

The Mariettian.



F. L. Baker, Editor.

MARIETTA, PA.

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, ANDREW JOHNSON, OF TENNESSEE.

Union Electoral Ticket.

SENATORIAL.

MORTON McMICHAEL, Philadelphia, THOMAS H. CUNNINGHAM, Beaver County.

REPRESENTATIVE.

- 1. Robert P. King, 13. Elias W. Hale, 2. Geo. M. Coates, 14. Chas. H. Switzer, 3. Henry Bunn, 15. John Wister, 4. Wm. H. Kern, 16. D. M'Conaughy, 5. Martin H. Jenks, 17. David W. Woods, 6. Chas. H. Runk, 18. Isaac Benson, 7. Robert Parke, 19. John Patton, 8. Wm. Taylor, 20. Samuel B. Dick, 9. Jno. A. Hiestand, 21. Eberhard Bierer, 10. H. H. Coryell, 22. John P. Penney, 11. Edw. Halliday, 23. Eber M. Jundson, 12. Chas. F. Reed, 24. J. W. Blanchard.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Special Election, August 2d, 1864.

In favor of Soldiers voting.

VOTE FOR ALL OF THE AMENDMENTS:—

The special election for Constitutional amendments takes place on Tuesday the 2d day of August. Every voter should be certain to cast his vote on this important occasion, and vote for all three of the amendments. All loyal papers urge voting for the amendments, they allude to the first proposed amendment confirming the right of the Soldiers to vote. But there is much danger from using that expression. There are three amendments to be voted upon separately. A vote "for the amendment" is no vote at all—it will be cast out, and not counted. If you wish to aid the Soldiers in the use of the elective franchise, vote the ticket headed "First Amendment," and conjoining within it, the words "for the amendment." Nor will voting "for the amendments," in a lump, answer—each amendment must be voted for, or against, by itself, to have the vote cast of any avail.

The First Amendment is for the Soldiers, to be voted on accordingly. The Second and Third Amendments are designed to aid in proper legislation, to prevent ambiguity and confusion, and check the frauds and trickery practised by some men, in and out of the legislature. They are, therefore, very important.

The Second Amendment is as follows: "No bill shall be passed by the legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

Now, is it not manifest that in common honesty, and for the protection of the mass of the people, that the object of bills should be fairly seen on their face, and that every subject matter should stand or fall on its own merits? No fair man, it seems to us, should hesitate to vote for the second amendment.

The Third Amendment reads: "No bills shall be passed by the legislature granting any power or privileges in any case where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been or may hereafter be conferred upon the Courts of this Commonwealth."

This, also, is obviously just and politic. Very much of the time of the legislature is occupied upon corporations which could and should be uniform in their character, and the propriety of granting which could be much better and more fairly determined by the Court [or Judges and Grand Jurors] of their respective counties, than by a 133 men who are strangers to most of the corporations and to the locality interested.

Now, voting FOR EACH of the three amendments would be more likely to insure the success of all—while omitting one or two, or voting against them, would complicate voting, and might endanger the first. Therefore, vote for the whole three amendments. See that your ticket is right before voting.

It is said that Lucien Bonaparte stands a good chance for the succession to the Papal chair. It is said that the French party in Italy are straining every nerve in order to place the cousin of the Emperor of France at the head of the Roman Catholic Church. Such a measure, of course, receives all the aid the wily Louis Napoleon can give, to secure its success.

Queen Victoria, it is said, has become insane, and has turned spiritualist. She recently visited the sick bed of the Duke of Marlborough, who was supposed to be dying, and sent a message by him to Prince Albert, her dead husband. The Duke has recovered, and Albert, it is presumed, never received the message.

Meyerbeer leaves to each of his daughters an income of 50,000 of a year, and one of 93,000 to his widow.

A HANDSOME BIBLE.—The colored people of Baltimore have had manufactured, as a present to the President of the United States, the most magnificent bible ever manufactured in this country. The cover is of blue velvet, tipped at the corners with heavy gold mountings and clasped with bars of solid gold. The cover bears a large plate of gold, representing a slave with his shackles falling from him in a cotton field, stretching out his hands in gratitude to President Lincoln for the freedom of the slave. At the feet of the freedman there is a scroll bearing upon its face the word "Emancipation," in large letters. On the reverse cover of the bible is another gold plate containing the following inscription: "To Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, the friend of universal freedom, by the loyal colored people of Baltimore, as a token of respect and gratitude, Baltimore, July 4th, 1864." The book is enclosed in a handsome walnut box, silver mounted, with a silver plate on the top bearing the words "Holy Bible," and a beautiful design of the Capitol. The entire affair cost \$5,800.

The story started, when Andrew Johnson was nominated for vice President, that in addition to having been a "bodily sailor," he had abandoned his poor old mother, and that she is, at the age of more than seventy years, traversing the streets of Philadelphia, with a basket on her arm, selling tripe for a living, is suddenly cut short by the fact that the mother of Gov. Johnson died seventeen years ago in Greenville Tenn. carefully attended and cherished by her son, and all the family, to her latest breath. Had the story not been pitched too strong, it might have found some believers.

The custom-house officers of San Francisco have discovered a very ingenious Chinese trick, which led to the seizure of a lot of smuggled opium. Among a cargo were 400 tubs invoiced as eggs, value stated at one dollar. The eggs were coated with a peculiar kind of varnish to preserve them. One of the officers, in examining the eggs, scraped off a little varnish and disclosed a metallic case, egg-shaped, filled with opium. Each metallic egg is worth \$300. There was a thousand of them.

The Richmond Enquirer says: "This Confederacy, or the Yankee nation, one or the other, goes down—goes down to perdition. We all know by this time the fate in store for us, if we succumb. As surely as we completely ruin their armies—and without that there is no peace nor truce at all—so surely shall we make them pay our War Debt, though we wring it out of their hearts."

The reported burning of the Clarendon Hotel, Union and Congress Halls, at Saratoga on Monday, was untrue. The fire broke out at 2 p. m. and destroyed the Bethesda Water Cure; loss \$40,000. Insured for \$18,000. One large boarding-house, several dwelling-houses, and barns and shops were also burned. Total loss, \$60,000.

What odd names some mortals are blessed with? A family in Michigan actually named their last child, Finis, supposing that it was their last, but they afterwards happened to have a daughter and two sons, whom they called Addenda, Appendix, and Supplement. A man in Pennsylvania called his son James Also, and the third William Likewise.

One of the stories of the day is this: That Emperor Napoleon lately proposed to send decorations to Lee and some of his officers, because of the obstinacy of the resistance which they had made to Gen. Grant's army, and was induced to reconsider his purpose only through the earnest remonstrances of M. Drouyn de Lhuys.

A New Bedford paper says: A gentleman left at our office yesterday a knot of handsome looking white yarn, carded and spun by an old lady 82 years of age, from the hair of a poodle dog. We are rejoiced that a poodle dog can be put to some use, and we hope the ugly little brutes may all be innocently sheared.

At Windsor, opposite Niagara Falls, there is a regular Rebel Congress, composed of Southerners, Copperheads, European sympathizers, Canadian monarchists, and all other sorts of foes of free institutions. Their whole aim is how to aid the Rebellion by fomenting discord in the loyal States.

The President has called for five hundred thousand more volunteers to serve for one, two or three years. If the number is not made up by the 5th of September a draft will take place on that day for one year to fill the deficiency.

Two bounty jumpers, attempting to escape from a train on the Northern Central Railroad, near Parktown, last Wednesday, were fired upon by the guard. A Canadian, having \$200 on his person was killed.

A stranger at Niagara was swept into the torrent while visiting the Cave of the Winds on Monday. He was lost. Despite the guide's warning he stepped upon a slippery rock.

General News Items.

Mr. Isaac Daniels, the last of the soldiers of the Revolution residing in the city of New York, died last Wednesday, aged 109 years. He served in the Revolutionary war under the immediate command of General Washington, and fought at the battles of Monmouth, Trenton, and White Plains. He also served through the war of 1812.

At Darien, Connecticut, a patriotic gentleman celebrated the Fourth by giving five acres of building land, and a donation of \$5,000 for the purpose of providing a Home for wounded and disabled soldiers belonging to the state. The Home was duly inaugurated, and it is proposed to raise \$100,000 for its permanent endowment.

Tennyson, the poet, is so outraged by visitors, who encroach on his grounds and gaze at his windows, that he has been compelled to protect himself by embankments and fosses of an almost military character. A tree, lately set on the ground by Garibaldi, they have denuded of its branches for relics.

The New Bedford Mercury says that the boys of that city, having passed through the coin fever, the postage-stamp fever and the hen fever, are now in the very crisis of the bird-egg fever. One little fellow has a collection of eggs of more than a hundred different birds.

A doughnut match was one of the features of the "Fourth" celebration at Winsted, Conn. Six doughnuts were suspended upon pins, six feet from the ground, and the competitors, with hands tied, went at them. The man that ate the first one took a prize of three dollars.

The Moderator of the late General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church announces that the 1st of September has been fixed as a fast day, unless the President of the United States may designate an earlier day. That day will, therefore, in accordance with the action of the U. P. General Assembly, be observed by the United Presbyterian Church.

Mrs. John Weldon, aged 76 years, died suddenly at Bergen on Saturday evening. The inmates of the house attended to family prayers as usual, and at the close it was observed that deceased remained kneeling, with her head resting upon a chair, and upon being raised up life was extinct. Disease of the heart was the cause.

An insane woman, forty years old, living near Niagara Falls, being left unwatched for a few minutes, a day or two ago, ran to the river, and throwing herself in, was carried over the Falls. She appeared to recover her reason as she was swept along, for she cried loudly for help.

With the consent of Gen. Grant, the Christian Commission has sent to City Point from Baltimore steam fire engine No. 4 for the purpose of forcing water from the James River to the hospitals, a distance of one mile from the river.

Missouri is going into the turpentine business, and promises to furnish the supply cut short by the secession of South Carolina. A Boston company has purchased three thousand acres of pine trees, and is now erecting the necessary works and stills.

Abel Stearns, of Los Angeles, California, is the largest cattle and land owner in the United States. This year his stock consisted of 48,000 besides 9,000 calves. He lost 7,000 cattle last winter through want of food.

Congress, before it adjourned, passed a law assessing a new tax of five per cent. on the income of every citizen over six hundred dollars, to raise money to pay bounties. This is in addition to the former income tax.

It is said that Winslow and Semmes served together during the Mexican war, and are old acquaintances and friends. We fear that Semmes' friendly feelings were somewhat cooled by the bath to which Winslow treated him.

The Wheeling Register repeats the statement that the amount of stores captured by the invaders at Martinsburg, "were worth over three millions of dollars."

A private letter from off Charleston states that the rebel officers recently sent to General Foster have been placed in comfortable quarters, where the rebel shells must do fall.

A man died of hydrophobia in Middletown, Connecticut, last week, having assisted in skinning a cow that had been bitten by a mad dog.

A drafted Pittsburger furnished a substitute last Saturday for whom he paid \$1000, notwithstanding he was disqualified for service.

W. J. Fox, friend and companion of John Bright and Richard Cobden, died lately in England, aged 78 years.

The Rochester (N. Y.) Common Council are trying to buy a stock of coal for the city poor.

Garibaldi has been elected Grand Master of the Italian Free Masons.

Maj. Gen. D. C. Buell has taken his residence at Bedford Springs. Miss Bateman is said to have married a British captain.

SMOTHERED IN A CHEST.—One of the most remarkable and distressing events that we ever recorded took place last week in the township of Newburg. Andrew Schoger lives near the Buckeye House, on the Kinsman street road, leading to Warrensville, better known as Dolph Edwards' tavern. About 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon Mr. Schoger and wife went into the field with their oldest boy, to get a load of hay, leaving four children—Mary, aged 7 years; Charles, 10 years; John, 4 years, and Catherine, 1 year old, at home. The parents told the children to go into the corn house and shell some corn for the chickens. Returning from the field the children could not be found. Search was made, the neighbors rallying to the assistance of the distressed family, and the search of the premise, including the corn house and the woods, was continued through the night, but without success. This morning (Thursday) the corn house was again searched, and on opening an old German chest standing there the children were found smothered to death, and their faces turned black from suffocation. The children, at play, had got into the chest, and had either themselves shut down the lid, or the lid fell down and a spring lock shut them in that living tomb.

NEW STYLE STAMPS.—Owing to the frauds committed by persons removing the marks from old postage stamps, the Post Office Department considering the introduction of a stamp that can be used but once. It is thus described: "The body of the stamp is made of goldbeater's skin (instead of paper) which is tough and so nearly transparent that the printed impression shows almost as well on one side as on the other. The design, the legend, numerals, &c., are intended to be read through from beneath, and therefore printed in reverse. When the stamp is wet and glued on the letter, it remains permanent and unchanged, until some person attempts to peel it off. He then finds that the printed matter remains attached to the letter, while the gold beater's skin comes off quite colorless, and having scarcely trace of "postage" about it.

The New York city newspapers, on or before the first day of August, will raise (the dailies) their prices to a five-cent standard.—The advance would have taken place ere now but for the disinclination of one establishment to venture upon the experiment. The increased and increasing cost of all the materials that enter into the manufacture of a newspaper has made this step a positive necessity, and one which can no longer be deferred.

It is asserted that vast numbers among the better educated of the Catholic clergy of France and Italy are not merely opposed to the temporal power of the Pope, but regard the dogma of the Immaculate Conception with scarcely concealed contempt. They also feel the necessity of harmonizing theology with science, and consider forced celibacy as a hindrance rather than an aid to holiness of life.

The Conneautville Courier is informed on good authority that James Decker, of Cuswaga township, aged one hundred and four years, a few days since walked a distance of four miles in about three hours. The old gentleman returned from his walk without the least sign of fatigue, and says he is able to perform the same feat again.

A tea made from a plant known as Garcarcenia Purpuro, or more familiarly Ladies' Saddle or Water Cup, has been used in the Massachusetts State Almshouse with singular success in the treatment of small-pox. In the almshouse of Troy similar success was met with.

A soldier of the 67th New York was hung near Poolesville as a deserter and spy. He jumped three bounties and deserted, and then rashly reappeared in our lines. The Star says that he met his fate with brutish indifference.

A chimney, one hundred feet high, containing ninety thousand bricks, and estimated to weigh over two hundred tons, was moved, recently, in Worcester, Mass., a distance of one hundred feet without disturbing a brick.

Elder Walker M. Gibson, a leading member of the Mormon body, has been expelled for setting up business in the Sandwich Islands on his own account. Brigham Young tolerates no rival near his throne.

It is roughly calculated that Congress, during its late session, appropriated over one thousand millions of dollars, including the bounties to new troops to be paid from the special income tax.

Some fellow says the shape of a kiss is elliptical. This must be derived from the sensations one experiences when enjoying the luxury, for it is certainly a tip tickle.

A dozen of tomatoes, each about the size of an English walnut, were sold in Richmond on the 30th of June for twenty dollars.

Miller, a wealthy and well known citizen of New York, was arrested on the 22d inst. for the crime of being an idiot.

It is a matter of congratulation that the secessionists of Maryland were the principal sufferers in the recent raid. Supposing that their reasonable conduct toward our Government would insure them the kindest treatment from the invading force, they did not move their horses or cattle to a place of safety. They found, much to their surprise, no doubt, that the rebels do not respect those who have not the pluck to join the Southern cause. The result was, that these very Secessionists lost all their stock, their valuable horses, and were plundered alike with Union people. Good!

Those who write to enquire, says the N. Y. Tribune, whether the payment of \$300 commutation exempts for three full years from all drafts, are informed that such payment, if made at any time prior to February last, does so exempt. In February the law was changed so that the payment of \$300 thenceforth exempted only for the impending draft; while since the passage of the act of this month there is no commutation whatever. All who are henceforth drafted, and are found liable, must serve in person or by substitute.

MARRIED.

On the 30th ultimo, at Maytown, by Rev. B. P. Apple, Jacob Bille, of East Donegal, and Miss Catharine Bille, of York county. On the 5th instant, by the same, Mr. Sylvester Matthias, of Highspire, Pa., to Miss B. E. Augusta Bescher, of Maytown.

BIRD.

On the 8th instant, at Maytown, Mary Catharine Bescher, aged 3 years, 11 mo., 29 days. At Bainbridge, on the 24th ultimo, Henry Augustus, infant son of Henry M. Bruhn, aged 3 months and 9 days. Drowned, on the 15th instant, in the canal, near "School's Mill," Joseph Leander Green, aged 17 years, 3 months and 16 days.

LETTERS REMAINING unclaimed in the Post Office at Marietta, Pa., THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1864. Bell, C. M. Herr, Benjamin Cook, William Lehman, Jacob S. De. Schenitz, Miss L. Maul, George W. Eyster, Mr. Mamasses McCloskey, Miss N. Fourtman, John Price, Mrs. Elizabeth Gill, Mrs. Estler, 3. Thomas, Harry F. Green, Mrs. Catharine Woodward, L. B. Green. To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

ABRAHAM CASSEL, P. M.

10-40 LOAN.

First National Bank of Marietta, Pa.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

By instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, dated March 26th, 1864, this Bank is authorized to receive subscriptions for the National 10-40 Five per cent. Loan, in Coupon or Registered Bonds.

This Loan, principal and interest, is payable in gold. On Bonds of \$500 and upwards, semi-annually. (1st of March and September) and on those of less denominations annually, (1st of March.)

Subscribers can receive Bonds with Coupons from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin, or in lawful money by adding 50 per cent. for premium. Or, if preferred, may deposit the principal only, and receive Bonds with Coupons from date of subscription. Registered Bonds will be issued of the denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000 and \$10,000, in Coupon Bonds of \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000.

For the greater convenience of subscribers, the different Banks and Bankers throughout the country are authorized to act as agent for the Loan.

As only \$200,000,000 of this Loan can be issued, we would urge upon persons having surplus money, to subscribe promptly and secure the investment at par.

The Secretary in presenting this new Loan to the public through the National Banks, relies upon the liberality and patriotism of our people, to use all honorable means, and to make exertion for its sale.

It is hoped that Lancaster county, having done so well in the past in furnishing the Government means, will be equally prompt at this time.

AMOS BOWMAN, Cashier.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas the Honorable Henry G. Lowe, President of Hon. A. L. HAYS and FRANK B. BAYLOR, Esq., Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Lancaster, and Assistant Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Lancaster, have issued their Precept to me directed, requiring me, among other things, to make public Proclamation throughout my bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer and a general Jail delivery, also a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Jail delivery, will commence in the Court House, in the said county, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the THIRD MONDAY IN AUGUST, 1864, in pursuance of the precept Public Notice is hereby given, to the Mayor, and Alderman of the city of Lancaster, in the said county, and all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables of the said city and county of Lancaster, that they be then and there in their own proper persons with their rolls, records and examinations, and their other remembrances, to all those things which to their offices appertaining in their behalf to be done; and also all those who will prosecute against the prisoners who are to be held in the jail of said county of Lancaster, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Lancaster, the 18th day of JULY 1864. F. SMITH, Sheriff.

TO AVOID THE DRAFT.—A meeting of the citizens of Marietta, will be held on Monday evening next, July 25th, at 8 o'clock, in the Town Hall, to make arrangements to avoid the draft. MANY CITIZENS. Marietta, July 23, 1864.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period not less than ten months nor more than forty years from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit. As these Bonds are

Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levied in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

Over Eight Per Cent Interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders, as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate companies only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is held to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These bonds may be subscribed for in sums from \$50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 31st day of March, 1864, was \$768,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be \$45,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over \$100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenue of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of the gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to \$150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United States Treasury until March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS A WEEK.

Subscriptions will be received by the First National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. Second National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. Third National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.

And by all National Banks

which are depositaries of Public money, and all RESPECTABLE BANKS & BANKERS throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depository Banks,) will furnish further information on application and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS. [3inside.]

Ice Cream at the "Hermitage."

FINELY Flavored Ice Cream can be had every day and evening at Cummings' Hermitage Hotel, at the Lower Station, Marietta.

SPECTACLES to suit all who can be aided with glasses. Can be bought at H. L. & R. J. ZAHMS, Corner of North Queen-st., and Center Square, Lancaster. New glasses refitted in old frames, at short notice. [6-14]

D.R. Echtermach's Army Lotion, an infallible remedy for Saddle Galls, Open Sores, and diseases of the skin. AT THE GOLDEN MORTAR.

DURVEA'S REFINED MAIZENA, Prepared from Maize, or Indian Corn, for Culinary purposes. For sale at J. R. DIFFENBACH'S.

S.T. CROIX and NEW ENGLAND RUM for culinary purposes, warranted genuine H. D. Benjamin.

A LARGE stock of Paper and Envelopes of the best quality just received and for sale at The Golden Mortar.

CHOICE HAVANA SEGARS, and the best Chewing and Smoking Tobacco at WOLFE'S.

TWO LANDLORDS! Just received, Scotch and Irish WHISKIES, warranted pure, at H. D. Benjamin's.

3000 POUNDS EXTRA SUGAR-cured Hams and Dried Beef for sale at J. R. DIFFENBACH'S.

THREE TIERCES SHOULDERS AND SIDES for sale at J. R. DIFFENBACH'S.

ICE COLD CREAM MEAD made of Lebanon County Honey, at WOLFE'S.

BUY one of those beautiful SOFT HATS at CAVIL'S, 92 Market-st.