

The Mariettian



Marietta, Pa.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1863.

Messrs. MATHER & ABBOTT, No. 335 Broadway, New-York, are duly authorized to act for us in soliciting advertisements, &c., and receipt for the same.

GENERAL SCOTT.—A New York paper says: The centre of military interest is now at the Fifth Avenue hotel. In one commodious apartment the hero of many wars is laid aside to die. No longer is his eye undimmed or natural force unabated. Gen. Scott is fast yielding to the infirmities of age. He goes out but seldom, and sees but little of society. The noble old warrior like the "Iron Duke," kept in the harness as long as possible, and yielded to the infirmities of the body only when they became inexorable and would not be appeased. The death of Mrs. Scott has had its influence, and already the old hero feels that he is alone in the world, and his activity over and his usefulness ended. With great calmness and a settled composure he waits his time.

A SAD CASE.—Calvin Basin, of Clarion county, was wounded in the battle of Antietam, above the ankle joint. He had his leg amputated below the knee, and was getting along well and was on his way home. When in the act of stepping from the cars at Kittanning, his crutch broke and he fell, striking the stump of his leg on the platform, bruising and lacerating the integuments, so that mortification immediately commenced and extended above the knee. On the 20th of December, the physicians amputated his leg above the diseased part. He still lives, but is in a very precarious condition.

A SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.—About two weeks ago, a stranger called at the grocery of Major Camp, Clarion county, and inquired for John B. Cantner. Camp gave him the desired information, asked the stranger if he was not Cantner himself. He replied that he was. And Camp then brought his wife forward, and wished to know if the parties recognized each other. But they failed to do so.—After some inquiry, Cantner found out her maiden name and said to Mrs. Camp, "You are my wife." And such was the fact. They had been married, but he had left her, and this was his first appearance for the long period of 30 years. In the meantime she had married Camp.

The election for State Treasurer will take place on Monday next. Henry D. Moore the present incumbent will be supported by the Republicans.—William V. McGrath of Philadelphia is the democratic candidate. The following names were presented to the democratic caucus: Henry S. Mott, of Pike, and John P. Rhodes, of Cumberland. Mr. McGrath was defeated last year. Mott is a member of the Senate and Ex-ecutive Commissioner. Mr. Rhodes represents Cumberland county in the House of Representatives.

Prince Alfred, second son of Victoria, has been chosen King of Greece by an overwhelming majority of the people—and the National Assembly will confirm and proclaim King Alfred the First of Greece; but it will appoint a Lieutenant to carry on the business till the existing obstacles to his acceptance can be removed, while a deputation will go to Europe to plead for the removal of these obstacles. England will, in case of Prince Alfred ascending the throne, cede to Greece the Indian isles.

Two nephews of Kosuth, who have been serving in the Army of Italy for the last two years have arrived in this country, intending to offer their services, in any capacity, to the United States. They are sons of Madame Zulaszki, deceased a year ago. A son of Madame Rutakal, another sister of the ex-governor, has also entered our service. The rumors of Gov. Kosuth's ill health were without foundation. He is in excellent health and spirits.

Alexander Ramsey, present Governor of Minnesota, has been elected United States Senator. He is a Pennsylvanian by birth, and formerly a resident of Harrisburg. A man of undoubted loyalty to his country and the constitution, sustaining the Government in each and every measure to crush the rebellion, he will, as a Senator, be as energetic in his support of the Administration as he has been while Governor of this State.

Zachariah Chandler was on Thursday re-elected by the Legislature of Michigan to the U. S. Senate for six years from the 4th of March next. James A. Bayard has been re-elected by the Legislature of Delaware for a like period. Also William A. Richardson, by the Michigan Legislature.

A letter from a well-informed source at Paris, received by the Asia, states that a few days before the letter was written the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Drouyn de L'Hoy, visited the Emperor and advised him that a modification of the policy of the Empire was required by the public voice; that he was so far committed to the present policy that he could not change, and therefore tendered his resignation, recommending Lavalette as his successor. The modifications needed were, in the first place, greater liberality in regard to Italy; secondly, the withdrawal of the French army from Mexico, and a treaty with that Power; and, thirdly, the joining in a note, to be signed also by England and Russia, to the Confederate authorities, taking ground that, as the rebellion had now continued nearly two years without success, the interests of humanity and civilization required them to lay down their arms. The writer adds that, after opposing these propositions, the Emperor, upon further consideration, took a more favorable view of the policy indicated. The writer asserts, in the strongest manner, that, notwithstanding the unexpected and surprising character of this information, it is strictly true.

Major Slemmer, who was dangerously wounded at Murfreesboro, is the same officer that saved Fort Pickens to the Union. His exploit was of even more service to the country than the retention of Fort Sumpter by Major Anderson, yet, in the distribution of brigadier generalships, Major Slemmer has been strangely overlooked. He is a regularly-educated officer, who saved a fort to the Government, which might have taken a thousand lives and untold treasure to repossess.

About 450 secesh women were shipped South on Wednesday. Under an order their baggage was sent on board the boat the day previous for examination. The inspection of the women's clothing to discover contraband was rigid, and, of course, under much protest, and the exhibitions of every shade of wrath and spite. Quantities of quinine and other prohibited articles were unveiled and taken. The begging for these was piteous, though treacherous.

It is stated that Mr. J. Watson Webb, the American Minister at Rio, recently sent a challenge to the English Minister at that place, in consequence of some hard words that passed between them at a private party. The English Minister, as soon as he received the challenge, went on board the British storeship for protection, and there remained at last accounts. Col. Webb, though old, has lost none of his more youthful fire.

Major General McClernand has received order relieving him from duty in Illinois, and on Christmas morning he left Springfield for Memphis, to take his command which we believe, is 13th army corps. General McClernand was married, at Jacksonville, Illinois, two days previous to his departure, to Miss Minerva Dunlap, a sister of his former wife.

Colonel John Quincy Adams, Jr., of Governor Andrew's staff, is in Washington. He received a letter yesterday from his father, our Minister to England from which it appears that the relations of the Embassy with the Court of St. James are more cordial and pleasant now than at any time previously since Mr. Adams went to London.

The four British iron-plated frigates, Warrior, Black Prince, Defense and Resistance, have been out in the Bay of Biscay during the recent great storms, and it is stated they proved to have excellent sea-going qualities. How many conflicting accounts have been published respecting those vessels! It had been reported that they were unfit for sea voyages.

A party of ladies were, the other day, discussing the question of the draft when a young, somewhat ignorant of what a cartridge is, inquired the reason why men were exempt who had lost but two or three teeth? "Because they couldn't bite the end off a cartridge." "Then," replied the questioner, demurely, "why don't they soak 'em in their coffee?"

In a genially-written article on the New Year's Day, the editors of the New York Observer state that now, at the commencement of their forty-first yearly volume, "founders, proprietors, editors, and all who have had any responsible connection with its editorial columns and business management, are alive and in good health to-day." This is remarkable.

General Banks has suppressed the National Advocate, published in New Orleans, by Jacob Barker, for showing too much joy at the repulse of the Union forces at Vicksburg.

The steamer Marion has arrived at New York from New Orleans. Gen. Banks is reported to be concentrating his forces at Baton Rouge.

Gottschalk is still so ill at Chicago, that he is unable to proceed on his concert tour.

THE FORREST DIVORCE CASE.—About twenty years ago, Mr. Forrest, the actor, married Miss Sinclair, of London. Twelve or more years since he "put away" his wife. In a suit for divorce Mrs. Forrest obtained a decision giving her \$3,000 a year alimony. Mr. Forrest appealed from this decision; and his counsel sent to California to find testimony against Mrs. Forrest. The attempt failed and the appeal resulted in \$4,000 a year instead of \$3,000. Since then, the case has been carried from court to court, until last week it reached a final decree which gives Mrs. Forrest about \$40,000 of accumulated alimony, and thenceforth \$4,000 a year. John Van Buren conducted the case for Mr. Forrest, and Charles O'Connor for Mrs. Forrest. From the commencement of the suit the counsel of Mrs. Forrest has declined compensation for his services in her behalf.

WHY SOLDIERS ARE NOT PAID.—The police revelations in the West show a probable cause why soldiers have to complain so long in every instance for want of their pay. Paymaster Cook, who was entrusted with a quarter million of Dollars for that purpose, instead of paying the soldiers their dues, squandered it at gaming tables. The Government, however, will not permit itself to be swindled in this way. It has arrested a number of the gamblers, and has a list of forty who were engaged in plundering Cook, among them a number who were not previously suspected of being engaged in such practices. The corruptions common in political circles seem to have entered in our army. The Government is weeding out some of the improperly appointed paymasters—the short payment gentlemen especially.

NEGROES HANGED.—A British subject who has arrived from Charleston, South Carolina, within a few days, brings the information that nineteen negroes were hung in the streets just prior to his departure. This occurred in consequence of a discovery, made in a rather singular manner; and the whites there for some time past have been closely watching the movements of the blacks, and thinking that they observed an unusual number of funerals among them, a white man disguised himself, and following in one of the processions, on arriving at the burial ground he discovered that the coffin contained arms, which were taken from it and buried in a vault, in which a number had already been deposited.—The consequence of this discovery, was the execution of nineteen of the most intelligent of the negroes.

A SINGULAR CASE.—A divorce case is now in progress of investigation in Noble county, Ohio. Daniel Guylor sues for divorce upon the ground of the adultery of his wife with Esquire Stone, of Noble county. The adultery is alleged to have taken place in Wheeling, some months ago. Mrs. Guylor, who is the second wife of Daniel Guylor, expects to show that her husband sent her away from home, and then conspired with another man and woman to go to the Monroe House in Wheeling, and represent herself with Stone. It is alleged that Guylor did this in order to more speedily procure the divorce for which he now sues.

THE WEATHER.—Thus far the winter in the Northern States has been mild and salubrious beyond any other within our recollection. The Hudson river is open nearly to Albany, and steamers are now running as freely on it as during the month of November. West of the Hudson there is no snow, and the rivers and creeks have not yet been bound in icy fetters. The Mississippi is open from Quincy to Illinois, and the weather in the West has also been unusually warm.—Scientific American.

A Resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Gen. Butler for his able, energetic and humane administration of the Department of the Gulf was passed in U. S. House of Representatives on Thursday, by a vote of 88 yeas to 32 nays. The yeas were all "Democrats"—and bogus Southern "Union men."

While that dreadful carnage was taking place before the rebel batteries, at Fredericksburg a letter writer says a rather amusing scene could be observed from the heights, out beyond our picket lines, several soldiers driving a cow behind a knoll in the face of the enemy, and milking it.

Negotiation are said to have been entered upon with a view to marry Donna Isabella, the future Empress of the Brazils, to the hereditary prince of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, a member of the royal family of Prussia, and brother of the late Queen of Portugal.

The story, by way of Vicksburg, of the capture of Puebla by 5000 French against 20,000 Mexicans, is proved to be untrue by direct news from Vera Cruz. By this news 12,000 French troops were about to start for Puebla.

Lyman Beecher, father of Henry Ward Beecher, died in Brooklyn on Saturday afternoon last. He was nearly 91 years old.

W. A. Richardson has been elected U. S. Senator from Illinois.

PEN, PASTE AND SCISSORS.

At Sacramento, on Thursday, the commencement of the California section of the Pacific Railroad was duly celebrated. Gov. Sandford dug the first spadeful of earth. The Legislature adjourned in honor of the event, and the usual speeches were made by distinguished gentlemen.

In a Georgetown Hospital a day or two since, Captain Wallace, of the Sixth Ohio Volunteers, wounded at the battle of Fredericksburg, was united in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Henrietta Snyder, of Canton, Ohio. Afterwards he had his leg amputated which produced hemorrhage, of which he died the same evening.

The court martial which has been sitting at Washington for some weeks past, trying Gen. Fitz John Porter on charges preferred by Gen. Pope, has finished its labors and sent its decision to the President. The rumor is that the court entirely exonerated General Porter from all the charges preferred.

What language Christ used is again the mooted question among English divines. Some say Greek, others Syro Chaldaic, and others Aramaic, but none seem to know certainly anything at all about it. Neither is there any certainty about the language in which the gospels were written, as the originals were long since lost.

The reported losses in the various battles fought last year show an aggregate rebel loss of 98,409 in killed, wounded and prisoners, while the Federal loss was 106,819. Estimates of losses in battles of which there are no reports of casualties increase these figures to 108,707 for the rebel loss, and to 132,819 for the Federal loss.

More than sixty millions of dollars have been given in private bounties since the war began, of which sum members of evangelical denominations have contributed twenty millions, or more than the whole amount given to the missionary cause during the last thirty years.

The President has closed the contract proposed some time ago by M. Bernard Kock, for the voluntary colonization of negroes on the Haytian Island, A' Vache. M. Kock has a lease of the island for the term of ten years. The contract is for the colonization of 5,000 persons, at a cost of \$50 each.

Gen. Alfred Sully, now commanding French's old division, it is said, will be assigned to the command of the Reserves. Gen. Sully is a Philadelphian, and son of Sully, the celebrated portrait painter. Gen. Sully is a West Pointer, and a good officer.

Eighteen vessels of war are now engaged in the search for the Alabama, any one of which is a match for her except speed. The absence of speed, however, makes all the difference. The privateer can run away from any vessel she finds to strong to engage.

A Washington letter says that seven thousand eight hundred army officers are absent with and without leave, and no less than four hundred and eleven have meantly and cowardly sneaked off when fights were coming off.

Thurlow Weed says he believes the rebellion would have been subdued ere this, if, at the outbreak, Government had suppressed every daily newspaper which contained a word upon the war question, except to give the results of engagements.

The train on which Gen. Butler was a passenger for Boston came in collision with another train this morning. All the seats except those of the car in which he rode were smashed. The General escaped without injury.

James E. Kerrigan, M. C. from New York, had a personal encounter with a clerk in the State Department, named Webster, in which the M. C. is reported to have been rather badly used.

Assistant Surgeon Thomas C. Pollock, of the 171st Pennsylvania Regiment, has been dismissed from the service for improperly furnishing certificates of discharge to drafted men.

Nicholas Longworth, of Cincinnati, the famous wine-grower, is lying in a very dangerous condition from paralysis of the left side. He has just passed his eightieth birthday.

Columbus letters to the Cincinnati papers intimate that Ben. Wade has the inside track for United States Senator. The contest in the Legislature is growing warm and earnest.

Senator Sumner has introduced a law into Congress condemning all who correspond with rebels to \$10,000 fine, and imprisonment. This is intended for Fernando Wood & Co.

Jackson, Jeff Davis' escaped negro coachman, was one of the speakers at an anti-slavery meeting held in Westminister on the 12th December.

Pierre Soule is still at Havana. By the terms of his release he is not to go to New Orleans until the war is over unless allowed by the Government.

West Virginia, not Kanawha, is the name finally adopted as the name of the State just admitted into the Union.

U. S. Senatorial vote: Buckalew, 67; Cameron, 65; Judge Kelly, 1.

The Russian Government is carrying on extensive improvements in Palestine. A piece of ground outside the walls of Jerusalem, on the Meidan, belonging to Russia, and containing nearly sixteen thousand square yards, has been inclosed by a stone wall, several houses erected on it, and four tanks constructed for a supply of water. The cathedral of the Holy Trinity is ready to receive its cupolas, and a large house for the ecclesiastical mission has been nearly completed; a hospital to receive sixty beds has reached the first floor, and the foundations of an asylum capable of receiving three hundred male pilgrims have been commenced. Inside the city, the ground belonging to Russia, near the Holy Sepulchre, has been cleared of the rubbish which covered it to the height of thirty-five feet. During the excavations, remains of porticos and pillars were found, which formed part of the principle entrance to the Temple of the Holy Sepulchre in the time of Constantine. Before the end of the present year an asylum for female pilgrims will be commenced.

The unfounded assumption of strangers now in our midst, as to the effect of exiting the rigibilities of a few members of the Legislature. We were informed last evening, that a certain individual, whose greed for filthy lucre exceeds, if possible, a remarkably loquacious disposition, had been engaged to harrow the minds of nervous members, with small-pox stories. The object of our original genius is to effect the removal of the Legislature to Philadelphia, in which we are inclined to think he will not prove very successful. Harrisburg Telegraph.

BRAZIL is now the chief country in the world for cultivation of coffee, and yet it is scarcely a century since it was introduced into that region. Previous to 1825, Java, Cuba, and the English colonies in the East and West Indies were the principal producers of coffee. Since that time Brazil has distanced them all. For a number of years she has produced for exportation nearly half the coffee of the world, and some years she even exported more than half. In 1809, Brazil only exported 3,000 bags; in 1861—2, no less than 1,633,114 bags were exported.

Edwin Forrest, during his recent visit to Boston, purchased three original pictures, entitled "Life's Day," for two thousand dollars. They were painted by Mr. A. F. Bellows, Mr. Forrest giving to the artist the privilege of exhibiting the pictures for his (Mr. Bellows) benefit in Boston, New York, and Philadelphia. He also allows Mr. Bellows to retain the copyright of the pictures. They are said to possess extraordinary merit as works of high art.

General Mansfield Lovell has been dismissed from the service of the rebels for incapacity. He is the first major-general that has been dismissed for incompetency in the United States during the present war. Lovell was from New York, and left his home and reside there to enter the rebel service and help to destroy the good government, the blessings of which he was enjoying.

M. de Groof, of Bruges, asserts that after 11 years' study, he has invented the means of flying in the air in any direction, and only needs money to demonstrate it beyond question. The machine is small, he says, and will enable a man to move in the air "with the swiftness of the swallow and the vigor of the eagle."

On the first of July last there were but sixty-two surviving patriots of the revolutionary war. Of these eight belonged to rebel States, whose names were stricken from the pension rolls, and twenty-four have died since the 1st of July, leaving only thirty of those patriot pensioners left. There is none in Pennsylvania.

The Miasma and Foul Vapors generated by the hot sun will be far more deadly to our Volunteers than the enemy's bayonets. In the Indian and Crimean Campaigns Holloways Pills were used in enormous quantities. They kept the Troops in perfect health. Only 25 cents per Box. Soldiers supply yourselves.

John A. Tainter, who died in Hartford, Conn., a few days since, left to his wife and daughter an estate valued at \$1,000,000—with the condition that his daughters shall never marry a foreigner or a citizen of a slaveholding State.

It is said that Tom Thumb is really going to marry the little little woman, Lavinia Warren, now on exhibition at Bardum's Museum. The Lilliputians themselves are said to have matters all arranged to that end, and are now only awaiting the consent of Lavinia's mother, which will no doubt be given.

A religious service, commemorative of the arrival in Paris of the ashes of Napoleon I, was celebrated last month at the chapel of the Invalides in Paris. It was twenty-one years that day since the coffin of the Emperor arrived from St. Helena.

HORSE FLESH FOR FOOD.—A Berlin journal says there are now in the Prussian capital seven butchers' shops for the sale of horse-flesh, and that seven hundred and fifty horses have been killed in the present year for their supply. No animal can be slaughtered for these establishments without a certificate from the veterinary surgeon of the police. Prussia at this time is enjoying profound peace, and we may say prosperity, and her people eat horse-flesh. The United States is involved in the greatest civil war on record, but who of her citizens or soldiers eat horses?

CRINOLINE SAVED HER.—In Portland, Monday evening, as a lady passenger was going on board the steamer Forest City, for Boston, she skipped off the gang-plank and fell between the boat and the wharf, but in falling, her crinoline caught and held her from going into the water. When rescued and helped on board, she complacently remarked that she "had spoiled her skirt."

LOTS OF SHINPLASTERS.—The Board of Aldermen of New York have passed the bill for the issue of three million dollars worth of corporation shinplasters over the Mayor's veto, and they will soon begin to come forth. The Mayor said in his veto message that there was not the slightest law authorizing such an issue; but the Mayor forgot that necessity knows no law.

A UNITED STATES TON.—The Treasury Department has decided that the measure of a ton, in making assessments for the Internal Revenue, shall be two thousand two hundred and forty pounds, in all cases, under the excise law, unless the contrary is specified.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American writes: "At last advice six mortar-boats had joined the fleet of Gen. Banks at New Orleans, and if a vigorous and determined onslaught can carry the enemy's positions, they will be carried."

A rich traitor at Charleston offers ten thousand dollars for the head of the true Union hero, Gen. Butler.

HALT! HALT! HALT!!—A Cry from Washington! ATTENTION! ATTENTION!! Wives, Mothers and Sisters,

Whose husbands, sons and brothers are serving in the Army, cannot put into their knapsacks a more necessary or valuable gift than a few boxes of

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. They insure health even under the exposure of a Soldier's life. Only 25 cents a Box or Pot.

SOLDIERS' SPECIAL NOTICE! Do your duty to yourselves! Protect your Health!

Read the following, just received this day from Washington: WASHINGTON, D. C. T. HOLLOWAY, M. D. DEAR SIR:—I avail myself of this opportunity to express my gratitude for your kindness in being so prompt in sending me your valuable Pills and Ointment. Hundreds of poor soldiers have been made comfortable and well by the use of your medicines, and they all can testify to their healing powers and capability of giving instant relief. It has, within my own observation, saved many a poor soldier from long sickness and much suffering. Yours truly, D. G. VOSE, Washington, D. C. November 4, 1862. [20-121]

ADJOURNED ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of James Chambers, deceased, will sell at public vendue, at

THE DONEGAL HOUSE, On Saturday, January 31, 1863, the following Real Estate, late of said deceased:

One Lot of Ground, Fronting on the corner of Gay and Fairview streets, immediately opposite the Presbyterian Burying Ground, on which is erected a Two-Story FRAME Dwelling House and Kitchen. Possession given immediately. Sale to commence at 6 o'clock in the evening, when terms and conditions will be made known by the undersigned Administrator. GEO. W. WORMLEY, Marietta, January 10, 1863.

ZELL'S COAL YARD.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Marietta and vicinity that he is prepared to deliver

COAL AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES, VIZ: Baltimore Company, Stove and Egg at 4:50 Do Do Nut, 3:25 Shamokin White Ash, Stove size, 4:50 Do Red Ash, 4:50 Do No Four, 3:50 Do White Ash Nut, 4:50 Treverton, Egg and Stove size, 4:50. THOS ZELL, Agt. Marietta, September 6, 1862.

CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, Rheumatism, &c. HEGEMAN'S & Co.'s Genuine Cod Liver Oil has been proved by nearly twenty years' experience the best remedy for Consumption, &c., and while it cures the disease it gives flesh and strength to the patient. See that you get the GENUINE. Sold by Druggists generally.

HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists & Druggists, New York.

CHAPPED Hands, Face, Lips, Sunburn &c. Certain and Immediate Cure. HEGEMAN & Co.'s Camphor Ice with Glycerine, if used according to the directions, will keep the hands soft in the coldest weather. Price 25 cents. Sold by Druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents.

HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists & Druggists, New York.

SAVE your Silks, Ribbons, &c., &c. HEGEMAN & Co.'s Concentrated Benzine, removes Grease Spots, &c., instantly, and cleans Gloves, Silks, Ribbons, &c., equal to new, without injury to the most delicate color or fabric. Only 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists & Druggists, New York.

TO LANDLORDS! Just received, Scotch and Irish W. H. S. K. I. B. S., warran-pure, at 1/2 D. Benjamin's.