

The Mariettian.



Marietta, Pa.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1863.

The rebel pickets taunt our men with the delay in capturing Vicksburg. They suggest that we shall have "a sweet job of it."

The Portland Advertiser, in noticing the case of an idiotic boy named Archibald, who murdered a boy in the Almshouse, in that city, says: "It is a fact that should be known, that the parents of this boy have had twenty-one children, all of whom were imbeciles, and this, again, owing to the fact that they were own cousins."

An apparently well advised article in the Chicago Tribune states that Gen. Banks has been directed to co-operate with General Grant in the reduction of Vicksburg; that the land attack upon Charleston has been temporarily postponed so that a portion of Hunter's forces might go to New Orleans, where they have already arrived; and that Gen. Grant will, if necessary, strip all the Western Department of troops in order to accomplish the great purpose of clearing the Mississippi Valley.

The German troops in the Eleventh Army Corps of the Potomac, are to be removed to Gen. Heintzelman's command near Washington, in exchange for an equal number of American soldiers now forming part of the force under that officer. The order seems to indicate a distrust of the German soldiers of this corps, which may be traced to their unfortunate conduct in the face of the foe, at one of the late battles near Chancellorsville.

A very singular but melancholy accident happened in Vienna. A female servant belonging to the household of the Archduke Albrecht was crossing the Place St. Etienne when a gust of wind came and threw her down. Her head came in contact with great force against the pavement, thereby driving the teeth of a comb, which fastened up her hair, so deeply into her head that death ensued very shortly.

The French papers state that a lady and gentleman returning from a ball, given at Marseilles, found themselves overtaken by a thunderstorm. To the surprise of the gentleman he suddenly found his fair companion enveloped in flames. It would appear that the electric fluid had communicated with the steel of the crinoline and ignited her dress.

Our news from Vicksburg reports the situation safe and full of promise, our army in admirable spirits, and the dispositions of Gen. Grant for the capture of the city are worthy of all confidence. The women and children had been allowed to leave the town, for which purpose the cessation of hostilities occurred on the 21st ult.

Bonner, of the New-York Ledger, has a gray mare—Peerless—who recently trotted a mile in a road wagon, in 2:29, the fastest time ever made to a road wagon by any horse in single harness. Mr. B. offers twenty thousand dollars for any horse that can beat this time.

A farmer in Otchogue, Long Island, while plowing recently, turned up sixty-one silver table spoons, which weighed 183 ounces. Some think they are part of the buried treasures of Captain Kidd, "as he sailed."

General Order No. 64, which has just been issued by General Burnside, prohibits the circulation of the New York World in his department, and suppresses the Chicago Times.

The Harrisburg Telegraph of Thursday last says that it has the highest authority for saying that Governor Curtin will not be a candidate for re-nomination.

Five-twentieths to the amount of \$100,000,000 have been converted into stock.

Gen. Fremont, it is now authoritatively stated, will have command of the main body of the new colored levies, to operate in some important section of the country. A committee from New York, endorsed by Horace Greeley, Mayor Opdyke, William Cullen Bryant, and Daniel S. Dickinson, have waited upon the President to ask a command for Gen. Fremont at some point where he can rally around him the colored men of the country. The President declared that he would gladly receive into the service, not ten thousand, but ten times ten thousand colored troops; expressed his determination to protect all who enlisted, and said that he looked to them for essential service in finishing the war. He believed that the command of them afforded scope for the highest ambition, and he would, with all his heart, offer it to Gen. Fremont.

Mr. Glaisher, the English balloonist who ascended to such an unprecedented height, some months ago—about six miles, if we recollect rightly—recently made another grand ascension to the height of four miles and a half, during which he tested the power of the sun's rays to affect photographic paper at different elevations. He discovered that paper exposed to the full light of the sun, at three miles elevation, did not color so much in half an hour as it did on the ground in one minute, a fact which proves that the immersion of light in the earth's atmosphere is a very important element of its chemical power. If this should be fully confirmed, it will make a little revision of the doctrine of "actinic rays" in our treatises on "optics" necessary.

A grand dog show has been the latest sensation in Paris, and the Emperor and Empress, princes and nobles, have been to visit it. The Empress has become the fortunate possessor of the Spanish lap-dog "Coquette," for which she paid \$200. The Emperor bought a splendid Newfoundland at \$2,000, and the Prince Imperial made choice of a fine shepherd's dog to accompany him in his summer rambles. The Newfoundland that Prince Napoleon brought from New York, and which was gazetted for bravery last year, was according to a Paris correspondent, the finest exhibited.

Intelligence is received that a quantity of fine furniture, the property of Simon Bolivar Buckner, was concealed at the house of a rebel in Elizabethtown, Kentucky, awaiting transportation to the south. An officer was dispatched to the point mentioned on Friday, and succeeded in capturing a great quantity of silver wear, several rich sofas, bedsteads, centre-tables, mirrors, and all the articles usually found in a fashionable residence, together with a rebel officer's uniform. The articles captured filled two cars, and were taken to Louisville.

A tragedy has taken place at St. Petersburg, which has created a powerful sensation. A very pretty young widow of the German theatre, who was teased with the addresses of a Polish Count, of the reasonable and unromantic age of fifty, told him that she was determined to have nothing to do with him, but to marry again; whereupon, as a friend, he begged a last tete-a-tete at dinner, and after the repast, drew out a brace of pistols and shot the poor actress dead, and then shot himself, but survived for a few hours.

Mrs. Eunice Hayes, of Milton, New Hampshire, was born on Friday, was baptized on a Friday, and was married on a Friday. Her eldest child was born on Friday, her husband died on a Friday, and she herself died on Friday last. It remains to be told, that her husband died of old age having lived 96 years. At the time of her decease she had attained the great age of 102 years, and had 180 living descendants. With her Friday was certainly not an unlucky day.

A meeting of protest against the banishment of Vallandigham was held at Newark on Saturday. A provost guard was on the ground to prevent soldiers who had strayed out of camp from disturbing the meeting. Fitz John Porter, Esq., late general under Pope and McClellan, wrote a letter in favor of free speech and trial by jury. Referring to his own case, he said that he had been condemned, but he appealed from the decision of the court martial to the judgement of the people.

The civil tribunal of Lyons, France, has just decided that railway companies have no right to refuse receiving a handbox among a passenger's luggage, under the pretext of its being too fragile. Railway companies, says the judgment, are subject to the same laws as all other carriers, and have no right to exact any other mode of packing than established by general usage.

Although the enrollment is now in progress, it will not be necessary for any one to take measures to establish his claim to exemption until he receives a printed notice that he is drafted, when he has ten days before he is required to appear at the office of the Board of Enrollment, where all cases of bodily infirmity, &c., will be duly considered.

AN IMPORTANT BILL.—The bill relating to the payment of the working men in orders has been signed by the Governor, and is now a law. It provides that it shall not be lawful for any iron master, foundryman, collier, factoryman, or company, their agents or clerks, within this Commonwealth, to pay the wages, or any part of the wages, of workmen or laborers by them employed, in either printed, written, or verbal orders upon any storekeeper or storekeepers, shopkeeper or shopkeepers, or other dealer or dealers in merchandise or other articles whether connected in business with the said iron-master, foundryman, collier or factoryman, or not. Any iron master, foundryman, collier or factoryman, paying to the said workman or laborer, so by him employed, or authorizing his, her, or their agent or agents, clerk or clerks, to pay any part of the wages of his said workmen or laborers in any order or orders upon any such storekeeper, shopkeeper, or other dealer in merchandise or other articles, shall forfeit the amount of said order or orders so given or paid; the same shall not be defaulted against the wages of said workman or laborer, and he shall be entitled to recover the full amount of his wages as though no such order or orders had been given or paid, and no settlement or settlements made with such employer shall bar such recovery, and any iron master, foundryman, collier, or factoryman, offending against the provisions of the first section of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine and imprisonment, or either at the discretion of the court trying the same and provided, further, that this act shall extend to all seamstresses or females employed in factories or otherwise.

GEN. TURCHIN.—This officer, so long persecuted under military administration of Buell, has been recently appointed to the command of the first division of cavalry in the Department of the Cumberland. The division is made up of twelve regiments of horse, and parts of two batteries of flying artillery. In the division are the 4th regulars, 4th Michigan, 4th Ohio, 7th Pennsylvania, and others equally distinguished for their share in the great battle of Stone River.

General Turchin is a Russian, and a skillful and energetic officer. He was highly valued by General Mitchell, in whose command on the Alabama line he served. The rebels do not like him.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.—Major General Schenck, commanding this military department, and Governor Bradford, of Maryland, were in Harrisburg on Wednesday. It is said they were in consultation with the military authorities of this State with reference to the more effectual protection of the southern borders of Pennsylvania and Maryland against any further incursions of rebel cavalry. They left during the day for Washington, accompanied by Governor Curtin.

MATRIMONIAL CRISIS.—A letter from Buenos Ayres states that Mr. Helper, United States Consul, and author of the "Crisis" has brought his matrimonial affairs to a crisis. Mr. Helper married Miss Mary Rodriguez. She is a native of Buenos Ayres, but was educated in New York. She is beautiful, accomplished and rich, and her brilliant eyes and varied gifts have led scores of hearts in thrall before the "Crisis." The wedding was wholly private and the happy pair are away to the splendid country residence of the bride's father.

GREAT SPORT TO COME.—The Spring Meeting for Running Races, over the Suffolk Park Course, Philadelphia, will take place on the 10th, 11th and 12th inst. About a dozen stables, numbering probably fifty horses, owned by the most prominent turfmen of the country, will be in attendance. "All the world and his wife" will be there. The ladies are invited to witness the sport free of charge.

A curious will found at Port Royal, illustrates a peculiar phase of the institution of slavery. The testator, John Cooper, of Caroline county, Va., gives his property to his wife and daughter, but to do this he is obliged to emancipate his wife, who was his slave, and thereby (according to aristocratic Virginia practice) legitimize his daughter, born of the aforesaid slave.

Many persons who walk the streets dressed in the United States uniform without being in the military service of the Government are probably not aware that there is a law making such conduct an offence punishable by a fine of \$600, and one year's imprisonment.

General Rosecrans, the Government declares, is so vigilant and well informed as to the movements of the enemy, as to render the escape of Bragg from his front, without his knowledge, quite out of the question.

Major Jas. Burns, Sen., died in Bedford county, Penna., on the 17th aged 103 years. He was with Washington at Valley Forge, and participated in the battle of Brandywine.

Short Scraps of News from our Exchanges.

The Wheeling Intelligencer says: It is told as a fact, that when the rebels were at Morgantown it was agreed in Waynesburg, Pa., that no defence of the place should be attempted, and, moreover, that Jesse Lazear, M. C., and cashier of the bank there, went out eight miles with a flag of truce, hunting somebody to surrender the town to, but found no person, after a long and diligent search.

Gerrit Smith's speech at the Utica Union League Convention, declared that the supreme business of the hour is not to build or tear down systems, to prop or assail peculiar institutions, to defend or destroy Unions and Constitutions, but to put down the rebellion.—The Union and Constitution, he said, will be good for nothing if the rebellion is not crushed.

The court-martial in the case of Col. Belger will convene at Annapolis. The following are among the members of the court: General Hitchcock, president; Generals Morrell and Hatch, Major Donell, and Captain Marshall, Judge Advocate. The charges against Belger are notorious, embracing embezzlement, swindling, &c. The trial is expected to occupy several months.

Miss Giselle Meszolyoi, a niece of Kossuth, was last week married, in New York, to Mr. Adelbert Ambrozowitz, a gentleman of Hungary. Among the spectators were Gen. Fremont and Anderson, Col. Zagonyi, Lieut. Col. Pilsen, and several distinguished Hungarian officers. A brief reception at the house of Mrs. General Fremont followed the marriage.

One of those rough episodes which mark new settlements in the far West, occurred in Atchison, on the 23d ult. Two men, for attempting to rob a man, kill his wife, hang his son, and who savagely beat an old man for concealing money, were summarily tried and sent to jail. The jail was at once opened, and the criminals hung by the populace.

The Senate of Connecticut, on Wednesday, by a vote of twelve to eight, refused to restore to the Senate hall the portraits of ex-Governors Toucey and Seymour, as evidence of their loyalty was not produced, which, according to the resolution banishing the pictures, must be forthcoming ere a restoration is in order.

Recent advices from Europe state that the Polish struggle takes more and more the character of a religious as well as of a national war. The Roman Catholic clergy preach openly in favor of the insurrection, and the Russian soldiers burn and defile the churches and murder the Polish priests and gentry.

Mrs. Vallandigham is not insane, as was stated in a long sensational article in the Syracuse Journal. A letter from a member of Mr. Vallandigham's family to a gentleman in Columbus, says the Ohio State Journal, denies that there is now or has been in Mrs. Vallandigham any tendency to mental aberration.

The Chattanooga Rebel, of the 21st, contains letters from Breckinridge in reply to the imputation on his character contained in the report of Bragg. The defence is a scathing answer to the reflections of Bragg against him. He closes by asking, at the earliest opportunity, a court of inquiry.

Vallandigham is the guest of Bragg, at Shelbyville. It is reported that Bragg telegraphed to Jeff. Davis as to what he should do with him. Davis replied, "If he'll take the oath of allegiance to the Confederacy, receive him; if not, send him back."

Among the speakers announced to address the Peace Democracy of Newark, N. J., at a mass demonstration, we notice the name of "Fitz John Porter, Esq." We presume this refers to the general of that name.

An order was officially promulgated for the establishment of a bureau in the War Department, especially to attend to the organization and officering, etc., of the colored troops.

The Newark Journal says General McClellan has purchased a tract of land in West Orange, intending to erect a family residence there, and become a citizen of New Jersey.

It is stated that Col. D'Utassy's sentence is close confinement at hard labor for a year, with loss of all back pay and allowances, and disgraceful dismissal from the service.

The impaired health of Major General Sickles having rendered a brief interval of repose necessary for its improvement, he is about departing for the seashore.

A horse-thief, who killed two officers of the army while they were attempting to arrest him, at Kokomo, Indiana, was taken out of Jail, and hung by a mob of citizens.

The Court Martial in the case of Gen. Corcoran for shooting Col. Kimball, has returned a judgement justifying the action of Gen. Corcoran.

The trial of Col. D'Utassy has resulted in an order for his incarceration in the Old Capitol prison, where he now is.

SMUGGLING.—Gen. Burnside, suspecting that an extensive business was being done by way of Louisville, in smuggling goods through our lines to the South, set the United States detectives on the alert. The result was that two men, named Schilich and Griffith, were arrested at the City Hotel, in Louisville, and on searching the house one hundred ounces of quinine and twenty-five ounces of morphine, valued at fifteen thousand dollars were found on the roof of the house. The persons arrested were taken to Cincinnati, where they purchased the drugs under assumed names, and were identified by the merchants who sold them the goods.

A MUSICAL BED.—Foreign journals speak of an invention just produced in Germany, namely, a musical bed, so constructed that, by means of a concealed piece of mechanism, the pressure of the body produces the softest harmony, which lasts long enough to lull one to sleep. At the head of the bed is a dial with a hand which can be placed at whatever hour the person wishes to awake; but at the time fixed the bed plays a march of Spontini, with drums and cymbals, loud enough to wake the soundest sleeper.

A FRIGHTFUL FALL.—A shocking accident lately occurred at one the largest tin and copper mines in West Cornwall, England. While nine men and a boy were ascending to the surface in a tram-wagon, the chain broke when they had nearly reached the top, and they were hurled down the incline at an ever-increasing velocity to the bottom of the shaft, and every one killed on the spot. The level of the mine is mainly under the Atlantic, the perpendicular depth being 1080 feet.

A Salt Lake letter in the Chicago Tribune says that the Grand Jury for the United States District Court adjourned without taking any action whatever in the matter of the arrest of Brigham Young for polygamy. The whole subject was entirely ignored, save as a matter of jest.

Intelligence is no passport to preferment. Many cut a figure who are unable to make one with a pen. Gold and brass are the talismans of success. While ignorance has cuffs on its sleeves and pounds in its pockets, intelligence receives both on its head.

There is a man employed as a bridge-hand out West, on the Central Railroad, who brags of having a time-piece that keeps correct time. He was heard to remark a few mornings since, upon pulling out his watch, "If the sun ain't over soon that he'll be late."

The Secretary of the Treasury signed warrants placing funds in the hands of the paymasters for the pay of the entire army of the United States to the first of this month. No further payments will be due until July next.

The case of General Jeff. C. Davis, for shooting and killing General Nelson has been continued until the next term of the Louisville Circuit Court. The indictment charges General Davis with man-slaughter.

Secretary Chase entertains no intention at present of attempting a loan either here or in Europe, and confidently anticipates a very large increase to the amount of conversions of Treasury notes during the month of June.

The issue of legal tender notes has been discontinued, the blank notes now on hand have been sealed up. The total amount of greenbacks in circulation is not far from \$405,000.

A contemporary, lauding a "well known citizen," just elected to office, says, "He is one of the cleverest fellows that ever lifted a hat to a lady, or a boot to a blackguard."

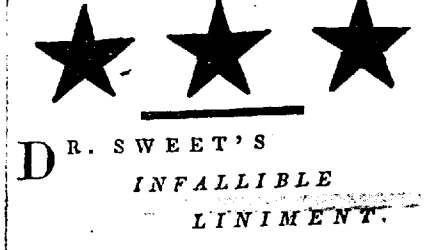
At a late sale of autographs in Paris, a rag of yellow paper was sold for five hundred francs. It was a note written and signed by Martin Luther and dated 1531.

AMERICAN HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA. Located on Chestnut street, opposite the OLD STATE HOUSE. In close proximity to the principal jobbing and importing houses, Banks, Custom House, and places of amusements. The City Car can be taken at the door (or within a square) for any depot in the City. The House has been renovated and refitted. TERMS \$1.75 PER DAY. WYATT & HEULINGS, PROPRIETORS.

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DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT.

THE GREAT REMEDY. For Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous disorders.

FOR all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Doctor Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an Alleviator of Pain, it is unrivaled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, Rheumatic Disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never known to fail.

For Neuralgia, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of Headache in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

Toothache also will it cure instantly.

For Nervous Debility and General Lassitude arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

For Piles.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

Quincy and Sore Throat are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

Sprains are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Ulcers, Burns and Scalds, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. Sweet's INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains Frosted Feet, and Insect Bites and stings.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, the Great Natural Bone Setter.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, is known all over the United States.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Rheumatism and never fails.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment Cures Toothache in one minute.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment taken internally cures Colic, Cholera, Morbus and Cholera.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact.

TO HORSE OWNERS! DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease.

EVERY HORSE OWNER should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, IS THE SOLDIER'S FRIEND, AND THOUSANDS HAVE FOUND IT TRULY A FRIEND IN NEED! CAUTION. To avoid imposition, observe the signature and likeness of DR. STEPHEN SWEET ON EVERY LABEL, AND ALSO "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment," blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine. RICHARDSON & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Norwich, Connecticut. MORGAN & ALLEN, GENERAL AGENTS, No. 44 CHURCH STREET, NEW-YORK. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.