



F. L. Baker, Editor.

MARIETTA, PA.

Saturday, November 26, 1864.

Judge Emanuel Shaeffer, of Lancaster, died on Sunday evening last week, at Newburg, Cumberland county, Pa., where he had gone as a delegate to the Eldership of the church of God, which met on the 31st ult. Judge Shaeffer was an active and successful business man, and enjoyed the confidence and esteem of all who were brought into intercourse with him. He was for many years engaged in the Saddle and Harness making business, from which he retired only a few months ago. He held the office of Associate Judge in the Court of Quarter Sessions of this county before the office was made elective, and was for a number of years President of the Lancaster Savings' Institution.

The New York Tribune declares its belief that the Union party was cheated out of thirty thousand votes in that State, at the late election, and demands an investigation, in which all parties are invited to assist, in order that the guilty be brought to punishment. At Albany, suits have been commenced for forcibly obstructing the polls against Union voters, by which an opposition member of Assembly was returned as elected, but whose seat will be contested. In Philadelphia, all the officers of the eighth precinct of the notorious Fourth ward, have been arrested on the allegation of fraud connected with the election.

At the late Presidential election, Mr. Samuel Wenger, aged 83 years, residing in West Earl township, this county, voted for Abraham Lincoln, and handing in his ticket remarked that he considered his ballot for Lincoln as much service in suppressing the rebellion as if he had killed a rebel. The same old gentleman, when two years ago an appeal was made for linen for hospital purposes, having no linen rags to contribute, gave his "wedding shirt," which he had preserved for over half a century, with the observation that it could not be put to better use.

A communication has been received by a Liverpool friend of Garibaldi to the effect that the General has declined to receive the yacht for which funds were subscribed by a number of the residents of Liverpool, and which, loaded with presents from private individuals in various parts of the country, was about to proceed to Caprera.

One of the Middletons, Conn., clergymen at a recent torchlight display, exhibited a transparency over his door, with a quotation from Genesis xlii. 15: "The angel of the Lord called unto Abraham out of Heaven a second time."

"Long John Wentworth," as he is popularly styled in Chicago, has been returned to Congress, on the Republican ticket, by a majority of twenty-five hundred over McCormick, the reaping machine man.

One of the city fathers of Pittsburg, Pa., was robbed of \$45,000 in New York, on Wednesday night, while in company with a couple of abandoned wretches. The guilty party are under arrest.

Three Russian officers have lately been degraded for having engaged in a duel, and one of them, who gave the provocation, has been deprived of his title of nobility.

A wife in Minnesota enlisted with her husband in 1861, fought with him eighteen battles, was wounded thrice, and has now left the service, as her husband has been killed.

If there were no women in the world men couldn't manage to make a shift, and there would be no use for one if it were made.

D. D. Home, the "spiritual medium" who recently created a sensation in Paris, is giving poetical readings in Boston.

The Swedish journals are all clamoring for the abolition of capital punishment in that country. It grew out of a recent execution at Stockholm.

The handsome sum of \$32,000 has been raised for the widow and orphan children of the late Major General Birney.

The citizens of Lowell, Mass., have purchased a sword for Gen. Butler, at a cost of seven hundred dollars.

Last political conundrum: How did Gen. McClellan receive the news of his defeat? With resignation.

Three hundred millions of dollars have been paid to soldiers for bounties, so far, during the war.

FREDING ON GREENBACKS.—The Cincinnati Gazette relates a most singular circumstance which took place in that city a few days ago, and by which a man lost \$214 and a cow lost her life. The story goes that a drover, walking in front of his herd, in taking some tobacco from his pocket, inadvertently dropped a roll of Treasury notes amounting to \$400. One of the cows, either because of hunger or a desire to appropriate her owner's money, picked it up, and after adequate mastication swallowed the precious morsel just at the moment that the drover, through one of his assistants, became aware of the fact that he had lost his money, and that the cow had eaten it. An immediate search discovered some small pieces of the notes about the teeth and lips of the voracious ruminant, but deglutition had placed the money beyond the present reach of its owner. The cow was now too valuable to be sold, at least on the hoof. Digested "greenbacks" would hardly pass current and yet all he had were in danger of becoming thus worthless. He conceived the notion of taking them from the stomach of the cow. Proceeding to a slaughter house she was killed, the stomach opened and the money found. Thus far the theory proved a success, but the condition of the notes was still such as to render them unfit for the ordinary uses of commerce. The mass was washed, straitened out, picked to pieces, overhauled and minutely examined. There it was, recovered, but with an immense falling off in its appearance and dimensions. After cleansing it the drover took his money to the Collector of Internal Revenue, where by patching, the unfortunate drover succeeded in saving \$136 out of the four hundred that had been eaten. The meal was rather an expensive one to both the cow and her owner; for it cost the life of one and \$214 of the pecuniary wealth of the other.

More than fifteen years ago a negro woman escaped from slavery in Maryland, and located in Hartford, Connecticut. A few days ago a contraband arrived in Hartford from New Orleans, and, while wandering about the streets, met the woman and recognized her as his wife. She did not recognize him, and it was only after he had repeated circumstances which happened when they lived in Maryland that she was convinced that he was her husband. They were again married, and are now keeping up a domestic establishment of their own.

Mrs. Stephen Berry, of Machias, Maine, was awakened out of sleep a few nights ago, and cried out that some one had cut her throat. A light was procured and she was found covered with blood on her neck breast and arms. On close inspection it was found that a rat had attacked her in her sleep, and had bitten the side of her neck and ear severely. While attending her, one of the children began to cry in an adjoining room, when the rat was found to have attacked one of them.

The great Catholic Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, in Philadelphia, was dedicated on Sunday last. It has been eighteen years in course of erection and cost over one million of dollars, which was raised from amongst the poorest of the catholic denominations in Philadelphia. It has a brown stone front of 136 feet on Logan Square, and is the shape of a cross. It is the largest church in America.

General McClellan has really resigned from the army, and General Phil Sheridan been promoted in his stead.—The New York World, Little Mac's organ, in announcing the fact, says: "on the 8th instant, the day of the election, Gen. McClellan addressed a letter to the President resigning his commission in the army."

There are two amendments proposed to the Constitution of the United States. One is to abolish slavery forever in the United States; the other is to provide for the election of the President and Vice President of the United States by the direct vote of the people, not, as at present, by an electoral college.

Dr. Hinkle has, as will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, re-opened his family drug store, where everything usually found at such a store will be on sale fresh, just from the city.

A rat attacked a lady while asleep at Machias, Maine, a few nights ago, and bit her severely in the neck and ear. It also attacked a child in an adjoining room.

McClellan has received the smallest vote of any Presidential candidate since the election of 1804, when Pickney, the Federal candidate, had only fourteen votes.

It is said that "The Poems by Three Sisters," lately published in London, are by the three daughters of Martin F. Tupper.

The Dayton Empire contains the card of Mr. Vallandigham, announcing that he "has resumed the practice of law."

The Pacha of Egypt has about two hundred stallions and brood mares in his stable.

NEARLY 108 YEARS OLD.—Schuylkill county beats Sturbridge, Mass., and Connecticut township, Crawford county, Pa., places noted for the great age of two citizens who voted at the late election. On the 8th of November, Bernard Eisenhuth, a resident of New Castle township, this county, aged one hundred and seven years five months and twenty-three days, voted for Abraham Lincoln. Mr. Eisenhuth voted for Washington, and at every Presidential election from that period to this. It seems that before the late election he always voted the Democratic ticket, but since the commencement of the present war one of his daughters has read the papers pretty regularly to him; he judged Mr. Lincoln's Administration, and declared that Mr. Lincoln was just like Washington, and that he would vote for him. Mr. Eisenhuth was born in Lebanon, Pa., and was a member of the Lutheran Church of that place. He has lived in the woods of Schuylkill county during the last fifty years. He has had eleven children, six sons and five daughters. His youngest living daughter is fifty years of age. He has been a very hard working man. Up to the time of experiencing an accident some three years since, which dislocated his hip-joint, he could walk thirty miles a day. If he lives until the 16th day of next May, Mr. Eisenhuth will be 108 years old. If any section of the country can produce a parallel to this case, we should like to hear of it.

As the result of a bet on the election, the principals performed a "wheelbarrow feat" in Springfield on Friday. The loser of the bet did the wheeling, with a half-dozen bladders around his neck, as per agreement, while the winner sat in the wheelbarrow, tranquilly smoking a cigar. Preceding them were drummers and fifers and a "banner" appropriately inscribed. A large crowd witnessed the ludicrous display. Subsequently the parties were arrested and fined \$6.15 for obstructing the side-walk with their barrow—a joke not anticipated.

The New York Journal of Commerce, which supported McClellan, is sick of politics, and it announces that it will henceforth have nothing to say on the subject. The Louisville Journal is also sick. The proprietors have kicked out Paul R. Shipman, and Geo. D. Prentice takes the helm. But the loyal people have no more confidence in the latter than the former. Both have proved recreant to the Union cause. They made their bed with rebel sympathizers, and they will not soon be able to cheat Union men again.

All Flunkeydom in England is in ecstasies over what they call the royal baby. During its journey from Berlin to London it was followed by a "Jenkin" from the Loud on Times, who chronicled all its acts, its crowing, the tender cares of its nurse, etc. The cow that fed it has been bought by a mayor of Hull, who is said to be crazy with loyalty to the Crown. An old shoe and some necessary articles of toilette belonging to it have also been purchased by admiring mammas as *souvenirs d'charment*.

Miss Mary Bedell, of Coxsackie, New York, while driving a nail, a few days ago, accidentally struck the end of her forefinger with a hammer. It was but slightly hurt, and she continued about her work. Three days afterwards the forefinger began to swell, and it became very sore. Medical aid was procured, but it continued to grow worse, when mortification of the whole arm set in, and she died on the tenth day after the blow with the hammer.

For the purpose of deciding bet on the October Home vote, the Union and Democratic State Central Committees have respectively addressed circulars to the Chairman of their respective County Committees for the official count of each county. This is the only way to get at the result, as the law does not recognize the "home vote" as an official fact, and consequently it was not returned separately.

About five months ago a jolly son of Erin arrived at Pittsburg from Ireland, and in September last enlisted for a year, receiving some \$400 bounty. The money or a great part of it at least, he invested in a passage certificate for his wife and family, and a few days since they arrived here from Ireland—six "bouncing boys" and a woman still in her prime.

The electors of President and Vice President meet on the first Wednesday (the 7th) of December, at the capitals of their respective States, to cast their votes, which are sent to the President of the Senate, (the Hon. Hannibal Hamlin,) and counted before both Houses of Congress on the second Wednesday (the 8th) of February, 1865.

The President has issued a proclamation to the effect that the blockade will be raised from the first of December for all articles not contraband of war, at Norfolk, Va., Ferdinandina and Pensacola, Fla.

The Chicago Journal says that nearly three hundred conspirators have been arrested in that city.

Pen, Paste and Scissors.—Only four towns in Massachusetts voted for McClellan.

Gen. Canby is sufficiently recovered to resume business.

The population of Boston, by the new corporation census, is 164,783—less than Chicago.

Orange, N. J., the home of McClellan, gave 102 majority for the Union ticket—last year only 9 majority.

Gov. Brown, of Georgia, in his message, advocates the right of each State to negotiate a peace for itself.

The first lighthouse in Morocco has just been erected. It is an evidence of the increasing improvement of the people.

Gen. Banks, it is said, will shortly return to and resume his duties at New Orleans and the Department at Louisiana.

A monster Union celebration was held at Memphis, Tenn., on the 17th inst., in honor of the re-election of President Lincoln.

Twenty wild animals, including a royal Bengal tiger, arrived at Boston, on Saturday last, on the ship Golconda, from Calcutta.

A report says that 8000 of our prisoners are at Savannah, and are rather better treated than at Andersonville, and that 25,000 are at Miller, Georgia.

It is a significant fact that the late Presidential canvass has been the means of depriving the army of its two ranking major generals—McClellan and Fremont.

Gov. Gilmore of New Hampshire, put four substitutes into the army last week, representing himself and three of his sons. This is an example of patriotism that cannot be too extensively followed.

The Christian Commission has received a valuable contribution to its treasury in the shape of a solid silver brick, virgin pure, from the mines of Nevada. Its intrinsic value is about \$3,000.

S. M. Clark, Superintendent of the Printing Department in the Treasury, has nearly completed the necessary plates and machinery for the issue of three-cent notes.

Archbishop McCloskey, of New York, has followed Archbishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, and advised a celebration of Thanksgiving Day in the churches of his arch-diocese. He also recommends special prayers for a speedy peace.

The rebels acknowledge the election of Mr. Lincoln, and the Richmond Dispatch says that the Yankees, in re-electing him, have imposed upon themselves a tyranny for which alone they are fitted by nature.

The rebel Semmes is reported to have left Liverpool on the 3d ult., with a crew and armament for his new ship Ranger. The U. S. steam frigate Niagara is cruising off the French coast, in hopes of meeting him.

Charleston and Fort Sumpter continue to be shelled by our guns steadily and with effect. The city would appear to be pretty generally used up, there being scarcely a point in the built up portions entirely safe from our missiles.

The Little Rock (Ark.) Unconditional Union of Oct 27th says that the enthusiasm in that State for Jeff Davis is fast dying out, and those who have been hitherto ardent in his behalf are growing sullenly neutral.

Deserters and refugees are coming in more than ever since the election. They say that many who were waiting to see the result of the election, hoping for McClellan and Compromise, will now come over. The result of the election is the hardest blow rebelism has yet received.

A few days ago, the rebels believing that Atlanta had been entirely evacuated by our forces, sent a reconnoitring party, who, penetrating the city, commenced to plunder, when the whole party—nine hundred in number—were captured and sent to Nashville prisoners.

It is thought that Mr. James Brooks' (of the New York Express) claim of Congressional election will be successfully disputed by Mr. W. E. Dodge, the Union candidate. It is contended that fraudulent votes gave the result on which the friends of Mr. Brooks assert his election over his competitors, and that these votes should be ignored.

The Boston Board of Trade has appointed a committee to adopt some suitable measures to testify to Capt. Winslow the grateful appreciation of the Boston merchants for his gallant conduct in destroying the Alabama. The Kearsarge is to be thrown open to visitors for the benefit of the National Sailors Fair.

A telegram from St. Louis reports that information has been received there announcing the wounding, perhaps mortally, of Maj. General Canby, while ascending White river, Arkansas. The General was on the gunboat Cricket, and while standing on the deck was fired at by a guerrilla from the shore, the ball striking him in the groin and passing through his body.

LITTLE MAC'S RESIGNATION.—We clip the following article on General McClellan's resignation from that high-toned journal, the Philadelphia North American: An official order from the War Department announces that the resignation of General McClellan was accepted on the day it was received, and ordered to date from the 8th of November, on which it was written. All the solicitude, therefore, of his friends lest he should fight in a war to which he is so much opposed was unnecessary. The President was not anxious to go through another such a course of anxiety and trouble as General McClellan occasioned him. The latter had full opportunity, and failed disastrously, dismally, disgracefully. His career only served to bring the military pretensions of the republic into contempt while it lasted, which even the magnificent victories at the west and southwest could not obviate.

Simultaneously with the publication of this order, a San Francisco paper reaches us containing a report of a remarkable speech delivered in that city, pending the electoral canvass, by Major General McDowell, which contains at least one strange revelation. It seems that the President, worn out by the long delay of the campaign in Virginia, dejected on account of the attacks upon him in Congress and in the press, and the low condition of our finances, sent for Franklin and McDowell to say to them that as McClellan was sick, he wanted them to prepare some plan of action, and that something must be done. They had three different interviews with the President in which each General submitted a plan, McDowell's being for an advance by the northern route from Alexandria, and Franklin's along the York river peninsula.

While these interviews were pending, the President and Secretary of State each went separately to General McClellan's headquarters to consult him, but he pretended to be too sick to receive them, and they were sent away. Yet McClellan's long report of his campaign shows that on that very day he wrote his dispatch to Burnside; and McDowell states, on authority which he knows to be reliable, that McClellan, although he refused to see the President or Secretary of State, did receive a private gentleman, at the request of the reporter of the New York Herald. Moreover, it appears that no member of the Medical Staff was in attendance on McClellan—that, in fact, so far from being dangerously sick, as was given out at the time, he was not sick at all.

To appreciate properly this deliberate insult to the Chief Magistrate and Prime Minister of the republic, we must bear in mind that both were, up to that time, the warm and earnest admirers and friends of this upstart. It was extremely difficult for any one to get either President Lincoln or Secretary Seward to do or say anything calculated to interfere with McClellan, and it was owing to this very fact that the Administration was suffering under an intense dissatisfaction of the public, and especially among the Union men. The whole responsibility of the long delay rested not upon McClellan, but upon the two men whom he shammed sickness to escape seeing. It is not difficult to understand the reason of such extraordinary conduct. McClellan had his eye upon the Presidency. Well, he has secured a Democratic nomination and has been beaten terribly.

His public career in the army is ended by his resignation. The passion of political preferment has entered his soul, and he hopes to get to the Senate from New Jersey. Should he succeed in doing so he will then sink down to his natural level, for the bold debaters of that historical arena will go through a dozen important manœuvres before he will be able to make up his mind what to do about any one of them. As for keeping himself in the pasture as a candidate for the Presidency during the remainder of his life, the trial he has already gone through is enough to satisfy his Democratic friends that they can make nothing of him.

"The Lady's Friend" for December is on our table, and is truly a splendid one. The opening plate "The Snow Birds' Christmas Visit," is a gem, and the frontispiece of the volume is very handsome and a double fashion plate together with very high-toned reading matter. No lady should be without this magazine. Price \$2.50; 2 copies \$4.00; 9 copies \$16.00; 21 copies \$35.00. Specimen numbers will be sent to those desirous of making up clubs for 15 cts. Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated Sewing Machines are furnished as Premiums on certain terms. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street Philadelphia.

A prize fight took place at Scranton, Pa., on Tuesday, between two men named Harris and Martin. The latter was badly "punished" but while the fight was progressing a number of United States detectives appeared upon the ground and arrested nearly all those in attendance.

Green, the Malden Bank murderer, says he intended to do nothing but frighten the clerk when he sent a bullet through his head. He was merely playing the farce of "Killing no Murder."

TOUCHING INCIDENTS.—Many incidents of a sad and touching interest transpired during the coroner's investigation of the late railroad catastrophe near Lafayette, Indiana. Several of the soldiers killed were returning home, expecting to be married in a few days, and letters and photographs of their intended wives were found upon their persons. One man had upon his person the letters of his wife. She wrote in fond and affectionate terms of his expected return, and the glad anticipations of the little ones. He had stopped at Indianapolis and bought a number of toys. The delay in purchasing these tokens of affection cost the fond father his life.

CAN SHE HOLD OUT?—The Weekly Phoenix, of Phoenixville, Chester county, says that a young lady of East Vincent, that county, had an offer of marriage from a young gentleman, as follows: That if General McClellan was elected he would marry her, to which she acceded, and if he was not elected she was to remain single four years longer. Four years is a long period in life of a marriageable young lady, and we have some doubts that—if she is handsome, and receives very many proposals—she can hold out.

There is in California a colony of Mormons who reject polygamy. They have just held a meeting in San Francisco, under the title of the "Conference of the Reorganized Church of Latter-Day Saints." The San Francisco Bulletin says that their numbers in California and Nevada are as follows: Members, 367; elders, 48; priests, 11; teachers, 2; children blessed during the year, 100; baptisms, 36; cut off, 1.

Workmen, while engaged digging a cellar on Winter Hill, near Boston, a few days since exhibited the remains of five Revolutionary soldiers, identified by colonial buttons found with the remains. Winter Hill was a fortified point during the siege of Boston, and the remains are probably those of soldiers garrisoned there.

A Mr. Knapp, keeper of a Lager Beer saloon in Lancaster, quelled a riot on the Presidential election night by turning a hydrant upon the pugilists, which had the effect of soon clearing the saloon.

John G. Worth of Warwick township has been appointed by the County Commissioners, Mercantile Appraiser for this county.

Special Notices.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have already been cured by this remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs FREE OF CHARGE. Please inclose a paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address JOSEPH T. WYMAN, Station D, Bible House, New-York.

MATRIMONIAL! Ladies and Gentlemen! If you wish to marry, address the undersigned, who will send you without money and without price, valuable information that will enable you to marry happy and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. This information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no questions asked. Address SARAH B. LAMBERT, 12-3m.] Greenpoint, Kings co., N. Y.

EYE and EAR.—Prof. J. Innes, M. D. Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is located at No. 511 Pine-st., Philadelphia, where persons afflicted with diseases of the Eye or Ear will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination. The medical faculty is invited, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment. February 6, 1864.-ly.

TO COXSACKIERS. Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung affections, (free of charge) by sending their address to Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

September 24, 1864.3m]

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED in the Post Office at Marietta, Pa., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1864.

Apple, Rev. B. F. Lily, Miss M. Askins, Mrs. Lydia Lead, Lenard Bechtold, William Leed, Mrs. A. Bonner, Miss Emma Miller, George T. Barnhart, Lewis McBride, Saml. Channey, Charles Moore, Mrs. L. Cate, Mrs. Kate Menges, Jacob Denney, M^{rs}. John McK. in, John G. & Co. Mallen, James Markell, Capt. Dobbard, Timothy Pfeifer, Michael Furk, Miss M. Snyder, John H. Graham, Miss Alice Shull, Mrs. Eliza Gray, Miss 37 Souder, Mr. H. S. Illie, Miss Barbara Stevens, Mrs. S. Jones, Thomas W. Tyson, Robert Leitzenberger, A. Wearer, John L. 2 Longenecker, J. S. Winter, Mrs. A. Lowe, Mrs. C.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

ABRAHAM CASSELL, P. M.

ASTRAY.—Came to the premises of Henry Sultzbach deceased, residing at the edge of the Borough of Marietta, on Wednesday, November 23d instant.

THREE HOGS, two of them quite large—one a Sow, would weigh over 300 pounds a piece, the third a boar. Two are White—the one has 3 black spots across his back. The owner is required to prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be sold according to law. GEO. W. SULTZBACH. November 25, 1864-3c