



F. L. Baker, Editor.

MARIETTA, PA.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, ANDREW JOHNSON, OF TENNESSEE.

Union Electoral Ticket.

SENATORIAL.

MORTON MC MICHAEL, Philadelphia, THOMAS H. CUNNINGHAM, Beaver Co.

REPRESENTATIVE.

- 1. Robert P. King, 13. Elias W. Hall, 2. Geo. M. Coates, 14. Chas. H. Shriver, 3. Henry Bunn, 15. John Wister, 4. Wm. H. Kern, 16. D. M'Conaughy, 5. Berlin H. Jones, 17. David W. Woods, 6. Chas. M. Rouse, 18. Isaac Benson, 7. Robert Parke, 19. John Patton, 8. Wm. Taylor, 20. Samuel B. Dick, 9. Jno. A. Hestand, 21. Everhard Brier, 10. R. H. Corryell, 22. John P. Penney, 11. Edward Hildray, 23. Eblezer M'Junkin, 12. Chas. F. Reed, 24. J. W. Blanchard.

A singular coincidence is related in reference to Captain Coppinger, of the 14th U. S. Infantry. He was a captain in the British army during the Crimean war, and was taken prisoner by Col. Petroffski, of the Russian army. The Russian colonel is now a private in the company of Captain Coppinger, and the two soldiers who were fighting against each other during the Russian war, are now the most intimate friends, and fight side by side in defence of the Union.

Several boatloads of uniforms, picked up on various battle-fields, arrived at Washington from Fortresses Monroe. One cargo comprised nearly fifteen hundred complete suits, stripped from the festering corpses of those who have fallen in battles or perished in hospitals. These desirable goods are to be offered for sale, for the benefit of parties who will wear second handed garments, and don't mind where they come from, if only they come cheap.

The government lands of the United States now amount to fourteen hundred thousand millions of acres. Two millions and a half of acres have already been sold for thirty-four millions of dollars. At one-third of a cent per acre the remaining lands would pay off the whole national war debt, though it might be four thousand five hundred millions of dollars. At ten cents it would pay off that debt thirty times over.

Three regiments of rebel troops at Galveston are said to have mutilated and turned the guns of the fort upon the city. It appears that the soldiers demanded flour from the commissary stores, and were refused. General Magruder, who was sent for from Houston, pacified the men by serving out rations of bacon and flour.

Fort Morgan originally cost the United States Government, in its construction and armament, about one million five hundred thousand dollars, and is capable of mounting one hundred and thirty-two guns, and garrisoning seven hundred men for siege operations. The Rebels made but a pusillanimous defence of it.

S. S. Southard, agent of the Adams Express Company, of Terre Haute, Ind., committed suicide in his room, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol, a few days ago. He left a letter, which says: "Liquor has ruined me, as well as thousands of others: I have tried hard to quit, but find it impossible to do so."

A lady correspondent of a Providence paper computes that if the women would cut their dresses to escape the ground one inch, instead of trailing two inches, as is now the fashion, a saving of one million dollars would be annually effected. Here is a chance for "dress reform," as well as for improvement in neatness.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser says that Mrs. Morris, of Wetunka, is manufacturing black sewing silk for her own use. She has her own silk worms and raises her own mulberry trees to feed them. Both the worms and the trees are said to thrive, and the silk is pronounced to be of good quality.

To satisfy the curiosity of persons visiting Elmira to see the rebels, a large elevated platform has been erected outside the enclosure which commands a view of the entire grounds and its inmates. A charge of ten cents is made for the privilege of seeing from this elevation.

In England recently two garrulous were sentenced to the lash. They received ten each on the back from a cat o' nine-tails, into which the maker had ingeniously inserted ten hard knots. At each cut the flesh and blood flew in all directions.

If this war should within the next year prove successful in its object of crushing out the rebellion, as we cannot permit ourselves to doubt that it will and must, the position our country will occupy in the eyes of the world will be very striking and important. For as the crushing of the rebellion involves the fate of slavery, all causes of internal trouble will then be at an end and the people bound together by indissoluble bonds of brotherhood, the republic, with an immense army of veteran troops, generals of tried ability, and skill, and a navy victorious everywhere, will be in fact the great power which it has so long asserted itself, and ready to make good its claims and policy at the point of the sword.

General Grant has issued an order which makes the status of deserters to our lines a very pleasant one. They are to be provided with transportation to any point in the North which they may desire to reach, or they can receive employment in the army departments at remunerative wages. No services will be expected of them which might subject them to a chance of capture by the rebels. This order, together with that of General Fry, exempting them from draft, makes a rebel deserter's position somewhat desirable, and will doubtless increase desertion in the ranks of the enemy.

A writing machine has at length been discovered. This is a curious instrument which has been invented by a French artisan named Bryois: It is for the purpose of taking short-hand notes with more than the usual rapidity. It consists of a series of levers worked by keys like a piano, and acting on a set of types which impress themselves on a strip of paper that is gradually unrolled. Working only with one finger an ordinary reporter can work as quick as the best short-hand reporter, but by using the two hands the rapidity is increased immensely.

A nursemaid recently lost her way on the cliffs of Newquay, England, and went close to the edge of the precipitous cliffs, when she slipped and fell to the beach below, a distance of one hundred and eight feet. Her crinoline expanding with the air, however, so broke the fall that she landed without a scratch or a bruise, and, although much shaken, was able at once to walk one hundred yards and inform her mistress of the occurrence.

The United States Circuit Court at Philadelphia has decided that the weight of a ton of coal is 2240 pounds instead of 2000 pounds. The Judge ruled that a company of grocers might as well meet and agree to reduce the number of ounces in a pound, and make the smaller number the standard of a pound for their customers, as for coal dealers to agree that the weight of a ton shall be 2000 pounds, and furnish that amount to their customers.

On the 30th ultimo, District Attorney Carrington entered a suit in the Supreme Court of District Columbia against William A. Hammond, late Surgeon General United States, to recover \$50,000 dollars, the amount alleged the Government has been defrauded of by his blank purchase from W. A. Stephens, and supplies from John Wyeth & Brother, some 50,000 being the amount in the first case and 400,000 dollars in the second.

Different nations have different kinds of loafers. The Italian loafer spends his time in sleeping—the Turkish in dreaming—the Spanish in praying—the French in laughing—the English in swearing—the Russian in gambling—the Hungarian in smoking—the German in drinking, and the American in talking politics.

There is authority for stating that an arrangement has been entered into between our own and the rebel government, whereby the condition of our prisoners in the rebel hands will be materially benefited. The Government is anxious to do everything in its power for the comfort of our brave men in rebel hands.

Flour advanced one hundred dollars a barrel on its former price, corn to six and beef to eight dollars per pound, in Richmond, on the receipt of the news that the line of the Weldon Railroad had been taken possession of by Grant. This fact attests the importance of the road to the supply of Richmond.

When Algernon Sidney was told that he might save his life by denying his hand-writing—he said: "When God has brought me into a dilemma in which I must assert a lie or lose my life, He gives me a clear indication of my duty, which is to prefer death to falsehood."

The farmers of Lincoln, Mass., are doing an extensive business this season in raising pickles. One man, from two and a half acres of vines; has gathered, at two pickings, 67,000 pickles. One man gathered from his five acres, at one picking, 80,000.

Contentment is the greatest blessing of this life.

Our sweetest remembrances are the pleasures of childhood.

General News Items.

Twenty-seven ladies of New Bedford, Massachusetts, have each agreed to furnish a representative recruit.

Any number of newspapers can be sent by mail under a two cent stamp, provided they do not exceed four ounces in weight.

The St. Joseph Herald says the streets of St. Joseph are filled with women with segars in their mouths.

It is estimated that Early, in his recent northern raids, has lost by death and desertion 10,000 men.

Pittsburg has forty-six foundries, consuming forty-six thousand tons of metal annually, and paying \$1,000,000 wages annually.

Secretary Stanton has ordered that the wages of the sewing women in the employment of the Government be increased twenty per cent.

Mrs. Thompson, wife of the Rebel General Jeff. Thompson, is now a confirmed lunatic, and it is said she will shortly be sent to the Asylum at Fulton.

The greatest mass of solid iron in the world is the Iron Mountain of Missouri.—It is three hundred and fifty feet high, and two miles in circuit.

Seven weekly newspapers in New York State have given up the ghost in seven weeks, in consequence of the high prices of paper, &c.

On Sunday last, as four boys were playing on the prairie near Osceola, Iowa, they were all struck by lightning. Two of them recovered, but two were killed instantly.

The total expenditures thus far for the New York Central Park have been \$5,800,000.

There are eighteen acres of rebels in the encampment for rebel prisoners at Elmira, New York.

Plans of the large theatres in the United States have been sent to Paris, to model the new French theatres upon.

The Richmond Daily Examiner is now mailed to subscribers at \$50 per annum. The Weekly costs \$15.

The Hon. John Wentworth is the Union nominee for Congress from the Chicago district of Illinois. He was elected from the same district in 1852.

A clergyman in Northampton recently prayed "that God would bless Abraham Lincoln and give him a large majority of the votes next fall."

On Saturday morning a vote was taken on the owl train from Philadelphia to New York, resulting in favor of Mr. Lincoln by a good majority. One car filled with soldiers voted unanimously for his re-election.

General R. C. Schenck has been re-nominated for Congress in the Third District of Ohio.

Wm. Meyers, 9th Missouri volunteers, has been sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment at Jefferson city, Mo., for the murder of a member of his company.

The number of prisoners captured by General Grant since the crossing of the Rapidan in May last, is stated at the War Department to be upward of fifteen thousand.

There are now two hundred and ninety-three thousand guns in the Springfield Arsenal awaiting the order of the Government—a much larger number than at any previous time.

A German, on the Lake Shore train, between Buffalo and Dunkirk, was robbed of \$1000 in gold. Suspicion fell on three persons, who, on being examined, proved to be delegates to the Chicago Convention!

Capt. Philip Clayton Kennedy, of the United States marine corps, died, at the residence of his father, the Hon. A. Kennedy, in Baltimore county, Md., on Wednesday. He was in the twenty-seventh year of his age, and had been ill for some time.

Gen. Rosecrans has approved the sentence of a military commission in the case of Miss Ann Finkle, convicted of harboring guerrillas, and murdering a Federal soldier in assisting them to escape. She was sentenced to be confined in the State prison of Missouri for ten years.

The people of Chambersburg are preparing to rebuild their destroyed dwellings, though they can never replace their old homes; and since the work of making the town is to be all done over again, it is proposed to beautify it by increasing the width of its streets, making the houses neat and uniform, and lining the streets with shade trees.

The circular recently issued by the War Department requiring all officers who are promoted to re-enlist for three years, causes great complaint in the army, and many officers refuse to accept their commissions on those terms. The President, who has been appealed to, has referred the whole matter to General Grant, much to the satisfaction of the parties interested.

Treat your enemies as if they would sometime or other be your friends.

A GREENBACK WELL INVESTED.—A year ago several journals united in recommending their readers to invest a dollar "Greenback" in securing that very excellent journal for the Household (including the little ones), for the Garden, and for the Farm, called the American Agriculturist. Many persons were thus led to subscribe, and we believe all who did so have been much more than satisfied. They have received the 23d Annual Volume of the Agriculturist, which is full of good things, useful, practical, and entertaining, and just now the Publisher is sending out to each of his subscribers applying, a present of a plant of one of the most remarkable Strawberries that have ever been brought out. These plants, when sold by the only other person having them, go readily at 75 cents each. So the Greenback invested last year has certainly paid well. All we have now to say is, let all others go and do likewise.—Notwithstanding the present advance in cost, the Publisher still offers to take subscribers this month (September) at \$1 a year, or from now to the end of 1865 (fifteen months) for \$1.15. And still further, he offers one of the remarkable Strawberry Plants, sent free and post-paid, to every new subscriber who encloses 5 cents extra for oil cloth, packing, and postage on the plant.—Our advice to all is, send the dollar (or the \$1.15), and the extra 5 cents at once to Orange Judd, Publisher of the Agriculturist, at 41 Park Row, New York city, and get the paper, etc. You will get a most beautiful, well illustrated, practical paper, and the cheapest one in the country, to say nothing of the extra Strawberry Plant, etc. Try it.

A despatch from Washington says the draft under the last call of the President will begin first in those places which are making the least effort to raise volunteers, so as to give the places which are trying to fill their quotas without a draft as much time as possible to do so. Payment of bounties to recruits authorized by the act of July last did not cease on the 5th inst., but is still continued as they were before that day, and volunteers will be counted on the quotas up to the latest possible moment. An official bulletin from Secretary Stanton states that Provost Marshal General Fry is busily engaged in arranging the credits of the several districts and is ordered to draft without delay for the deficiency in the districts that have not filled their quotas.

There were coined during the month of August, at the mint in Philadelphia, four millions and forty thousand cent pieces, and three millions one hundred and thirty thousand two cent pieces, together of the value of \$103,000. This immense coinage of cents has been going on monthly at about the rate of the last month, for more than two years, and yet they are so scarce in circulation, as to render the change for a five cent note a great difficulty.

The "silver" wedding-day is applied to the twenty-fifth anniversary of a marriage, and on this day it is customary to present the married pair with some silver token of remembrance. The custom prevails in some parts of Northern Europe, where the festival of the twenty-fifth anniversary is called the "silver" wedding, and that of the fiftieth the "golden" wedding.

A company in London have bought one hundred and forty acres a few miles from the city, and propose to enclose it with glass, making a climate like that of Madeira, with the fruits and foliage to be found in that isle. An hotel and residences are to be built, and great prices will be charged for a chance to live under glass.

A soldier committed suicide near Chicago the other day, who had served under Garibaldi, and upon whose person was found a paper which stated that he took part in the engagement before Copna. Oct. 18, 1860, for which he was publicly thanked by Gen. Garibaldi for services rendered.

England is now getting her supply of cotton principally from the new fields opened in various parts of the world. The prices, however, are yet enormously high. Within a year or two after the settlement of our present troubles, we predict that cotton will be lower in the market than ever.

At a recent railroad dinner, in compliment to the legal fraternity, the toast was given:—"An honest lawyer, the noblest work of God." But an old farmer in the back part of the hall rather spoiled the effect by adding, in a loud voice, "And about the scarcest."

Our soldiers at Atlanta have a new way of spreading the Gospel. Scripture quotations are pasted upon shells and sent booming into the rebel camp. The number of conversions is not reported.

Pigeons drink differently from most other birds. Gallinaceous birds sip, and raise their heads; but pigeons take a long continued draught like quadrupeds.

Brig. Gen. Joshua T. Owens, of Germantown, has resigned his commission in the army, and opened a law office in Washington, D. C.

An interesting relic of the Revolutionary war has just been fished up in the Delaware, near Salem, N. J. It is a portion of the cable or rigging of H. B. M. frigate Augusta. On the 23d of October, a part of the British fleet, the Augusta, 64 guns, the Merlin, 18 guns, and a galley, attacked Fort Mifflin. The attack was meant to be simultaneous with an attack by 1800 Hessians on Fort Mercer at Red Bank. Both attacks were repulsed. The Hessians' commander, Count Donop, was mortally wounded, and 800 of his men killed or taken prisoners. The Augusta and Merlin were set on fire by hot shot from Fort Mifflin, and entirely destroyed. The cable is composed apparently of whalebone or some similar material, and after a lapse of nearly 87 years, was brought up last week by some boatmen who were dragging for an anchor.

During the late visit of the rebels to Hagerstown, Md., they proceeded to the county jail and released therefrom Park Cramer, who was confined there for deliberately shooting Victor Wright, during a quarrel between the parties about a woman kept by the latter. When the rebels left Hagerstown they took Cramer with them; but on reaching Williamsport he deserted them and returned to Hagerstown, where he presented himself at the jail to the county sheriff, and asked to be recommitted, asserting that he would "be d—d if he would go with such a set of infernal cutthroats." Cramer was accordingly assigned to his old quarters, and in November will be tried upon the charge of murder.

The German Reformed Messenger lost everything except the stereotype plates that were in the vault. Arrangements are about being made to have the paper published by contract in the east until the 1st of January next, when the office will probably be re-established either at Lancaster or Philadelphia. The loss is about \$40,000. The Repository lost all its material and presses, besides \$2000 worth of paper. The subscription list and ledger only were saved. The loss is about \$75000. The Valley Spirit lost everything but the subscription list and receipt books. Loss fully \$5000.

A resident of Hartford bought a dozen of eggs the other day, and by inadvertently placing five of them in a warm pantry got them as nicely hatched into five chickens as if a hen had sat upon them. One fine morning the little animals "peeped," to the egg purchaser's great astonishment. Of course he went to the newspapers to tell the story—every good American goes to his newspaper when he sees or hears anything "out of the common."

Miss Hattie Houghton, of Milton, while walking near her father's house, was attacked by a large and dangerous rattlesnake, but by her coolness and presence of mind succeeded in killing him after a severe contest. The snake measured four feet seven inches, and had eleven rattles, showing it to be thirteen years old. Such a specimen of true courage in a young lady only seventeen years of age is certainly worth recording.

Among the latest patents is a coasting sled for boys, which can be steered at will, without using the leg for a rudder, according to the old fashion. The sled rests upon four runners, and those forward can, with the aid of rods, be turned to the right or left by the lad, who sits upright, with both feet braced forward. But no kindhearted genius has yet invented a sled which will pull itself up hill.

There are now in the British Islands three hundred and seventy-five district railway companies, who own eleven thousand five hundred miles of road. They carry above eighty million passengers yearly, and above thirty million tons of merchandise and minerals. They give employment to probably not less than two hundred thousand persons.

An ingenious Frenchman has invented a sleeping cage for the emperor, which is to the sight a mosquito netting, but in reality a thin gauze wire covering to the bed. When once inside of it, by turning a crank the emperor can make this netting a powerful magnetic battery, sufficiently strong to knock any one down who touches it from the outside.

Whole number of sheep in Ohio, 4,300,000, and this year's wool will be 19,000,000 pounds, worth \$15,000,000. Throughout the west the farmers are taking the money they get for their wool and investing it in more sheep, as wool-growing is very profitable just now.

A United States greenback that has been torn or mutilated will only be received for the representative value of the portion remaining. If one-half of a \$10 note is gone it will be received for but \$5; one-fourth \$2.50, and so on.

A son was born on the 5th of August, to Isaac Tetro, of Washington, Berkshire county, Mass., being the twenty-fourth child of the mother, who is forty-five years old. All, except one pair of twins, were single births.

Gen. Fremont has withdrawn from the Presidential contest.

A HAIRLESS HORSE.—The famous woolly horse is now matched by a horse on exhibition at Madrid, which has not a single hair on its whole body. Its skin is white, like that of a European, and so transparent that the veins may be distinguished through it. The horse cannot be used for labor in consequence of this fineness of the skin, which would be exposed to abrasion.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Whose Dye is taking the place of others? Christadoro's! Whose Dye is the most perfect imitation of Nature? Christadoro's! Whose Dye has been analyzed by the best Chemist and pronounced harmless? Christadoro's!

Whose Hair Dye succeeds when all others fail? Christadoro's! Whose Hair Dye has the largest sale in the world? Christadoro's! Whose Dye is shipped in the greatest quantities to the fair-haired maidens of Cuba, Mexico and South America? Christadoro's!

Christadoro's Hair Preservative, is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the most softness and the most beautiful gloss and gives vitality to the hair. Manufactured by J. CASTRADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New-York. Sold every-where, and applied by all Hair Dressers. Price \$1, \$1.50, and \$3 per box, according to size. [Two]

What horseman will be without Dr. Tobias's Venetian Horse Liniment. TAUNTON, Mass., May 14th, 1860.

Dr. Tobias: Dear Sir—During 35 years that I have been in the livery business, I have used and sold a great quantity of various liniments, oils, &c. Some two years since, hearing of so many wonderful cures having been made by your Venetian Liniment, I tested its merits, and it has given the best satisfaction of anything I ever used. I never sold anything that gives such universal satisfaction among horsemen. It is destined to supersede all others. Yours, truly, &c., SAMUEL WILKE. Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt street, New York. Price 50 cents per pint bottle.

A Card to the Suffering. Swallow two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Sarsaparilla," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of Old Dr. Buchan's English Specific Pills—and be restored to good health and vigor in less than 30 days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by J. S. BUTLER, 427 Broadway, N. Y.

Agent for the United States. P. S.—A Box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, postpaid—money refunded by the agent if entire satisfaction is not given. [July 30-3m]

To the Young or Old, Male or Female, if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms, it unites them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer, cut out the advertisement, and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's, take no other. Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeit and imitations.

Do you want to be Cured? Dr. Buchan's English Specific Pills cures, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price \$1 per box. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of an order. One box will perfect cure in most cases. Address JAMES S. BUTLER, General Agent, No. 427 Broadway, N. Y.

Editor of The Marietta. Dear Sir: With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. I will also mail free to those having bald heads or bare faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. Respectfully yours, THOS. F. CHAFFMAN, Chemist, July 30-3m] 831 Broadway, N. Y.

A gentleman, cured of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, situated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge), the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used, in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience, and possess a Valuable Remedy, will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed), by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN, May 14-3m] No. 60 Nassau street, N. Y.

EYE and EAR.—Prof. J. Isaacs, M. D. Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is located at No. 511 Pine-st., Philadelphia, where persons afflicted with diseases of the Eye or Ear will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination. The medical facility is invited, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment.

F. L. Baker, Scribner and Compositor.

Would most respectfully take this means of informing his friends and the public generally that he has commenced the drawing of DEEDS, MORTGAGES, JUDGMENTS,

and in fact everything in the CONVEYANCING line. Having gratuitously intercourse with a member of the Lancaster Bar, will engage him to execute instruments of writing with accuracy. He can be found at the office of THE MARIETTIAN, on Front street, or at his residence on Market street, a square west of the "Donegal House," Marietta. Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Judgments and Leases always on hand, and for sale. E. MORTGAGES, DEEDS, JUDGMENTS, and in fact everything in the CONVEYANCING line. For sale at J. R. DIFFENBACH'S