cere and deep sympathy we feel for them in the loss they have sustained; and we do this the more in view of having since learned that the eldest son of that family has also been removed by death. We commend them affectionately to the care and blessing of a covenant God, who, though as a father he chastiseth, yet also *pitieth* his children, and hath said "he will never leave nor forsake them."

Oakland College.

At a recent joint meeting of the Boards of Directors and Trustees of Oakland College, it was unanimously resolved to raise *two hundred thousand dollars*, in addition to the present endowment fund, for the purpose of endowing three additional professorships. A subscription paper was drawn up, and one professorship was subscribed on the ground by the Trustees. It was also resolved to sell the lands around the College, in lots of from one to ten acres, to such persons as might desire to remove to that place to educate their children. This scheme, if carried out, will create a pleasant society of refined and pious people around the College, and remove one of the objections which has sometimes been urged against the College, that it is too far removed from the refining influences of a pleasant and polished society. The society around it is very good, as far as it goes, but it dont go far enough.—*Presbyterian Herald.*

Presbyterianism in Western Cities.

In Cincinnati there is, just now, but a single Old School Presbyterian pastor, Dr. S. R. Wilson. In St. Louis, two pastors of the largest Presbyterian churches—Rev. J. H. Brooks, and Rev. S. B. McPheeters—are laid aside for a season from preaching, owing to feeble health. The First church, Indianapolis, is without a pastor. Few men have health and strength sufficient to meet the demands of a large city church, for a series of years, without breaking down. The labors of the pulpit are but a small portion of the work. City pastors are sometimes regarded with feelings approaching toward envy by their country brethren. Our impression is, that if they would exchange places with them for a year or two, in most cases they would hasten back to their quiet country homes with more pleasure than they came. The country is the place to acquire strength, and the city the place to expend it.—*Presbyterian Herald.*

VARIETIES.

The Great Public Libraries of Europe.—The British Museum Library is said to be in a flourishing condition; the annual appropriation of $50,000 for purchase of books is continued, and it is difficult to find room for the students who daily assemble in the Library. A distinct reading room has been appropriated for usual visitors and general readers, apart from one devoted to students and men of science. In the fine art department there are said to be two million five hundred thousand separate engravings. The French Imperial Library is in gradual process of reorganization. The Russian Imperial Library consists of nine hundred thousand volumes of printed books and manuscripts, a larger number than the British Museum, and second only to the Paris Library. The Library is open until 9 o'clock at night. Last year the readers amounted to forty thousand.

A Curious Old Cannon.—The cannon with which the Brockport, N. Y. people intend to fire the 4th of July salute, is thus described by the *Republic:*

"It was cast at a government arsenal of Prussia, at Berlin, and was taken from the Prussians by the English, during a battle in the year 1778; was subsequently taken from the English by the Americans during the war of 1812. It is ten and a half feet long, has a four and a half inch bore, carries a twelve pound ball, and requires two and a half pounds of powder to charge it to its proper capacity. The gun weighs over two thousand pounds, aside from the carriage, which weigs as much more. It was purchased at the New-York State Arsenal at Batavia. The price paid for it was $300."

Progress and Population of San Francisco.—The San Francisco *Bulletin* of the 5th inst. says, in regard to a Directory canvass of the inhabitants of that city, now in progress and nearly finished, that the sections thus far canvassed, as compared with the same divisions last year, exhibits no longer any doubt that the population of San Francisco will be found to amount to fully one hundred thousand souls. It is also found that the proportion of women and children and of families, has largely increased. There are four or five times as many buildings in process of construction now as there were when the city was canvassed in January last year.

The Japanese have discovered that a few seconds previous to an earthquake, the magnet temporarily losses its power, and have ingeniously constructed a light frame supporting a horse-shoe magnet, beneath which is a cup of bell metal. To the magnet is attached a weight, so that upon the magnet becoming paralized, the weight drops, and striking the cup, gives the alarm. Every one in the house then seeks the open air for safety.

Advantage of a Taste for Science.—A mind which has a taste for scientific inquiry, and has learned the habit of applying its principles readily to the cases which occur, has within itself an inexhaustible source of pure and exciting contemplations. One would think that Shakespeare had such a mind in view when he describes a contemplative man as finding—

"Tongues in trees, books in running brooks,
Sermons in stones, and good in everything."

Accustomed to trace the operations of general causes and the exemplification of general laws, in circumstances where the uniformed and uninquiring eye, perceives neither novelty nor beauty, he walks in the midst of wonders; every object which falls in his way elucidates some principle, affords some instruction and impresses him with a sense of harmony and order. Nor is it a mere passive pleasure which is thus communicated. A thousand questions are continually arising in his mind, a thousand objects of inquiry presenting themselves, which keep his faculties in constant exercise and his thoughts perpetually on the wing, so that lassitude is excluded from his life, and that craving after artificial excitement and dissipation of the mind which leads so many into frivolous, unworthy and destructive pursuits, is altogether eradicated from his bosom.—*Sir John Herschell.*

Affairs in Japan.—While the illustrious guests from the realms of the Tycoon are enjoying or suffering the attention of our people, an irrepressible conflict is waging from Nagasaki to Jeddo, in which the power of the State is threatened by an insurrection. By the last advices from that country we are informed that the feeling against foreigners is becoming more deeply rooted, and as the present rulers are in favor of intercourse with outside "barbarians," they have made themselves the targets at which the shafts of the disaffected are aimed. The attempted assassination of Prince Gotairo had its rise in this jealousy, and we now hear that a battle had taken place near Jeddo, although this probability refers to the riot in which one of the princes was killed.

The powerful political influence that is thus brought to bear against the conditions of the late treaty may have a decided effect in opposing the further advance of our contemplated trade with Japan, and result in evil to the embassy upon their return to their homes. It may also be found necessary to send a naval force thither to protect any of our citizens that have been or may be induced to venture upon a residence in that country. But we hope that the rumors are exaggerated, and that no serious disturbances will occur.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

PERSONAL.

The Benton Statue.—An appropriation of $2,500 was made by the Legislature of Missouri about the commencement of this year, for the erection of a bronze statue to the memory of the late Col. Thomas H. Benton, provided that $7,500 could be raised by private subscription—making the whole amount $10,000—which would insure the erection of a statue in a style becoming the memory of a man who is revered by the mass of the people of Missouri. The appropriation of the Legislature meets with general approval.

Large Bequest.—Wm. Enston, formerly a journey man chairmaker in Philadelphia, but for many years a resident of Charleston, S. C., died suddenly recently, leaving an estate valued at $2,000,000. Being childless, he has left his wife a life interest in the estate, and one or two annuities to relatives. Upon the death of these parties the entire estate, excepting about $30,000, reverts to the city of Charleston, in trust for charitable purposes.

Lieut. Henry A. Wise sails in the *Niagara* with the Japanese. He ranks as Master of Ordnance, and is charged to present valuable presents from the United States Government to the Government of Japan. He also has directions to instruct the Japanese officers in the art of gunning. Lieut. Wise is a son in-law of Edward Everett, and came near losing his life at the time Secretary Upshur was killed on the *Princeton*

The Utica *Observer* of the 16th says:

The venerable ex-President of the United States, Martin Van Buren, arrived in our city yesterday, and remained till this forenoon, when he departed for Oswego, we believe. The sage of Kinderhook is fully as vigorous in appearance as he was ten or fifteen years ago. His form is erect, his step firm, and his mind active and clear. During his short stay he was visited by a number of our leading citizens, whose attentions seemed highly agreeable to the recipient of them.

John Berry, who took a prominent part in the Canadian revolution of 1838, and was expatriated therefor, has just returned to Brockville, Canada, after an absence of twenty-two years. He had been sentenced to transportation for life, but was pardoned some three years ago.

William Smith O'Brien and his eldest son have returned to Dublin from a tour in Spain.

Judge Wright, late Chief Justice of Iowa, has been appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy existing in the Supreme Court of that State.

General Cass left Washington on Wednesday for Michigan, as it is understood, and is to be absent for a considerable time.

Hon. Lucius Q. C. Lamar, member of Congress from Mississippi, is about to retire from public service and accept the Professorship of Public Law in the University of his State.

Waldensian Movement.—A letter from Rev. Dr. Revel, the Moderator of the Waldensian Synod, to the editors of *The World,* announces that at an extraordinary meeting of the Waldensian Synod, it was unanimously resolved to remove their Theological Semitrary from La Tour, in their own country, to Florence. This movement indicates their confidence in the stability and liberality of the Sardinian Government, and their conviction that by the removal they can operate more effectively on Italy in the spread of the Gospel.

The Paris correspondent of the *Brussels Nord* mentions a report that Kossuth had arrived in Paris. He has taken no open part in public affairs since the peace of Villafranca, but no one supposes that he has been inactive. His attention has been mainly directed to the state of things in Hungary. His family are in Switzerland.

Mrs. Mason, wife of Rev. Dr. Mason, of the Burmah (India) Mission, is now in this country, urging upon Christian women, churches, and Missionary organizations, the want in Burmah of more "Bible readers," and the means to support them.

Gov. Willard, of Indiana, is quite low with cosumption, with scarcely a hope that he will long survive.

The Late S. G. Goodrich was the author and editor of about one hundred and seventy volumes—one hundred and sixteen bearing the name of Peter Parley. Of these, near seven millions of volumes have been sold, and their annual sale now reaches two hundred thousand.

The Number of American travellers journeying in Syria and Palestine this year is quite unparalleled. Nearly twenty left Beirout on the 9th of April, having completed the tour of the Holy Land, and there are said to be more than fifty in the interior.

The London *Spectator* announces that the Prince of Wales, the heir apparent to the British Throne, will be married to a Princess of Prussia.

A Sensible Man.—At a recent Sunday-School Convention, held at Worcester Mass., one of the speakers is reported as delivering himself thus:

"Rev. Mr. Quint, of Jamaica Plain, thought the first qualification of a Superintendent, after piety, was respectfulness to his minister. He claimed that he was the head of the Sabbath School, as well as of the church. He wanted Superintendents to remember that they were not supreme. *There is too much tendency to magnify the Sunday School, and make it a 'third estate,' and rather more important than the Church.* As the pastor, he looks after his Sunday School, its spiritual interests; and every pastor ought to do the same. Too many ministers receive the 'cold shoulder,' when they enter the Sunday School." Mr. Quint knows what he is talking about.

Rev. Mr. Northrop, the young American preacher invited by Mr. Spurgeon to fill his pulpit during his absence on the Continent, is a graduate of Amherst College, of the class of 1857.

General News.

Keystone Jar.

Messrs. Adams, Mackline & Co. advertise this Fruit Preserving Jar in another column. It is self-sealing, no cement being required, and on this account is worthy the attention of all housekeepers. Fruits put up in these jars last year are said to have kept perfectly.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

The acting Superintendent of the Eastern Division of this road, Mr. Bradley, issued orders to the conductors to give the employees of the road, together with their families, a free ride on the Fourth. The promotion of kindly feelings between the officers and employees is highly commendable. We may remark, in passing, that this road is now doing a large business, and that its prospects for the future are bright.

Passenger Railway in Allegheny City.

Last week Mayor Morrison, of Allegheny, informed the Directors of the Pittsburgh and Manchester Passenger Railway of his determination to stop the running of their cars through Allegheny on the Sabbath. The Mayor's note was of a very respectful, and also of a very firm character. We understand that the Directors have determined to cease running their cars on the Sabbath, at least for the present. The drivers on this road are now compelled to be on duty sixteen hours every day. Surely human cupidity should be satisfied with such labor as this for six days in the week, and allow the Sabbath for rest.

Reviews and Magazines.

MERCERSBURG REVIEW, for July, 1860, has the following articles: I. Goethe; A Dissertation by Dr. Rauch, edited by Prof. E. V. Gerhart, D. D., Lancaster Pa. II. Infant Salvation, by Rev. N. S. Strassburger, A. M., Pottstown, Pa. III. The Closing Chapters of the Book of Job. The Divine Sovereignty, by Prof. Taylor Lewis, LL. D., Schenectady, N. Y. IV. Dogmatic Theology. Its Conception, Sources, and Method, by Prof. Moses Kieffer, D. D., Tiffin, Ohio. V. Scientific Discovery in 1859, by Prof. E. H. Steiner, A. M., M. D., Baltimore, Md. VI. Recent Publications.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE, for June, is on our table. This number is unusually able and attractive. The articles entitled "The Schoolmaster at Home;" Scottish National Character;" "Universal Suffrage in Savoy and Nice;" and, "The Balance of Party;" are worthy of special notice. Republished by Leonard Scott & Co., New-York. Price, $3 per year. *Blackwood* and the four Reviews, $10 per year. A wise expenditure.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE, for July, 1860. This number has great variety in its selections, which are able and interesting. It is embellished with a beautiful steel engraved portrait of Lord Elgin, late Governor General of Canada, and now her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary and Ambassador Extraordinary to China.

Price, $5 per annum. Published by Wm. H. Bidwell, New-York.

Washington.

The Senate in executive session, rejected the Spanish treaty, on account of the old Amisted claim.

The Republican Senators thus refused to recognize negroes as property on a vessel on the ocean, holding that it is the creation of local law, and without such law cannot so much as get existence.

Steamboat Disasters.

According to the Louisville *Courier's* statistics, the list of disasters on the Western waters since the incoming of the present year has already assumed terrible proportions. During the time, only five months, upwards of one hundred lives have been lost, one million and a half dollars lost; three serious explosions occurred, forty-four boats have been snagged, seventeen burnt, five lost and injured by collision, twenty steamboats lost or crippled in storms, and one hundred and nineteen barges, coal-boats, and other flat-boats lost by storm. The number of serious accidents sums up to two hundred and twenty-one.

The Captured Africans.

The New-York *Journal of Commerce* states that two ships have been secured by the American Colonization Society, to convey the captured negroes at Key West to Liberia. One of them is the *Castilian,* 999 tons, Capt. Proctor, who sailed last Saturday, from that port, to receive the negroes on board; and the other is the *South Shore,* 941 tons, Capt. Lathrop, which will sail soon.

Dr. W. W. Young, of Washington City, and Dr. Webster Lindsly are engaged to accompany the expedition. The exact number of negroes at Key West is 1,350, and three vessels will be needed for their conveyance. The law specifies that but one passenger can be allowed every two tons of a ships burthen. Government pays for each of these vessels $10,000 or $12,000, and the Colonization Society gets $50 per head for transportation; the latter also being under obligations to supply clothing at Key West and on the African coast. Dr. Young states that the negroes will be landed at Cape Mount, in Liberia, and that the Society has stipulated that the ships shall leave the United States not later than the first of July. After discharging at Cape Mount, they return immediately, to avoid unnecessary exposure to the African climate.

ANOTHER.—Another vessel, the ship *Miramon,* of 903 tons burden, has been chartered for this service. These three vessels will be sufficient to accommodate the whole number of Africans now at Key West.

California.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., July 2.—The Butterfield Overland Mail coach from San Francisco, June 11th, and Vizalia, June 12th, passed here last night.

Since the Indians fled from beyond the reach of Col. Hay's volunteers, all apprehensions of further trouble from them in the Washoe Mines is over. The regular troops will be stationed near Pyramid Lake, and other places, where they can best protect the settlements. The company that went through on the pony express route, expect to obtain a sufficient force from the United States troops, now at Camp Floyd, in Utah, to keep the route free from danger after it is once cleared and the stations reestablished.

The weather has become warm and pleasant on the Eastern side of the mountains.

The miners are returning to work where fear of the Indians recently caused its abandonment.

The accounts from all claims on Corn-Stalk lead, continue as favorable as ever. Another arrival of one from the Opien lead essays $3,000 per ton on Walker's River, and in the Monroe Lake region.

The Indians are peaceable.

A stage was robbed by highwaymen, on the 9th, near Chicobutto County, of $15,000, in transit by express.

The news from the Sandwich Islands is to the 24th of May.

The schooner *Fan West,* from Jarvis Island and the Southern Pacific, reports more valuable guano discoveries.

Judge Terry's trial has been removed to Marion County, indicating his acquittal.

The news from Portland, Oregon, is to the 5th, one day after the election. The result was doubtful, but the probabilities were for Logan's election to Congress.

The Hayes' Arctic Expedition.

The committee appointed to raise funds in aid of the proposed Artic Expedition of Dr Isaac I. Hayes, have purchased the schooner *Spring Hill,* which is now undergoing the necessary alterations for the expedition, at East Boston. The *Spring Hill* is a fore and aft schooner, of one hundred and thirty-three tons burden, built at Provincetown three years ago, and was for a time employed in fishing.

Alterations are progressing with all possible dispatch, and it is confidently expected that the expedition, which is to sail from New-York direct for the Arctic regions, will leave about the 26th inst. The vessel will take in about fifty tons of coal, and the ordinary provisions and ship stores for a two years' voyage, with a year's supply of desicated meat. These provisions will be husbanded by shooting birds, foxes seals, and other animals, for food.

Her crew will consist of the following officers: Dr. Isaac I. Hayes, commander; Capt. McCormick, sailing master; Mr. W. H. Dodge, first officer; a second officer, surgeon, carpenter, artist, clerk, steward, cook, and six men.

At a meeting of the American Geographical Society, held in New-York on Tuesday, Dr. Hayes was present, and stated that the objects of the expedition were as follows:

1. That further exploration of the open Polar Sea, discovered by Dr. Kane, with a view of determining its limits and character, and thus settling more positively this vexed question.

2. To complete the survey of the Northern coasts of Greenland and Grinnell Land.

3d. To determine important questions relative to the magnetism, the meteorology, the natural history and the general physics of the unexplored region North of Smith Strait.

Dr. Hayes states that on leaving Boston he will proceed direct to the coast of Greenland, possibly touching at St. Johns. On arriving on the coast of Greenland, the expedition will stop at Upernavik, the most Northern outpost of civilization, and the last missionary station on the Greenland coast. Here they will procure dogs and furs. They will leave Upernavik about the 28th of July, and proceed Northward through the *Middle Ice,* and will reach Smith Strait about the middle of August. The remainder of the season, until the 10th of September, will be occupied in reaching a secure Winter harbor on the West coast of Smith Strait. In the Spring they will proceed Northward with the boats on sledges drawn by the Esquimaux dogs, the vessel being left in charge of one half the crew.

The exploring party will be in the field during the Summer season, and should Dr. Hayes be successful in accomplishing his purpose, he would return to the vessel before the close of the Summer, and in August will set sail for New-York. If, however, the explorations are continued into the second Winter, he will not be liberated from the ice until the following Autumn, prolonging his absence to two and a half years. Dr. Hayes will be accompanied by Mr. Sonntag, who was the astronomer of the Kane expedition.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills.

When the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Billious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved, beyond a doubt, that Dr. M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills,* manufactured by *Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa.* There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of

[4T] FLEMING BROS.

Foreign News.

The *Adriatic* arrived at New York, brings London dates to the 21st ult. The following is a summary of her news:

The Church Rates Abolition Bill has been thrown out of the House of Lords by a great majority. Twelve millions of pounds of French railway obligations will be introduced this month. The city of Paris intends making a new loan of £6,000,000. The Emperor returned to Paris on the 18th. The German Princes were unanimous at a preliminary conference on the questions referring to the relations with foreign powers. Napoleon repeated his peaceful assurances, at an interview with the Prince of Prussia, which were most cordial. He did not allude to the questions regarding the German policy, or to the Italian question. Switzerland protests against the cession of Northern Savoy to France. The concentration of the Piedmontese army in Ferrara was confirmed.

CONTINENTAL AFFAIRS.

LONDON, June 16.—The weekly paper, the *Press,* makes the following statement:

1st. That the great Powers have discovered a scheme on the part of Russia and France to give the Danubian Provinces to the Grand Duke of Leuchtenberg. The discovery of this secret arrangement had a great influence in occasioning the cold reception given to Prince Gortschakoff's proposal of an intervention in Turkey.

2dly. Prussia and Austria have refused to recognize the annexation of Tuscany to Sardinia. Prussia has escaped the obligation of a refusal, by asking Count Cavour not to announce the annexation officially.

3dly. That the Emperor Napoleon, it appears, is about to claim as a compensation due to France, in consideration of the new territory which the success of Garibaldi will add to the House of Savoy, that Genoa, the province of Nice, and the island of Sardinia should be annexed to France.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* writes as follows in relation to the conference at Baden, in which Louis Napoleon was to participate:

PARIS, Wednesday Evening.—You have probably already heard that the interview which is to take place at Baden on Saturday, between Napoleon III. and the Prince Regent of Prussia, is attributed to the mediation of the Dowager Empress of Russia. I have heard, on good authority, that the Emperor said to the Dowager Empress at Lyons, "Madame, tell your illustrious brother that I am his friend. I think Prussia ought to be at the head of a united Germany, and I am ready to do for Germany what I have done for Italy." These words, which I firmly believe were uttered, confirm what I told you on Saturday last, that the Emperor goes to Baden to tempt the Prince Regent to play the part of Victor Emmanuel. I should be criminally blind to everything which I see daily before my eyes if I were to suppress the fact proclaimed, not by the enemies, but by the friends of the Emperor, that he has a settled purpose to take not only the Rhine, but Belgium and Genoa.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says:

"The Prince of Prussia was by no means willing to agree to the interview proposed on the part of the Emperor of the French, and it was only when the Prince was assured that the Emperor wished to make a special communication to him, that he yielded."

ITALY, SAVOY, AND NICE.

The deputation from Nice, taking advantage of the celebration at Paris of the annexation of Savoy and Nice, desired a mass for those who fell last year for Italian independence.

The priest refused, upon the ground that the ecclesiastical ritual prohibits the celebration of mass for the dead during the octave of Corpus Christi, unless the body of the deceased person be actually chung in the building.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 6.—Sir Henry Bulwer has firmly pointed out to the Porte the necessity of repressing abuses, and said that upon such repression would depend the support of England. The Sultan has received these representations favorably, and has sent his portrait to the ambassador.

RUSSIA.

A letter in the *Times,* under date of June 5th, says: "Anybody who wishes to be well received at the Court of St. Petersburg, must not speak ill of the Emperor Napoleon. I cannot describe the joy felt among all classes, when it was known that the French Government was in accord with the Emperor Alexander on the Eastern question. The *Emperor Nicholas,* pierced for one hundred and thirty guns, and the giant of the Russian navy, was launched the other day. She is to carry steel rifled cannon.

Commercial.

Pittsburgh Market.

TUESDAY, July 3, 1860.

ASHES—Soda Ash, 3¾@4c.; Pots, 4¼@4½c.; Pearls, 6¼@6½c. The stock in first hands is ample for all ordinary purposes.

BACON—Shoulders, 8¼@8¾c.; Sides, 10a10¼c.; Plain Hams, 10¼a10½c.; Sugar Cured do., 12½c. ℔ lb.

BEANS—Small White, 65@70c.; and York State, 85a90c. per bushel.

BROOMS—Common, $2.00; fancy, 2.75a3.25.

BUTTER—Fresh Roll, 12½@13c. ℔ lb., in bbls.

CANDLES AND SOAP—Candles: dipped, 12½c., mould, 13c., and adamantine 18a19c. ℔ lb. Soap: 5c. for common, 5½c. for Palm, and 10c. for Sawyer's Toilet and Castile; 5a5½c. for Sawyer's Chemical Olive, and 7c. for German.

CHEESE—New Western Reserve, 8@8½c.; Hamburg, new, 10c. ℔ lb.

CORN MEAL—From first hands, 60@62c.; from store, 65a70c.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, $1.00@1.25; Peaches, $4.00@4.25.

EGGS—Packed, 12½@13c. ℔ doz.

FEATHERS—Prime Western, 48@50c. ℔ lb.

FISH—No. 3 Mackeral, large, $12.50 ℔ bbl.; and half bbls. do., 6.25; Lake White, 9.50@10.00 ℔ bbl.; half bbls. do., 5.00@5.25. Lake Trout, 8.50 ℔ bbl. Herring: Baltimore, 6.75@7.00; Halifax, 5.50.

FEED—Middlings, $1.00@1.10 per 100 lbs.; Shorts, 1.00; Bran, 85c.; Shipstuffs, 90@1.00.

FLOUR—Super., $5.25@5.50; Extra, 5.65@5.80; Extra Family, $5.90, 5.95@6.12; Fancy, $6.35, 6.40@6.50.

GRAIN—Corn, 55, 56@58c.; Oats, 36@37c. Rye, 88@90c.; Wheat: $1.25@1.28 for red, from store.

GROCERIES—Coffee: Good, Rio, 14¾@15c. Sugar, 8¼@8¾c. for fair to prime N. O. Molasses, 48@50c. for New Orleans.

HAY—$9.00@13.00 ℔ ton, at scales.

HIDES AND LEATHER—Green beef hides, 6@6½c.; green salted hides, 7¼@7¾c.; dry flint, 15@16c. Rough country leather is dull at 26@27c. Dressed leather is quoted as follows: Red Spanish Sole ℔ lb., 21@25c. Slaughter Sole ℔ lb., 29@30c.; Upper Leather, ℔ dozen, $33@38; Bridle Leather, ℔ dozen, $40@45; Skirting Leather ℔ lb., 32@34; Harness, 27@29.

LIME—Louisville, $1.25; Maryland, 1.75.

LARD—10@10½c. ℔ for No. 1 city in bbls., and 11¼@11½c. in kegs; country, 10@10½c.

MESS PORK—Country, $16.00@16.50; city, $18.00@18.50.

OIL—No. 1 Lard Oil, 88a90c.; Refined Coal Oil, 65a70c.; Linseed, 62a65c.

POTATOES—Neshannocks, 50a55c.; Reds, 35a40c.; Blues, 45c.; Pinkeyes, 45a50c; mixed, 40c. Jerseys (new) $4.75a5.00 ℔ bbl.

SALT—No. 1, $1.00@1.10.

SEEDS—Clover, $4.25@4.37. Timothy, $3.00@3.12. Flax, $1.35@1.40.

STEARINE—10¼ per tierce.

TALLOW—Rough, 7c.; Country rendered, 9¾@10c.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

BEEVES—The offerings during the week amounted to 1,353 head, of which were sold at prices 583 ranging from 2½ to 4½c. gross. The remainder will be sent East.

SHEEP—The offerings amounted to 2,831 head, and 847 were sold at $2.00a3.00 ℔ cwt. The remainder will be sent east.

HOGS—57 sold, and 437 sent East. Prices were $4.65, gross.

Special Notices.

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement.

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Married.

On the 18th inst., in the house of Dr. Alexander, of Hillsboro', by Rev. T. B. Van Eman, Mr. DANIEL DUNKIN to Mrs. MARGARET H. MOWER, all of Washington County, Pa.

At the residence of the officiating minister, on Thursday, 21st., by Rev. J. E. Carnthers, Mr. ROBERT P. CARNAHAN, of Westmoreland Co., to Miss CATHARINE TROUT, of Armstrong County, Pa.

On the 21st ult., by Rev. E. Henry, at the residence of the bride's father, near Versailles, Mr. TRAVERS ALEXANDER to Miss SARAH E. BONINE, both of Ripley County, Ind. May 10th, in Dillsboro', Mr. WILLIAM FERREE to Miss CATHARINE S. CROWLEY, both of Dearborn County, Ind. February 21st, at the residence of the officiating minister, Mr. HENRY PALMER to Miss ELMIRA DENNISON, both of Dearborn County, Ind.

By Rev. Dr. Rodgers, at the residence of the bride's father, in Allegheny City, on Tuesday evening, the 26th ult., Col. JAMES M. SWANE to Miss LIZZIE, daughter of Mr. James Bumgardner.

On the 25th of June, at the Spruce Creek Parsonage, by Rev. J. Elliott, Mr. GEORGE ARCHEY to Miss MARY ANNE ARCHEY, both of Graysville, Pa.

In Tipton, Iowa, June 9th, by Rev. Robert Carothers, Mr. J. S. VILES to Miss SARAH D. FROST, both of Cedar, Wis.

Obituary.

[ANNOUNCEMENTS, GRATIS; ADDITIONAL REMARKS, FIVE CENTS A LINE, NINE WORDS BEING A LINE.]

DIED—On Saturday, the 9th ult., of scarlet fever, CULBERTSON E., son of Thomas and H. Maria Miller, of East Deer Township, Allegheny County, Pa., aged 2 years and 9 months.

DIED—In White Deer Valley, May 18th, BRADY PIATT, aged 47 years.

DIED—In White Deer Valley, June 7th, ISABELLA P., wife of Robert M'Cormick, aged 44 years.

DIED—June 12th, in White Deer Valley, CATHARINE, daughter of Robert J. Foreman, aged 25 years.

DIED—June 22d, in White Deer Valley, WILLIAM COATS, aged 39 years.

DIED—At Hanging Rock, Ohio, on Thursday evening, June 7th, at 8½ o'clock, Mr. JAMES ROGERS, after a protracted illness, in the 73d year of his age.

Mr. Rogers was born in Cumberland County, Pa., December 7th, 1787, his father, Andrew Rogers, having emigrated from Ireland to this country about the close of the American Revolution. At the age of sixteen, James was apprenticed to the trade of a millwright, and was thus early being prepared for the active life he has led in this Western country. Mr. Rogers was employed to attach steam power to Brush Creek Furnace, Adams County, Ohio, this being the first attempt to blow a blast furnace by steam in this country. In 1816 he became associated with Andrew Ellison and the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company, in a steam furnace, in Adams County, and thenceforth became a resident in Ohio, and a most active and influential citizen. He has been connected with Union and Etna Furnaces, the Ohio Iron and Coal Company, and the Lawrence County Rolling Mill, and was President of the Iron Bank at Ironton until within a few weeks of his death. He has represented Adams, Lawrence, and Scioto counties in the Legislature—some of them more than once; and he was elected to the Senate from the district composed of Lawrence, Gallia, Athens, and Meigs counties. He has spent several years in the retirement of home, enjoying the respect and confidence of every one—a reputation which but few office-holders of late years carry to old age and to private life.

The domestic life of our friend has been somewhat eventful. He was married three times, and has had a large family; two companions and eight children by buried in the family grave-yard, a widow and seven children still survive. He, in common with the multitude, long neglected the service of Christ, and the salvation of his own soul, depending upon his morality; but the providence, and Word, and Spirit of God at length brought him to realize the folly and guilt of a life of sin, and he was brought to cast himself upon Christ. He was liberal in the use of his property, in connexion with the various benevolent Societies, in building churches, and in giving to the poor.

He became a member of the Presbyterian church of Hanging Rock, May 24, 1858. For a number of months previous to his death, he was confined to his house, and for three months to his bed. To those who inquired as to his spiritual state, he uniformly spoke of his trust in Christ, and he manifested the patience and submission of the Christian. He was greatly interested in the progress of a work of grace that has been enjoyed by the church at Hanging Rock for some months past; and when two of his children came out upon the Lord's side, he could not find language to express his delight. He gradually grew weaker and weaker, until he fell asleep. When asked how he felt in view of death, he replied, "Christ is my precious Saviour. I can, I do rest my soul upon him" And thus he died. B.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

ISAAC HALE, JR. & CO., Newburyport, Mass., will employ Males and Females to act as local or travelling agents. Those now in their employ average from $30 to $80 per month. We cannot. In this advertisement, particularize the business, but we will in a circular, (free of cost,) to all who address us upon the subject. This is a rare opportunity for those out of employment to obtain an honorable situation. jy7-8t

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

The Keystone Jars are the only self-testing jars in the market. With this jar, the *condition* of the fruit can be told at a glance, and if not properly put up, will always show itself in time to save the fruit. The impossibility of the stopper blowing out, and the ease with which they are adjusted, make these jars the most desirable before the public. Manufactured and for sale by

ADAMS, MACKLIN & CO.,
jy7-4t Cor. Ross and Water Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

LIQUID RENNET,

FOR MAKING, IN A FEW MINUTES,

DELICIOUS DESSERTS,

Yields with Milk the Most Luscious of all Desserts for the Table.

THE LIGHTEST AND MOST GRATEFUL DIET FOR INVALIDS AND CHILDREN.

A Teaspoonful Converts a Quart of Milk into a Firm Curd.

Milk contains every element of the body constitution—when co agulated with Rennet, it is always light and easy of digestion, and supports the system with the least possible excitement. The convenience and nicety of the article over the former troublesome and uncertain way of preparing *Curds and Whey, Junket and Syllabub,* will recommend it at once to all who use it. There are few Desserts for the table so economical, delicious, and healthful.

Full directions accompany each bottle. Our Rennet is the only true and simple test for the purity of Milk.

Prepared from the clean and carefully prepared stomack of the Calf, by the Manufacturers.

BLAIR & WYETH, Pharmaceutists, Philadelphia.

For sale by all Grocers and Druggists.

☞ Wholesale Depot, 76 Cedar Street, (between the Post Office and Broadway,) New York. jy7-4t*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Will positively cure

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, &c.

From Dr. E. B. PARKER, of Newark, Wayne County, N. Y.

Read the following certificate from a physician of high standing:

DR. C. M. JACKSON:—*Dear Sir:*—Having for nearly two years past past suffered very much from Indigestion, Dizziness, and general Nervous Debility, I was induced, as a sort of *dernier resort,* to make a trial of "Hoofland's German Bitters." I have certainly derived great benefit from them, and believe they are the very place of the various preparations in use for derangement of the digestive organs, with torpid and inactive condition of the liver, and cheerfully recommend them in those cases where tonics and nervines are indicated. Very respectfully, yours,

E. B. PARKER, M.D.

Newark, Wayne County, N. Y., June 1, 1859.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price 75 cents per bottle. jy7-1t

A VERY PLEASANT

Summer Boarding House,

Convenient to the city, being near the Beaver Stations on both Railroads, is just opened at Stone's Point by

H. C. M'CULLOUGH.

Leave the cars at Bridgewater. jun30-3t*

TEETH.

SAVE THEM BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

C. SILL,

has removed to

No. 246 Penn Street,

in the house formerly occupied by Dr. G. H. Keyser, opposite Christ church. He will give all the modern improvements. Teeth inserted at the various prices,

FROM $15 TO $62 PER SET.

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A. BRADLEY,	A. G. M'CANDLESS, M.D.,
J. H. HOPKINS	W. H. VANKIRK,
Dr. GEORGE H. KEYSER,	W. NIMICK,
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Engine and Boiler Shop,

OFFICE, 319 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Steam Engines for driving Mills, Factories, Oil and Salt Wells, Threshing Machines, Printing Presses, &c., with Portable and Stationary Boilers, always on hand, and made to order. Cast Iron Boilers, Salt Pans, &c.; Mill Gearing, Brick Machinery, and Casting of all kinds, made to order. Saw Mill Irons, Water Wheels, Vault and Cellar Grates, Spout Shoes, and Grate Bars, always on hand.

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