

Presbyterian Banner, WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, Published at PITTSBURGH, PA., BY DAVID M'KINNEY & CO.

THIS IS A LARGE RELIGIOUS NEWSPAPER, PRINTED ON EXCELLENT PAPER, AND IN SUPERIOR STYLE.

Editorials on all the leading topics of the day, both Religious and Secular. All the various subjects that present themselves for consideration, and that are worthy of the attention of intelligent Christians, are discussed from the Christian standpoint, and in the comprehensive spirit of Christian charity and enlarged benevolence.

From the beginning of our present National troubles, this paper, while allying itself with no political party, has taken high and fearless ground in favor of the Constitution and the regularly ordained Government, and of the preservation of the integrity of the Union. Its utterances have been firm and decided, and they will continue to be made until the spirit of rebellion has been entirely quashed, and our Government once more firmly established.

European Correspondence is unequalled by any other American journal, in breadth of view, reliability, and general usefulness. It is a complete history of the progress of affairs in Europe, that is invaluable.

THE EASTERN SUMMARY gives a complete view of business, opinion, religious concerns, and matters and things in general, in NEW-ENGLAND, NEW-YORK, AND PHILADELPHIA.

This is a feature found in no other religious newspaper, and makes the Banner a most valuable repository for information concerning those places, to all readers.

Among our CONTRIBUTORS are some of the best newspaper writers in the Church.

Occasional Correspondents in all parts of the land.

PERSONAL: the most interesting incidents connected with individuals of note, whether dead or living, are published.

VARIETIES: are given the results of Science, Travel, Discovery, Statistical Information, &c., of most value to the public.

SELECTIONS: from books, magazines, and other newspapers, are given for the Christian, the parent, the man of literature and learning and for the children.

CHAINS OF THE GARDEN AND THE PAIN: forgotten; but much of the information needed for both is regularly presented.

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Foreign News.

The Elva, at New-York, brings Liverpool dates to the 18th inst.

Three English vessels of war were ready to sail for Mexico, but had been detained owing to stormy weather.

It is reported that the United States steamer James Adger, now at Southampton, will leave for the Mediterranean, to look after privateers.

The speech of Mr. Adams, at the Lord Mayor's banquet, has attracted considerable attention.

The London Morning Post says that the speech was marked by the most friendly statements respecting the good feelings of the American Government and people toward England.

The London Times is characteristically sarcastic, but at the same time complimentary to Mr. Adams.

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General News.

Message of Jeff. Davis. The Message of Jeff. Davis to the Rebel Congress, now in session at Richmond, Va., corresponds with former emanations from the same source; only that it is somewhat less powerful.

The course, and hatred of the South toward the North, he tries to keep up in this wise: Our people now look with contemptuous astonishment on those with whom they had been so recently associated.

There are no indications of a revival of field operations, in this district.

North Carolina. The people of this State entered into secession measures with great reluctance, and would probably return that in a majority of them, to their rights of humanity, if only they were not so divided.

Such falsehoods have an effect for a time; and with many people they have a lasting effect. But oftentimes they recoil upon the cause they are put forth to sustain.

Western Virginia. There are no indications of a revival of field operations, in this district.

Gov. Pierpont, who is becoming very popular, has organized, and part of them in the field some ten regiments of bona fide Western Virginians, ready and willing to fight the last extremity for the Union, and the last day.

These forces may be able to keep many marauders; and even to lead some said, South and West.

Fight at Fort Pickens. From rebel forces we learn that a battle commenced at Fort Pickens, on Saturday, the 23d. The Navy had been on fire three times, by shot from the Fort, and Warrington had been burned.

Two of the regiments, the Virginia and Colorado, had engaged Fort Mifflin, and been obliged to withdraw, considerably damaged. But few particulars are given.

What may come of all this it is not easy to tell. It is a following of the example of Western Virginia; and the influence and power may spread, all over the State territory and a majority of the people will be absorbed in it.

Further on in the article it says, "if we were to have a new election to-day for the Legislature and State officers, no one knows, amid the present discord, what state of things might turn up."

A Good Arrangement. The people take a deep interest in all the affairs of Government, and they have a right to a full knowledge, except where the publication will be derogatory to the general interest.

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Presbyterian Banner.

Departure of the 85th Regiment. UNIONTOWN, PA., Nov. 20, 1861. Dear Banner:—As this has been quite a notable day in our town, some public reference to it may not be amiss.

The regiment is commanded by Colonel John B. Huall, Esq., well known here as an able lawyer and gentleman of much urbanity and general excellence of character.

The Lieutenant-Colonel is Norton McGiffin, Esq., of Washington, who held the same position in the 12th Regiment of three months' volunteers, and who had also experience in the Mexican War.

The Major is Major Guiler, of this place, who likewise served creditably in the Mexican war. The chaplain is Rev. John Pierce, of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The names of the Captains are as follows: Vankirk, Zollers, Horn, and Purviance, from Washington County; Morris, from Green; Traudell, from Somerset; and Wilkinson, Lundington, Abrams, and Weltner, from Fayette.

The regiment is, to a large extent, made up of excellent material—the thrifty yeomanry of the Countryside just named. With very few exceptions, the men conducted themselves with much order and discipline in their departure, this morning, they were followed by the best wishes and prayers of the community in general.

It will interest the Christian public to know that there is in this regiment a very fair leaven of the religious element. Among other churches our own is well represented, there being at least ten leading Elders, and a score or more of members, besides a still greater number of adherents.

The situation of the Christian, however, in such circumstances, is a great trial of his faith, and there should be no lack of prayer and effort for their spiritual good. In the present war, it is not the duty of the Christian to be a mere spectator.

It is gratifying to hear, however, that Christian ministers and churches are now generally awaking to the apprehension of the truth. In the case of the regiment which has just left here, considerable attention has been paid to their religious wants. The men have been supplied with Testaments and other religious reading to some extent.

More will yet have to be done so as to supply them from time to time with something fresh. Bulkless volumes are out of the questions, as they cannot be carried. The chief dependence must be on the newspapers, frequently distributed. There are some good papers in the hands of the Christians in the regiment, and it is to be hoped that they will be able to do the work of distribution, if enabled to do so by the contributions of those at home.

Are there not warm-hearted Christians in the various churches from which these young men have gone out, who would like to do something for their spiritual good and that of their companions? I did not intend, however, to make any appeal in their behalf, but merely to call attention to the subject.

One suggestion, however, I will make before closing. The religious newspaper that has been read at home, is sought for by the volunteers with great avidity; nay, they are anxious to secure it, though they neglected it at home, they long for it now. My suggestion then is, that this regiment be liberally supplied with the Banner by their friends and acquaintances at home. The thing can be very readily done. Let some earnest man in each congregation just gather up what he can in a few hours and send it to the Banner office, with a request that it be used in sending the Banner to the 85th Regiment P. R. C., and the object will be effected. A package is to go from the Banner office every week, and the more free-will offerings that are sent in, the larger the package will be.

That," says Macaulay, which chiefly distinguished the army of Cromwell from other armies, was the austere morality and the fear of God which pervaded all ranks. It is acknowledged by the most zealous Royalists, that in that singular camp no oath was heard, no drunkenness or gambling was seen, and that, during the long and peaceable citizen and the honor of woman were held sacred.

"Fifty thousand men accustomed to the profession of arms, were at once thrown on the world; and experience seemed to warrant the belief that this change would produce much misery and crime—that the discipline of the army would be seen begging in every street, or would be driven by the sword of pillage. But no such result followed. In a few months there remained not a trace indicating that the most formidable army in the world had just been absorbed into the mass of the community. The Royalists believed that the army, in every department of honest industry, the laborer and warrior prospered beyond their former state; that none was charged with any theft or robbery; that none was heard to ask an alms; and that, if a baker, a mason, or a wagoner attracted notice by his diligence and sobriety, he was, in all probability, one of Oliver Cromwell's soldiers."

There are still many speculations about a movement of the army. The Grand Review has been interpreted as indicative of this. It is stated that the dissections between President Davis and Beauregard have culminated in the success of the latter, who is to take Washington and proceed to Baltimore to take up Winter quarters, and hence warm work may soon be expected.

We still hold to our opinion that there will be no great battle at either Washington or Manassas. Neither army will assail the lines of the other. There may be a battle fought on this: General McClellan may advance his line, with a view to cut off Beauregard's communications with Richmond and the South. This would force the latter to either retreat or to be driven by supplies. He would be obliged to come out from his fortifications. This necessity McClellan could enforce at any time; but we believe his policy is, not to drive the rebels away, but to keep them in Virginia, while he sends expeditions to assail the South. When he does make a move, it is likely to be either in the way just indicated, or by the Rappahannock and Potomac, upon Aquia Creek and Fredericksburg.

November 23rd. The negotiation of the new loan on Friday last, was a very important one. The credit of the disbursing officers in Boston, New-York, and Philadelphia, the sum of \$5,000,000, was loaned to contractors and other Government creditors.

In the course of this week probably the Treasury Department will take definite action with regard to the currency and regulations to be established at Fort Riley.

The rebel Congress met at Richmond on the 18th inst., but without a quorum. It is reported through an arrival from Hatteras Inlet, that Beauregard is to leave for the South, and to be followed by the batteries and some home—probably fearing a visitation from some of the vessels of the National fleet.

Nearly all the members of the Cabinet have been absent for some days, being in the hands of the rebel forces. The only one who is reported to be in the hands of the rebels is Secretary of State Seward.

The War Department is now receiving muskets, rifles and equipments in abundance by every steamer. The supply is fully equal to the immediate demands of the army.

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Presbyterian Banner.

Rev. Alexander T. McGill, D. D., professor in Princeton Theological Seminary, by urgent request, repeated the discourse lately delivered by him before the Pennsylvania Colonization Society, on last Sabbath evening, in the Union Methodist Episcopal church, Fourth Street near the river. The discourse is very highly spoken of by those who heard it.

Rev. Alexander T. McGill, D. D., professor in Princeton Theological Seminary, by urgent request, repeated the discourse lately delivered by him before the Pennsylvania Colonization Society, on last Sabbath evening, in the Union Methodist Episcopal church, Fourth Street near the river.

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