

The Mariettian



Marietta, Pa.

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1863.

Gen. "Stonewall" or Thos. Jefferson Jackson, who died on Sunday last, was born in Virginia, in 1826; was married twice, and a correspondent speaking of his outer appearance, says: "As for his outer man, he looks at least seven years older than he is; his height is about five feet ten inches; his figure thick set, square shouldered, and decidedly clumsy; his gait very awkward, stooping, and with long strides. He often walks with his head somewhat on one side, and his eyes fixed upon the ground, imparting to his whole appearance that abstracted quality which young ladies describe as 'absent-minded.'" A lady, who has known him long and well, has told me that she never saw him on horseback without laughing—short stirrups, knees cramped up, heels stuck out behind, and chin on his breast—a most un military phenomenon. In society he is quiet but cheerful; not loquacious, but intelligent and shrewd; in religion the bluest kind of a Presbyterian, and extremely strict in his church observances.

Mr. Bailey, of Greenwich village, Massachusetts, was to be married last week. The night before the happy day his sack factory was burned down, with a loss of two thousand dollars; but Bailey was plucky, and got married nevertheless. Not quite so lucky was one of his neighbors, of whom the story is told that the preparations had been completed for his wedding, and the guests to the number of two hundred had assembled, but the festivities were dampened, and finally broken up by the non-arrival of the prospective bridegroom. The next day the dilatory lover made his appearance, saying that he "had thought it best not to venture out the previous evening on account of the storm."

At Phillips, Maine, on the afternoon of the 6th inst., a most cold-blooded brutal murder was committed. It occurred about the land of Jesse Wright, jr., the two men got into an altercation about the matter. Mr. Wright, who is a quarrelsome man, became greatly enraged. He said, "I have had trouble enough with you, and will put an end to it now." Raising his gun, which he had with him, he took deliberate aim, and shot Mr. Tuck through the heart. The deed was done in the presence of Mr. Tuck's wife. Wright made his escape. Mr. Tuck was about sixty years old, and a very inoffensive man.—Wright is about sixty years old.

One of the most remarkable signs of the times is the extraordinary increase of emigration within the last couple of months. From January 1st up to date, over seventeen thousand emigrants have landed at New York, but of these some six thousand arrived within the past week, and all the ships now due from the other side are crowded with emigrants. It is expected that, compared with the same period last year, four times the number of emigrants will arrive at New York up to July 1.

Just before going to press we learn that the Court Martial, in the Vallandigham case have agreed on a verdict, and submitted it to Gen. Burnside to be approved or disapproved by him. The majority of the court, we learn, have sentenced Mr. Vallandigham to the Dry Tortugas for two years. The minority, it is said, were in favor of sending him South, with the injunction not to return until the war is over.

Vallandigham was convicted of the charges preferred against him and sentenced to the Dry Tortugas until the close of the war. Burnside approved the order, but the President has changed it to sending him South. He will consequently be invited to accompany a flag of truce and spend the coming summer months beneath the skies of the sunny South, and witness the benign sway of Jeff. Davis.

C. W. Merrill, Nineteenth Massachusetts, a drummer-boy who was saved from death during one of the recent battles on the Rappahannock, by the pocket Testament given him by his mother, in which a bullet buried itself harmlessly, has been presented with an elegant pocket Testament bearing the photograph of the President.

Vallandigham, who was to address the Copperhead club of Lancaster, has postponed his speech for an indefinite period. Gen. Burnside requiring his presence elsewhere.

Mr. Reuben Tomlinson, of Philadelphia, has been appointed general superintendent of the second division of plantations, Port Royal Island, S. C.

STONEWALL JACKSON.—The death of Lieutenant General Thomas Jefferson Jackson (better known as Stonewall Jackson) is, perhaps, the greatest loss that has yet occurred to the rebels—the profoundest that could happen to them in the death of one man. He was the fighting right arm of the Confederacy, and in the crisis of the rebel cause his great energy and enterprise were salvation and victory. We wonder if the Confederacy, like Jackson, will lose its life through the loss of its strong arm? Lee still remains, a general of eminent ability but with Jackson departs its most active military glory.—Gen. Jackson will always be known as Stonewall Jackson, the stern Puritan sobriquet which he won at the battle of Bull Run, having long ago eclipsed his original name. He received it (says his father-in-law, Rev. Dr. Junkin) "from the fact that the hardest fight he had at Bull Run was near to the stone bridge, which they had blown up before the 21st of July."

The New York Tribune, in an able article on commercial education, holds the following language in regard to Bryant, Stratton & Co.'s Colleges:—Messrs. Bryant, Stratton & Co., whose "International Commercial Colleges" in thirteen leading cities of the United States and Canada we advertise extensively this morning, seem to have settled upon a system which commends itself to the common understanding.—They do not require one to spend his whole youth under their tuition, but propose to give him the rudiments of a business education in a single term of a few months' duration at a moderate cost. Their plan seems to us eminently wise and practical, and we are confident that nearly every one who purposes to conduct any sort of commercial or industrial business hereafter, will derive signal benefit from devoting a season to one of those colleges. The commendations of eminent citizens confirm and strengthen our own convictions on this head, and we are not surprised to learn that, in spite of the perils and anxieties born of the War, their enterprise is liberally patronized even in 1863. They will do better as they become more generally known.

The bold traitor Vallandigham was arrested by Government officials at his residence in Dayton, Ohio, on Tuesday, 5th instant. Immediately upon his arrest being known, a party of five or six hundred Copperheads undertook to assault the office of the Journal newspaper in that city. Troops were immediately sent from Columbus to disperse the rioters which was done in "double quick time."

General Rosecrans, a few days ago, received the following pertinent (or rather impertinent—but Ross didn't care) letter from an indignant private: "General: I have been in the service eighteen months, and have never received a cent. I desire a furlough for fifteen days, in order to return home and remove my family to the poor house."—The General granted the furlough.—Louisville Journal.

The Carlisle Democrat says, "We witnessed, a few days since, at the residence of Mr. George Hendle, in this place, a cat nursing a brood of chickens as carefully as though they were kittens. The little chicks seemed to be as content in nestling about the cat as if they were under the protection of the mother hen. The cat remains with her charge night and day, all the time exercising a motherly care. Where is Barnum!"

The New York Express says it understands Gen. McClellan last week sent a request to the President either to accept his resignation or give him active service. Ramor says the resignation was not accepted but that his active services will be required at an early day.

The New York Evening Post says: The aggregate of the public debt on the 8th instant was, in round numbers, nine hundred and eighty-four millions of dollars, of which legal-tender notes, including the fractional currency, amount to about four hundred millions.

The Richmond papers of Monday announced the death of Stonewall Jackson, on Sunday afternoon, from the effects of amputation and pneumonia.—The military band in Fredericksburg had been performing dirges a greater portion of the afternoon.

The Star says that it has reason to believe there is no truth in the story that General Halleck designs taking the field in person in the next movement of the Army of the Potomac.

A woman out west, describing her runaway husband says: "Daniel may be known by a scar on his nose, where I scratched him." We think Dan did well to run away.

General Stone, relieved since the slaughter of Ball's Bluff, has at last been assigned to duty. He goes to the Department of the Gulf under Banks.

Short Scraps of News from our Exchanges.

Gen. Halleck is to take the field, not to relieve Hooker, but to be better able to influence the general direction of events.

Gen. Hooker did not execute his retrograde movement till he had planned his present one, and became satisfied of its superiority to any effort he could make in the field Chancellorsville.

It is reported by a gentleman just come through our lines that the rebel General Van Dorn was shot and instantly killed, by Dr. Peters, of Maury county, at the house of the latter. The informant adds, that Van Dorn was discovered in criminal intercourse with the wife of Peters.

The venerable Sam Houston, after seventy years' devotion to the Union, and having been robbed of his all by the rebels for retaining that devotion, is said to have recently made a speech of considerable length, in which he declared that his fondest, last wish was in behalf of the Southern Confederacy.—Poor old Patriarch.

Georgia is continually showing herself refractory toward the rebel Government. If the Union were permanently dissolved, that State would undertake to secede from the Confederate Government in less than six months.

The sale or distribution of the Freeman's Journal, and the Caucasian of New York, the Crisis of Columbus, Ohio the Democratic Journal of Jerseyville Ill., the Chicago Times and Dubuque Herald have been prohibited in the military district of St. Louis, by Gen. Davidson.

James Madison Coontz, father of Mrs. S. A. Douglas, and second comptroller of the Treasury, died in Washington on the 11th instant.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Thumb made a public exhibition of the wedding presents received by them. The Prince of Wales and his bride have determined to intimate the example. Mr. and Mrs. Thumb charged 25 cents admission.—We are not informed what Mr. and Mrs. Wales intend charging.

The New York Times is now printed on paper imported from Belgium. The paper is of very good quality, and cost in Belgium seven and a half cents a pound. Duties, exchange and insurance bring the price up to sixteen cents in good effect, it is claimed, in keeping the paper makers from raising their prices, as they intended.

The Polish question is unchanged.—Lelwell and his insurgent band have defeated the Russians. On the other hand, several insurgent successes are reported, including the slaughter of three hundred Russians near Warsaw.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says it is supposed that, next year, the army will be reduced to a nominal figure, 400,000 men, and the navy to 188 ships of war, with crews of 38,850 men. At present France has 420,000 soldiers under arms, and 300 ships afloat.

A German Priest is said to have gone from Rome with dispatches from the Cardinal de Angolis, denouncing Cardinal Antonelli, and calling De Angolis to the head of the Papal Government.

Unimportant diplomatic papers regarding Poland have been published in England. They include Earl Russell's dispatch to Russia, dated April 10th, calling on Russia to fulfil her treaty obligations.

The most remorseless disposition of modern times sits enthroned at Richmond, and the loudest of our clamorers against opposition are straining every nerve to drive us within the operation of that despotism.

The rebel papers at Richmond speak of the war in a doleful tone. They are losing heart and hope. They are evidently more than half-despondent.—Still they appeal to their people to suffer on and to fight on.

A Lawyer has been arrested in Washington for speculating on the bodies of dead soldiers. He would write to the bereaved friends, offer to forward the "departed," pocket the fees in advance, and then send any corpse he could obtain.

The splendid cavalry expedition of Gen. Stoneman into the heart of Virginia, created the greatest consternation at Richmond and throughout the State under rebel rule.

The Secretary of War telegraphed Gen. Curtin, on the falling back of Gen. Hooker to the north side of the Potomac, that not more than one-third of our army was engaged in the late battle at Fredericksburg; also that offensive operations would be speedily resumed—a fact which is now fully confirmed.

The latest intelligence from Charleston is to the effect that the iron-clads were again assembling there, preparatory to another attack. Admiral Dupont and his officers felt increased confidence in his ability to take the forts in the next assault. He appears to be much better prepared.

The President of the United States has issued a proclamation explaining the position of aliens under the Drafting law. No plea of allegiance will be received or allowed to exempt from the act of Congress any person of foreign birth who shall have declared on oath his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and who shall be found within the United States, at any time during the continuance of the present rebellion, at or after the expiration of sixty-five days from the date of this proclamation, nor shall any such plea of allegiance be allowed in favor of any such person who has as aforesaid declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and shall have exercised at any time the right of suffrage, or any other political franchise within the United States.

We may expect, from what we already see, that as soon as the rotten cause of treason against the best government in the world shall begin to topple, we shall have some queer scenes in the South. Even were the rebellion successful the confederacy would not hang together five years. At this time we see renewed the old spirit of insubordination to the confederate government in North Carolina. It appears that the banks of that State have refused to pay their assessments to the government, and that they are backed by Governor Vance, who threatens to recall all the North Carolina troops in the rebel army.

Postmasters in all directions complain that the mails are extensively prostituted to immoral and vicious purposes, and that through this channel obscene books, circulars, &c., are sown broadcast throughout the country.—We are informed that some wretch in human form, who is engaged in this soul-destroying business, recently, by some means obtained the names of about 1500 young girls of the highest respectability in Chicago, Ill., and sent to each a copy of a circular, offering at fixed prices books and articles of the most loathsome description.

Among the names of persons mentioned in connection with the Union nomination for Governor in this State we see those of Hon. J. K. Moorhead of Pittsburg, Hon. John P. Penney of Pittsburg, Hon. W. W. Ketchum of Luzerne, Hon. John Covode of Westmoreland, Hon. Galusha A. Grow of Susquehanna, Morton M. Michael, Esq., of Philadelphia, Hon. Wm. M. Meredith of Luzerne, and Hon. Eli Sill.

During the revolutionary war the English knocked into the heads of several thousand barrels of tar, which they had captured in store near Suffolk, Virginia, and let it run off into a depression in an old field, where it formed a pond about four acres in extent. Gradually hardening in the sun it became a solid mass, and remains till this day. It looks like slate and is from two inches to a foot in thickness. Our boys in camp near by use it for fuel.

Hon. John J. Crittenden has been renominated for Congress. He made a speech in Frankfort, in which he said he was still for the prosecution of the war, notwithstanding the obnoxious acts concerning confiscation, emancipation, and negro soldiers. He was for its prosecution without an armistice, and regardless of foreign intervention, till the rebellion is crushed. It was the duty of freemen to first save the country from the uplifted sword, and then save the Constitution.

A telegraph despatch from Fort Monroe contains a statement based on what is claimed as good authority, that Stonewall Jackson was not expected to live, and that he was accidentally shot by his own men, while another despatch, dated Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, appears in the Washington Star, saying that the Richmond papers contain an obituary notice of Jackson, who died on Sunday afternoon.

The fact that Gen. Lee was unable to take care of his wounded, as well as ours which had fallen into his hands, and left his dead unburied, shows the extreme haste they were in to get away. It is not so sure, however, that his falling back was not to defend Richmond against the advancing forces of Gen. Peck and Gen. Keyes. A few days more will let us into the secret.

It is intimated that Gen. Sigel will be placed again in command of the German corps in the army of the Potomac, from which he resigned some time ago. There is no doubt of their fighting bravely under him.

The Richmond Dispatch of May 9th says that official intelligence has been received announcing the death of Maj. General Earl Van Dorn, at Spring Hill, Tennessee, on the 7th instant.

Gen. Foster extends full encouragement to colored regiments within the limits of his command. Everywhere white officers are anxious to take charge of colored regiments.

The 54th Massachusetts (colored) regiment is full, and will enter service in a few days. Recruiting has been commenced for a second colored regi-

ON THE RAILS.—The Providence Journal tells the following story:—As the mid-day Worcester train was about leaving the depot, a man of the Johnsonian type of manners entered one of the cars, and gruffly requested that two young ladies occupying separate seats should sit together, that he and his friend might enjoy tete-a-tete on the other seat.

"But," said one of the damsels, blushing, "this seat is engaged."

"Engaged, is it?" brusquely responded the man "who engaged it?"

"A young man," said the conscious maiden.

"I'm his baggage, Old 'Hateful,'" replied the demure damsel, putting her rosy lips into the prettiest pout.

"Old 'Hateful'" subsided; the young man came in, extended his arm protectively, almost caressingly around his "baggage," and Mr. Conductor Capron started the train.

PRESCRIPTION EXTRAORDINARY.—Dr. Baillie, after listening with torture to a pressing account of "symptoms" from a young lady, who ailed so little that she was going to the Opera that evening, happily escaped from the room, when he was urgently requested to step up stairs again: it was to ask him whether, on return from the Opera, she might not eat some oysters? "Yes, my'am," said Baillie, "shells and all!"

In her early days, Mrs. Begors, the actress, was asked by Lord North what was a cure for love. "Your lordship," said she, "is the best I know of in the world."

S. S. RATHVON, Merchant Tailor, and Clothier, At F. J. Kramph's Old Stand, on the Corner of North Queen and Orange Streets, Lancaster, Penn'a.

GRATEFUL to the Citizens of Marietta and vicinity, for the liberal patronage heretofore extended, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the same; assuring them, that under all circumstances, no effort will be spared in rendering satisfactory equivalent for every act of confidence reposed. CLOTHS, CASIMERE, AND VESTINGS, and such other reasonable material as fashion and the times require, constantly kept on hand and manufactured to order, promptly and reasonably, as taste or style may suggest. ALSO—READY-MADE CLOTHING, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, and such articles as usually belong to a Merchant Tailoring and Clothing establishment.

ALEXANDER LYNDSEY, Fashionable Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, MARKET STREET, MARIETTA, PENN.

During this Borough and neighborhood that he has the largest assortment of City made work in his line of business in this Borough, and being a practical BOOT AND SHOE MAKER himself, is enabled to select with more judgment than those who are not. He continues to manufacture in the very best manner everything in the BOOT AND SHOE LINE, which he will warrant for neatness and good fit. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

DR. W. H. BEANE having purchased Dr. West's interest in the West & Roth Drug business, and having located in the Borough of Marietta for the practice of his profession, would respectfully offer his professional services to the public.

TO THE CITIZENS OF MARIETTA: I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Wm. H. West, a Physician in whom I have every confidence, believing that he will give satisfaction to all who may employ him. H. WEST, M. D. Marietta, November 8, 1862.

GEO. W. WORRALL, SURGEON DENTIST, Having removed to the Rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Swartzel, adjoining Spangler & Patterson's Store, Market Street, where he is now prepared to wait on all who may feel disposed to patronize him. Dentistry in all its branches carried on. TEETH inserted on the most approved principles of Dental science. All operations on the mouth performed in a skillful and workmanlike manner—on fair principles and on VERY REASONABLE TERMS. Having determined upon a permanent location at this place, would ask a continuation of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, for which he will render every possible satisfaction. Either administered to proper persons.

H. L. & E. J. ZAHM RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public that they still continue the WATCH, CLOCK AND JEWELRY business at the old Queen Street and Centre Square, Lancaster, Pa. A full assortment of goods in our line of business always on hand and for sale at the lowest cash rates. Repairing attended to personally by the proprietors.

THE American Watches are among the best timekeepers now in use, and for durability strength and simplicity far surpass any other watch made in the world. H. L. & E. J. ZAHM Corner of North Queen-st., and Centre Square Lancaster, Pa., have them for sale at the very lowest rates—every watch accompanied with the manufacturers guarantee to ensure its genuineness.

A GENERAL Assortment of Hammered and ROLLED IRON, H. S. Bars, Norway, Nail Rods, American and German Spring and Cast Steel, Wagon Boxes, Iron Axes, Springs, &c., for Smiths. For sale by PATTERSON & CO.

SPECTACLES to suit all who can be aided with glasses, can be bought at H. L. & E. J. ZAHM'S, Corner of North Queen-st., and Centre Square, Lancaster, Pa. New glasses refitted in old frames, at short notice. [v-1]

PRIME GROCERIES:—Rio, Java and Laguira Coffee; Crushed, Pulverized and Brown Sugar; Superior Green and Black Tea; Rice, Cheese and Spices; Syrup and prime baking Molasses; Excellent Pearl Barley at J. R. DIFFENBACH'S.

NEW CROP. New Orleans Molasses. This is the only kind of Molasses that is good for Cakes Baking. Just received at SPANGLER & PATTERSON.

TO LANDLORDS! Just received, Scotch and Irish WHISKIES, warranted pure, at H. D. Benjamin's.

BOILEN'S long celebrated GIN, H. D. BENJAMIN.

DRIED FRUIT now selling cheap DIFFENBACH'S.

THE SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Long marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the Soldiers must endure. Mothers, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a single pot of this A. L. HEALING & COOLING Salve will give to the soldier who has been away from home, and one you love where far away from home, and it hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for SABBRE CUTS and GUNSHOT WOUNDS it stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightful wounds. WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS. You cannot put into the Knapsacks of your husbands and brothers, a more valuable or more necessary gift than a supply of this

Extraordinary Military Salve.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chilled night air, is often seized with most distressing PAINS, Cough and suffocating Hoarseness, first symptoms of quick consumption, but if supplied with Holloway's Pills and Holloway's Ointment, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the Ointment well rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the severest pains and stop the most distressing or dangerous cough. Therefore we say to the whole Army

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies, although most valuable.—These Pills and Ointment have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used by the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied the Armies in Europe, and during the Crimean Campaign he established a depot at Balaklava, for the exclusive sale of these Pills and Ointment, many a time his special Agent there has split over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of

SOLDIER IN CAMP, Dierha, Dysentery, Scurvy, Sores and Scrofulous Eruptions, all disappear like a charm before these Pills and Ointment, and now while the cry rings throughout the land, TO ARMS! TO ARMS!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these Precious Remedies, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succour in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would this save, who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

IMPORTANT CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "Holloway, New York and London" are discernible as "Water-marks" in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot and box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties purveying the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 30 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 each.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. [Dec. 30-1862]

Dealers in my well known medicines can have Snow Cards, CIRCULARS, &c., sent them.

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Affords a reliable guarantee equal to ten times the average loss on the amount insured; and the Directors pledge themselves to deal as liberally with those who may sustain loss or damage as the case will admit of, consistent with justice to all parties concerned. AMOUNT OF PREMIUM NOTES, \$155,620.49. Balance of Cash premiums unexpended, January 1st, 1863, \$1,068.57. Cash receipts during the year 1862, less Agents' commissions, 6,781.47. Cash receipts in January, 1863, 895.80. Losses and expenses paid during the year 1862, 86,329.73. Balance unexpended, Feb'y 2, 1863, 3,016.11. 89,345.84

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