



The Weekly Mariettian

Impartial—but not Neutral.

Marietta, Ga.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HANNIBAL HAMLIN, of Maine.

Presidential Electors. James Pollock, Thomas M. Howe, Edward C. Knight, Francis B. Pennington, Robert P. King, George Switzer, Henry Sumner, George Switzer, Robert M. Foster, Daniel O. Gehry, Nathan Hillis, Samuel Calvin, John M. Broomall, Edgar Cowan, James W. Fuller, William McKennan, David E. Stout, John M. Kirkpatrick, Francis W. Christ, James Kerr, David Mumma, Jr., Richard P. Roberts, Thomas R. Hull, Henry Souther, John Greer.

The Presidential Election takes place on Tuesday next, the 6th of November. One fire more along the whole line, and the victory is ours. Republicans to the polls! See that every voter is got to the polls. Work as unceasingly as though the whole Presidential contest depended upon your own personal exertions—such a course cannot fail to crown the Republican cause with a most complete success. Turn out,—one and all!

A BAD BEGINNING: Maj. Gen. Sanford, of Georgia, has made a report to the Commander-in-Chief, in which he states that his command is in a state of complete disorganization, and thinks that the same is true of the entire militia force of the State. This is a bad state of things for a disunion movement. He urges the Legislature to provide at once for organizing and drilling a force of at least ten thousand men. If they are in earnest in their menaces of secession, they ought by all means to act at once upon this advice.

Rev. Gratian Guinness, the distinguished English preacher, who visited Harrisburg and other cities in this country some months ago, and created considerable sensation in religious circles, has recently taken two very important steps. He has married a wife, and he has been immersed, with a view to join the Baptists. He is expected to arrive at Boston, in a few days, by the steamer Europa, to resume in that city his labors as an evangelist, and to continue his tour through the United States.

The Washington correspondent of Forney's Press, says: Judge Linton Stephens, brother of the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, one of the ablest lawyers and most superior orators that State has ever produced, who resigned his seat on the Supreme Bench of his State since the adjournment of the Baltimore Convention, and went into the canvass for Douglas and Johnson, has gone to Illinois to fill the engagements of his brother, whose health is not sufficiently recovered to justify the risk of a Northwestern campaign at this season.

France is said to have aided Garibaldi, with instruments of war. GARIBALDI was wounded at Volturno, and his troops attacked Capua on the 9th inst. GARIBALDI'S loss at Volturno was about 4000 men—that, of the royalists not so great. VICTOR EMANUEL had reached his headquarters. Austria was still making preparations for war.

A young girl was outraged by five boys at Albany on Wednesday night. She stated that she was 17 years old, named Mary Merritt, from Cornwall, Va., and a stranger in the city. The police have her in care till her friends can be communicated with.

An Alabama paper states that "the Governor of Alabama, in compliance with an act passed by the Legislature, has ordered from Belgium two hundred thousand stand of arms, to be used, if necessary, in the event of Lincoln's election."

Mr. P. G. Cogle, editor of the Richmond Enquirer, shot himself in the hand, the ball grazing his left eye as he was seizing a pistol to stop a burglar entering his house on Tuesday night.

The Louisville Journal, in speaking of Forney having been burned in effigy, says "his pen had most evidently been not blistering in the operation, for he was writing terrible articles against the secessionists."

A challenged gentleman, at Trinity, Cal., the other day, replied by tearing up the challenge, and then caning the bearer. It proved "satisfactory."

An Irish paper, reporting the loss of a steamer, says: "The captain swam ashore; so did the stewardess. She was insured for five thousand pounds sterling, and was loaded with cotton."

For the Mariettian.] Mr. BAKER.—At a recent meeting of our Board of School Directors, Wilson's Series of School and Family Readers were adopted, consisting of a Primer and seven Readers.

A change of Text-Books is always attended with much opposition on the part of parents; but as Town's Series were in use several years, and far behind the age, it became apparent that a new book like a new broom would have a most desirable effect.

When we consider the fact that the book daily in the hands of children has much to do with moulding the character and forming the judgment of the future man, a judicious selection becomes an object of primary importance.

In this we congratulate the Board of Education in having selected, we think, the very best Text-Books on reading now before the public.

The School Readers hitherto in use, have been composed principally of dry declamation, of poems and sketches, of parliamentary speeches, the point of which was too obscure to be comprehended by the child, thus rendering the lesson disinteresting and profitless.—Wilson's Readers are not confined to miscellaneous selections of purely literary merit, but take up Natural History and the Sciences, not in dry detail, but in familiar narrative style. The Animals and Birds are most artistically pictured in families, drawn to a scale, and properly classified, thus communicating instruction upon important subjects, while at the same time the art of reading is acquired.

These books are well adapted to the inquisitive mind of childhood, enlisting all the sympathies, awakening thought, and holding up to the every-day gaze of the schoolboy a world of new creations. TEACHERS.

Marietta, Oct. 30, 1860. James Redpath, a noted Abolitionist of the revolutionary school, and a biographer of John Brown, has received a popular ovation at Port-au-Prince on the 27th of September, the occasion being his departure for the United States.—Speeches of the most ultra character were delivered, and toasts drank to the honor of Thaddeus Hyatt, Victor Hugo, M. de Lamartine, and the memory of John Brown. After the banquet, Mr. Redpath was accompanied to the vessel by a torchlight procession, amid great enthusiasm.

Ten blooded mares and an Arabian stallion were landed in Philadelphia from the ship Lancaster from Liverpool. They were purchased in England by Mr. Dudley M. Bruce, of Kentucky, a well-known importer of fancy stock. Three of the animals cost 200 guineas each, and for the others almost as high a price was paid. One is of the Flying Dutchman another of the Fogabella, a famous Irish breed. Among them is a mare of dark chestnut color, not two years old till May next, which is fifteen and a half hands high.

The new Lindell house, at Saint Louis approaches completion. Its construction will cost over \$600,000. It is the largest hotel in the world, far exceeding in size any in New York or Philadelphia. The front on Washington street is 212 feet, and its depth is 227 feet. It will easily accommodate 1,200 guests, and the boarders can take a walk of a mile and a half before breakfast, by going through the several halls, no one of them twice. The Messrs. Leland have the lease for fifteen years.

The President has made a decision in the case of Gen. Harney which will be promulgated through the War Department. Though he is regarded as having violated the orders of Lieut. Gen. Scott, he is, in consideration of his distinguished military services, merely slightly but officially censured. General Harney has been in Washington for some weeks awaiting the Executive determination.

The Petersburg (Va.) Intelligencer of the 18th inst., says: "A rumor is afloat that the banks of this State have refused to discount paper, preferring to await the result of the impending political crisis. All that is pure, unadulterated nonsense, if the banks refused to discount it is for this sole reason—they have not the money. As to their holding up for disunion it is all staff."

A serenade having been offered lately at Genoa to the daughter of Garibaldi, she addressed the crowd in the following terms:—"Brethren! I thank you for your manifestation in favor of the brave men who are fighting for the unity of Italy. Then long live Italy! long live those brave men! and the Re Galantuomo!"

The London Mechanics' Magazine states that Hobbs, the famous lock man, has retired from business—probably with a fortune—and is about to return permanently to America with his family.

U. N. Senator Toombs, of Georgia, spoke to an audience of upwards of 2000 persons, at Montgomery, Alabama, and urged resistance to the death in case of the election of Lincoln.

Raleigh, North Carolina, has only about three hundred more inhabitants than it had ten years ago.

GOVERNOR PACKER AND THE WIDE-AWAKES.—The idiotic son-in-law of Governor Packer, who, by accident, occupies the editorial chair instead of a place in the "school for feeble minded children" is terribly exercised about an article which recently appeared in this paper charging the Governor with having threatened to call out the military of the State, in case the Wide-Awakes undertook to inaugurate Governor Curtin.—Whether the item in the Locomotive Gazette, edited by the Governor's imbecile son-in-law and grain measurer, was written here or in Williamsport, we now reiterate the charge that Governor Packer distinctly and emphatically declared, in our sanctum, that if the Wide-Awakes persisted in inaugurating Colonel Curtin, and thus making the demonstration one of a partisan character in which he could not with propriety participate, he would call out the military of the State and prevent it! This is the substance of the Governor's remark on the occasion referred to—and when a denial of it comes from a responsible source, we are prepared to sustain our position by the testimony of a gentleman who was present, and whose veracity will not be doubted! However "absurd" the Gazette man may consider the article to which he takes exception, the position of his father-in-law, the Governor, is still more "absurd"; for he, as Chief Magistrate, has no more to do with the inauguration parade than "the man in the moon." The Wide-Awakes will fix up a programme to suit themselves, and neither the Governor nor "the military of the State" can prevent it.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

GEN. PATTON: Majority for Patton 1,580. No return was made from Shippen township, McKean county, which gives about 100 Republican majority.—Two years ago the majority of Honorable Chapin Hall, Republican candidate, was 756. The political complexion of the district may, therefore, be regarded as permanently established. Gen. Patton has reason to be proud of the large vote he received, and his friends who urged his nomination have the satisfaction of knowing that he has more than redeemed their pledges. Those who sneeringly alluded to him as having in his youth been "a clerk in a country retail store," may draw what consolation they can from the fact that, whilst the Democratic candidate, Mr. Kerr, who is a lawyer, ran 41 behind the State ticket in his own county, Gen. Patton not only ran 174 ahead of his State ticket in Clearfield, where Mr. Curtin is personally popular, but actually obtained 64 majority in the county, which has been regarded as irretrievably Democratic. This, too, he accomplished in the face of the bitterest and most unscrupulous opposition that has ever been waged against any candidate within our knowledge. His vote at home is the severest rebuke that could possibly have been given his defamers. A comparison of the vote for Governor and Congressman throughout the district will afford abundant food for reflection to the Democratic leaders in this county, who had intended to "show the people how bad they could beat John Patton!"—Clearfield Journal.

IMPORTANT UNION MANIFESTO: It is stated that, in view of the increasing power of the Disunionists in the South, the conservatives of that quarter, headed by Henry S. Foote, of Mississippi, Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, Isaac E. Moore, of Louisiana, Gen. Sam Houston, of Texas, George W. Jones, of Tennessee, Timothy Rives, and William C. Rives, of Virginia, Albert Rust of Arkansas, and James Guthrie, of Kentucky, intend issuing a manifesto, assuring the conservative people of the free States that, in no event will the constitutional election of Mr. Lincoln be regarded as a cause for breaking up the Union, unless he should attack the rights of the South.

A WOMAN'S VENGEANCE.—A man named Burger, at Indianapolis, Ind, was terribly punished, on the 4th, by a woman with whom he had been living, and whom he had forsaken upon taken to himself a legal wife. The mistress went to his shop with a bowl of sulphuric acid and threw it in the man's face, destroying one eye and terribly disfiguring him. The man's sufferings were terrible.

THE MILITARY AND THE INAUGURATION.—It is expected that not less than fifteen military companies will visit the Capital City on the occasion of Governor Curtin's inauguration. In addition to those from abroad, the entire Dauphin county brigade, comprising four or five companies, headed by Brigadier General Williams and Staff, will be in attendance.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

THE OLDEST VOTER IN THE UNITED STATES.—At the recent election in Maine Mr. Ralph Farham, the sole survivor of the battle of Bunker Hill, now one hundred and four years of age, walked six miles to cast his vote. He has voted at every Presidential election since the adoption of the Constitution.

For the vacant Indiana Senatorship after the 4th of March next, the names most prominently mentioned are Col. Henry S. Lane, Republican Governor elect, and Hon. Caleb B. Smith, formerly a distinguished Whig representative in Congress.

NEWS IN BRIEF. Among the notable arrivals at New York, from Europe, was a live Hippopotamus, brought by the steamer City of Manchester. It was immediately transferred on board the steamer De Soto, bound for New Orleans. This is the first living animal of his species ever brought to America.

The gold dollar will soon be among the things that were, and only to be seen in the collections of those curious in numismatology. Three millions of the little shiners have already been melted into double eagles.

The anti-Lincoln parties in New Jersey have united and formed an electoral ticket containing three Douglas Democrats, two Breckinridge men, and two Bell men, to be voted for at the November election. All other tickets have been withdrawn, and the opposition to Republicanism in New Jersey now presents a united front.

Edward Bates of Missouri, and Senator Simmonds of Rhode Island—two of the most conservative men in the country—begin to be favorably named: the one for Attorney General, and the other for Secretary of the Treasury under the Administration of Lincoln, should the ballot-boxes decide in his favor.

Peter Jones, of Pittsburg, in Sunday frenzy, ripped himself open on drunks. He will die.

A mother entered a den of vice in Albany, and rescued her daughter, 16 years old, from a life of infamy.

Rev. Mr. Hall, who left his parish in Centerville, Conn., because his people insisted that he should preach in favor of the abolition of negro slavery, is visiting friends in Charleston, S. C. The Courier is disposed to lionize him.

Over \$500 has been collected in Detroit for the benefit of the widow of Captain Jack Wilson, who commanded the Lady Elgin. The citizens of Chicago have contributed \$900 to the fund, and those of Buffalo over \$700.

When two caravans meet in the interior of Africa, the two head men approach each other, then go back a reasonable distance, lower their heads and butt. The one that goes down has to yield the right of way to the caravan to the one who "downs" him.

The United States Vice-Consul at Copenhagen, Denmark, furnished the gratifying intelligence that an "official" package from Dr. Hayes, commander of the Arctic Expedition, had been received by one of the Royal Greenland Company's vessels from Upernivik.

In early life, Mrs. Edwin D. Morgan was a milliner, and Mrs. Nathaniel P. Banks a factory girl. Yet a prince of the royal house of England, and heir apparent to the throne, has danced with both of these ladies, who afford such proof of the elevating character of republican institutions; and no doubt considered he was honored quite as much as they could be by the fact.

Hon. Preston King, chairman of the Republican National Committee, having finally closed his rooms, left Washington on Saturday last. He expresses the utmost confidence in the election of his favorite.

Among the curiosities to be seen at the Mechanics' Fair in Richmond, Va., is a doll which has been played with by five generations—deposited by Miss Georgia Powell; a diamond ring 300 years old—deposited by Mrs. A. P. Allen; a book 224 years old—deposited by Mrs. Benjamin Davis; and last, but not least, the cradle in which Henry Clay was rocked!

The remains of the father and grandmother of the revolutionary patriot, Gen. Joseph Warren, were exhumed recently from the old burying ground in Roxbury for the purpose of removal and reinterment. The thigh bone and one of the teeth of the father of Gen. Warren are the only portion of the remains preserved entire.

The pastor of one of the Milwaukee churches went, on Sunday, into one section of the city wherefrom many excursionists on the ill-fated Lady Elgin had gone, and found in different houses no less than one hundred children bereft of father and mother, and wondering why they did not come back.

The census takers found in Florida a negro, who says she is 125 years old. Her name is Cornelia Leslie. She was born at Silver Bluff, Ga., remembers the siege of Savannah in 1778, is strong and healthy, and walks half a mile every Sunday to church.

A banner, used in the Revolutionary battle of Eutaw Springs, was exhibited upon the stage at the late Perry celebration in Cleveland, and after the exercises, was passed down to the crowd for examination, since which time it has not been seen.

There is a woman in Peacham, Vt., who has a dress which she has worn for 47 years. This woman and the one in New York who paid \$3,800 for a dress to wear at the Prince's ball, represent the two extremes.

The Governors of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, have each selected the 29th day of November as Thanksgiving Day.

THE ELECTORAL TICKETS: We present below the three electoral tickets which will be voted in this State at the next election:

REPUBLICAN ELECTORS. James Pollock, Thomas M. Howe, Edward C. Knight, Robert P. King, Henry Bump, Robert M. Foster, Nathan Hillis, John M. Broomall, James W. Fuller, David E. Stout, Francis W. Christ, David Mumma, Jr., David Taggart, John Greer.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS. George M. Keim, Richard Vaux, Frederick A. Server, William C. Patterson, Joseph Crockett, John G. Brenner, George W. Jacoby, Charles Kelly, Oliver P. James, David Schall, John L. Kinney, Samuel S. Barber, Thomas H. Walker, Gaylord Church.

BELL-EVERETT ELECTORS. Joseph R. Ingersoll, Wm. M. Wright, Peter Williamson, Eli K. Price, Stacy B. Hancock, J. C. Bristol, W. H. Singluff, T. W. Woodward, Tinsley Jeter, E. S. Beckley, D. H. Leche, John Roberts, W. W. McGuigan, Isaac Webster.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—Exercise your Judgment—A newer and better philosophy.—To pull down all absurd and antiquated notions of disease and its cures and to establish a rational system on the ruins, has been the chief endeavor of Doctor Holloway through life, hence the origin of his celebrated Pills and Ointment—remedies in keeping with common sense because subservient to nature rather than at variance with her laws like those in general use. To the stomach—we trace dyspepsia, headache and general debility—to the liver, bile, jaundice, and yellow fever, to the bowels, diarrhoea, dysentery, constipation, fistula and piles; to the lungs, consumption, &c., to the blood serofula, scurvy and all cutaneous eruptions. By keeping these organs and the vital fluid pure and healthy, we may safely defy the attacks of disease and no medicine yet prepared for this purpose can equal the action of these Pills and Ointment, as they dive to the seat of the disorder and by extirpating its cause destroy its effect.

FEVER AND AGUE: A case of eight months' Standing cured by Berhaves' Holland Bitters. MICHAEL KELLY, No. 117 Seventh St, near Grant, says:

"Last July, while running on the river, on a cotton-boat plying between Natchez and New Orleans, I was taken with Fever and Ague.—For eight long months I suffered with this disease. The greater part of this time I was unable to work, and spent at least fifty dollars for different medicines, but found no permanent relief. Three weeks ago, one of my friends insisted upon my trying Berhaves' Holland Bitters, saying that a cure was guaranteed. After taking it for one week, I must state, I was a sound man. I have been at work now for two weeks, and have had no returns of the Chills and Fever whatever."

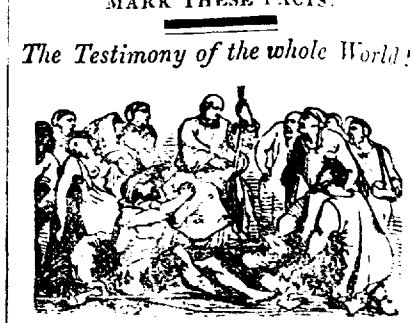
I certify that the above statement is true. THOMAS ADAMS, Diamond House, or at R. Chesler's Gothic Hall.

TO CONSUMPTIVES: The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe Lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used, [free of charge] with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y. [3m]

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.—The Rev. WILLIAM COSGROVE, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders. Desirous of benefiting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address REV. Wm. COSGROVE, 439 Fulton Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. See advertisement of Prof. L. Miller's Hair Invigorator, and Liquid Hair Dye, in another column.

BRENNEMAN To his MARIETTA Friends! HE has removed from Centre Square, to WEST KING-ST., LANCASTER, opposite Cooper's Hotel, where he has the finest BOOT AND SHOE STORE IN LANCASTER CITY. He makes fine calfskin Boots (the best) for \$4; Calfskin Walking Shoes, \$2.25; Ladies Half Gaiters, (double soles) \$2.00; Ladies Morocco Boots, (heels) \$1.25; He has concluded to make the best work at somewhat reduced prices, and hopes by so doing to enlarge and increase his business. Mending of every kind neatly done. Citizens of Marietta.—When you come to Lancaster, give BRENNEMAN a call and you will surely be pleased with his work. September 15, 1860, 9-f

JOB PRINTING. Having very recently added a large and fashionable assortment of Types and Printing materials, which will enable us to do all kinds of PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING, such as Cards, Ball Tickets, Circulars, Programmes, Blanks, Handbills, Posters, Sale Bills, &c. Everything in the Job Printing line neatly and cheaply executed and at short notice. FRIDK. L. BAKER, "The Weekly Mariettian" Office. FRESH CRANBERRIES just received at J. M. Anderson's. SUPERIOR COAL OIL—25 cents a quart at GROVE & ROTH'S.



Holloway's Ointment.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers. All description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as salt is forced into meat.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.

Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate, and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Wherever the urgent in the above mentioned diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved as by a charm.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.

The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for some considerable time—two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectively as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the sure treatment for female cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth; Sores and Ulcers. Blisters, also swellings, can, with certainty, be remedied cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning, as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in the manner they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It also relieves the itching of the skin, and cures a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is liberally rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all such maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

- Bad Legs, Chieftains, Fistulas, Bad Breasts, Ulcers, Gout, Burns, Chapped Hands, Glaucoma, Corns (Soft) Swellings, Bunions, Cancers, Lumbago, Bite of Mosquitoes and Piles, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Sand-Piles, Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Coccidies, Elephantiasis, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Scurvy, Sore Throat, Tumors, Ulcers, Sore-throats, Wounds, Xaws, Sore-heads.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a Water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions, around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering some valuable information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 50 Maiden Lane, New York and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, in pots at 25c., 62c. and \$1 each.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

Fresh Fall & Winter Goods, JUST RECEIVED BY DIFFENBACH,

No. 61 MARKET STREET, MARIETTA, PA. IS now placing on his shelves and ready for examination and sale, the largest and best selected stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS ever offered in this town. He trusts he now invites the attention of the public. Superior Dress Goods, New Styles Modes of Silks, A large assortment of Calicos Extra quality Muslins, all prices, Best make of Flannels, A large stock of Shawls, Plain and Barred Sack'd Flannels. Purchasers are invited to examine our stock, as we are confident we can show them the best styles at the lowest prices, in connection with the largest stock of domestic goods. Sateenets and Cassimeres, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Delaines, Calicos and Gingham, Drillings, Sheetings and Checks, Pant Stuff, Hickory and Tickings, Best makes of Canton Flannels, Splendid Calicos for six cents, Good quality Muslin, six cents, Plain and Figured Delaine, 12 cents, Heavy Unbleached Muslin, 12 cents. ALL KINDS OF HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS. Linen and Woolen Table cloths, Plain, Ornamental and Oiled Window Blinds and Patent Fixtures, Wall Papers, Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Wall and Window Paper, Transparent Blinds, Glass, Queensware and Cedarware, Gaiters, Slippers, Boots, Shoes, Brogans, &c. All kinds of superior Syrup at 50 cents a gallon. A LARGE STOCK OF LIQUORS wholesale or retail. RIO COFFEE at 15 cents, and other goods at correspondingly low rates. The highest price given for Country produce. J. R. DIFFENBACH.

YORK COUNTY HILL LAND. AT PUBLIC SALE. The undersigned will offer at public outcry, at the Donegal House, Marietta, On Wednesday, November 7, 1860,

At Two o'clock in the afternoon, T W O TRACTS OF YORK CO. HILL LAND, situated in Hellam Township, adjoining lands of John M. Whitehill, John Hillinger, Henry Musser and other, one of which is lying partly on the south side of the hill, containing 37 ACRES, more or less. The other Tract contains 20 ACRES, more or less, and is on the north side of the hill. These Tracts are thickly covered with young Timber, and a portion well adapted to cultivation. For any further particulars inquire of Barr Spangler. ANN BOGGS, Marietta, Oct. 13, 1860. 13-ts

LAMPS! LAMPS! SHADES, &c. The undersigned has received another lot of Fluid and Coal Oil Lamps, and Lamp Shades of every variety and price. Call and see them at Dr. Hinkle's Drug Store. CIGARS and Chewing Tobacco. A large