

# The Mariettian.

An Independent Pennsylvania Journal for the Home Circle.

BY FRED'K L. BAKER.

MARIETTA, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1866.

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## Reading and Columbia Railroad.

TRAINS of this road run by Reading Rail Road time, which is ten minutes faster than that of Pennsylvania Railroad. On and after Tuesday, May 18, 1866, trains of this road will run as follows: Will leave Columbia at 7:20 a. m. and arrive at Reading at 9:40 a. m. and connect with the New-York Express Train, which reaches that city at 8:40 p. m., and Philadelphia at 12:45 p. m., and also connecting with trains for Potsville and the Lebanon Valley. And at THREE O'CLOCK in the afternoon, arriving at Reading at 5:15 p. m., connecting with trains for Potsville and the Lebanon Valley.

Trains will leave Reading at 6:30 a. m. for Columbia, connecting at Landisville with Pa. Railroad train, reaching Lancaster at 8:40 a. m., and Philadelphia at 12:30 p. m., and arriving at Columbia at 8:40 a. m. And also leave Reading at 6:15 in the afternoon and arrive at Columbia at 8:15 in the evening.

SUNDAY TRAIN: Commencing Sunday, May 6th, a Sunday Passenger Train will run between Columbia and Reading, leaving Columbia at 7:30 in the morning and arriving at Reading at 9:40. Returning, leave Reading at 6:30 p. m. arriving at Columbia at 8:15 p. m. Passengers by this train can make close connection at Reading for New-York and Philadelphia, arriving at the latter place at 12:30 p. m., returning, leave Philadelphia at 8:15 p. m., and arrive at Reading in time to connect with this Sunday train.

Through tickets to New-York, Philadelphia and Lancaster sold at principal stations, and Baggage checked through. Freight carried with the utmost promptness. Further information with regard to Freight or passage, may be obtained from the Agents of the Company. GEO. F. GADE, Superintendent. E. F. KEEVER, General Freight & Ticket Agent.

## GRAND PRIZES

For Subscribers to the American Statesman, A National Weekly Family Journal. AT \$1.50 PER ANNUM. The following splendid prizes are sent to clubs: For every club of forty subscribers a Wheeler & Wilson best \$55 Sewing Machine, with two extra copies to the getter up of the club. For every club of twenty, and less than 40 subscribers, we will allow \$1.25 for each subscriber on the price of said machine. For every club of six, a splendid steel engraving of President A. Lincoln, full length, Andrew Johnson, Gen. Grant, or Sherman, on hand, each worth \$3 each, with an extra copy to the getter up of the club. For every club of three, one of those splendid steel engravings of the Union series of NATIONAL PORTRAITS. Comprising Presidents Johnson and Lincoln, Lieut-Gen. Grant, Gen. Sherman, Sheridan, Thomas McClellan, Fremont, Admirals Farragut and Porter, and George and Martha Washington, each 18x24 inches, worth \$2.

These splendid portraits should adorn every parlor. The Statesman is the largest, cheapest and best family paper published, suited for every family. Try it once and you will never be without it. Send for copies and get up your clubs. Address, AMERICAN STATESMAN, 67 Nassau-st., New-York. January 13-6m.]

## MARIETTA ACADEMY.

Southeast Corner of Market Square. Marietta, Lancaster Co., Pennsylvania.

This Academy having received very flattering encouragement during the first session will enter upon the second term on Monday, April 16th.

The location of this school is one of the most healthy and pleasant in the State. Four passenger trains of the Pennsylvania railroad connect it with all parts of the State.

The branches taught embrace all those of a thorough English education, together with Latin, Greek, French and German languages, Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Every branch will be taught in the most thorough manner.

Waiter the principal will constantly aim to make thorough scholars, he still deems it no less important to inculcate moral and religious principles. He pledges his best exertions to secure the present and future welfare of those committed to his charge.

Lectures on Philosophy, &c., will be delivered before the students during the session.

A regular examination will be held at the close of each term.

TERMS:—For boarding, washing and light per session of five months, \$95.00

Tuition in English branches, 10.00

For Latin, Greek, French and German, each extra, 5.00

Book Keeping, 20.00

Instrumental Music, 20.00

Persons wishing to place their sons or daughters in this institution will please make early application by letter or otherwise.

R. S. MAXWELL, Principal.

REV. J. J. Lane, Wrightsville, N. W. Smith, Wrightsville, Dr. J. Leverage, Lancaster, Aaron Baker, Chatham, Chester, Co. Rev. Robert Alexander, Little Britain. D. Wilson, Baltimore, Samuel Lindsay, Marietta, Calvin A. Schaffner, " H. D. Benjamin, " Dr. J. Cushman, " Dr. F. Hinkle, " Thomas Zell, " A. Cassel, " Jacob Roth, " George W. Stahl, " Marietta, February 3, 1866-261f.

DANIEL G. BAKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LANCASTER, PA. OFFICE—No. 24 NORTH DUKE STREET opposite the Court House, where he will attend to the practice of his profession in all its various branches.

DR. WM. B. FAHNESTOCK, OFFICE—MAIN-ST., NEARLY OPPOSITE Spangler & Patterson's Store.

CE HOURS: FROM 7 TO 8 A. M. 1 TO 2. 6 TO 7 P. M.

LARGE LOT OF BLUE WINDOW SHADES at remarkably low prices.—JOHN SPANGLER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Office in "LINDSAY'S BUILDING," second floor, on Elbow Lane, between the Post Office Corner and Front-St., Marietta, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania.

ADVERTISING RATES: One square (10 lines, or less) 75 cents for the first insertion and One Dollar and a-half for 3 insertions. Professional and Business cards, of six lines or less at \$5 per annum. Notices in the reading columns, ten cents a-line. Marriages and Deaths, the simple announcement, FREE; but for any additional lines, ten cents a line. A liberal deduction made to yearly and half yearly advertisers.

Having just added a "NEWBURY MOUNTAIN JOBBER PRESS," together with a large assortment of New Job and Card type, Cuts, Borders, &c., to the Job Office of "THE MARIETTIAN," which will insure the fine and speedy execution of all kinds of JOB & CARD PRINTING, from the smallest Card to the LARGEST POSTER, at reasonable prices.

## DR. HENRY LANDIS.

Dr. Henry Landis Dr. Henry Landis At the "Golden Mortar," Market Street, Marietta, Keep constantly on hand Drugs, Perfumeries, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Coal Oil Lamps and Shades, Howe & Steven's Family Dye Colors, Shoulder Braces and Trusses, Papers and Periodicals, Books & Stationary, Portmonnaies, Segars, Prescriptions carefully compounded. Remember the place, Dr. Grove's old Stand. Give us a call.

JACOB EIBHART, JR., CABINET MAKER AND UNDERTAKER, MARIETTA, PA.

WOULD most respectfully take this method of informing the citizens of Marietta and the public in general, that having laid in a lot of seasoned Lumber, it is now prepared to manufacture all kinds of

CABINET FURNITURE in every style and variety, at short notice. He has on hand a lot of Furniture of his own manufacture, which for fine finish and good workmanship, will rival any City make.

Special attention paid to repairing. He is also now prepared to attend, in all its branches, the UNDERTAKING business, being supplied with an excellent Horse, large and small Biers, Cooling Box, &c.

COFFINS finished in any style—plain or costly. Ware Room and Manufactory, near Mr. Duffy's new building, near the "Upper-Station," Marietta, Pa. [Oct. 22.]

## A. LINDSAY,

Manufacturer and Dealer in BOOTS & SHOES, MARKET STREET, MARIETTA, PENN.

Would most respectfully inform the citizens of this Borough and neighborhood that he has at this time the largest assortment of City made work ever offered in this Borough, amongst which may be named the new-style

Polish Boot, and Globe-Kid Balmorals. FOR THE LADIES.

A. L. being a practical BOOT AND SHOE MAKER enables him to select with more judgment than those who are not. He continues to manufacture in the very best manner everything in the BOOT AND SHOE line, which he will warrant for neatness and fit.

Call and examine the new stock before going elsewhere. Marietta, April 14, 1866.

H. L. & E. J. ZAHM, Jewelers,

Corner of North Queen-St. and Centre Square, Lancaster, Pa.

WE are prepared to sell American and Swiss Watches at the lowest cash rates! We buy directly from the Importers and Manufacturers, and can, and do sell Watches as low as they can be bought in Philadelphia or New-York.

A fine stock of Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Silver and Silver-plated ware constantly on hand. Every article fairly represented.

H. L. & E. J. ZAHM, Corner North Queen Street and Centre Square, LANCASTER, PA. February 17, 1866.-1f.

DR. J. Z. HOFFER, DENTIST,

OF THE BALTIMORE COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, LATE OF HARRISBURG.

OFFICE—Front street, next door to R. Williams' Drug Store, between Locust and Walnut streets, Columbia.

ROBERT C. HARRIS, PLASTERER.

Having located in the Borough of Marietta, would respectfully offer his services to the public, and being determined to do his work well, and at reasonable prices, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Marietta, May 12, 1865.-3f.

## A Woman in Man's Clothes; Or, An Extraordinary Discovery.

A few months ago an announcement appeared in some of the English newspapers, of the death, at the age of seventy-two years, of a Dr. James Barry, an officer on the medical staff of the British army. The announcement was accompanied by a statement of the fact that subsequent to the demise of the doctor, it was discovered that he was a female. A brief account was given of Dr. Barry's career in the military service, which extended over a period of fifty years, spent in different parts of the world, but principally in India and the British West Indies. The doctor, it appears, had been regularly educated for the medical profession, had entered the army when quite young, and, purely by dint of professional skill in surgery, had risen through various grades to a very high position on the staff.

The writer of this sketch was personally acquainted with Dr. Barry when he was stationed at one of the West India islands, and it has struck him that a few reminiscences of the doctor may prove interesting to the public.

The doctor's personal appearance was rather remarkable, and his habits singularly eccentric. He was diminutive in size (the masculine pronoun is used for the sake of convenience; besides which we speak now of the doctor in his assumed character) and effeminate in appearance, the face being quite smooth, the complexion pale, and the hands and feet small and delicately shaped. His voice was "soft and low"—according to high authority "an excellent thing in woman,"—and he possessed remarkable powers of conversation. He was of an irritable disposition, however—an infirmity which had frequently brought him into collision with his brother officers in the earlier period of his career; and the writer had it from his own lips that he had fought a duel, and had on several occasions acted as second in hostile encounters of this kind.

Doctor Barry, when the writer made his acquaintance, was about sixty years old, and in rather feeble health. He resided at an out-of-the-way place, in the suburbs of the town; and although he occasionally—but very rarely—went into society, he saw no company at his house. His only domestic was an elderly black man, who discharged the duties of cook, groom and coachman. Two or three times a week a woman went to the house to scrub the floors and dust the furniture; but her work was always done during the doctor's absence from home as he objected to have any female about the place while he was there.

He was not without companions, however, for he kept two dogs, several cats, a parrot, and three or four goats about him; to all of which he seemed very much attached. One of the dogs—a poodle—he nursed with tender care, and when he rode out in his carriage, either on business or for an airing, it was always to be seen by his side. He was a vegetarian; but meals were regularly served up at his table for his feline and canine pets, whom he helped to choice bits with his own hands. The goats he kept for the sake of their milk, an article of which he was very fond, and these, like the dogs and cats, had the freedom of the house, walking in and out at their pleasure. He never tasted strong drink of any kind, assigning as a reason for his abstinence, and confining himself to vegetable food, that the taint of insanity was hereditary in his family, and there was, consequently, danger to him in a stimulating diet. The doctor's peculiarities and eccentricities were noised over the whole town, and everybody laughed at them; but no one ever dreamed of his real sex. About eighteen months after this singular being had returned to England from the West Indies, he died, and then transpired the well-kept secret of a long life—Dr. Barry was a woman!

No one has yet been found to unravel the mystery attaching itself to his strange history. Among the effects of the deceased, no papers have been found giving any indication whatever of her family connections (we must change the pronoun) or her juvenile associations. All that is known of her early life is that, having taken the degree of M. D., she entered the British army while yet young and soon gained a high reputation by the ability she displayed in surgical operations, requiring an uncommon measure of nerve and skill in the operator. One little circumstance may be mentioned in conclusion, showing that she wished her life-long secret to be buried with her. While in the West Indies, a short time before her return to England—

which was somewhat unexpected—she prepared a letter of instructions for the guidance of a legal gentleman in the colony—a friend of hers—in disposing of her affairs, in the event of her dying in that part of the world. In that letter she gave directions that she should be buried in the same clothes in which she died, without the body being disturbed in any way whatever after death, and that sepulture should take place with all possible speed. The reason for the strange injunction is obvious; but she had neglected to take the same precaution on returning to England, and so her secret was revealed.

CURIOUS GOOD FRIDAY CUSTOM.—Large numbers assembled in the church yard of St. Bartholomew the Great, Smithfield, for the purpose of witnessing a very ancient and curious ceremony. It appears that some centuries ago a lady who resided in the parish left by her will certain property to form a fund for the preaching of a sermon on Good Friday, and to give to forty poor widows of the parish sixpence each every year forever, and it was directed that the same should be placed on the tombstone over her grave. No provision, however, having been made for keeping the stone in repair, it has so gone to decay that not a vestige remains. The money is now, therefore, every year deposited on the ground where the coffin is supposed to have been placed. This ceremony was gone through in the presence of the Rev. J. Abbis, M. A., the rector of the parish, the churchwardens, and the persons who were attracted by the strangeness of the proceedings. Afterwards there was service in the church, with a sermon, as directed by the long deceased lady. It is more than probable, however, that there would have been a sermon on a day held in such high honor by the Church, whether the thoughtful lady had directed it or not.

MAKING THE BEST OF IT.—A French woman, however plain, thinks it worth while to consult the becoming; and the contrast between downright ugliness studied, alleviated, and made fresh and trim, and the same ugliness abandoned to its fate—as we have the opportunity not seldom of seeing it—is often more effective, as conveying a moral triumph, than that between mere prettiness and its opposite. It is a standing, walking moral—a lesson that things are never so bad but that it is worth while to make the best of them. People's habits in this respect very much depend on the view they take of the present.

A MAN OF IDEAS.—A correspondent of the Chicago Republican has a curious analysis of Mr. Johnson's speech on the 18th inst., to the so-called soldiers and sailors, and it appears that in that speech "he used the personal pronoun I 72 times, and me 14 times; the possessive pronoun my 14 times; we, 38 times; us, 11 times; our, 6 times; he, referring to himself, 11 times, and his twice—making, in all, 168 references to himself in a speech containing not far from 3,000 words, or one in every 18 words.

WISE SAYINGS.—Have nothing to do with an angry man.

Take heed of whom and to whom you speak.

Rise from the table with an appetite. Believe not all you hear, nor report all you believe.

Remember thine own faults, and be not severe upon those of other people.

"I wish to look at some shoes for sissy," said a very important looking lady, entering a village store. "Yes, ma'am, replied the obliging clerk, instantly displaying a dozen pair of tiny ankle-ties and baby-boots before the astonished dame. "I don't want these sir. Why, sissy is my daughter, a grown up young woman, and wears ladies' slippers, number six!"

A traveler stopping at a Western hotel exclaimed one morning to the waiter, "What are you about, you black rascal? You have roused me twice from my sleep by telling me breakfast is ready, and now you are attempting to strip off the bed-clothes." "Why," replied Pompey, "if you isn't gwine to git up I must have de sheet, anyhow, 'cause dey'r waitin' for the table cloth."

A barber remarked to a customer in his hands that he thought the cholera was in the hair. "Then you ought to be very careful what brushes you use," was the reply. "Oh, sir," said the barber laughing, "I didn't mean the air of the ad, but the hair of the katmosphere."

## Chinese Juggling.

While walking on the banks of the river, this afternoon, near the junction with the Grand Canal, I saw some clever jugglers. A boy, about fourteen years of age, performed the needle trick in an exceedingly expert manner. He commenced by sticking a dozen of common sewing needles upon the end of a piece of wood, and showed them to the lookers on. I examined one of them, and found it to be an ordinary sharp-pointed needle. Having done this, he placed them, one after the other, between his lips, and sucked them slowly into his mouth; and, to all appearance swallowed them. He then walked around the circle, with his mouth open, and allowed the people to look into it; but nothing was to be seen of the needles. He then took a crystal ball, about the size of a walnut, and, placing it between his teeth, drew it into his mouth, and, to all appearance, swallowed it—as he opened his mouth, and it was not visible. He then made an effort as if bringing it up from his stomach, and ejected it from his mouth—repeating this performance several times. He next took a long piece of thread, passed it up one nostril and brought the end out of his mouth, moving it backward and forward by the two ends—the one hanging out of his nostril and the other out of his mouth. He then pulled the string out altogether, introduced it again into his nostril by snuffing it in, and seemed to swallow the whole piece of string. He again swallowed the glass ball, ejected it, and immediately afterward draw the thread out of his mouth with the needles strung upon it. This is really a clever trick, showing wonderful powers of stowing things away in the mouth—the more so, as he was talking the whole time. A great amount of skill is exhibited, and no small degree of risk must be run in performing this trick, as Mr. Lockhart mentions a case that occurred at Shanghai, where the needles that had been introduced into the mouth; ready threaded, slipped down and became impacted into the back part of the throat, and caused death the fifth day afterward.

## A NOVEL WAGER.

An amusing story is going the round of the Paris clubs. It appears that a short time ago a foreign prince made a heavy bet that he would be arrested by the police without committing any offense whatever, or in any way provoking the authorities. The bet having been taken by a member of the Imperial Club, the prince went to one of the most aristocratic cafes in Paris, dressed in a battered hat, a ragged blouse, and boots all in holes, and sitting down at one of the tables, ordered a cup of coffee. The waiters, however, paid no attention to so suspicious looking a customer, upon which the prince put his hand into his pocket and showed a bundle of bank notes. The proprietor then ordered the coffee to be served, sending meanwhile to the nearest police station for a sergeant de ville. The prince was duly arrested and taken to the Commissary of Police, where he stated who he was, and was afterwards taken to the gentleman with whom he made the bet to prove his identity. A similar story was told at Vienna sometime ago of a Hungarian Prince Seander, M. de Metternich's son-in-law, who, in order to make his arrest quite sure, took the bank notes out of his boots.

What everybody says must be true, is an old proverb. And it is a fact beyond dispute that all tell one story about the almost miraculous cures performed by Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. Chronic and obstinate cases of Dyspepsia of long standing will surely give way to its curative powers. Indigestion, sick headache, heart burn, cramps, pains and colic, in either stomach or bowels, souring or rising of food, constipation, general debility, flatulency, cannot exist when Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is used. We beg of the afflicted to make the experiment; it can be found at all drug stores.

During the war, an excited orator on the stump said that the women of the country would churn out the public debt in a few years. Judging from the price of butter they have commenced upon the business already.

Why is mending stockings like blaspheming? Because it is darning what is holy.

Why is the letter A the best remedy for a deaf woman? Because it makes her hear.

A worthless bond. A vaga-bond.

## Stuff for Smiles.

A prominent Bachelor politician remarked to a lady that soapstone was excellent to keep the feet warm in bed. "Yes," said the young lady, who had been an attractive listener, "but some gentlemen have an improvement on that which you know nothing about." The bachelor turned pale and maintained a wistful silence.

A servant, newly engaged, presented to his master, one morning, a pair of boots, the leg of one which was much longer than the other. "How comes it, you rascal, that these boots are not of the same length?"

"I really don't know, sir; but what bothers me the most is, that the pair down stairs are in the same fix."

"Madam, your boy cannot pass at half fare; he is too large," said the conductor of a railway train, which had been long detained on the road by the snow. "He may be too large now," replied the matron, "but he was small enough when we started." The conductor gave in, and the boy passed for half fare.

A correspondent tells of a youngster who on being admonished by his mother not to take all the hash from the dish, because he should leave some for manners, replied, after looking around the table, "Well, I don't see any manners here to eat it!"

"Do you know the prisoner, Mr. Wiggins?" "Yes, to the bone." "What is his character?" "Didn't know he had any." "Does he live near you?" "So near that he has only spent \$5 for fire wood in eight years."

"Didn't you tell me you could hold the plow?" said the farmer to an Irishman he had taken on trial. "Be aisy, no," says Pat. "How could I hold it an' two horses pullin' it away? Just stop the cratur and I'll hold it for ye."

A fellow being awakened by the clerk of a steamer, was told that he must not occupy the berth with his boots. He very considerably replied, "Oh, the bugs won't hurt 'em, I guess; they're an old pair."

It is a vain thing for you to stick your finger in the water, and pulling it out, look for a hole: it is equally vain to suppose that, however large a space you occupy, the world will miss you, when you die.

"Can you tell," asked a blooming lass of a suitor once, "what ship carries more passengers than the Great Eastern?" "Well, miss, really I don't think I can." "Why, it is courtship," replied the maiden with a conscious blush.

A German writer says a young girl is a fishing-rod. The eyes are the hook, the smile the bait, the lover the gudgeon the marriage the batter in which he is fried. What will the girls say of that German?

"I think you must allow," said a pompous gentleman, "that my jests are very fair." "Sir, your jests are just yourself," was the quick retort; "their age renders them respectable."

In Cork, Ireland, a short time ago, the crier of the court endeavored to suppress the crowd by exclaiming, "All ye blackguards that isn't lawyers, lave the court."

Law and Clothes.—The difference between a suit of clothes and a suit at law is this—one provides you with pockets, and the other empties them.

What precious stone should have been placed at the gate of Eden after the expulsion?—Adamantine.—(Adam ain't in.)

This world and the next resembles the east and the west; you cannot draw near to one without turning your back on the other.

The last toast—the Ladies: may their virtues exceed even the magnitude of their skirts, while their faults are still smaller than their bonnets.

A man in Detroit advertises for a partner in the nursery business. A new way, perhaps, of advertising for a wife.

What notes compose the most favorable tunes, and what do they compose? Bank-notes—they make for-tunes.

The man who couldn't "trust his feelings" is supposed to do business entirely on the cash basis.

Why is a prudent man like a pin? Because his head prevents him from going to far.

Wanted.—A lock of hair from the head of navigation. He that can keep his temper is better than he that can keep a carriage.

What length ought a lady's cy to be? A little above two feet.