25th, at the residence of R. A. Pinkerton, Esq., M'Connellaville, Mr. Grones W. Bran to Miss Mark E. Buchanan. December 26th, at the residence of Mr. Jenkins, near M'Connellaville, Mr. C. P. Lindinger to Miss Isanella Greef. January 1st, at the residence of the bride's inther, near Rheinersville, Ohio, Mr. Jount T. Parersson, of the vicinity of M'Connellaville, to Miss Elizabeth E. Bella.

In Mattoon, Illinois, on New Year's Eve, in the church, by Rev. D. F. McFarland, Joseph W. Brady, Esq., to Miss Cya-tea A. Vargant. On the 18th uit. Tromas P. C. Lame, Esq., to Miss Helen Marr Rose, all of Mattoon.

By Rev. D. W. Townsend, December 31st, Mr. Edward R. Pirroz, Hiram, Portage County, Ohio, to Miss Mary E. M'Gahan, all of Allegheny County, Pa. On the 14th inst., at the Presbyterian Parsonage, in Martinsville, Ohio, by Rev. James D. Fitzgerald, Mr. A. D. New-LAND to Miss Cassandre Wells.

On the 7th inst., at the manse of Short Creek, by Rev. R. Armstrong, assisted by Rev. W. R. Vincent, Mr. TROMAS BRATTEN to Miss SARAE TAGGARY, both of Wheeling Valley, On January 8th, at Rehoboth Parsonage, by Rev. J. R. Hughes, Mr. James P. Cope to Miss Adaline Murphy, all of Fayette County, Pa.

Near West Newton, Pa., on the 9th inst., by Rev. A. O. Patterson, D.D., Mr. John Guffy, of Guffy's Station, to Miss Barbaretta, eldest daughter of Mr. Paul Hough.

## Obitnary.

[ANNOUNCEMENTS, GRATIS; ADDITIONAL REMARKS, FIVE DIED—In Brush Valley Township, Indiana County, Pa., November 27th, 1861, of diptherla, MARY REBECCA, only daughter of Wm. M. and Eleanor Findley, aged 9 years, 3 months, and 22 days.

DIED—January 4th, of pulmonary consumption, Mis MYRA JANE, daughter of Mr. William Weston, Ruling Elder in Long Run Presbyterian church, aged 18 years and DIED—December 28th, 1861, at the residence of his grand-father, William M'Clain, Esq., near Claysville, Pa., Mr. WILLIAM M. HERRIOTT, in the 20th year of his age. Christ was precious to him.

DIED—December 17, 1861, SARAH M., aged 12 years, 2 months, and 5 days; December 28th, HANNAH C. BRYAN, aged 14 years, 10 months, and 3 days; daughters of N. and H. Bryan, of Rural Valley, Armstrong County, Pa.; both of diptheria.

DIED—At his residence, in Finleyville, Pa., June 21st, 1861, Mr. LEVI FINLEY, aged 65 years.

The disease which terminated his life had been progressing for years, though the last months of his life had been attended with much suffering, which he bore with great fortitude and patience. In deep humility and steadfast faith, he calmly rested upon the promises of the Gospel and the cove nant of grace, awaiting the call of his Divine Master, and

thus fell asleep and departed in peace. DIED—November 11th, near West Alexander, after a short illness, Mrs. ELIZA M. WILSON, aged 36 years.

In her fourteenth year she united with the church of Pigeon Creek, then under the pastoral care of Rev. Mr. Graham, and from that early age until her death she maintaine

consistent Christian profession. In her sixteenth year she was married to Mr. Matthew Wilson. Six years afterwards she was left a widow. She was one who had seen affliction. She suffered much both in body and mind, but bore her trials with great fortitude. Her intellect was remarkably bright and vigorous, and well cultivated. She was an affectionate wife, a dutiful daughter, and a devoted friend; while her cheerful and obliging disposition made her a delightful companion. Many friends and relatives miss her and mourn her loss.

Her last illness was brief and painful, but she was enabled to suffer patiently, and in peace and in striumph she passed away to a better life above, there to units with her husband in praising redeeming love. Her pastor writes: "The life of Mrs. Wilson was that of an humble, consistent Christian. Her illness was short—she had no expectation or desire to recover. Her trust was in Jesus, and calmly she fell asleep."

DIED—October 9th, 1861, at her residence, near Mansfield, Allegheny County, Mrs. M. WOODS, wife of Stephen Woods, Esq., in the 68th year of her age.

The subject of this notice was for some years prior to her death, in a great measure confined to her chamber, by reason of affliction, and thereby had opportunity given her to experience and manifest the sustaining power of the Christian religion in seasons of trial. Though her last illness was comparatively brief, we fondly hope she was prepared for her shange when it came, and that it was a happy one to her. To the writer, some two weeks before she was called away, she stated that she believed her end was near, and that she was not afraid to die, for Jesus was precious to her soul; and that her only hope was in him, who was all her salvation and desire. Her sufferings she bore without murmuring or repining to the end, which was serene and tranquil. Death to the child of God is but the way through which he passes to his home—our Father's house on high—so that it is the privilege of surviving friends and relatives to think of beloved departed ones, though we see them not, as still living. Thus would we have the aged partner of our deceased mother, and think of her, if her body sleeps in Jesus, her immortal soul is with him. "I am the resurrection and the life; whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die." What comfort How doth it assuage our grief, lessen our sorrow, and dry ou tears! Though parted, it is but for a little season : if friend in Christ, a happy retinion awaits us. Till then we say,

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REV. H. WEBBER,

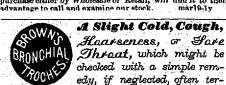
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NEW CARPETS, OFL CLOTES, &O.

MECATELUMES. No. 87 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh. ought previous to the late advance in prices, of which the

FOR CASH.

War, entered upon his duties to-day. A large number of army officers, in full uniform, paid their respects to him.

Jan. 20.—The new Secretary of War asks for the appointment of two more Assistant Secretaries, in order to dispatch the heavy business of the War Department.

By Rev. W. Morris Grimes, at the "Marquart House," Mr. 60 Smithfield Street, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Heady-Made Coffins, Metallic Cases, Shrouds, Co., of the latest styles. Personal services in all cases when reconstruction, and relieve the friends of the, many unpleasant duties in the residence of the heavy business of the Made Rooms. December 25th, at the residence of Ready-Made Coffins, Macallic Cases, Shrouds, Co., of the latest styles. Personal services in all cases when required, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfication, and relieve the friends of the, many unpleasant duties necessarily connected with the preparations for buriel, at Miss Macquis Rnown. December 25th, at the residence of Ready-Made Coffins, Metallic Cases, Shrouds, Co., of the latest styles. Personal services in all cases when required, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfication, and relieve the friends of the, many unpleasant duties necessarily connected with the preparations for buriel, at Miss Macquis Rnown. December 25th, at the residence of Ready-Made Coffins, Metallic Cases, Shrouds, Co., of the latest styles. Personal services in all cases when required, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfied too, and relieve the friends of the, many unpleasant duties.

Miss Macquis Rnown. December 25th, at the residence of Ready-Made Coffins, Metallic Cases, Shrouds, Co., of the latest pleas. Propage and the control of the preparations for buriel, at the residence of Ready-Made Coffins, Metallic Cases, Shrouds, Co., of the latest pleas, Propage and County o H. SAMSON, FURNISHING UNDERTAKES,

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