

The Mariettian.



Marietta, Pa.

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1863.

Messrs. MATHER & ABBOTT, No. 335 Broadway, New-York, are duly authorized to act for us in soliciting advertisements, &c., and receipt for the same.

DEATH OF NATHANIEL FILLMORE.—Nathaniel Fillmore, Esq., father of ex-President Fillmore, died at East Aurora, Erie county, on Saturday morning, at the advanced age of ninety-two years. Mr. Fillmore was born in Bennington, Vermont, on the 19th of April, 1771, where his father, a native of Norwich (now Franklin) Conn., was one of the earliest settlers upon what was then called "New Hampshire Grants." The old homestead is still owned and occupied by his descendants, but the subject of this notice married Phebe Millard and moved to Lacke, (now Summer Hill) Cayuga county, New York, in 1792, where he resided till 1802, when he removed to Sempronius, (now Niles) in the same county, where he resided till his death. He served as a magistrate for many years. He was a man of the most temperate habits—making it a rule through life—long before temperance societies were known—never to use intoxicating liquors as a beverage, or offer them to others. He enjoyed almost uninterrupted good health, and was so well when upwards of eighty years of age, as to be able to visit his son at Washington, that being the only instance when a President of the United States ever received a visit from his father at the Executive Mansion.

Information has been received from Richmond, by the government, that rich and prominent rebels, including Jeff. Davis, Benjamin, for one, are converting the bulk of their property into foreign exchange—a significant circumstance. They are also making remittances to New York through the medium of their State stocks, which enjoy a fictitious value in the market there.

The New York Times is importing 13,000 reams of news printing paper from Belgium. It will cost, with duty and exchange, about 15 cents a pound, which it is believed will soon be the ruling price of our paper manufacturers. Extensive preparations are making by some of the latter, in different parts of the country, for the use of the cheapest stocks, such as straw, wood, &c., and this will inevitably affect the market.

A contraband arrived at St. Louis some days since, having between \$600 and \$700 in gold in his possession. He was asked how he obtained it. "The grinders," he said, "came to do plantation an set fire to the cotton; afore it got burnt up, dey luf and went off, and I went up to de pile and scratched out a whole heap an put him out, and den sell him for shiner," and he proudly repeated his exploit to every new questioner.

Soloman Henshaw, a citizen of Newton, Fountain county, Indiana, finding the Knights of the Golden Circle, which he has joined, to be a treasonable organization, exposed the whole concern. He was threatened so much that he disposed of all his property and started to quit the country, but, overcome by fear, put an end to his life near Attica.

Hot coffee in Richmond is selling at the fashionable restaurants, where the genuine is served out, for a dollar per cup. The Whig estimates the cost of the coffee and sweetening at 25 cents, showing a clear profit of 75 cents on such a trifle as a cup of coffee.

Notwithstanding the vigilance of the Potomac flotilla, much smuggling is carried on from Lower Maryland into the rebel lines. Two of the most prominent offenders, who were recently captured, together with their goods, were taken to Washington.

Major General McDowell is understood to have been appointed to the Department of the Mississippi, now under Major General Curtis, who was to have been relieved by Major General Sumner.

The government has been within a few days taking evidence from returned prisoners, with a view of making official publication of the savage manner in which our captured men have been treated.

According to the Naval Register (just issued) there are now 450 naval vessels connected with the service of the United States.

The question as to what shall be done with the convicted Minnesota Indians remains undecided. The President has the matter under consideration.

THE D'UTASSY COURT MARTIAL.—A mystery hangs over the sudden termination of the D'Utassy court martial and the dismissal of the accused from the service. It appears that much time and labor had been expended in preparing the case for trial, procuring witness and drawing the specifications. About one week since, when the court was ready to proceed, the specifications were not to be found. It was subsequently so strongly suspected that D'Utassy had stolen them that a separate specification, charging him with the theft was added, making the whole number sixty-nine. In these D'Utassy is charged with the most serious offences known to civil or military law, such as inducing soldiers to desert whose evidence might be important against him—a capital crime; selling the commission of a captain, forging records of court martials, extorting money from sutlers. The court having assembled, and the witnesses being in attendance, an order was unexpectedly received dissolving the court and directing the officers to proceed to their posts in the field. Simultaneously Colonel D'Utassy was dismissed from the service, the smallest punishment that could possibly have been inflicted, had the least of the charges been sustained by the evidence, while, had the more serious ones been proven, he might have been sentenced to the penitentiary or to be shot.

A WOMAN FRIEND.—The Boston Herald, of the 26th ult., says: "Ellen Lohan, the wife of John Lohan, of South Boston, who was complained of this forenoon by officer Osborne, for a brutal assault on her little step-daughter, Kate Lohan, about ten years of age, was examined this afternoon, but the cause was not concluded and she was held in \$200 for further examination. It was proved that the child's feet were badly ulcerated in consequence of being frozen, that she had been locked up in a privy four hours on a cold day, and that she had been most outrageously whipped, till her skin was covered with black-and-blue spots, knocked out of her chair upon the floor and down a flight of stairs, many times. Her head showed numerous scars. The physician who was summoned to examine the little girl did not appear. It seems that the case was first brought to the notice of the police through the interposition of the neighbors."

Saturday was the 15th anniversary of the signing of the bill known as the "Ten Hour Law," by Governor Shunk. Since its original passage it has been so modified and improved that its workings are beneficial alike to the employees and employer, and its provisions have been adopted in many other States. Those engaged in the various trades who now are in the enjoyment of its blessings, will, no doubt, recall the earnest struggle between the manufacturers and the workmen, which culminated in its passage.

The correspondence of Mr. Adams with the British government respecting the fitting out of the Alabama has been published. The London Times ridicules his arguments, and says he might as well complain that the vast quantities of arms and ammunition purchased in England by the north had failed to gain a single Federal victory. Earl Russell also publishes his despatch to Lord Lyons condemnatory of the President's emancipation proclamation.

A dispatch from Indianapolis, dated March 27, says: "Robert Gay, a deserter of the 71st Indiana Volunteers was shot here to-day by order of court-martial. He was taken prisoner at Richmond, Ky., paroled and voluntarily went over to the enemy, and afterward returned to our lines as a spy. He acknowledged the justice of his sentence. He exhorted his fellow-soldiers to take warning by his example."

During the year 1862, there were passed over the Pennsylvania Railroad and its branches 108,524 troops. The whole number of passengers passing westward was 490,009, and those coming eastward numbered 436,306. In addition to the above, 11,880 emigrant passengers passed over the road westward of which only 828 were passengers.

A specific offer of a loan of one hundred millions in gold was made to the Secretary of the Treasury by a leading house at Amsterdam, the gold to be exchanged for United States six per cent. bonds at the current premium at the time of the draft of any portion of the amount.

The Supreme Court for the district of New York decided that United States legal-tender notes were constitutional as to debts contracted before the passage of the law making such notes a legal tender. All of the four judges concurred in this decision.

In one county in Maryland there are seven hundred acres of strawberries, and two persons in that State have each one hundred and twenty acres, and three others one hundred acres each in strawberry fields.

Hon. James T. Brady is speaking for the Union in the Connecticut campaign. Rev. Dr. Junkin, father-in-law of Stonewall Jackson, is announced to speak at a loyal meeting in New Jersey.

Short Scraps of News from our Exchanges.

About a hundred rebel prisoners, who have been confined at camp Chase, Ohio, for some time past, have expressed their willingness to take the oath of allegiance.

A rebel colonel named Talcott, was arrested in New York, last week, where he had made arrangements to go to Europe. He is now in Fort Lafayette.

Most of the churches used for hospitals in Washington, D. C., are to be vacated immediately. The decrease in sick and wounded is daily quite large, there being now over six thousand empty hospital beds.

In Portland, last week, a boy was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the House of Correction for throwing snowballs at persons passing along the streets.

Langiewitz has been proclaimed Dictator of Poland, and has issued a stirring address to the people.

Among the refugees who applied to come into our lines near "Union Mills," within a day or two, was the wife of Jackson, the murderer of Ellsworth. She says she is destitute, and now comes to us for charity to sustain life.

The Navy Department has contracted for eight additional iron-clad gunboats, or rather Monitors. They will be of very light draft, with one turret and two guns. The price of each will be prepared by Capt. Ericsson. One will be built at Philadelphia, one at Chester, one at Cincinnati, and five at Boston.

A jury in Brooklyn, N. Y., have just awarded \$3000 to Miss Maria Bernhardt as damages in an action brought against one John G. Reither for breach of marriage promise. John was a widower, and Maria's servant in his family.

Board at the "hotels" in Richmond is eight dollars a day, and the bill of fare consists of corn bread, cheese, homoeopathic soup and hot water. The provost marshal of the city allows each hotel ten pounds of meat per week.

Montgomery county, Pa., now has the honor of the nativity of three Generals—Major General Hancock, Brigadier General Slemmer, and Brigadier General Zook, son of Major David Zook, of Lower Merion.

Seven persons were crushed to death on the occasion of the wedding illuminating in London, and upwards of one hundred persons had their limbs broken. Several riots had occurred, and on more than one occasion the streets had to be cleared by the military at the point of the bayonet.

There are now nearly 5,000 men employed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

The Mint at Philadelphia is now running the entire force upon nickel cents.

The War Department is busily engaged in arranging the necessary machinery for conscription. There being a sufficiency of 25 and 50 cent postage currency in circulation the Government has stopped printing. The United States mint was established in 1793. The first cents were coined in 1793; the first silver pieces in 1794; and the first gold pieces in 1795. From that time to June 30, 1861, the whole amount of the coinage of all kinds, was \$799,923,363, including \$669,116,406 in gold, \$128,159,482 in silver, and \$2,647,473 in cents.

It is said that a bank of the United States is contemplated in the city of New York, under the recent national banking act, with a capital of \$20,000,000.

Dr. R. P. Stevens, a paper read before the Geographical Society in New York, predicts that new land will arise out of the sea, which will result in such a change of climate that Maine and Canada will be as warm as Southern France, while Labrador itself will become fertile. We suppose the doctor wouldn't fix the precise date of this happy change.

The English papers state that the royal plate on the Prince of Wales's marriage breakfast table was of the value of ten millions of dollars!

Donna Isabella Cubas, the Spanish danseuse, is now in Cincinnati, at Pike's Opera House.

The Nashville Union says that rag-pickers are now following the army in great numbers, picking up every stray rag that is seen, which they bring in baskets to Nashville and send North to make into paper.

The Treasury Department is paying the soldiers belonging to the armies of the west. The Army of the Potomac, which has heretofore been the first to see the face of the paymaster, properly waits this time.

A bank, under the new act of Congress, has been organized in Norwich, Conn. It will be either named the First National Bank of Connecticut, or the Eagle Bank of Norwich. The subscription to the capital stock is \$100,000.

Gen. Butler has declined a public dinner which was tendered him by a large number of citizens of New York.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S SUBJECTS.—A Salt Lake letter to the Wisconsin State Journal in anything but flattering terms of the personal appearance of the Saints, male and female. The writers say:—"I went to the theater last night, and had a good opportunity to study the character of the mormons. There were about two thousand assembled, and I must say they were the worst looking crowd in every way I ever saw. It was a fair sample of the population, and it confirms my previous opinion that they are 'the scum of the earth.' Brigham Young was there and occupied five seats with his wives and children. Brigham is a very common looking man, yet has great natural sagacity and good sense, but with little education. Indeed, he must be naturally a smart man to have such power over the people. There is not a handsome woman in the country; they are the worst looking, as a class, I ever saw."

VITAL AND MARRIAGE STATISTICS OF BOSTON.—A report of the Registrar gives the statistics of the births, marriages and deaths in Boston for the year 1862. From this report it appears that the number of births in Boston in the year 1862 was 5268, a decrease from 1861 of 351. In 1345 cases only, both parents were born in the United States.—In 2295 cases both parents were natives of Ireland, and in 3193 cases one parent was foreign born, showing that only one-fourth of the children have an unmixed native parentage. There were 2094 marriages in 1862, a decrease of 72 from the previous year. Whole number of deaths 4120, an increase of 157 over the previous year.

General Burgovina, the successor of General Ward in China, seems to be destitute of his predecessor's tact, and has been dismissed from the service for striking a Mandarin and plundering a local treasury. It seems that Burgovina's men had been in a state of mutiny for want of pay, and the Chinese official had broken his promise so often, that he (Burgovina) got mad, beat the Mandarin, and led his men to the treasury, where he divided \$40,000 amongst them.

Consul General Murphy, at Frankfurt-on-the-Maine, in sending intelligence of the shipment of contributions of sympathetic Germans of five thousand pounds of lint and three thousand pairs of soldiers' socks, declares that he could send to the army fighting in America for freedom thirty-five thousand men in ten days, if he was authorized to do so. He represents the German States to be pervaded with enthusiasm for the Union cause.

The report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War has been issued. It embraces the disasters at Ball's Bluff and Bull Run, as also the campaigns of the Potomac army and that of General Fremont. The report covers a vast field of ground and will be read with an absorbing interest.

The London Mechanics' Magazine states that a remedy for the poison of strychnine and mushrooms has been discovered, and consists in making a poisoned person eat large quantities of refined sugar, and in desperate cases opening a vein and injecting water in which sugar has been dissolved.

The last bit of Parisian news is that Slidell has offered the person who controls the French press five hundred thousand bales of cotton to favor the Southern cause, or to publish, or allow them (the Southerners) to publish all they wish in the papers of France.

The corner stone of a monument to the late Senator Broderick was laid in San Francisco, Feb 23, by Gov Stanford. The members of the Legislature and an immense concourse of people were in attendance. An oration was delivered by Hon. Nathan Porter.

It is understood that Gen. Butler will be shortly assigned to a post of great responsibility. The President has never for a moment lost sight of his valuable services and the obligations which he is under to this distinguished officer.

The loyal Indian brigade in Kansas is rapidly filling up. When organized it will consist of five regiments.—Colonel Ewing, formerly of Ohio, and lately Chief Justice of the State of Kansas, will probably command it.

The Provost Marshal General is organizing his office as rapidly as possible. The appointment of Deputies—at least one for each Congressional district, will shortly take place, the annual salary of whom will be \$1600.

Gold has gone up to four hundred per cent. in Richmond, and what is deemed good authority reports private transactions to a considerable amount at as high as six hundred per cent.

The ladies of the Grand Duchy of Oldenburg, in Germany, have formed committees for the collection of lint and linen for the wounded of the armies of the Union.

Kansas has a dozen regiments of white men, five regiments of Indians, and two regiments of negroes.

THE COLUMBIA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Of Columbia, Lancaster County, Penn'a CHARTER PERPETUAL!

This Company continues to insure Buildings, Merchandise, and other property, against loss and damage by fire, on the mutual plan, either for a cash premium or premium notes. The large and increasing capital of the Company, consisting of premium notes given by its members, and based upon

\$1,475,789 35! INSURED ON THE MUTUAL PLAN, Affords a reliable guarantee equal to ten times the average loss on the amount insured; and the Directors pledge themselves to deal as liberally with those who may sustain loss or damage as the case will admit, of consistent justice to all parties concerned. Amount of PREMIUM NOTES, \$155,620 49. Balance of Cash premiums unexpended, January 1st, 1863, \$1,668 67. Cash receipts during the year '62, less Agents' commissions, 6,781 47. Cash receipts in January, 1863, 850 80. Losses and expenses paid during the year 1862, \$6,329 73. Balance unexpended, Feb'y 2, 1863, 3,016 11. \$9,345 84

A. S. GREEN, President, GEORGE YOUNG, Jr., Secretary, MICHAEL S. SHUMAN, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS: Robert T. Ryan, Abraham Bruner, Sr., John Fendrich, H. G. Minich, Samuel F. Eoslein, Michael S. Shuman, Ephraim Hershey, Michael H. Moore, George Young, Jr., Nicholas Mc Donald, Amos S. Green.

REFERENCES.—The following persons are all members of this Company: Bainbridge—R. H. Jones, John H. Smith, Joseph Kutz, Columbia—Geo. Boge, Hiram Wilson, F. S. Bietz, Casper Yeager, H. C. Penderam, John Shoberger, J. C. Hollock, Frank Shilott, John Gaus, J. J. & P. S. McCracken, Michael S. Shuman, R. Williams, John Cooper, Geo. W. Heise, Washington Righter, Samuel Shoeb, Robert Hamilton, Eckert & Myers, Thomas Weish, Wm. A. Martin, Casper Seibert, J. W. Cottrell, Philip Huebner, Ephraim Hershey, Philip Schelack, David Hanauer, John Kramer, Jacob Stacks, Jacob Strine, Hen. F. Appold, Wm. Whipper, John Q. Denny, John Feils, Silvester, Vogie, Samuel Arms, A. Gray & Co., East Hempfield—Simon Minich, Palmouth—Abraham Collins—John Rankin, B. A. Shaeffer, Henry E. Leman, Wm. F. Cooper, John Sheaffer, Geo. Reese, Marietta—Geo. W. McAlhally, John H. Summy, Frederick Mahling, E. D. Routh, Calvin A. Schaffner, John Naylor, Samuel Hopkins, Martin Hildebrandt, H. & F. Fletcher, Mount Joy—Jacob Myers, Israel Barnhart, Michael Brandt, John Brezenna, Manheim—John Hosteter, J. E. Cross, Sam'l. Long, Geo. Weaver, John M. Dunlap, J. M. Dutt, Philip Arnt, Jacob H. Kluge, David Fisher, Maytown—Hiram Heatty, George B. Murray, Samuel Pence, Simon F. Albright, Mountville—A. S. Bowers, Maner Township—Jacob B. Shuman, Christian Miller, Julius L. Shuman, Penn Township—Daniel Frey, Henry B. Becker, Henry Neff, John E. Brenner, Juba Township—Christian Greider, Edward Givens, Michael Witman, West Hempfield Township—H. E. Wolf, B. A. Price, M. A. Reid, J. H. Strickler, Amos S. Bowers, Jacob Hoffman, Warwick Township—Daniel B. ...

TO OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.

Collection of Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, and War Claims. Officers' Pay Rolls, Muster Rolls, and Recruiting Accounts made out.

The undersigned, having been in the employment of the United States during the last eighteen months, as Clerk in the Muster-rolling and Disbursing Office and Office of Superintendent of Recruiting Service of Pennsylvania, respectfully informs the public that he has opened an office in the Daily Telegraph Building for the purpose of collecting Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay and War Claims; also, making out Officers' Pay Rolls, Muster Rolls and Recruiting Accounts. All orders by mail attended to promptly. SULLIVAN S. CHILD. Harrisburg, Nov. 29, 1862. 18 1y

PRINCE'S Celebrated Protean Fountain Pen.

The "No Plus Ultra" for writers. Ready at all times and in all places. Pen, Pen-Holder, and Inkstand Combined. WRITERS from six to ten hours with once filling. Regulated at pleasure. Very compact, for the desk or pocket. No climate affects the ink contained in the fountain. Inexplicable. All inks used. Just the Pen for all purposes. Testimonials received here in writers having one. The Pen for Merchants, Bankers, Clerks, Ministers, Travelers, Reporters, Schools, and Students. Every church should present one to their pastor. The Pen is perfect. Each Fountain warranted. Does not leak. Each Fountain warranted. The best Pen, No. 1, \$5; No. 2, \$4; No. 3, \$3.50. T. G. STEARNS, General Agent, May 10-3m 335 Broadway, New York

1863, Philadelphia Paper Hangings, 1863.

HOWELL & BOURKE, CORNER OF FOURTH & MARKET-STS., PHILADELPHIA.

HAVE now in stock, a fine variety of J. A. L. P. & P. E. R. S. GOT UP EXPRESSLY FOR THE SPRING TRADE. Window Paper of every grade. To which they invite the attention of STOREKEEPERS. In their Retail Department, will be found the choicest styles of the season. February 15, 1863-3m.

ERISMAN'S Saw Mill and Lumber Yard, MARIETTA, PA.

CONSTANTLY on hand a full assortment of all kinds of Seasoned Lumber, which he offers at reasonable prices.

Boards, Plank, Joist, Scantling, Rafters, Laths, Shingles, Pails, &c., &c., &c. OAK, PINE & HEMLOCK TIMBER. All orders attended to with dispatch. J. M. ERISMAN.

MARIETTA MARBLE YARD.

Michael Gable, Agt., MARBLE MASON AND STONE CUTTER. Opposite the Town Hall Park, Marietta, Pa.

The Marble business in all its branches, will be continued at the old place, near the Town Hall and opposite Funk's Cross Keys Tavern, where every description of marble work will be kept on hand or made to order at short notice and at very reasonable prices. Marietta, June 29, 1861. 49-1y

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS!!

A fine assortment of Photograph ALBUMS, ranging in price from 75 cents to Five Dollars. For sale at DELLINGER'S Photograph Gallery, Market street, Marietta.

1863. Spring Goods!

J. R. DIFFENBACH HAS NOW OPEN HIS USUAL AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF SPRING GOODS, Consisting of

New Challies, Gingham, De Lanes and Prints, Together with other new styles of Dress Goods of various names. His stock embraces besides a full assortment of Muslins, Checks, Drilling, Tickings, Flannels, Shawls, Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, Hankerchiefs, Shirt Fronts, Spring Balmors, Hoop Skirts, White Embroidered Skirting, A large portion of these goods having been purchased before the recent advance in price, will be sold at rates below the present market value.

PRESENT MARKET VALUE. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, A general assortment of Spring and Summer goods for Coats, Pants and Vests. ALSO, A Lot of Ready-made Clothing, which will be sold at less than present wholesale prices.

China, Glass and Queensware, Looking Glasses, Carpeting, Boots and Shoes, Window Shades, Window and Wall Papers.

GROCERIES. Choice White and Brown Sugars, Java and Rio Coffee, Green and Black Tea, extra Sugar-cured Hams, Ground Alum Salt, Mackerel in 1/2 and 3/4 barrel, 10 barrels New Herring.

LIQUORS. He also continues to keep on hand a large supply of superior Wines, Brandies, Gins, Schnidinn Schwaaps, Drake's Plantation Bitters, and a superior article of Old Rye, all of which will be sold at the lowest market rates. Marietta, April 4, 1863.

HENRY LANDIS, M. D., Successor to Dr. Franklin Hinkle, Dealer in Drugs, Perfumery, Soaps, &c.

DR. LANDIS having purchased the entire interest and good will of Dr. F. Hinkle's Drug Store, would like this opportunity to inform the citizens of Marietta and the public generally, that having just received from Philadelphia a large addition to the old stock, he will spare no pains to keep constantly on hand the best and most complete assortment of everything in the drug line.

A Lot of Fancy and Toilet Articles, consisting in part of German, French and English perfumery, Shaving Soaps and Creams, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Buffalo and other Hair Combs, Hair Oils, Pomades, etc.

Port Monies, Pocket Books, Puff and Powder Boxes, &c., &c.

The celebrated Batchelor's HAIR DYE, DeCosta's and other Tooth Washes, India Colognes, Barry's Tricopherous for the Hair, Bay Rum, Arnold's Ink, large and small sized bottles, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Flour of Rice, Corn Starch, Heckler's Farina, all kinds of pure Ground Spices, Compound Syrup of Phosphate, or Chemical Food, an excellent remedy for chronic dyspepsia and a tonic in Consumption cases, Kennet, for coagulating milk, an excellent preparation for the table; Table Oil—very fine—bottles in two sizes. Pure Cod Liver Oil. All of Hae'l's perfumery, pomades, soaps, &c. His Kathon or Hair Restorative is now everywhere acknowledged the best. Old Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines and Brandies for medicinal purposes.

Dr. L. will himself see that every precaution be taken in the compounding of Physician's prescriptions. The Doctor can be professionally consulted at the store when not engaged elsewhere. Marietta, August 24, 1861-1y

SUPPLEE & BRO., IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS

And General Machinists, Second street Below Union, Columbia, Pa.

They are prepared to make all kinds of Iron Castings for Rolling Mills and Blast Furnaces, Pipes, Steam, Water and Gas; Columns, Fronts, Cellar Doors, Weights, &c., for Buildings, and castings of every description.

STEAM ENGINES, AND BOILERS. IN THE MOST MODERN IMPROVED Manner; Pumps, Brick Presses, Shafting and Pulleys, Mill Gearing, Taps, Dies, Machinery for Mining and Tanning; Brass Beatings, Steam & Blast Gauges, Lubricators, Oil Cocks, Valves for Steam, Gas, and Water; Brass Fittings in all their variety; Boilers, Tanks, Flues, Heaters, Stacks, Bolts, Nuts, Vault Doors, Washers, &c.

BLACKSMITHING IN GENERAL. From long experience in building machinery we flatter ourselves that we can give general satisfaction to those who may favor us with their orders. Repairs to machinery promptly attended to. Orders by mail addressed as usual, will meet with prompt attention. Prices to suit the times. T. SUPPLEE, Z. SUPPLEE, Columbia, October 20, 1860. 14-4f

S. S. BATHVON, Merchant Tailor, and Clothier, At F. J. Kramph's Old Stand, on the Corner of North Queen and Orange Streets, Lancaster, Penn'a.

G. R. ATEYU L to the Citizens of Marietta heretofore extended, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the same, assuring them, that under all circumstances, no efforts will be spared in rendering a satisfactory equivalent for every act of confidence reposed.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, & VESTINGS, and the market furnishes, constantly kept on hand and manufactured to order, promptly, and reasonably, as taste or style may suggest.

Also,—READY-MADE CLOTHING, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, and such articles as usually belong to a Merchant Tailoring and Clothing establishment.

GEO. W. WORRALL, SURGEON DENTIST, Having removed to the Rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Sumner, adjoining Spangler & Patterson's Store, Market Street, where he is now located, he desires to wait on all who may feel disposed to patronize him.

Dentistry in all its branches carried on. Teeth inserted on the most approved principles of Dental science. All operations on the mouth performed in a skillful and workmanlike manner—on fair principles and on VERY REASONABLE TERMS.

Having determined upon a permanent location at this place, would ask a continuation of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, for which he will render every possible satisfaction.

Either administered to proper persons.

WM. B. REDGRAVE, Commission Lumber Merchant, West Falls Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services for the sale of LUMBER of every description. From his knowledge of the business he feels confident of being able to obtain the highest market rates for everything entrusted to him.

ORDERS for HICKORY & OAK WOOD will be received at the cheap store of J. K. DIFFENBACH.