



F. L. Baker, Editor.

MARIETTA, PA.

Saturday, January 28, 1865.

Sir Henry Holland, an English medical gentleman, and family physician of the Queen, who accompanied the Prince of Wales on his American tour, whilst in this State, became favorably impressed and invested some money in Pennsylvania State stocks. It was of course, the intention of the Commonwealth to pay the interest upon her indebtedness in gold, but when the war overwhelmed the country, and it became necessary to husband resources for the great struggle, Pennsylvania determined to pay her interest in lawful legal tender, and not be driven into the market to be the prey of speculators in gold. In consequence Sir Henry received, his interest in greenbacks, upon which he writes a very complaining letter to Henry D. Moore, our State Treasurer. Mr. Moore's answer is to the point; stating that but for English sympathy and money, the war would, long since, have been quelled, and that while the war lasts he must be content to get his interest in our legal tender currency.

Alfred H. Terry, the leader of the land forces on Fort Fisher, was born in New Haven, Conn., Nov. 10, 1827; he was admitted to the bar in 1848; visited Europe in 1860. He had long inclined to military studies, and took an active part in the militia of his State. He was colonel of the 24th New Haven County Regiment when Fort Sumpter was fired on, and immediately offered his services to the Governor, and was commissioned to command the 2d Connecticut Regiment of three-months men, which was one of the few that behaved well at Bull Run. He afterwards raised another regiment, the 7th Connecticut, which did excellent service. In 1862 he was made a Brigadier-General of volunteers, and afterwards promoted to Major-General, and for the splendid service of capturing a fort which, twenty days before, Gen. Butler had declared impregnable, he has received further promotion.

George B. McClellan procured, on Tuesday, at the United States Collector's office in Newark, N.J., a passport to go to Europe in the steamer China. He also, at the same time, paid his war tax of \$195.75, on an income of \$3,915. His pay as a major general last year was \$4,173, and from other sources, \$342; amounting in all to \$4,515, from which was made a deduction of \$600.

Governor Curtin has just received information from Col. Jordan, state agent at Washington, that from and after the 18th instant, no permit will be granted for the removal of dead bodies interred at any point south of the District of Columbia. It will be utterly useless for parties to make application for any such permit, until the restriction is removed, of which public notice will be given.

Lieutenant-Colonel Harry White, whose capture and retention by the rebels kept our Senate in hot water for so long last winter, until relief finally came in the shape of a captain with the gallant Senator's resignation sewed in his shoulder strap, was promoted, by Governor A. G. Curtin, to the full command of his old regiment, the Sixty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Edward Everett leaves three children; Mrs. Commodore Wise, Major Sidney Everett of General Saxton's staff, aged about 30 years, and William Everett, who after graduating at Harvard College, went to England and entered Cambridge College there, where he graduated about a year ago with the most distinguished honors. Mr. E. was himself, a widower.

The new quota of Pennsylvania has just been announced by Major Dodge, Provost Marshal General of Pennsylvania, to Governor Curtin. The quota is forty-nine thousand seven hundred and sixty-one, or, in round numbers, fifty thousand.

Hon. Francis P. Blair, Sr., says he was very kindly received by Jefferson Davis and Mrs. Davis, and was sumptuously entertained by them.

The Washington Chronicle says Gen. Butler entertains the warmest feelings for President Lincoln and his administration.

General Dix has ordered the New York News to cease copying the personal advertisements from the Richmond papers.

The oldest Senator in the United States is Jacob Collamer, of Vermont, who was born in 1798.

GEN. GRANT'S HOME—The residence recently purchased by a committee of gentlemen of Philadelphia, and which has been gratuitously tendered to Gen. Grant and family as a permanent home, and which has been accepted by Gen. Grant, is on the north side of Chestnut street, west of Twentieth. The building occupies a front of twenty-two feet, extending back to the distance of one hundred and sixty-eight feet, with a thirty foot street in the rear. It is a four-story double front, with three-story double back buildings. The front is constructed of fine pressed brick, with brownstone finishings, and, with the exception of the first floor, contains three windows front. It contains in all sixteen rooms, four of which are located on the first floor, five on the second, five on the third, and two on the fourth.

Living in Richmond—The Examiner of the 17th says: "The restaurants and drinking saloons advanced their prices on Saturday, putting the rates a peg higher. The advance, they allege, is necessitated by the great rise in the prices of flour and provisions in the market. The bill of fare in saloons that formerly cost \$10 now cost \$15, and no drinks are to be had under \$5. Perhaps it is well that the price of living has come to be defined at last. The thermometer can go no higher than 90; the currency may go to zero, but the charge cannot go above blood-heat. This may as well be understood first as last."

Postmasters are obliged to receive all Treasury notes for stamps and postage, if clearly genuine, no matter how torn or defaced they may be, provided one-twentieth part thereof is not missing; and fractional currency, if not one-tenth part be missing. Such notes and currency received as are unfit for re-issue should be kept separate and distinct, and returned, as occasion requires, to the Treasurer of the United States, Washington, in sums not less than three dollars, to be exchanged for new.

The California papers have not yet ceased to boast of the huge agricultural products of that State. Their latest ecstasy is over a gigantic potato, of the species known as the Bodega, which measures fourteen inches in length, five inches in width, and is three inches thick. Its weight is five and a quarter pounds, and it is said to be very smooth.

The court-house at Rensselaer, Jasper county, Indiana, was totally consumed by fire on Wednesday morning last, together with its contents, including all the county, land and court records. The loss of the records is irreparable, and their money value cannot be estimated. The building was valued at \$25,000. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Governor Andrews, in his message, states that Massachusetts has on hand at the present time a surplus stock of twenty-nine thousand females between the ages of fifteen and forty. In the Western States the excess is on the part of the males, and in Oregon the males double that of the females in number. Why can't the thing be balanced somehow?

The cheapest whisky that "suckers" can now fill their tanks with costs 75 cents a quart. This price, we are told by dealers, is lessening the consumption. In this direction the high taxes are doing a good work, anyhow. But there are still a great many spending their money for the "fire-water" who had much better expend it on their families.

The Solons at Harrisburg are in serious trouble about their pay, board is high, and no matter what may be the chances on a "divers," a term well understood by all who have "hooks in," they are not satisfied. Mr. Smith, of Philadelphia, has moved to increase the pay from seven to twelve hundred dollars.

The Rochester Union says that the reports from Suspension Bridge are that intercourse between the United States and Canada is practically suspended. The people residing at the two villages opposite do not cross, as the toll is \$6 in gold besides what the bridge company charges.

Several counties of Georgia are reported to have held elections recently, and declared in favor of a return to the Union. It is also said that the people are arming to protect themselves from the secessionists.

Jas. A. Seddon, the rebel Secretary of War, has resigned. Gen. Breckinridge declines the position unless allowed to select his Commissary General.

Messrs. Perier and Rothschild are causing large quantities of bread to be distributed among the poor of Paris.

Gottschalk's agent ran away a few days since with \$20,000 belonging to the eminent pianist.

The Fenians now claim to have a membership of 500,000, and funds to the amount of \$1,500,000.

A German translation of Bulwer's works has been issued in Stuttgart, in a hundred and ten volumes.

PAPER FROM CORN HUSKS—In a fortnight or less, an Austrian patent, for making paper out of corn-husks will be thoroughly tested in this country. If the experiment succeeds according to expectation, steps will be immediately taken to manufacture printing paper on an extensive scale by the new process. It would be well for farmers to carefully save all corn-husks now in their possession, and to stop feeding them to their cattle, as they may command a high price within a few weeks, if delivered at railroad stations. As it requires small and inexpensive changes of machinery to adapt paper mills to the manufacture of husk paper, it is the intention of the American owners of the patent to contract with mills on liberal terms to make paper of all grades out of this new material.

The London Times, of the 4th inst., says: "We are authorized to state that there is no foundation whatever for the statement that her Royal Highness the Princess Mary has recently contracted a matrimonial alliance with Viscount Hood. So long as a similar report was circulated as a mere rumor we thought it too absurd to require notice, but now that it has been confidently asserted as a fact, we feel it our duty to meet it with an explicit contradiction."

Gen. Butler, before coming up from the army, turned over to his successor more than a quarter of a million of dollars of his civil fund, with full vouchers for the same. This money came not a dollar of it from the Treasury, but was raised from taxes on sutlers, traders, &c., imposed by himself. He also turned over to his successor a quarter of a million of dollars of other moneys in his hands as department commander, with vouchers.

A correspondent of a Boston paper writes from New York that General McClellan leaves for his European tour the first week in February. He has declined the offer of the private vessel tendered by his friends. He leaves in the steamer China, and will be gone a couple of years. He is made perfectly easy in pecuniary matters. He will make a thorough study of the military science in Europe.

Col. L. Carroll Judson died January 8, 1865, at the age of sixty-eight years, in Waterloo, Seneca county, New York, and was interred with Masonic honors. He was a volunteer in the war of 1812, and participated in the battles of Lundy's Lane and Sag Harbor. He entered as a private, and won the rank of Colonel. His son, E. C. Z. Judson, (Ned Buntline) has served in the present war, and has been wounded three times.

Herschel V. Johnson, the Douglass candidate for Vice President in 1860, had all his silver ware and household valuables taken from him by the Yankees during the march through Georgia. He had everything buried in his garden and cellars, a species of cabbage, growing over it; but the patriots "found out the joke," and unearthed and appropriated his treasures.

Bloodhounds were found in almost innumerable numbers along the route of Sherman's march through Georgia. A correspondent estimates that these "dogs of war," kept for the purpose of hunting down Union refugees and escaped prisoners, were slaughtered at the rate of five hundred daily, during the famous "retreat."

It appears from a communication of the Secretary of War that the entire subject of exchanging prisoners is placed in the hands of General Grant, and that although but a partial exchange is thus far made, there is reason to believe a full exchange will soon be effected.

Kentucky is giving fair indications of a return to sanity and loyalty, through emancipation. Hon. James Guthrie has been elected to the United States Senate in place of the infamous pro-slavery Lazarus W. Powell.

Judge Kelly of Philadelphia was attacked a few days since, at Willard's hotel, Washington, by a person calling himself Judge Field, from Louisiana. Kelly was badly cut in the hand by a bowie-knife and the blackguard arrested.

The nurse of one of the wealthiest families in Paris has been detected exposing her master's child in the avenue and begging charity "for a poor infirm mother, and a poor little baby that has no bread." A new way to raise the wind.

Bishop Thomas C. Brownell, of Connecticut, presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America, died at his residence in Hartford, Conn., on Friday morning, in the 86th year of his age.

Dr. P. B. Staats, physician to the Albany Penitentiary, states in a recent report that: "In a practice of forty-six years, I have never known a negro of pure blood to have delirium tremens."

Travellers inform us that in Ceylon the marriage ceremony is performed by tying the couple together by the thumbs.

Gov. Fenton, of New York, has been presented with a dinner set costing \$600. A young woman named Maria Coder, aged eighteen years, and residing in Boale township, Juniata county, died recently from the effects of swallowing a pin. It appears that she had a pin in her mouth, and falling asleep, awoke to find it lodged somewhere in her throat. Medicinal aid was summoned, but in vain. She lingered for several days and expired.

The National Intelligencer says: "We understand that the President has promoted Brevet Major General Godfrey Weitzel to a full major-generalship at the suggestion of Gen. Grant and Secretary Stanton. This may, perhaps, be taken as an indication that General Weitzel does not rest under the censure of the authorities for his share in the late Fort Fisher business."

Ex-Gov. Jacobs, of Secech and Kentucky, came up from Richmond with Mr. Blair. He represents the feeling for peace to pervade all classes in that city, and to extend to officers of high grade in the army. Among the working classes, he says, it amounts to an aching demand. He predicts that there will be a cessation of hostilities within two months, and a proposal of peace upon some terms of re-union from the Confederate government to ours.

All that is certainly known in Washington of the much talked of mission is that while Mr. Blair was courteously treated by Jeff. Davis, he accomplished nothing whatever. He had a full and frank conversation with the rebel President, but it was private and resulted in nothing. Mr. Blair has not repeated this conversation, and will not, and any accounts which differ from this will be fabrications or speculations.

The raising of ostriches for the sake of their feathers is to be attempted by English capitalists at Cape Good Hope.

Madrid is about to erect, in honor of Columbus, a monument, to the construction of which the municipality, the royal government and private individuals will all contribute.

Boston has one hundred and four churches and halls open on Sundays for religious worship, and the average attendance is found to be 68,475. The population of the city is 175,000.

At Silver City, Nevada, on election day, the Union men nailed a rebel flag upon the sidewalk in front of the polls, that every voter might trample it under foot, while the star-spangled banner was flying overhead.

California has started the oil fever, and preparations were at last accounts, making in various parts with the view of striking "it."

The Maine Legislature have passed resolutions unanimously in favor of amending the Constitution of the United States so as to abolish slavery.

Henry Wilson, one of the ablest and most efficient and loyal members of the United States Senate, has been re-elected for six years from the 4th of the ensuing March.

Governor Hahn has been elected U. S. Senator from Louisiana, for six years, from the 4th of March. If chosen by the requisite vote he will be undubitably admitted to his seat. His election makes vacant the gubernatorial office.

Deserters from the rebel army at Richmond, are becoming more and more numerous. Since the 1st of this month 560 have come into the Union lines and passed up the Potomac. Forty, on Friday last came over in one body, and were in a very destitute condition.

Mr. Joseph S. Devrees and wife were both found dead in bed at their residence, in Ballardvale, Andover, Mass., on Wednesday morning. They had been afflicted with diphtheria, and as an alleviation inhaled a large quantity of ether, which is supposed to have been the cause of death.

Mrs. Patty Farnsworth died at Porch's Mill, Gloucester county, N. J., on the 3d inst., at the advanced age of 105 years and 4 months. She was born on the 5th of October, 1759, and has a daughter now living 82 years of age. Until within a short time of her death her faculties were unimpaired.

At the La-Pierre House, on Saturday, Major General Winfield S. Hancock was formally presented with the magnificent saddle and accoutrements which were voted to him at the late Sanitary Fair.

A wealthy gentleman in Pittsfield, Mass., celebrated his silver wedding last week at an expense of \$20,000. Over one thousand invitations were issued outside of Pittsfield, a ballroom was erected for the occasion, a celebrated band from New York was engaged, and the invitation cards were the most expensive ever produced in this country.

Fifteen thousand dollars worth of three cent notes will be issued by the Treasury Department immediately.

The Smithsonian Institute, Washington, was burned on Tuesday afternoon. The fire was supposed to have originated through a defective flue. Nearly everything was destroyed.

We learn that Sue Moody and her (or his) guerillas have adopted a new uniform recently. She wears a red flannel suit with a red cap, adorned with a long black feather fastened to its front, with a \$100 greenback bill pinned on with a magnificent diamond pin. The men are also dressed in red flannel, with a black stripe two inches wide down their pants, but their caps are adorned with feathers. All of them are "flush" with greenbacks, diamond pins and rings, and seem to "take things easy" in this world.

The tickets voted in California at the Presidential election, were decidedly of the pictorial order. The Democratic ticket bears the flag of the Union, which is nailed to the mast, and the Republican has upon the back a view of the battle between the Kearsarge and the Alabama, while the face has the U. S. coat-of-arms, and is almost as elaborately gotten up as a bank-note. Such tickets are not permitted here. The law requires plain tickets on white paper.

Mrs. Gen. Lander, better known to the public as Miss Davenport, will commence a theatrical engagement in New York on the 6th proximo. For several years she has been one of the most active volunteer military nurses in the Port Royal hospitals.

In the beginning of the month of September last Sheridan was simply a captain in the 13th Infantry. Twenty days later he became a brigadier, and in less than two months' time a major general in the regular service. Such are the rewards of gallantry and skill.

Mayor Günther, of New York, having refused to sign warrants for the pay of the street scrapers, they threatened his residence to such an extent that it had to be protected by the police.

The city of Philadelphia proposes to let out the job of extinguishing the fires in that city by contract, and to appropriate a sum not exceeding \$75,000 per annum.

It is said that Gen. Forrest, the celebrated Confederate cavalry officer, has had thirty horses killed under him since the commencement of the war.

A Connecticut man has invented a watch, which is simpler in its mechanism than ordinary watches, and will run 378 days with one winding.

Prentice says the rebel women are not half so ready to run away from the fine-looking Yankee soldiers as the men are.

An industrious statistician calculated that a tobacco chewer spits 525 gallons in 25 years.

Special Notices.

Information Free! To Nervous Sufferers.—A gentleman, cured of nervous debility, incompetency, premature decay, and youthful error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy used in his cure. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advice of a man of experience, and possess a sure and valuable remedy, can do so by addressing him at once at his place of business. The receipt and full information—of vital importance—will be cheerfully sent by return mail. **JOHN B. OGDEN,** No. 60 Nassau-st., New-York.

P. S.—Nervous sufferers of both sexes will find this information invaluable.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have already been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a prepaid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address: **JOSEPH T. INMAN,** Station D, Bible House, New-York.

EYE AND EAR.—Prof. J. Isaacs, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is located at No. 519 Pine-st., Philadelphia, where persons afflicted with diseases of the Eye or Ear will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination. The medical faculty is invited, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment. February 6, 1864.—1y.

BLINDNESS, DEAFNESS and CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by DR. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain. NO charge made for examination. [Jan. 28-1y.]

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED in the Post Office at Marietta, Pa., TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1865.

Blymeyer, Jacob	Hoover, Peter
Carter, William L.	Knight Mrs. Mary
Duke, Mrs. Nancy	Keller, Casper
Differdinger, Henry	Leicht, J. G.
Eisenberger, Miss M.	Mutch, Susan
Frane, Miss Annie	Mack, Frank J.
Garbrie, Miss L.	Rehm, Wentzel
Gray, Miss	Richards, Charley
Haye, William	Sheffer, G. J.
Hoover, Miss Eliza	Stanton, Mrs. J. B.
Hoover, Mrs. Mary	Wainliner, W.
Hartley, Miss Saline	Zollman, Alex.
Hoffman, M. M.	

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertisements," give the date of this list, and pay one-cent for advertising. **ABRAHAM CASSEL,** Jan. 26-1y.

CHOICE HAVANA SEGARS, and the best chewing and smoking Tobacco at WOLFE'S.

REEVES' Original Genuine RELIABLE AMBROSIA For the Growth, Beauty and Preservation OF THE HAIR. [ESTABLISHED 1860.] Price 75 Cents Per Bottle.



of Mrs. L. M. Neil—hair five feet in length—using the Ambrosia 18 months.



MRS. WALLACE E. MAXWELL. Her hair is four feet and ten inches in length—the result of using Reeves' Ambrosia a few years.

These photographs taken from life, have been awarded to extend the knowledge of the merits of this wonderful discovery. Her hair has been seen by ladies and heard of from their own lips.

Mrs. Maxwell's Testimonial. New-York, December 23, 1862. Knowing positively that Reeves' Ambrosia produced a beautiful head of hair for Lizzie Shepherd, of Brooklyn, New-York was induced, thereby, to use it thoroughly, needing something for my hair, it being thin and thin; had used one half-dozen bottles when I could plainly notice an increase in length, strength and beauty. An amount of about two years has proved a complete success. My hair is now, by measure, four feet ten inches in length, reaching to the floor. I have allowed my hair to grow to proclaim the merits of REEVES' AMBROSIA to the World.

Mrs. WALLACE E. MAXWELL. All enterprising Druggists have the Photographs and keep for sale REEVES' AMBROSIA.

AT 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE. Druggists who may not have our preparation will send for it—if applied to. Principal Depot, 62 Fulton-st., N.Y. For sale in Marietta by DR. HINALE.

Stoves! Stoves!

John Spangler, OPPOSITE HARRY WOLFE'S.

As the season for Stoves is fast approaching I would call the attention of all who wish to purchase

Parlor or Cooking Stoves, to my large and well selected stock, which embraces the best and most desirable stoves that the Eastern markets afford, and which are purchased early, which will enable me to dispose of them advantageously to buyers.

Among the leading Parlor and Cook Stoves are the following:

Parlor Stoves.	Cooking Stoves.
Meteor Gas Bureau,	474 Broadway, N.Y.
Columbia do	Royal
Orval do	Waverly
Dial,	Wellington
Gem,	Lehigh
Triumph Egg,	Charm
Monitor	Summer Rose

Also, the Vulcan and Sanford's Stoves, very desirable articles for heating stoves, with very little, if any, more fuel than an ordinary parlor stove would consume. Ranges for cooking, constantly on hand, of which will be sold on reasonable terms. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

EAGLE GAS STOVE WORKS, H. D. BLAKE, 474 BROADWAY, N.Y.

COOKING & HEATING BY GAS. No Dirt, No Smoke, No Soot. THE "EAGLE" GAS STOVES Will Boil, Broil, Roast, Bake, Toast, Steam and Heat Irons, cheaper than Coal or Wood!

I have on hand, and make to order Stoves and Furnaces for Chemists, Timbers, Bookbinders, Dentists, Tea Stoves, Vulcanizing Stoves, Photographers' Ovens, &c., and Dry Irons. Send for a Descriptive Catalogue. I also manufacture Coal Oil Stoves, Cooking & Heating. Burns the common kerosene Oil, and does the cooking for a family for one cent per hour.

H. D. BLAKE, Sole Manufacturer, 474 Broadway, N.Y. The American Advertising and Purchasing Agency receive orders for the above-named Merchandise. Bus. Dep., E. ALVORD, Correspond. Dep. Fowler & Wells, 339 Broadway, N.Y.

PORTABLE PRINTING OFFICES.

For the use of Merchants, Druggists, and all business men who wish to do their own printing, neatly and cheaply, adapted to the printing of Handbills, Billheads, Circulars, Labels, Cards and Small Newspapers. Full instructions accompany each office enabling a boy ten years old to work them successfully. Circulars sent free. Specimen sheets of Type Cases, &c., 6 cents. Address, **ADAMS' PRESS CO.,** 31 Park Row, N.Y., and 55 Lincoln-st., Boston, Mass.

Estate of Lawrence Hypple, late of the Borough of Marietta, deceased.

Letters Testamentary on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned, residing in the Borough of Marietta. A. N. CASSEL, Executor.

Marietta, January 21, 1865.

CREEPERS who would risk breaking a limb on icy side-walks, when Creepers can be had easily adjusted, can be had cheap at **JOHN SPANGLER'S** Hardware.

PRIME NEW Crop New Orleans Molasses—the very best for Cakes. Just received **SPANGLER & PATTERSON.**