

The Weekly Mariettian



Impartial—but not Neutral!

Marietta, Pa.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1861.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR: Edward M. Biddle, of the county of Cumberland, to be Adjutant General of the Grand Staff of the Militia of this Commonwealth.

Gen. Reuben C. Hale, of the city of Philadelphia, to be Quartermaster General of the Grand Staff of the Militia of this Commonwealth.

Capt. John W. M'Lean, of the county of Erie, to be Commissary of the Grand Staff of the Militia of this Commonwealth.

The nominations are the very best that could have been made, and were unanimously confirmed by the Senate.

The Governor has made the following additional military appointments, viz:

MAJOR GENERALS.—Robert Patterson, of Philadelphia. William H. Keim of Berks.

BRIGADIER GENERALS.—George Cadwallader, of Philadelphia. George C. Wynkoop, of Schuylkill, Edmund C. Williams, of Dauphin. Jas. S. Negley, of Allegheny.

FOR THE WAR: For the information of those who are desirous of serving their country either in command or the ranks of the volunteer force of the State, the following table, giving the number of officers and men that will be required to organize the regiments lately called for by the Governor:

Table listing military appointments: Major Generals (2), Aids (2), Div. Inspectors (2), Brig. Generals (4), Brigade Inspectors (4), Regiments (16), Colonels (16), Lieut. Colonels (16), Adjutant (16), Regular Quarter Master (16), Surgeons (16), Assistant Surgeon (16), Sergeant Dragoons (16), Drum Majors (16), File Majors (16), Captains (160), 1st Lieut. (160), 2nd do (160), Sergeant (640), Corporals (640), Drummers (160), Fifers (160).

Total: Privates, 10,240; Officers, 612; Men, 11,858. Aggregate, 12,500. Companies not less than 78 officers and men.

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS.—Gov. Wm. H. Keim, of the Second Division Pennsylvania Volunteers, has appointed the following staff:

Wm. A. Sands, of Reading. Samuel Young, do. Thomas J. Jordan, of Harrisburg. Bartram A. Shaeffer, of Lancaster. D. Reed, of Norristown. Gen'l E. C. Williams, of Harrisburg has appointed Cols. David J. Unger, Joseph Knipe and Isaac S. Waterbury, as his aids. They will leave in a day or two. They are all old Mexican soldiers, and good appointments.

Gov. Hicks: Governor Hicks of Maryland expresses the belief that Maryland should continue to maintain the same position she has hitherto maintained, and regards it as the duty of every Marylander to stand by the Union and the Constitution, protect the National Capitol, from invasion, and support and sustain the integrity of the Government. The enlistments for the army and navy are actively progressing there, particularly for the army. The "Minute Men," and other bodies of Union men, are organizing for the support of the Government.

RESIGNATIONS.—It is stated that of the eleven hundred and ten officers whose names are on the Army Register, the number of resignations to this date since the secession movement commenced is eighty-six; and that of eight hundred and six commissioned officers of the Navy thirty-three have resigned from all causes since the first of January, to which should be added four lieutenants who resigned in December from their sympathy with secession. Of the thirty-six commissioned officers of the Navy from the seceded States on the first of January, fifty remain in the service.

Godfrey for May, as usual, is a very welcome visitor. Filled with very choice reading and embellished with very choice engravings. The fashion plate is a gem. Who's the lady that can do without Godfrey?

WAR ITEMS.—General Wilson has just informed the President that he has received despatches from Boston, saying that the quota of men required from Massachusetts are all ready to march at a moment's notice. They will probably be commanded by General Butler.

Gov. Washburn has replied to the requisition of the Secretary of War that Maine will respond promptly to the call. The people of his state of all parties will rally with alacrity for the maintenance of the Government and defence of the flag.

Gov. Andrews, of Massachusetts, has received a requisition for 2,000 troops, to report at Washington forthwith for duty; and the Third, Fourth, Sixth, and Eighth regiments will be ordered out tomorrow for the purpose of drafting the number required.

It is surmised by some that Major Anderson acted the part of a traitor to his country; but there is no doubt on the minds of all his friends that he was faithful to the last. It required seven to nine men to work each of his heavy guns, with two relief gangs to each; and with only sixty-five men, living on salt food in limited supply, exhausted themselves, and, starvation before them, it needs no great penetration to solve the problem of the surrender.

General Wool made a patriotic speech in New York on Tuesday night. He closed by saying: "My friends, that flag must be lifted up from the dust into which it has been trampled, and placed in its proper position, and again set floating in triumph to the breeze. I pledge you my heart, my hand, and all my energies to the cause. The Union shall be maintained. I am prepared to devote my life to the work, and to lead you in the struggle."

Ex-Senator Bigler was serenaded by the citizens of Tyrone, on Wednesday, and in a brief speech he declared, that whilst differing from the present Administration on questions of policy, in a contest like the present he was emphatically and unequivocally for sustaining the Government at all hazards.

W. Percher Miles telegraphs to Mrs. Doubleday, that the report of her husband's insanity is without foundation. It is believed that he refused to obey Major Anderson's command to surrender, and was consequently placed in irons.

Information has been received that the Charleston correspondent of the New York Times, who signs himself "Jasper," has been arrested as a spy in Charleston. He was confined for a time, and then ordered out of the State. He is on his way North.

Captain C. M. Donovan, formerly a member of the Legislature from Philadelphia, has opened, at the State House, Harrisburg, a master-roll is being rapidly filled up, and the Captain expects soon to be on the march.

The boldly-assumed attitude of the free States, and the extinction of all party lines, carry terror into the ranks of the conspirators; and many who preached secession a week ago, are now convinced that it is all wrong.

Take care of fabrications to the effect that there is to be a change in the Cabinet, and that General Scott and Mr. Seward intend to resign. All these stories are started to dishearten and divide the friends of the country.

Flying rumors are out to the effect that the enemy propose to march to the banks of the Potomac, on the Virginia side, opposite Washington, and there, with heavy cannon destroy our public buildings.

There is an intense excitement. All the officers of the Mexican war are particularly anxious for power to raise companies, or serve in the ranks of those already ordered for service.

Secretary Cameron has accepted the services of the Washington Brigade of Philadelphia, commanded by General Wm. F. Small.

The Secretary of State has been in consultation with several members of the Philadelphia delegation with reference to the propriety of calling out six regiments from that city.

Gov. Yates, of Illinois, issued a proclamation calling for an extra session of the Legislature, to meet at Springfield, next Tuesday, the 23d inst.

After undergoing for forty hours one of the most terrific sieges known in military history, Fort Sumpter has been surrendered into the hands of the rebels. Colonel Ellsworth, of Chicago, has had strong inducements offered him to proceed to New York City and organize a regiment of Zouaves.

It is stated that the Confederate Congress, on re-assembling, will at once declare war against the United States.

The Union feeling in Baltimore is strong. The Minute Men, an organization 2,500 strong, which has been drilling ever since the Presidential election, threw out their stars and stripes from their headquarters, with the motto, "The Union and the Constitution."

Fort Moultrie is badly damaged. The officers' quarters and barracks are torn to pieces. The frame houses on the island are riddled with shot, and in many instances the whole sides of the houses are torn out.

Within Fort Sumpter everything but the casemates is an utter ruin. The whole interior looks like a blackened mass of ruins.

A REQUISITION FOR TROOPS! The following are the requisitions of the President upon the Governors of the several States, for military to act in the maintenance of the Union:

- New York, seventeen Regiments. Pennsylvania, sixteen Regiments. Illinois, six Regiments. Indiana, six Regiments. Missouri, four Regiments. Kentucky, four Regiments. Ohio, three Regiments. Tennessee, two Regiments. Massachusetts, two Regiments. Wisconsin, one Regiment. Minnesota, one Regiment. Iowa, one Regiment. Michigan, one Regiment. Delaware, one Regiment. Connecticut, one Regiment. Rhode Island, one Regiment. Vermont, one Regiment. New Hampshire, one Regiment. Maine, one Regiment. Seventy-five Regiments in all, of one thousand men each.

GENERAL SMALL'S BRIGADE.—The following telegraphic correspondence occurred on Monday:

Harrisburg, April 15, 1861. General Wm. F. Small: Your offer of the services of your command is accepted. Hold yourself in readiness to march on short notice, stating number of men.

Eli SLIFER, Sec. of Commonwealth, Philadelphia, April 15, 1861.

Hon. Eli Slifer, Sec. of Commonwealth: We are ready. We have 1,400 men enrolled, and can send the brigade up to 1,800 to-morrow. Wm. F. SMALL.

A day or two since, when one of the mail bags coming from the South by way of Alexandria, Va., was emptied in the court yard of the Post Office, a box fell out and was broken open, from which two copperheads, one four and a half and the other three feet long, crawled out. The larger one was benumbed and easily killed; the other was very lively and venomous, and was dispatched with some difficulty and danger. What are we to think of a people who resort to such weapons of warfare?

Any number of rumors come flying over the telegraph wires. By way of Montgomery we are told that John C. Breckinridge has come out for secession. This is very probable, and may be true. There is an absurd story from Washington that Lieutenant General Scott has resigned. It is in no respect worthy of credence. His long and honorable career can never be tarnished by such a dishonorable close.

An effort is being made in the Legislature to obtain a repeal of the act authorizing the taxation of gold and silver watches for state purposes. A few days ago a bill to this effect was read, with a clause added prohibiting the Commissioners from taxing pleasure carriages at a higher rate than any other species of property.

The St. Cloud Democrat gives an interesting account of the trip of Gov. Barber, of Dacotah, of five hundred miles on a sled pulled by dogs. The Governor traveled from Selkirk to St. Cloud, and visited the office of the Democrat, where he honored the editress, Mrs. Swisshelm, and her daughter, with a short excursion.

A few days since Mr. Levi Cain died at his residence, near Harrington, Delaware, from the effects of a disease originating with a slight toothache, but which afterwards assumed the form of erysipelas, and spread through his whole system. He was a wealthy and useful citizen.

We learn from the Secretary of State, that a number of volunteer companies will be here on Wednesday, when they will be mustered into service, and proceed to Washington. The military, while in the city, will be quartered in the Park grounds.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

Gen. S. C. Pomeroy and James H. Lane, both Republicans, have been chosen United States Senators from the new State of Kansas. Marcus J. Parrott and Frederick P. Stanton were their principal competitors for the honor.

Washington Grigsby, a sign painter in Cincinnati, shot his wife with a revolver and then shot himself; both died. The tragic affair happened in an omnibus. Cause—jealousy.

The Report that the Mexican General Ampudia, was marching against Texas turns out to be false. The old General of that name has retired from the army, and retired from active scenes for the rest of his life.

The great European chess-player Kelsch, has thrown down the gauntlet to Morphy, and stands ready to play him for \$5,000 in England or in New York.

Mr. E. C. Stedman, one of the editorial staff of the World, is appointed to a deputy collectorship at the custom house.

Several articles intended for this week's paper were unavoidably crowded out.

Read Mr. Zell's card in to-day's paper.

NEWS IN BRIEF. An extra session of Congress has been called for the fourth day of July.

The city of Chicago, at the present time, contains within a fraction of forty million bushels of grain.

Mr. Devan, the out-and-out secession candidate for Mayor of Louisville, received just forty-two votes at the late election.

The Hon. William Allen, a Representative in Congress from the Piqua (Oo.) District, within the last few months has lost his whole family of four children by that dreadful scourge, diphtheria.

In Portland, on Monday, a horse put his hoof through a lady's hoop skirt, and to extricate it three men were required to hold the horse and two to hold the lady.

One of the soldiers who has just returned from Texas writes to the New York Post that the troops were filled with indignation at the conduct of Twigg, and were loyal and true.

The war bill, appropriating three millions of dollars for the defence of the Government, passed the New York Assembly with only one negative vote.

The city government of New Haven appropriated \$5,000 for the benefit of the families of those volunteering for their country's defence.

An extra session of the Illinois Legislature is to be called forthwith by Gov. Yates.

The Mechanics' Bank of New Haven, has tendered to the Governor \$25,000 for the support of the National Government.

The Legislature of New York has passed a bill appropriating \$3,000,000 to equip thirty thousand volunteers, in addition to the present State force, and Gov. Morgan has issued his proclamation accordingly.

The Bronze Statue of Freedom, which is to crown the dome of the Capitol at Washington, is rapidly approaching completion, at the foundry of Clark Mills; and it is expected by Wednesday of this week that the whole work, so far as the casting is concerned, will be completed.

On Monday night Mr. Stephen Van Rensselaer, a member of the celebrated Van Rensselaer or "Patron" family of Albany, committed suicide by swallowing a dose of laudanum at a low drinking shop in New York.

Senator Douglas called upon the President and assured him that he was prepared to sustain the Administration in the exercise of all its constitutional functions to preserve the Union, maintain the Government, and defend the Federal Capital.

There were only two ways to the bill appropriating \$3,000,000 to arm the militia of New York, on its passage through the Legislature of that State. Gov. Morgan has issued his proclamation, calling for 30,000 men, to match to the aid of the Federal Government.

By the arrival of the pony express at Fort Kearney on Monday, we have received California advices to the 3d inst.—Mr. McDougal was a second time elected United States Senator. The general news is not important.

The Philadelphia banks have tendered to Gov. Curtin, who is now in Washington, all the money that the State may need for the war. A similar communication from the banks of Pittsburg has been made him by a distinguished capitalist of that city.

The residence of Major General Patterson was visited on account of a doubt as to his sentiments, but the stars and stripes were promptly displayed, and he has issued his orders as Commander of the First Division of the Pennsylvania Militia, in relation to the enrollment of volunteers, putting to rest the rumors of his intention to resign his post.

The New Orleans True Delta of the 15th, (Union paper) says that strenuous efforts have, for some time, been made there by the opening of rendezvous and offering of large bounties, etc., to induce men to enlist, but truth and candor complete the admission that a single regiment cannot be obtained in this way.

Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm was last week pronounced guilty of desertion from her husband by a Pittsburg court, which at the same time granted the "better half" the decree of divorce for which he contended. The case has been before the courts several years. One of the grounds of Mrs. Swisshelm's defense—and a potent one it will be thought by many of the sex—was that she was compelled, by the penuriousness of her husband, to wear one bonnet several years.

The Western States are moving.—Ohio, Michigan, Iowa and Wisconsin are arming to march to the protection of the Federal Capital, and the recapture of the forts wrested from the Federal authority. The Middle and Eastern States are bound by a similar feeling for a like patriotic purpose. The call of the President will be responded to as the advertisement for a loan was answered, in offering more money than was needed, by larger numbers than are actually necessary.

TENDER OF MILITARY COMPANIES.—The following military companies have tendered their services to Gov. Curtin, under the call of the President, and have been accepted. They are ordered to rendezvous at Harrisburg.

Allegheny County: Monongahela Artillery, Capt. B. P. Cooper. Negley Zouaves, Capt. O. M. Irvin; Washington Artillery, Capt. J. D. M'Farland; Washington Infantry, Capt. Thomas A. Rosley; United States Zouave Cadets, Capt. Wm. G. M'Creary; Scott Legion, Capt. O. H. Ripley; Pittsburg Turner's Rifle Company, Capt. H. Armstrong; State Guards, Capt. R. P. M'Dowell.

Berks: Ringold Artillery, Capt. Jas. McKnight.

Blair: 1st Reg., 4th Brig., 17 Div., Col. J. Higgins; Hollidaysburg Fencibles, Capt. F. P. Miner; Altoona Rifles, Altoona Guards, Capt. Wayne; Juniata Rifles.

Cambria: Johnstown Infantry, Capt. F. H. Lapeley. Carbon: Anderson Grays, Capt. Eli P. Conner.

Centre: Centre Battalion, 3 Companies, Major Ohas. H. Hale; Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Jonathan Wolf; Cameron Infantry, Capt. Robert M'Farland.

Elk: Elk McKean Cavalry, Thos. L. Kane.

Franklin: Uniformed Militia, Capt. F. P. Stambaugh.

Jefferson: Brookville Rifles, Capt. A. N. M'Knight.

Juniata: Juniata Cavalry, Capt. J. J. Patterson.

Lehigh: Allen Rifles, Captain T. H. Good; Allen Infantry, Capt. Thomas Yeager; Jordan Artillery, Capt. W. U. Gassler.

Lucerne: Cattasauqua Rifles, Capt. H. P. Hart; Pittston Artillerists, Capt. Sol. Stamer; Lackawanna Blues, Capt. Helf; Shultz Guards; Montgomery Guards; Lackawanna Yeagers.

Mifflin: Mifflin County Cavalry, Capt. G. V. Mitehell.

Northampton: Capt. Yoke, tender of men and money.

Philadelphia: First and Second Regiments—Washington Guards, Gen. Wm. F. Small; Washington Blues; Light Artillery, Capt. Max Einstein; Young Men, John Birkinbine; First Regiment Artillery, Lieut. Col. D. B. Barney; 1st Rifle Battalion, 1st Brigade, 1st Division, Major Com. Jno. T. Ballier; Philadelphia Guards, Capt. J. F. Stanton.

Schuylkill: Port Clinton Artillery, Capt. D. B. Kauffman; National Light Infantry, Capt. E. M'Donald; Washington Artillery, Capt. James Wren; Marion Rifle Company, Sixth Division, at Port Carbon, Major J. H. Siegfried.

Toga: Uniformed Militia, Maj. Gen. Harding.

Washington: Lincoln Invincibles, Maj. A. G. Williams; Monongahela Artillery, Capt. Potter.

It is not known when the Carolinians will occupy Fort Sumpter, or what is to be done with the vanquished.

DR. MOFFAT'S

LIFE PILLS & PHEGIX BITTERS

THESE MEDICINES have been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which they are well known to be infallible. AGC WELL KNOWN TO BE INFALLIBLE. AGC WELL KNOWN TO BE INFALLIBLE. AGC WELL KNOWN TO BE INFALLIBLE.

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MARK THESE FACTS!

THE TESTIMONY OF THE WORLD



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores, &c.

All description of sores are removed by the proper and diligent use of this Ointment. To attempt to cure by plastering the edges of the wound is a folly; for should the skin unite, a diseased condition remains underneath, and out with tenfold fury in a few days. Only rational and successful treatment, stated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation about the wound and to soothe the inflamed parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment, as it is forced into meat.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Scarlet and other Fevers. Any of the above diseases may be by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the throat; it will soon penetrate, and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth indicate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whichever the unguent in the above manner for 12 cases named, or any similar disorders of the chest and throat, will find themselves cured as by a charm.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures. The above class of complaints will be red by nightly fomenting the parts with water, and then by most effectually rubbing the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to rub the Ointment on the affected parts, but that it be well rubbed in for some considerable time two or three times a day, that it may get into the system, whence it will remain hidden sore or wound as effectually as any palpable to the eye. There again apply the Ointment, will do great service. The Ointment is the only safe treatment for female cases of the stomach, or where there may be general bearing down.

Indications of Youth; Sores and Scabs. Itches, as well as swellings, can, certainly, be radically cured if they are kept free, and the Pills be taken each morning as recommended in the instructions. When treated in any way they only dry up in one place to break in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and the patient a vigorous and healthy being will require time with the use of the Pills, will require time with the use of the Pills, will require time with the use of the Pills.

Dropical Swellings, Paralysis of the Joints. Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they require local treatment. Many of the worst of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is gently rubbed into the parts affected, after every other means have failed. In chronic maladies the Pills should be taken, and the printed directions accompanied each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills show their efficacy in the following cases: Bad Legs, Chicago-foot, Piles, Bad Breasts, Chills, Gout, Bursas, Chapped Hands, Gunshot Wounds, Corns (Soft), Cancer, Lumbar Pains, Bite of Mosquitoes, Contracted and Pitted Sand-Flies, Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Croup, Elephantiasis, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Scurvy, Sores, Tumors, Ulcers, Sore Throat, Wounds, Yaws, &c.

CAUTION!—None are genuine who sell the words "HOLLOWAY, New York & London," are discernible as a Watermark on every leaf of the book of directions, and each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. No reward will be given to any one offering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of PROSSER HOLLOWAY, 51, Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world. Price, 25c., 62c., and \$1 each. There is a considerable saving in taking the larger sizes. N. B.—1000 directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

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