

The Mariettian.



MARIETTA, PA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1863.

Union County Convention. The loyal citizens of Lancaster County, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the National and State Administrations in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the unity of the Republic, and who desire to support by every power of the Government our heroic brethren in arms, who are braving disease and the perils of the field to preserve the Union of our fathers, are requested to assemble at the usual places of holding delegate meetings in the respective Wards, Boroughs and Districts throughout the County, On Saturday, August 29th, 1863; in the several Wards, Boroughs, and Carnarvon township, between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock, p. m., and in all the Districts between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock, p. m., then and there to elect 3 or 5 delegates to meet in County Convention at Lancaster, in Fulton Hall, On Wednesday September 2d, 1863, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating the following State and County officers, viz: Two persons for the State Senate. Four persons for the House of Representatives. One person for High Sheriff. One person for Probationary. One person for Register. One person for Recorder. One person for Clerk of Quarter Sessions. One person for Clerk of Orphans' Court. One person for County Treasurer. One person for County Commissioner. Two persons for Prison Inspectors. Two persons for Directors of the Poor. One person for Coroner. One person for County Auditor. SAMUEL SLOKUM, Chairman. JNO. H. ZELLAR, Secretary. BEECHER ON BRITISH HYPOCRISY.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher left London on the 9th inst., for Paris and Spitzbergen. He accepted a temperance breakfast at the London Coffee House before he left, on condition that no reporter should be present, but a letter from England gives this account of it: "Edward Baines, M. P. for Leeds, took the chair, and in a very feeling address welcomed Mr. Beecher to the second time to this country, stating that he once had the honor of receiving his father as a guest. He spoke of Mr. Beecher's position in America, of Mrs. Stowe, of temperance, the war, and abolition. To this Mr. Beecher responded characteristically, in a blended strain of humor, pathos and colloquialism, delightful to all present. "Other speeches were made, and everything proceeded pleasantly, until somebody had the bad taste to allude to American affairs in an anti-Union spirit. This brought Mr. Beecher to his feet again, and he electrified his auditors by a perfect burst of eloquence on the subject of England's attitude toward the United States during the rebellion, charging the abolitionists of Great Britain with being false to their principles, inconsistent and deficient in back-bone. "Americans had hoped not for material but for moral countenance from England, he asserted; she might have achieved so much at the sacrifice of so little; but appeared deliberately to choose the worst part. Mr. Beecher completely carried away the feeling of the meeting with him, and earnest hopes were expressed that he would address a public meeting. The time had gone by for that, he answered; he might do so on his return from the continent. "Dr. John Struthers, in the Edinburgh New Philosophical Journal, gives an account of a breed of hogs having solid feet, 4, feet not divided into two toes. He also mentions a case, seen by himself, of a horse having one two-toed foot. "It is stated that during the recent siege of Charleston, S. C., the Montank, one of the Monitor batteries, ran into within 100 feet of Fort Wagner, reconnoitered leisurely, and then returned without injury. Admiral Dahlgren was on board. "The recent election in Kentucky has resulted in the success of the Union candidate for Governor and members of Congress. Twenty-one counties give a majority of nearly seventeen thousand for Mr. Bramlette, the Union candidate. "James B. Clay, who, some months ago, left his home in Kentucky and went to the South as a sympathizer with the rebellion, is now at Niagara Falls, on the Canada side, where he is said to be in the last stages of consumption. "There are fifty vacancies in the West Point Military Academy, and somebody very properly suggests that they be filled with brigadier generals.

THE COLORED CONSCRIPT.—At Hartford, a colored hotel waiter, who had been drafted made up his mind to get an exemption certificate. Being sound himself, he procured a colored brother with a weak knee to go before the surgeon, and personate himself, the unsound leg, being sufficient, he supposed, to get him clear. But the leg was not quite unsound enough. The surgeon "passed" him, and the "provo" held him as an able bodied soldier in Uncle Abraham's army. This scared the darky with a lame leg almost to death.—Turning a little pale in the face, he declared, "Lor a massa, sar, I ain't him; ain't no soger at all!" "Who are you?" "Oh, sar, I comes just for de lame leg, to get him clear of de draf, dat's all; 'tis sartin; I can't go to de war; can't be killed down Souf; lor a mighty bress you, let me go." With this explanation the facts seemed clear enough, and in twenty minutes both of the colored gentlemen were in the lock-up. One will "go," probably, and the lame legged one will get punished for his attempt to defraud. The draft is a great stimulant of genius. FORGERY OF GREENBACKS.—The Manchester Examiner of July 11th gives the following on the termination of the trial of the two individuals charged with having forged greenbacks at Sheffield. The case was before the York Assizes Crown Court, Mr. Justice Meller presiding. The Examiner says: "Edwin Hides and Henry Light, who on the previous day had been found guilty of forging American \$10 notes, commonly known as 'greenbacks,' at Sheffield, were this morning brought up for sentence. On the part of the prosecution Hides had been recommended to the merciful consideration of the court, and his lordship stated that he took this into account, as well as the good character which had been given him, when he sentenced him to fifteen months' imprisonment. Light who was deeper in the scheme than Hides, his lordship sentenced to four years' penal servitude." THE GETTYSBURG WOUNDED.—So far 13,000 of our wounded have been removed from Gettysburg, to the northern and eastern hospitals. Recently a number have been sent to York, and others to Harrisburg. The rebels, when they retreated from Gettysburg, left behind them six drunken, inefficient and worthless surgeons, and 11,000 wounded.—Many of these have been removed to the hospital on Staten Island, N. Y., and other places, leaving but a few thousand at Gettysburg. THE HEATED TERM.—During the recent hot weather the thermometer ranged as high as 94 deg. in the cool parts of the city. It is not often that this figure is reached; and it behooves every one to live temperately; to eat and drink sparingly, during the prevalence of such weather. Avoid argument and much ice water; wear flannel next the skin, and bathe frequently, at proper hours; the dog-days will then have but few terrors for those who observe the above rules.—Scientific American. DEATH OF A PIN GATHERER.—The Baron de Sevres, in France, is dead.—Among the property he left were found two large and heavy boxes, which by the heirs were supposed to contain cash, but turned out to be filled with hundreds of thousands of all imaginable kinds of pins. For the last twenty years his regular habit has been to pass along the most frequented streets and places of resort, and to pick up any pins he discovered on the ground. DOING HIS OWN SURGERY.—Surgeon C. B. White, of the U. S. Navy, while at Wilmington, last week, on his way to Baltimore, let his revolver fall, the ball in which, being discharged by the fall, entered the calf of his leg and penetrated to the bone. He coolly took out his knife, made two incisions in reverse directions, extracting the bullet, and then sewed up the wound: He then took the next train for Baltimore. He is a man of nerve. On Thursday, July 23, a young man named Johnson was executed at Corinth, Miss., according to sentence of court martial, for desertion. Just one week from that date, on the 30th ult., A. H. Johnson, brother of the first named, was executed at Memphis, for the same crime, being the second of the family suffering the death penalty for desertion. Mrs. John Travers slooped from Syracuse on Tuesday with her cousin and a considerable sum of money. The telegraph and a police officer overtook her at Oswego, while she was cheapening some gaiters in a shoe store. She says she will die before she tells what was done with the money, and on that condition her husband is quite willing to lose her. The wheat crop of Illinois has been harvested and proves a good one. Corn has suffered from drouth, and the crop will not equal last year's. Fruit is abundant. At Barrien, Michigan, a barrel of sorghum syrup was stored away some five years ago; it was recently opened, when the contents were found to be dry sugar.

WHERE THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY.—The Hartford Press says that an old gentleman named Martinson died in that city some eight or nine months ago, leaving a handsome property. His heirs was his widow and two or three children. There was also an adopted daughter. Careful search was made, but no will could be discovered, so the estate went into probate. The six months allowed were just expired, and next day the property was to be divided among the heirs. That day the widow noticed an old pair of pantaloons of her husband's hanging in the "cellar way," and gave them to an Irish woman at work for her, saying she could wash them up, and maybe they'd be good for something. As she took them to the wash-tub, she felt a paper in one of the pockets. It was the missing will.—Among other bequests, it gave the house and lot, worth \$5000, to the adopted daughter. The Boston Pilot asserts that the veteran commander of the Army of the Potomac is a Roman Catholic, and many of the copperhead journals assert that he is a Democrat. We presume that in either case it would not make any difference in the value of his services. It is as well, however, that the truth should be known. General Meade is a Philadelphian. His family resides here. His sons have been drafted here. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and his family holds a pew, where it has long been in regular attendance, in St. Mark's Church. Gen. Meade's relations in life, as regards politics, have ever been Whig. His family were all Whigs, and though opposed to the anti-slavery agitation before the war broke out, the general since became an earnest supporter of the whole war policy of the National Administration, like Burnside, Grant, Rosecrans, (all Democrats) and other conservatives.—Germanstown Telegraph. A letter has been received by a brother of a distinguished rebel officer and engineer captured by Gen. Grant, at Vicksburg, wherein that officer says: "The capture of Vicksburg and our army is fatal to our cause. We can never organize another army in the West.—The war may go on for a time with guerrilla fighting, which I think would be unworthy of the country, and which I will not approve. We have played a big game and lost. As soon as I am exchanged, I shall leave the Confederacy and the cause for Europe." An empty whisky cask in front of a distillery in Brooklyn, N. Y., exploded on Sunday afternoon, seriously injuring a man who was sitting upon it (the fire from whose pipe caused the explosion), and a little girl, who was struck by one of the flying staves. It seems that whisky casks are still dangerous even when their contents are exhausted. A gentleman who was drafted at Boston, Mass., the other day, hired a substitute at a good price, but the fellow ran off; and he then procured another who likewise skeddaddled. Not liking such luck, he concluded to go himself and went before the officers for that purpose; but the Board of Enrollment threw him out on account of physical disability. A number of ringleaders in the New York riot have been arrested, and will be severely punished. A large quantity of the goods stolen by the rioters has just been found. It is a settled fact that the main body of the rioters were burglars, thieves, pickpockets, &c., who joined the mob for the sake of robbery and plunder. The formal opening of the large new armory of Messrs Jenks & Mitchell, at Bridesburg, near Philadelphia, took place on the 29th ult. It is stated to be the largest manufactory of army muskets in the country. At present 1,200 operatives are employed there. The new building is 800 feet long, by 32 in width. It is stated that a number of Treasury notes, altered from low to high denominations, are in circulation.—Among these, two altered to fifties are the best calculated to deceive. A close inspection will enable nearly any one to detect the base character of any bill suspected. An old man at Providence, Rhode Island, when seemingly in perfect health, went to Newport and ordered his coffin. Its delivery was delayed a few days, to his great annoyance. It came at last, however, and he immediately died.—Such cases of presentiment are not uncommon. The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser says: "We learn that the proprietors of the Clifton House, Canada, recently gave Mr. Vallandigham notice to quit—circumstances having rendered the space occupied by that notorious individual preferable to his company. The Empress of the French has set the fashion of having the heads of her carriage horses decked with artificial flowers. At last accounts the harness of the Imperial lady were wreaths of lilac. The effect produced is very pretty.

The threads of family connections among the royal houses of Europe form a curious network. For instance: Maximilian of Austria, who has just been proclaimed Emperor of Mexico, is brother of Francis Joseph, and son-in-law of Leopold of Belgium, while his wife is cousin of Queen Victoria, granddaughter of the ex-Queen of France, niece of the Prince de Joinville, the Dukes of Nemours, Aumale, and Montpensier, and first cousin of the Count de Paris and Duc de Chartres. The New "Emperor" is certainly fortunate in his social affiliations; but high connections will hardly redeem a prince, forced upon a people against their will, from contempt. The following notables are now at Saratoga: Judge Wayne, of Georgia, who is one of the staunchest Union men, and who is there for the cure of his eyes; Judge Grier, of Philadelphia, who is greatly broken in health, and whose working days are about over; Chief Justice Taney, of the United States Supreme Court; Com. Vanderbilt, with his fast team and his standing offer of \$20,000 for a span that will "beat Bonner;" Mayor Opdyke, who, with his family, is at the Congress; Thurlow Weed, who is said to be sad and even despondent, in view of the present condition of national affairs, besides others of note. Senator Wm. Sprague, of Rhode Island, is currently reported to be engaged to Miss Kate Chase, the daughter of the Secretary of the Treasury.—Governor Sprague is one of the richest men in Rhode Island. The immense firm of whose business he is now the principal manager is worth several millions, and it is stated that in purchasing a relative's share in the concern, a few months ago, he drew a single check for over one million dollars. His marriage with Miss Chase, it is said, will not occur till autumn. A singular accident occurred one day at Queensbury, England. A youth was batting at cricket, when a ball struck him on the trousers pocket. In that pocket, it happened, were a number of cigar fuses mixed up promiscuously with a quantity of coin. The sudden blow fired the fuses, and the result was the trousers were set on fire. Seeing the accident, his companions ran to his rescue and quickly pulled off the burning garments, but not before the poor fellow was badly burned about the thigh. A letter from Saratoga Springs says: "Mrs. Morissey is here, with her husband. A lady said something to her which she did not like. Mrs. M. gave her a blow between the eyes that felled her to the floor; dared the prostrate woman to repeat the word; offered to whip any woman in the place for \$100, which she could do, as her husband could whip any man in Saratoga, she said." Adjutant General Thomas has again gone West to complete the organization of the regiments of freed negroes along the Mississippi. He expects, the Washington Chronicle says, to have a hundred thousand troops under arms in a few months. This is outside of the draft, and will be that much more added to the strength of the Union army which the rebellion have to encounter. In the nomination of Judge Agnew, of Beaver county, as the Union candidate for Supreme Judge, the State has given us a really first class man, well known in all the western portion of the State as a sound lawyer, learned, clear-headed, and eminently fitted for the highest judicial position. His election will be a valuable addition to the bench of the Supreme Court. The steamer Ruth was burned on Tuesday evening last, a few miles below Cairo. She had on board a number of United States paymasters, who were going to pay off Gen. Grant's army.—About two and a half million of dollars were burned. Several lives were reported to have been lost by the accident. Most of the paymasters on board were Pennsylvanians. Gov. Tod, of Ohio, in filling a requisition of Col. Senter, of Cleveland, for one hundred stand of arms for minute men of that city, says: "God grant you may never have use for them to preserve order in your city, but should there be, direct the captain of the minute men to use no blank cartridges." A Vicksburg dispatch says that among the documents captured in the course of the advance on Jackson were letters concerning the suspected treason of James Buchanan. Some of these letters are to Jeff. Davis, and are of a nature to justify General Scott's accusations. It is rumored that George Peabody, the eminent American banker in London, proposes to donate Yale College the sum of \$100,000 for the purpose of erecting a geological cabinet. Quartermaster-General Meigs reports that the loss of horses during the campaign in Maryland and Pennsylvania, since the first of July, amounts to nine thousand.

CATHOLIC GENERALS.—The Boston Pilot congratulates the Catholic Church upon the assumed fact that of the six main Union armies now in active service, two only are gallantly led by patriotic non-Catholic chiefs, (Generals Grant and Banks,) whilst the other four are led by the eminently loyal Catholic generals, Rosecrans, Meade, Foster, and Gillmore. It is a fortunate circumstance that the Pilot finds in this a stimulant to its own loyalty, as its lukewarmness, almost ever since the commencement of the war, has been painfully apparent. DEATH OF THE FATHER OF HOMOPATHY.—The death of Count S. G. S. M. Dei Guidi is reported at Lyons. The Count was in his ninety fourth year, and was the father of homoeopathy, having in 1828 converted Hahnemann from allopathy. Count Dei Guidi had previously been a Neapolitan conspirator against Queen Caroline in 1799, a prisoner, exile, professor of mathematics, Inspector of the University of Grenoble, a doctor of medicine, and, finally, of anti-medicine, and has died a chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Mr. Anthony Trollope was offered two thousand pounds sterling a year, for five years, if he would lend his name as an editor to a magazine, without having the labor of being the acting editor; but Mr. Trollope declined, on account of his already having on his hands more than he can well attend to. Soldiers' Special Notice.—Do your duty to yourselves, protect your health, use Holloway's Pills and Ointment. For wounds, sores, bowel complaints and fevers, they are a perfect safeguard. Full directions how to use them with every box. Only 25 cts. 210 HENRY LANDIS, M. D., Successor to Dr. Franklin Hinkle, Dealer in Drugs, Perfumery, Soaps, &c. DR. LANDIS having purchased the entire interest and good-will of Dr. F. Hinkle's Dispensary, would take this opportunity to inform the citizens of Marietta and the public generally, that having just received from Philadelphia a large addition to the old stock, he will spare no pains to keep constantly on hand the best and most complete assortment of everything in the drug line. A Lot of Fancy and Toilet Articles, consisting in part of German, French and English Perfumery, Shaving Soaps and Creams, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Buffalo and other Hair Combs, Hair Oils, Pomades, etc. Port Monies, Pocket Books, Puff and Powder Boxes, &c., &c. The celebrated Batchelor's HAIR DYE, DeCosta's and other Tooth Washes, India Cologne, Barry's Tincoporus, for the hair, Bay Rum, Arnold's Ink, large and small sized bottles, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Flour of Rice, Corn Starch, Hecker's Farina, all kinds of pure Ground Spices, Compound Syrup of Rhubarb, or Chemical food, an excellent animal for chronic dyspepsia and a tonic in Con-jumpive cases, Kennet, for coagulating milk, an excellent preparation for the table; Table Oil—very fine—bottles in two sizes. Pure Cod Liver Oil. All of Hinkle's perfumery, pomades, soaps, &c. His Katharon or Hair Restorative is now everywhere acknowledged the best. Old Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines and Brandy for medicinal purposes. Dr. L. will himself see that every precaution be taken in the compounding of Physician's prescriptions. The Doctor can be professionally consulted at the store when not engaged elsewhere. Marietta, August 24, 1861-ly CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut Sts. PHILADELPHIA. This Institution, which was established in 1844, and consequently is in the eightieth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men in our Country. The Object of the Institution is solely to adapt young men facilities for thorough preparations for business. The Branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, Mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Geography, and Modern Languages. The System of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient. Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal. In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain a diploma, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House. Crittenden's Series of Treatises on Book-keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College. S. HODGES CRITTENDEN, Attorney-at-Law, PRINCIPAL. Jan. 18, '62-ly] Howard Association, PHILADELPHIA. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs. MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhea, or seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.—Two or three Stamps for postage will be accepted. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. JEWELRY.—A large and selected stock of fine jewelry of the latest patterns from the best factories in the country can be found at H. L. & E. J. ZAHMS, Cor. North Queen-st. and Centre Square, Lancaster, Pa. Our prices are moderate and all goods warranted to be as represented. SPECTACLES to suit all who can be aided with glasses, can be bought at H. L. & E. J. ZAHMS, Corner of North Queen-st., and Center Square, Lancaster. New glasses refitted in old frames, at short notice. [v6-ly] WILCOX'S Celebrated Imperial Extra-station Steel Spring Skeleton Shirt, with use, just received at DIPPENBACH'S and will be sold at considerable below the usual prices.

THE GREAT REMEDY. For Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous disorders. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT. THE GREAT REMEDY. For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Doctor Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an Alleviator of Pain, it is unrivaled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial. This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, Rheumatic Disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used has never known to fail! For Neuralgia, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing. It will relieve the worst cases of Headache in three minutes and is warranted to do it. Toothache also will it cure instantly. For Nervous Debility and General Lassitude arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor. For Piles.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure. Quinsy and Sore Throat are sometimes are extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure. Sprains are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days. Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Ulcers, Burns and Scalds, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains Frosted Feet, and Insect Bites and stings. DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut the Great Natural Bone Setter. DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut is known all over the United States. DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infalible Liniment." DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Rheumatism and never fails. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is a certain remedy for Neuralgia. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Burns and Scalds immediately. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment Cures Toothache in one minute. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment is the best remedy for Sores in the known world. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment taken internally cures Colic, Cholera, Morbus and Cholera. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand. DR. SWEET'S Infalible Liniment is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents. A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infalible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact. TO HORSE OWNERS! DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, IS THE SOLDIER'S FRIEND, AND THOUSANDS HAVE FOUND IT TRULY A FRIEND IN NEED! CAUTION. To avoid imposition, observe the signatures and likenesses of DR. STEPHEN SWEET ON EVERY LABEL, AND ALSO "Stephen Sweet's Infalible Liniment," blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine. RICHARDSON & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Norwich, Connecticut. MORGAN & ALLEN, GENERAL AGENTS, No. 44-Cliff Street, NEW-YORK. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.