



The Weekly Mariettian. "Impartial - but not Neutral."

Marietta, Ga. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, RICHARD M. JOHNSON, of Tennessee. FOR GOVERNOR, ANDREW G. CURTIN, of Centre County, Pa. COUNTY TICKET. FOR CONGRESS, THADDEUS STEVENS, City. FOR STATE SENATOR, WILLIAM HAMILTON, Paradise, JOHN A. HIRSTAD, City. FOR THE LEGISLATURE, GEORGE H. HOOD, Bart Township, MICHAEL O'NEIL, West Donegal, JOHN M. STEPHAN, Penn, HENRY M. WHITE, City. For Sheriff, S. W. F. BOYD, Fulton. For Probationer, PETER MARLIN, Ephrata. For Registrar, GEORGE C. HAYWOOD, Manor. For Recorder, GEORGE WHITSON, Salisbury. For Clerk of Quarter Sessions, HENRY MUSEN, Strasburg. For Clerk of Orphan's Court, SAMUEL M. MYERS, Mount Joy. For County Commissioner, JOHN DORRIS, Manor. For Directors of the Poor, WILLIAM S. MARTIN, Coleraine, ABRAHAM H. METZGER, Conestoga, NICHOLAS ZARZEMAN, Elizabethtown. For Prison Inspectors, JACOB B. BAURACKER, Mountjoy Twp., PHILIP W. HÖSEKNEPER, Drumore. For Coroner, H. W. F. FORNER, Elizabethtown. For Auditor, DAVID BALMER, Elizabethtown. For Assessor, WILLIAM VON NEIDA, Brecknock.

On next Tuesday every voter should be on the ground early and fearlessly and independently exercise the sacred right of every Freeman! that of voting for his choice. We would caution the voters of the People's party to examine their tickets, no matter from whom obtained, before they vote and see that it corresponds with the one at the head of this column. The supporters of the so-called Independent ticket have filled the county with all kinds of mixed tickets. Let no voter be deceived.

Hon. John M. Botts made an address on Tuesday evening, at Richmond, before an audience of four or five thousand people, in which he rebuked the aristocratic disposition in the most decided terms. The object of the followers of Mr. Breckinridge, he declared, to be the reopening of the slave trade. Mr. Botts, though preferring the election of Bell and Everett, would consider the success of Mr. Lincoln as anything but a calamity which would call for a disruption of the Confederacy.

Gen. H. H. Ward the Grand Marshal of the National Wide Awake Convention which assembled a few days since in New York City, says it was the largest and grandest torchlight parade ever witnessed in this country. He declares that the procession was seven hours passing a given point and that the leading files were quietly asleep in their beds before the rear left the parade ground.

Any lingering hope among the friends of Walker of that chieftain's escape from execution will be dispelled by the latest news from Havana, detailing the manner of his death. As was expected, he died with fortitude. He also professed the Catholic religion. The startling statement is made that he confessed his raid on Honduras to be wrong, and that he alone was to blame, accepting death with resignation.

A. A. Agiers, opposite New Orleans, lately a man fell down in a fit, and was thought to be dead. The coroner was sent for, and arrangements were being made to have an inquest, when the man revived. He got up and walked off remarking that he was not quite ready for an inquest. Coroners meet with astonishing things sometimes.

The Richmond Enquirer grows severe upon Douglas. Referring to his Norfolk speech, it says that when he undertakes to coince the sovereign states of the South, the gallows of John Brown will be erected, and Mr. D. may find himself pendent thereon.

The Cheraw (S. C.) Gazette gives currency to a painful rumor that a wedding party of forty-eight persons were poisoned near Oakesbury, in that State, a few days since, of whom forty are dead. The Gazette expresses the belief in the truth of the report.

Thirteen years ago, there was not more than fifty miles of railroad in Mississippi; now, it is said, there are about one hundred miles of completed railroad, and about the same number of miles of road in the course of construction.

THE PRINCE AT HARRISBURG: His Royal Highness and suite arrived at Harrisburg on Tuesday night last. The Prince and suite were well pleased with the trip over the Pennsylvania Railroad. The Prince rode on the locomotive when the train passed over the Allegheny mountains, and was delighted with the ride and the splendid scenery. On arriving at Harrisburg a large crowd greeted the royal visitors. They were driven rapidly to the Jones house, where an elegant suite of rooms were prepared for their reception.

On Wednesday morning the distinguished cortege left the Jones House for their reception. Capitol Hill. The Prince, Mayor Kepner of Harrisburg, Duke of Newcastle, and Lord Lyons were seated in Mr. Michael Burk's open carriage, drawn by four beautiful greys and were driven along Front street, on the banks of the majestic Susquehanna to the capitol followed by other carriages containing the committee. There they alighted and paid a visit to the Governor in his private apartments. The Governor received them in his private chamber, and addressed his grace as follows: Lord Renfrew, it affords me infinite pleasure to welcome your Lordship to the capitol of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, one of the old thirteen colonies that originally acknowledged allegiance to the Crown of Great Britain, and notwithstanding the allegiance has been severed your Lordship will perceive, by a glance at that long line of Colonial and State Governors (pointing to the portraits which adorn the Executive Chambers), that we still have a very great veneration and regard for our ancient rulers. That line of portraits is almost a perfect type of those of our American families.

We cannot follow our ancestry more than a few generations back, without tracing the line to a British red coat. Again welcoming Lord Renfrew and his suite to Pennsylvania, the Governor expressed an ardent desire that their progress through the United States might increase in interest and pleasure to his lordship, and be, hereafter, productive of lasting benefits to both nations. The Prince briefly replied, expressing his sincere sense of the high honor conferred upon him in this, the Capitol of the great State of Pennsylvania. In the Governor's department were assembled also the other heads of departments: Thomas E. Cochran, Auditor General Eli Slifer, State Treasurer, W. H. Keim, Surveyor General. After introducing the Prince to the other dignitaries, the Prince and suite with the Governor then visited the Capitol Building, Library, Supreme Court Room, Educational Department, &c., and the Dome. They all expressed themselves exceedingly gratified with the view from the dome. The Prince's party left for Washington at ten o'clock on Wednesday morning.

The hymeneal altar was surprised a few days ago by the appearance of Walter Williams, Esq., of Lerne county, Kentucky, aged eighty-four years, who was accompanied by a lady not over forty years old, and demanded to have the rites of matrimony solemnized at 11 o'clock at night. Mr. Williams has been married three times; once when young, once at seventy-seven, and now again at eighty-four. He is grandfather and great-grandfather to more than one hundred children, several of them older than his wife.

It is said that a fine lady in 5th avenue has ordered a dress, to be worn at the Renfrew Ball, which will cost three thousand dollars. Surely she must be the first partner. Talking of this subject the Evening Post starts the following terrible story: "It is rumored that in order to silence all cavil, and settle the great question, 'Who shall open the ball with the Prince?' the committee have properly awarded that much coveted honor to the oldest lady in the room."

Among the attractions that Dan Rice presented in his circus, in days past, was Mademoiselle White, a graceful and dashing equestrienne. A few days since she was before Justice Remington, of Troy, N. Y., for intoxication and disorderly conduct. The Troy Times says the star of her glory having set, she took to the canal as cook, and now brings up before the justice as a desperately wicked and unruly ternaugant.

Franklin, Tennessee, has been plunged into a painful state of excitement, by the discovery that one of its most respectable citizens, Mr. R. H. Beale, had of late been using forged paper freely for the purpose of raising money. Over \$5,000 of it has been found.

The Milwaukee People's Press, from conversations had with several of the survivors, is confirmed in the belief that there were fully 500 souls on board the ill-fated Lady Elgin, and consequently nearly 400 were lost.

It is said that there is such a tremendous crop of oats in Cumberland county Illinois, that they are selling them for ten cents a bushel.

A school-teacher, named Orsin Carpenter, in Allegheny county, Pa., fell dead recently while whipping a pupil.

The roof of Westminster Hall, London, constructed of sweet chestnut timber, is 460 years old.

A NEW CHARGE: The Harrisburg Telegraph of Saturday, brings the following novel and somewhat extraordinary charges against Henry D. Foster, the Democratic candidate for Governor:

1st. That Henry D. Foster is supported by the Pennsylvania Railroad company with the understanding that he will use his official influence and power, if elected, to procure the repeal of the tonnage tax.

2d. That Henry D. Foster, as the solicitor of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, was its paid borer before the Legislature for the passage of acts of special legislation, and that he is pledged to work for the exclusive interests of that road should he be elected Governor of Pennsylvania.

3d. That Wm. A. Stokes, the prompt and traveling companion of Henry D. Foster, is also a solicitor of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and is to be made Secretary of State should Foster be elected Governor.

4th. That these two solicitors of the Penn'a Railroad, Foster and Stokes, are bound by pay and pledged by solemn promise to maintain and uphold the interests of this mammoth corporation, to make it the monopoly of freight and travel, and grant every special privilege for the consolidation of its power.

RETURN OF THE PRINCE OF WALES TO ENGLAND.—It appears that the Prince of Wales is under a promise to be back in England by the end of October, and has therefore been compelled to give up his contemplated trip to Bermuda. He has also, for the same reason, declined an invitation of the Hon. W. W. Hillard, and other Southern gentlemen, to visit the extreme southern section of our country. He will, however, go as far as Richmond, Virginia.

EXECUTION OF WALKER: The British war steamer Gladiator brings to New Orleans some further accounts respecting Walker's fate. Ten shots were fired at him, amid the cheers of the natives, who afterwards refused to bury him, leaving that duty to foreigners. Col. Rudler has been sentenced to four years imprisonment. The remains of Walker's army reached New Orleans on Friday, having come on board of the Gladiator.

In Boston it is proposed, on the visit of the Prince of Wales, to have all the Little Giants, Union Minute Men, Everett Guards, Wide-Awakes—all the torch-bearing associations of all parties without banners, transparencies, mottoes, or any emblems of a party character, unite in a monster torch-light procession, showing him how Americans can agree to differ, and carry on a war of opinions with mutual respect.

Georgia is frequently called the Empire State of the South, and not without reason. One secret of its growth and development is to be found in the fact that it is one of the States least taxed. This year, taking all the taxes, State, county, and city, and in no part of the State will they be higher than one-eighth of one per cent.

Wm. Godfrey Youngman was executed on the top of Horsemonger Lane Goal, London, on the morning of the 3rd ult. He was convicted of the murder of his mother, sweetheart, and two brothers. Upwards of 20,000 people were present, and riot ran riot until the wretch was taken down dead. He died protesting his innocence.

Fourteen dead bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the terrible fire which occurred in New Orleans, the 21st ultimo. The deceased were nearly all members of the Fire Department, and were killed while in the discharge of their duties. The bodies were interred last Sunday with appropriate public observances.

Santa Anna's splendid residence at St. Thomas, West Indies, which had cost him probably \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000, was burned down by incendiaries a few days before the departure of the last steamer. He does not intend to rebuild, and will probably leave the island.

Gen. Walker, it seems still lives. A despatch from New Orleans says that the "gray-eyed man of destiny" was not only not shot, but that he will return home very shortly. What a pleasant time he will have reading his obituary notice! and what a pity they were not more complimentary!

The will of the late Rev. Wm. Neill, of Philadelphia, contains a bequest of \$2000 to the Trustees of the College of New Jersey, at Princeton, to aid indigent students who may be preparing for the Gospel ministry.

The Constitution concludes that the election of Lincoln would not dissolve the Union, but might excite to an unprecedented degree the apprehensions and indignation of the South.

A waggish friend of ours, informs us that all the ladies are in favor of Linkin'—to a man.

Chewing-gum enough to give a "oud" to twenty-eight million people, was manufactured by one establishment in Jefferson-co., N. Y., in six months.

E. L. Snow, the original hero of the story of the man who struck "Billy Patterson," has just died in New York.

CLIPPINGS FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Mr. John Goff, a citizen of Newport, R. I., was buried recently, after lying 13 days, during which time no perceptible change took place in the body.

As the mail train from Norfolk was nearing Petersburg, Va., and advancing with lightning speed, recently, a negro man was struck by the "cow-catcher," and thrown a distance of one hundred and fifty yards. On examination it was found that the negro was only stunned. We suppose the "cow catcher" must have struck him on the head.

Some boys in a school in Kentucky, recently in a fit of mischief, persuaded one of their number that a school-fellow, named Sebree, intended to kill him.—The boy was so worked upon that, without consulting any one, he procured a loaded pistol, and walking up to young Sebree, shot him dead. What a powerful argument against practical joking!

The English people, as a body, are woefully ignorant of "matters and things" as they exist in America, but we don't believe everything that is told of them. A story is afloat to the effect that a speculating Philadelphian has just realized about thirty thousand dollars by exhibiting a large-sized halibut as the "American flounder." This may be true, but it sounds to us like a fish story.

Some thieves entered a Female Seminary at Wheeling, Va., a few nights since, administered chloroform to the pupils, and then deliberately carried off all their jewels, money and apparel.

There are said to be 1,537,000 spiritualists in the United States and 63,000 in the Canadian provinces, Cuba and South America. More than a million and a half of spiritualists in America alone!

Our exchanges tell a miraculous story of a deaf and dumb man, named Joseph Wells, who was instantly restored to hearing, in New Orleans, by the report of a cannon. Wonderful, if true.

Silas Muncy, aged 85 years, and his wife Sarah, aged 83 years, recently died near New Babylon, L. I., on the same day. They had lived and loved together for sixty-three years, and in death they were not separated.

A horse express is to be started between St. Joseph, Missouri, and Sacramento, California, carrying letters and despatches at the rate of \$5 each. This, it is expected, will diminish the time between New York and San Francisco to about ten days.

The California Legislature is composed of 34 lawyers, 10 farmers, 5 block-raisers, 4 rancheros, 2 put themselves down "mudsills," 21 miners, and 1 hair-dresser. The oldest member is 68.—Only 6 of the number are naturalized citizens.

There are four brothers in Wisconsin, named Ruble, whose weight ranges from 290 to 308 pounds each, and they all stand over six feet in height. They own one of the largest farms, raise the biggest cattle, bring to market the fattest hogs, and raise more wheat to the acre than any other farmer in Wisconsin.

Bloudin has expressed his intention of amusing the Quebecers next season by crossing on a rope below the Falls of Montmorency, at a height of 250 feet.—Mr. Bloudin, it is greatly to be feared, will meet with an ugly tumble "one of these days."

An actor in Paris recently found a lady's slipper, and fell desperately in love with its owner without having seen her. He afterwards, singularly enough, met the lady, proposed and was married. Here is excellent material for a fine sketch.

It is stated that when the twelve hundred clerks employed in the Bank of England leave the building in the evening, a detachment of troops march in to guard it during the night, although burglars could not penetrate the solid vaults in six weeks.

A wedding took place in Oxford, Wisconsin, a few days since, and soon after the knot was tied the bride was taken off by a neighbor to sit up with a sick person. The bridegroom next morning applied to the Justice to have himself unmarried, but the functionary informed him the thing could not be did.

Mary Duffer, a woman 28 years of age, employed at the house of Mrs. Sullivan, Winchester-st., Memphis, Tenn., while recently engaged in washing, made a remark to some person present, that "if she was going to die, she wanted to go quick," and in less than five minutes from that time she was a corpse.

A man named Theodore Reugiot, died recently, in the town of Rome, who had lain in his bed for eighteen years, perfectly stiff, and with only one joint (that of the thumb) that he could move. "He could talk, but that was all the physical power he possessed, and he was forced to take his food by suction."

A boat-constructor, on exhibition in Boston, attacked his keeper, a man named Bemis, a few days since, and would have crushed him to death by coiling around him, had not help been at hand. His rescuers were obliged to kill the reptile before they could make him let go his hold.

AGE & DEBILITY.—As old age comes creeping on, it brings with it many attendant infirmities. Loss of appetite and weakness impair the health, and want of activity makes the mind discontented and unhappy; in cases where old age adds its influence, it is almost impossible to add vigor and health, and although many remedies have been tried, all have failed, until Barthelemy's Holland Bitters were known and used. In every case where they have been employed, they have invariably given strength and restored the appetite. They have become an agent for this alone, and are used by many people who are suffering from loss of appetite and general debility. In cases of long standing chronic diseases, they act as a charm, invigorating the system, thus giving nature another opportunity to repair physical injuries. See advertisement of Prof. J. Miller's Hair Ligatorator, and Liquid Hair Dye, in another column.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the post office, at Marietta, Penn., Sept. 30, 1860. Persons enquiring for letters will please mention they are advertised.

- Morgan L. Babo, Michael M. Kreider, Sarah Keller, L. Christian Brantz, James Brooks 3, James Burns, Peter B. Banneman, Daniel Brose, Edwin J. Bullock 3, John F. Close 2, David Coble 2, Henry Coble, Miss L. Campbell, Sarah Clinton, D. Martin Donbach, Eliza Deivert, David Dennison, Henry Decherty, Daniel Easton, C. H. Edwards, F. Rosina Ficiand, James Field, Mattie B. Saylor, Eliza Stutenroth, Valentine Schnell, Mrs. Stone, Christian Snyder, Edward Singer 2, Joseph Switzer, T. Joseph Hiesly, John Hocum, R. Huch, Sarah J. Howard, Messrs. Haguet & Co, H. Weber & Co 2, Messrs. J. Bovey & Co, Martin Wesely, Gollieb Weible, James White, E. Winchester, Andrew Watson, CHARLES KELLY, P. M.

HEALTH AND ITS PLEASURES, Or, Disease with its Agonies: CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

NERVOUS DISORDERS. What is more fearful than the breaking down of the nervous system? To be excited or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or far better, none; take no coffee, weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take two or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

MOTHERS AND DAUGHTERS. If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APETITE. These feelings which soadden us, most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follow as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

DISORDERS OF THE KIDNEYS. In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

FOR STOMACHS OUT OF ORDER. No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills—they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are equally efficacious in case of spasms, in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases: Dropsy, Inflammation, Jaundice, Bilious Complaints, Erysipelas, Liver Complaints on the Skin, Female Irregularities, Lumbago, Colic, Fevers of all Piles, Constipation of the Bowels, Retention of Urine, Head-ache, Scrophula, or Indigestion, King's Evil, Tumours, Sore Throats, Ulcers, Venereal Afections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, &c.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "Holloway's Pills" are stamped on the leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 89 Mark Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and \$1 each. There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. DIRECTIONS for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. KNIVES & FORKS, Britania and Silver-plated Spoons, Brass, Copper, Plain and Enamelled Iron Kettles, and House-keeping goods generally. Sterrett & Co.

DR. MOTT'S

Chalybeate Restorative Pills of Iron.

A N aperient and Stomachic preparation of Iron purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice. The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions, indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz: Anemia, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrophulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Miasmatic Infection, Chlorosis, Whites, Hæmoptoe, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the face, &c.

In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to so great an extent which a description not to be extended would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very singular instances of this kind are attested of female Sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical chances, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of constiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is in this latter property, among others, which make it so remarkably effective and permanent a remedy for Piles, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habituated cases, including the attendant Costiveness.

In unchecked Diarrhea, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent, hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In Scrophulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

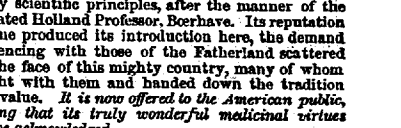
The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them. In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decided—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In Intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy, and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects—good appetite, complete digestion, and acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 Pills, price 50 cents per box, sent by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to R. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents, 20 Cedar-st., N. Y.

BERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS



THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER COMPLAINT, WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND, FEVER AND AGUE, And the various affections consequent upon a disordered STOMACH OR LIVER.

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Dependancy, Costiveness, Bilious and Bleeding Piles, in all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in other cases effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Berhave. Its reputation at home produced its introduction here, the demand commencing with those of the Fatherland scattered over the face of this mighty country, many of whom brought with them and handed down the tradition of its value. It is now offered to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instilled into the system, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrills the nerves, enlivening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system. NOTICE.—Whoever expects a cure of his liver will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cord, possessed of singularly remedial properties.

READ CAREFULLY! The Genuine highly concentrated Berhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half-pint bottles only, and retailed at One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for Five Dollars. Beware of cheap imitations. The public should guard against purchasing cheaply, and be satisfied with the label of every bottle you buy. Sold by Druggists generally. See that our name is forwarded by Express to most points. SOLE PROPRIETORS, BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO. MANUFACTURERS, PITTSBURGH, PA. For sale at GROVE & ROTHS, Marietta.