

The Mariettian

F. L. Baker, Editor

MARIETTA, PA.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1864.

General Robert Toombs, the rebel, has been arrested for treason to the rebel government. The case is as follows: General Toombs had taken the cars in Savannah without a passport. The officer on the train, whose duty it was to examine passports, called in the discharge of this duty, upon Mr. Toombs for his passport. Mr. Toombs had no passport, and so informed the officer, and said that he would not procure any, adding that he was General Robert Toombs, and owed allegiance to Georgia, and no other Government, and that his State did not require her citizens to travel with passes and passports, and that he would not procure a passport. The officer informed General Toombs that his orders allowed him no discretion, but required of him not to allow any man to pass without a passport. Gen. Toombs still refusing to procure a passport, was ejected from the cars by the guard. Gen. Toombs proceeded to harangue them in an excited and bitter manner, and in disloyal and treasonable language. Gen. Beauregard, being in Savannah, and hearing the facts, ordered the arrest and confinement of General Toombs, and he was taken in charge by a guard.

Bell's Life in London, speaking of Heenan, says: We had a visit from the "Beepica Boy" on the 22d and were sorry to find that he was still suffering from severe illness. He has been so much reduced in weight that he now barely weighs twelve stone seven pounds. He declares that beyond the first two or three rounds of his match with King he has no recollection whatever of anything that took place, nor can he in any way account for the extraordinary falling off in his fighting. He felt on entering the ring to fight for his life, and he looked upon victory as a foregone conclusion; but in a very few minutes a giddiness came over him, for which he cannot account, and beyond this he remembers nothing at all, and he declares he has never felt the same fit since. His looks on Friday certainly bore out his statement as to his health, and it will evidently require great care on his part to get himself round.

A Carlisle paper says a man named Isaac Fishel, a citizen of York county, was brought to Carlisle barracks, on Saturday last, under sentence of death, by court-martial. Fishel was tried at Chambersburg, some days since, upon the charges of desertion, and of killing Fitz-Hugh Lee through York county, last summer, and sentenced to be shot at this post. He is to be shot on Thursday next.

The First National Bank of Newark, N. J., has declared a quarterly dividend of five per cent., free of Government tax, payable March 1st. This is a large dividend, but the exhibits made by all the National banks that have come under our observation indicate very large earnings. Their privileges are certainly great, and their dividends will necessarily be large.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs has reported back the House bill to revise the grade of Lieutenant General, with amendments striking out the clause making that officer the commander of the armies, and also adverse to the House recommendation that General Grant be appointed to the position.

Little John Clem, the youngest soldier in the Army of the Cumberland, promoted for bravery by General Rosecrans, to a Sergeant, has been further promoted by Gen. Thomas to a Lieutenant, and placed on his staff. He is but twelve years old.

Mr. Bayard of Delaware resigned his seat in the United States Senate, after taking the oath prescribed by that body. His successor, George Read Biddle, has taken his seat. It seems that the Union cause has gained nothing by the change, as Mr. Biddle is represented to be a most virulent Copperhead.

Gen. Meade received a handsome reception in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, on Tuesday last. An immense crowd-crowded the street in front of the Hall for several hours. Mayor Henry received him in a neat speech, to which the General responded.

The Gardener's Monthly, an old favorite, which gets better with age. The February number is on our table. This is one of the best agricultural journals published. W. G. P. Brinklee, publisher, 23 N. 6th st., Philadelphia.

P. T. Barnum lectures in Philadelphia this evening on the "Art of Money-making."

The Rebel Government, according to the Richmond Examiner, has detected a secret organization of Union men in Richmond having for its object the forcible release of the Libby and Bellisle prisoners, the destruction of the Government buildings, and the assassination of Jefferson Davis. A German baker, named A. W. Heinz, has been arrested as one of its leaders; "his associates in treason," says the Examiner, "are all pretty much of his own character and social standing." This statement has two important points. Firstly, the existence of a number of Union men in Richmond sufficient to undertake a work of such magnitude as the liberation of ten or twelve thousand prisoners is frankly admitted. Yet the Richmond journals have been asserting for months that the Southern people were united as one man against the Union. Secondly, in the sneer at the social standing of Mr. Heinz, it is confessed that the conspirators are men of the respectable working classes, and this is confirmation of the Northern argument, that the rebellion was begun by the slaveholders for the benefit of slavery, and that the non-slaveholding, industrial population derives no benefit from its continuance, and would gladly see it ended.

The banking-house of J. Gardener, in Hollidaysburg, was entered by burglars on Sunday morning last, and a bold attempt made to break open the safe. The parties found but little difficulty in getting into the rooms through the wooden doors, though their labor was harder in gaining access to the vault. They quarried through brick and iron plates successfully, but the treasure lay encased within iron, a thief-proof safe, and they were unable to reach it. They got, however, some \$200 in Internal Revenue stamps, with which they decamped. The burglars, it is believed, were adepts in the business, but the safe proved too much for them, and they got very little for their trouble.

Petitions are being presented to Congress from various quarters, praying that the circulation of all banks chartered by State Legislatures may be taxed to such an extent as to compel them to be called in, and use only the National legal tender currency. In Pennsylvania, or at least this portion of it, the State bank notes are rapidly disappearing. A number of these banks issue National notes altogether. Now is the time for Congress to assert its power over the currency of the country, and it should be done without delay. It will be a great blessing to the people, financially, now and in all time to come.

This morning (says the Brooklyn Times,) a young farmer from Ogdensburg, in this State, applied at the office of Captain Maddox, No. 26 Grand street, for a place in the Union ranks. The attending surgeon gave a favorable opinion of his physique, and he was accepted. When asked to sign his name, he wrote in very legible characters, "Stonewall Jackson." The commissioner asked him if that was really his name. "Everybody asks me that question," said the young volunteer, "it riles my blood. It is my name, and I mean to let the rebels know that there is a Stonewall Jackson North."

Brigham Young is in no hurry to have the mines in Utah worked. He says: "When it is necessary that we should possess gold in great abundance the Lord will show it to us in vision, and we shall not have to prospect and dig to find it as the wicked have to do." This shows Brigham's craftiness. He knows that the rush for gold in Utah would soon outnumber the Mormons, and in a year or two his sway would be at an end.

A public sale of slaves took place recently in Columbia, Missouri, with the following result:—Jane, aged 48 years, \$86; Zerelda, aged 7 years, \$10; Laura, aged 9 years, \$15; Jim, aged 35 years, \$250; Kirt, aged 16 years, \$200; Nat, aged 13 years, \$312; Hannah, aged 40 years, and three children, aged 6 and 1 year, \$505. Ten slaves brought \$1673; not as much as an able-bodied slave sold for in the same region before the rebellion.

The Richmond Whig of the 6th instant, says the Virginia Legislature has been occupied in secret session with the discussion of a resolution requesting the Confederate authorities to suspend the ban of outlawry against Beas Butler until an exchange of prisoners is effected.

The President's stable, located near the Treasury building, was destroyed by fire a few nights since; six horses perished, but the carriage was saved.

Late news from Knoxville says that place is perfectly safe from any attack that may be made.

General Sickles has been ordered to Arkansas. He rides a horse with his artificial leg finely.

Veterans receive in Baltimore \$925 and new recruits \$800. Either whites or blacks are taken.

The rebel capital, it is said, is to be removed to Columbia, S. C.

How the President spends his time.—In one of his recent letters from Washington to the Boston Journal, "Poeley" gives some details of the daily life of the President. He says: Mr. Lincoln is an early riser, and he thus is able to devote two or three hours each morning to his voluminous private correspondence, besides glancing at a city paper. At nine he breakfasts—then walks over to the War Office to read such war telegrams as they give him, (occasionally some are withheld), and to have a chat with Gen. Halleck on the military situation, in which he takes great interest. Returning to the White House, he goes through the morning's mail, in company with a private secretary. Some letters are endorsed and sent to the Department—others are entrusted to the secretary, who makes a minute of the reply he is to make—and others the President retains, that he may answer them later.

Every letter receives attention, and all which are entitled to a reply receive one, no matter how they are worded or how inelegant the chirography may be. Tuesdays and Fridays are Cabinet days, but on other days visitors at the White House are requested to wait in the ante-chamber and send in their cards. Sometimes, before the President has finished reading his mail, Lord will have a handful of postcards, and from the cards laid before him, Mr. Lincoln has visitors selected in giving precedence to acquaintances. Three or four hours of this sort of rapid succession, nine out of ten asking offices, and patiently does the President listen to their applications. Care and anxiety have furrowed his rather homely features, yet occasionally he is reminded of an anecdote, and good humored glances beam from his clear, grey eyes, while his ringing laugh shows that he is not "used up" yet. The simple and natural manner in which he delivers his thoughts make him appear to those visiting him like an earnest, affectionate friend. He makes little parade of his legal science, and rarely indulges in speculative propositions, but states his ideas in plain Anglo-Saxon, illuminated by many lively images and pleasing allusions, which seem to flow as if in obedience to a rising impulse of his nature. Some newspaper admirers attempt to deny that the President tells stories. Why, it is rarely that any one is in his company for fifteen minutes without hearing a good tale, appropriate to the subject talked about. Many a metaphysical argument does he demolish by simply telling an anecdote, which exactly overturns the verbal structure.

About four o'clock the President declines seeing any more company, and often accompanies his wife in her carriage to take a drive. He is fond of horseback exercise, and, when passing the summer at the Soldiers' Home used generally to go to and fro in the saddle. The President, it is said, is not in the habit of going to bed until he has thrown off the cares of office.

Boston, Feb. 8.—The Malden Bank robber and murderer has been arrested, in the person of Edward W. Green, the Post-master of the place. He has confessed to his guilt, and most of the stolen money has been recovered. Mr. Green is 27 years old, and has a wife and one child. He has heretofore borne a good character.

A new paper called "The Drum Beat," under the editorial management of the Rev. Dr. Storrs, to be published in Brooklyn, in connection with the Sanitary Commission. The poet Longfellow and other literary celebrities are engaged as contributors.

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A rebel clerk complains through the columns of the Richmond Whig, that his salary of \$1500 from the Government will only furnish his family of five persons with bread and water.

Five full regiments of colored troops have been raised in Philadelphia since June last, and other regiments are now being organized.

The Theatre are open in London on Sundays for public preaching, and many of the leading clergy of various denominations officiate.

Judge Barbour of the Superior Court, New York, fined \$250 each for bringing in a verdict of \$50,000 to disburse.

George Thompson, the well known English anti-slavery orator, has arrived at Boston. He has come on a lecturing tour.

The Navy Department is about entering into another contract for raising the sunken vessels of war at Norfolk.

The oath has been administered at Chattanooga to 730 rebel deserters since Gen. Thomas assumed command.

The Crimean War cost Great Britain \$362,032,210, and what did she get for it?

General News Items.

A group of five gentlemen went to Albany on Tuesday from New Baltimore, a distance of 15 miles, on skates, in 54 minutes.

Three men went into two of the boilers of the Ravine Coal Company, at Pittston, Penn., to clean them. While they were in some one accidentally turned the hot water into the boilers and scalded them to death.

The small-pox is prevailing to an alarming extent at Horicon, Wisconsin. Places of business have been closed, and great excitement prevailed.

A man named Peter Curley, in Roxbury, Mass., has been sentenced to three months imprisonment for cruelty to a horse.

Moses V. Beach, of Wallingford, Conn., expends over \$500 annually in presents to children in the public schools of that town, as an incentive for them to be diligent in their studies.

The Paris Presse computes the population of the globe at one thousand millions, speaking three thousand and sixty languages, and having eleven hundred different forms of religion.

Uncle Sam's greenbacks and postal currency now in circulation, amount to five hundred millions.

There is one Methodist to every fourteen persons in Baltimore.

Prentice is for appropriating cords of wood for the loyal poor, and cords of hemp to the disloyal rich.

A remarkable Scotch centenarian is just deceased, at the age of 107. She declined all offers of marriage till her sixtieth year, when she married Mr. Robert Penn, of Edinburgh. She saw the ships of John Paul Jones return from the Firth in 1779. She never knew the doctor, and to the last her faculties remained nearly unimpaired.

The office of the Constitution and Union newspaper, in Fairfield, Iowa, edited by David Sheward, was visited by Company B, of the 2d Iowa Volunteers, and the type and paper thrown out the windows, and the subscription books destroyed.

More than 79,000 trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants were planted in New York Central Park last year. The carriage drive, now completed, is about eight miles in length, bridle road five miles, and walks twenty miles. More than 4,000,000 persons visited the Park in 1863, and in one day over 9,000 carriages entered the drives.

General Wistar's expedition, designed to release the prisoners at Richmond, has failed in accomplishing the purpose designed, and the scheme will probably have to be abandoned, all because a soldier of our army turned traitor, deserted and apprised the enemy of an advance of the Union troops, and the probable intentions of Generals Butler and Wistar.

The Confederate Congress is said to have got in a pet with the newspaper men, and threatens to conscript all below forty-five years of age, making it necessary to suspend all the newspapers except such as are necessary to do the public printing. There are now but thirty-five papers in the Confederacy.

The Debuque Herald says that Nicholas McCormick, one of the oldest inhabitants of Jefferson township, a wealthy, miserly old bachelor, was frozen to death in his bed. He had been out to purchase some articles, and when he returned, "laid himself down" on his bed without removing his clothing, and thus froze to death.

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Major French, Commissioner of public buildings and grounds at Washington, recommends that the President's house be abandoned as a residence, on account of the bad condition of the basement.

By an assurance on her life, the Empress Eugenie has secured to her son 2,000,000 of francs, divided between four companies, on payment of an annual premium of 61,000 francs.

The Springfield "armory" turned out 25,700 muskets last month, the largest number ever fabricated in a single month. There are 200,000 on hand.

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A GIANT AT THE BAR.—It may seem a singular thing, but it is nevertheless a veritable fact, that the tallest man in the United Kingdom serves behind the bar of a public house in this town. He is seven feet four inches in height, upward of twenty-three stone in weight, and his strength is in proportion to his size. By trade he is a ropemaker, and he occasionally exhibits some rare specimens of what he can do in that way, by twisting paper into rope with his fingers almost as strong as if made of the usual materials. His hands are so large that he can grasp with one of them three ordinary sized hands, and is thus able to shake hands with three persons at the same time.—Liverpool

We are glad to see that a resolution has been adopted in the House of Representatives, requesting the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of repealing the duty on foreign paper. This duty ought to be repealed at once. The price of paper is ruinously high, and for which there is no sufficient reason whatever. It is done either by a combination of paper makers, or by them in conjunction with the importers of paper-making materials.

NEW AND FRESH DRUGS.

Dr. Henry Landis, Successor to Dr. Franklin Hinkle.

Dr. LANDIS having purchased the entire interest and good will of Dr. F. Hinkle's Drug Store, would take it as a privilege to inform the citizens of Marietta and the public generally, that having just received from Philadelphia, a large addition to the old stock, he will spare no pains to keep constantly on hand the best and most complete assortment of everything in the drug line.

A Lot of Fancy and Toilet Articles, consisting in part of German, French and English Perfumery, Shaving Soaps and Creams, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Hair Oil, and other Hair Combs, Hair Oils, Pomades, etc.

Port Monies, Pocket Books, Puff and Powder Boxes, &c., &c.

The celebrated Batchelor's HAIR DYE, DeCosta's and other Tooth-Washes, India Colga, Barry's Tropicera, for the hair, Bay Rum, Arnold's Ink, large and small sized bottles, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Flour of Rice, Corn Starch, Heckel's Fatine, all kinds of pure Glycerine, Compound Syrup of Phosphate, or Chemical Food, an excellent article for chronic dyspepsia and a tonic in Consumption, Kemnet, for coagulating milk, an excellent preparation for the table, Pure Cod Liver Oil—very fine—bottles in two sizes, Pure Oil Liver Oil. All of Haeel's perfumery, pomades, soaps, &c. His Kathairon or Hair Restorative is now everywhere acknowledged the best.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Sheet Music always on hand, and procured by weekly orders from the city. Having secured the services of Mr. Harrison Roth, formerly of the firm of Grove & Roth, he feels confident that he can accommodate as well as please his numerous patrons and friends. Old Brandy and Madeira, Wines and Bitters for medicinal purposes. The Doctor can be professionally consulted at the store, when not engaged elsewhere.

Remember, the place, opposite the Post Office, formerly Doctor Hinkle's.

Ready-Made Clothing.

J. R. DIFFENBACH having laid in a very serviceable stock of strong and well-made WINTER CLOTHING,

such as Coats, Pants and Vests, which will be sold at a lower figure than can be bought anywhere else. Come and hear the prices.

Hammered and Rolled Iron

A general assortment of Hammered and Rolled Iron, H. S. Bars, Norway, Nail Rods, American and German Spring Steel, Axles, Springs for Smiths, &c. For sale at PATTERSON & CO'S.

GUTTA PERCHA BLACKING—without washing. For Boots, Shoes, Harness, Carriages, and Military Leather Work, makes it water-proof, does not stain the white leather, and is not applied to the surface of the leather, but is applied to the leather in two or three times a month.

For sale at Dr. Landis' Drug Store.

WINE AND LIQUORS.

Superior Old Brandy, Old Rye Whiskey, Holland Gin, Old Madeira, Lisbon, Sherry and Port Wines. Pittsburg Whiskey always on hand at the lowest market prices. Very Fine Brandy at a very low figure.

J. R. DIFFENBACH, Market-st.

EQUAL OR REGULAR TIMEKEEPERS can be had of H. J. E. J. ZAHNS, Cor. North Queen-st., and Center Square, Lancaster, Pa. in the shape of Equilibrium Levers, the best article of Swiss Levers now in the market. They are lower in price than any watch of equal quality and not as liable to timekeeping.

DR. WM. B. FAHNESTOCK, OFFICE—MAIN-ST., NEARLY OPPOSITE Spangler & Patterson's Store.

OFFICE HOURS: FROM 7 TO 8 A. M., 11 TO 12 M., 6 TO 7 P. M.

JEWELRY.—A large and selected stock of fine jewelry of the latest patterns from the best factories in the country can be found at H. J. E. J. ZAHNS, Corner of Center Square and North Queen Street, Lancaster, Pa.

A General Assortment of all kinds of BUILDING HARDWARE, LOCKS, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Cellar Grates, Oil, Glass and Putty, very cheap. For sale at PATTERSON & CO.

PRIME ROCCOLES.—Rio Java and Brown Sugar, Crushed, Pulverized, and Brown Sugar, Superior Green and Black Tea, King Mocha, Excellent Best Harley, &c. For sale at J. R. DIFFENBACH'S.

CHAMPAGNE and other Table Wines can be bought in Philadelphia at New York prices at H. D. BENJAMIN, Piccolini.

WELDON'S celebrated Imperial Extra No. 1 Ribbon Spring Skirt with self-adjustable Elastic, the best and best in the world. Just received.

DIFFENBACH'S

ST. CROIX NEW ENGLAND RUM for culinary purposes, warranted genuine H. D. Benjamin.

BUY one of those beautiful SOFT HATS at Cass' 92 Market-st.



HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

A PURE AND POWERFUL TONIC, Corrective and alternative of wonderful efficacy in disease of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all complaints of either sex, arising from bodily weakness, whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

Nothing that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery excitant, but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

For as well to be forearmed against disease, and so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, Hostetter's Bitters may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with Fever and Ague, it has been found invaluable as a preventative and irresistible as a remedy, and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Fever and Ague patients, after being pined with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkali, are not infrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of Hostetter's Bitters.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of Dyspepsia and in less complete forms of Indigestion. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the Constipation superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs. Persons of feeble habit, liable to nervous attacks, ignorance of spirit and indigestion, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agency of Bitters is immediately assumed by a single use of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

Last, but not least, is the Only Safe Stimulant, being manufactured from sound and innocuous materials, and entirely free from acid elements present in more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day. No family medicine has been so universally, and so happily, truly and deservedly popular, with the intelligent portion of the community, as Hostetter's Bitters.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburg, Pa. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

HELMHOLD'S Genuine Preparations. COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEDY For diseases of the Bladder, Kidney, Gravel, and Urinary and Urinary Swellings.

This Medicine increases the action of the Urinary organs, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Catarrhal deposits, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation.

HELMHOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. For weakness arising from chronic diseases, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to exertion, Loss of Power, Irritation of the Urinary Organs, Loss of Memory, Weak Nerves, Headache, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the muscular system, Flushing of the body, Hot Hands, Eruptions on the Face, Itchiness of the skin, Pale and Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably remedies, soon follows Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits, &c. in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that the patient is not truly followed by these "Direful Diseases," "Insanity and Consumption."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess the records of the Insane Asylums.

Attentively reads by Consumption, bear ample testimony to the truth of the assertion.

The Constitution once affected with Organic weakness requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system.

HELMHOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU in variously used. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES. In many affections peculiar to females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy; it is in Chlorosis or the Green Scurvy, Painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, Uteric or Scirrhus, state of the Uterus, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indigestion, habits of dissipation, or in the decline of life.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Stricture of the Urethra, alleviating pain and inflammation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and especially in the case of diseased and worn-out matter.

Thousands upon thousands who have been the victims of quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceiving and that the quack had, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use Helmhold's Extract Buchu for all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs requires the aid of Helmhold's Extract Buchu for its relief, and is certain to have the most effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine. PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE, or SIX for \$5.00. Delivered to any Address, securely packed, from observation.

Describe the Symptoms in all Communications. Care Quaintance. Advice Gratis. Address Letters for information to Helmholt's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 104 South Tenth-st., bet. Chestnut, Philadelphia, Pa.

H. T. HELMHOLD, Chemist, Helmholt's Medical Depot, Helmholt's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, New York.

Beware of Counterfeit and Unprincipled Dealers who endeavor to dispose of their own and "other" articles on the reputation attained by Helmholt's Genuine Preparations.

Ask for Helmholt's Improved Bitter Wine. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it. And avoid imposition and exposure.