



SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1862.

Messrs. Mather & Abbott, No. 335 Broadway, New-York, are duly authorized to act for us in soliciting advertisements, &c., and receipt for the same.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.—The message was read on Monday last. We suppose almost every American citizen of any intelligence has already read this important document and hence will not crowd it into our columns, but will give an imperfect synopsis. The topics discussed are of course highly important, embracing our relations with Europe, the attitude of European governments in reference to our domestic difficulties, the finances, the public lands, the revenues, the insurrection in the slave states, its causes, its effects, and the means most likely to suppress and forever prevent the recurrence of a similar outbreak. In reference to our relations with Europe, while the President claims that the intercourse is friendly, we are still left to infer that the administration views with a jealous and distrustful eye, every movement of the powers of Europe at all tending to an interference in the struggle for law and order against anarchy and violence in these States.

Passing from the financial discussion of the message, a topic which is presented and discussed in a manner at once to assure the people that a healthy and wise policy prevails with regard to the financial operations of the government, and passing also other topics, all of importance, but all secondary to the one great subject which it discusses, we come at once to the rebellion of the slave-holders against the law and authority of the government. This portion of the message will strike the popular heart and soul with a sense of justice and truth amply sufficient to command approval and support. It establishes a policy on which the people can make safe issues for the restoration of the perpetuation of its power. It places the wrongs of rebellion where its causes exist, and thus in a wise and liberal as well as just spirit, it seeks to indemnify all loyal men for whatever loss they may suffer in assisting to rid the land of the causes which led to its convulsion.

The message will bear the test of a close perusal by all who are really anxious to accept propositions for peace and the restoration of the Union. It will be received by loyal men as at once wise and patriotic. By those who are wedded to the interests of the rebellion in political hopes and interests, and whose political prejudices forbid them from approving any suggestion looking to a permanent peace by a destruction of the causes of the rebellion, by such as these, of course, the sentiment and the argument of the President will be rejected. Notwithstanding, however, the very purpose of the Government as it is indicated in this document, must and will, sooner or later, become the stern purpose of the American people.

A HEROIC LAD.—A young lad of 13 years, in Warren, Mass., while mixing potatoes in hot soil, fell into the kettle; pulling himself from the boiling mass, he crawled to the door, and exclaimed to a little girl: "Sis, I am burned awfully; throw some cold water on me." He lived but seven hours after the accident, bearing his suffering heroically. Shortly before he died he asked to be turned in bed, "that he might go to sleep"—a sleep "from which no traveler returns."

GENERAL HOOKER.—This General has not yet been able to ride on horseback, but moves with the army in an ambulance. When there is another battle, if God spares his life, there will be a good report of him, notwithstanding his inability to mount a horse.

The President has been informed by Representative Aldrich, of Minnesota, that if the Government does not order the execution of the condemned Indians of the Northwest, the people of the State "would dispose of them in their own way."

Charles Carroll, a grandson of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, and eldest living male member of the family, died on Tuesday, at his residence in Howard county, Maryland.

It is now said that the Banks expedition will be found to operate in a quarter nearer home than Texas, but where that precise quarter is it would be impolitic to tell.

The wife of George Roth, an old citizen of Chicago, reputed to be worth \$100,000, has applied to the Superior Court in that city for divorce from him, on the ground of desertion.

The bride elect of Prince of Wales is named Alexandria Caroline Maria Charlotte Louisa Julia.

ARREST OF DESERTERS.—A squad of the Provost Battalion, consisting of twenty men, and commanded by Lieutenants Ensminger and Ford, returned to this city last evening, having in charge over a hundred deserters, who have been captured within the last two days in the vicinity of Dauphin and Millersburg, while attempting to escape to their homes. These deserters are nearly all drafted men, and reside principally in the northern and western section of the Commonwealth. Their object, to walk to Dauphin or thoroabouts and take the first train home, was foiled, much to their surprise, and they now have the pleasure of enjoying camp life again.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

How DEPLETED.—According to an official statement in the correspondence of a Western paper, over thirty-two thousand of the Federal armies of that region are absent, either with or without authority. One thousand one hundred and eighty-eight commissioned officers, and twenty-five thousand two hundred and ninety-four enlisted men are absent, apparently by authority, but the great majority were granted furloughs without reason, showing astonishing laxity of discipline. One hundred and twenty-three officers and six thousand three hundred and sixty-one men are absent without authority.

The London Builder says a party has been formed to bring into practical use a spiral fluted nail, recently invented in England. They are fluted and twisted in a machine, and are manufactured as cheaply as common nails. The holding qualities of the nails are remarkable; no holes are required to be made before driving those of the largest size, and there is no danger of the board splitting, however near to the edge the nail is driven. The spiral point causes the nail to revolve as it advances, and its tenacity of holding is equal to that of a wood screw.

Justice Swaine, of the U. S. Circuit Court, Ohio, has decided that that part of the act of Congress forbidding any individual, company, or body corporate to issue small notes as currency, is unconstitutional, and that, consequently, no prosecution can follow the issue of such notes. Justice Nelson of the U. S. Supreme Court, in a case arising in New York, recently made a similar decision. This is probably correct, but the issue of such notes as currency is clearly a violation of the State laws, under which a prosecution would be sustained.

M. Hector Malet, the exhibition correspondent in London of the Opinion Nationale, tells a good story, illustrative of the manner of high-born ladies whose fashionable arrangements do not allow them time to see much of their children. He represents a grande dame saying: "Oh dear me! I feel very dull this evening; I should like to go and kiss the darlings, but I really do not know in what part of the house the nursery is?"

The Rebel Jackson is said to have preached a sermon to his troops a week ago, took his text as follows from Joel, chapter 2d verse 20:—"But I will remove far off from you the Northern army, and will drive him into a land barren and desolate, with his face toward the sea and his hinder part toward the utmost sea, and his stink shall come up, and his ill savor shall come up, because he hath done great things."

A student of the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., sold himself as a substitute for a drafted man, for the snug little sum of \$300; subsequently, as substitute prices declined, he bought one for himself for \$200, making \$100 clear. He then got married, went on a wedding trip, and returned to find his substitute skedaddled, and he had to take his place. He is now in the 24th regiment.

The court-martial to try General Fitz John Porter, on the charges preferred by Gen. Pope, is now fully underway. Gen. Pope has arrived at Washington. Gen. McClellan will be a witness in the case. Gen. Fremont also. Much interest is attached to this trial; and from the eminent counsel employed by Porter, he undoubtedly feels that a strong defence is necessary.

Gen. Rosecrans has issued an order requesting the attendance at Mass, on every Wednesday, of all Roman Catholics connected with his Staff, escort and attendants. The Catholic Bishop of Huntsville, Alabama, is among the guests of Gen. Rosecrans, and proposes remaining with him until he reaches Huntsville.

Two negroes recently convicted of rape, have been sentenced to nine years and nine months imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. The sentence is a severe one, but their crime was most atrocious, and in a community less law-abiding than that in which the outrage was perpetrated, would have ended in the lynching of both the culprits.

The Charleston Mercury predicts the death of the United States Government in two years. If the event happens in one year, Prentice declares the rebel Confederacy will not live to see it.

PEN, PASTE AND SCISSORS.—Robert Dale Owen has written a letter to Secretary Chase on the "Cost and Conditions of Lasting Peace." It presents a masterly argument for emancipation.

Elihu Burritt intends to visit England in the course of a few weeks, to remain perhaps, a twelvemonth.

The latest advices from Europe are, that England and Russia decline, at least for the present, the French proposal for mediation in American affairs.

The War Department has commenced the publication of the names of officers dismissed from the service for absence, intoxication, and other causes. It is not a pleasant pillory for a man to stand in.

The official vote for Congress in the St. Louis district, re-elects Frank Blair by 153 majority over Knox. It is said that Knox will contest the election.

John Van Buren is now a great favorite with Southern traitors. The rebel papers print his speeches with warm words of commendation. John, it is said, a few years ago married a Southern woman with many slaves, and that is probably what's the matter with him.

The American Ward, who figured to some extent in China lately, and was made a mandarin general, is dead.

A Maine paper gives an account of an aged preacher—85 years old—who has lately bloomed out with "new hair—the hair of his youth—new teeth, and new eyes."

Secretary Chase has ordered that the plates for the production of the postal currency be so multiplied as to admit of the production of \$200,000 per day.

It is reported that Gen. McClellan is about to become a permanent resident of New York, and will occupy a house purchased recently at the corner of Thirty-ninth street and Fifth avenue.

A letter from San Francisco states that Capt. Freeman, of the schooner Ann Eliza, has a fair prospect of recovering the treasure lost by the Golden Gate.

The constitutionality of the law imposing taxes on savings banks has been sustained by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts.

The cranberry crop in Barnstable county, Massachusetts, this year, reached 1,525 barrels, which were sold for \$12,250.00.

The constitutionality of counting the vote of the soldiers out of the State is to be tested before the courts in Wisconsin.

The emancipationists in St. Louis are to celebrate their election victory by a grand ball, which will be attended by Gen. Fremont.

The Republicans have control of the next Minnesota Legislature, which will enable them to gain a member of the National Senate.

In October, 20,000 muskets were manufactured at Springfield. During the present month, 24,000 will be made. No less than 2,800 men are employed.

General Hooker, to-day said, as I sat by his side, (writes a correspondent) "I do not love to fight battles—I had rather be with my cattle on my farm; but I do want to see one mighty, overwhelming blow given to this rebellion, right upon its head, at Richmond, before Christmas."

The Adjutant General of the Army reports that there are no charges preferred against Gen. McDowell, and consequently, the court cannot take cognizance of such matters as are before them. There will be therefore, an inquiry into the matter upon which Gen. McDowell treats in his letter to the President—nothing more.

Colonel Bartlett who commands the 47th Massachusetts Regiment, was a captain in the 20th Massachusetts. In one of the early battles of the war he lost a leg, but its place has been supplied with a wooden substitute. He now marches with comparatively little difficulty, and rides with perfect ease.

Strong brown paper is now manufactured at the Salisbury paper mills, in Orange county, from "cat tails," the product of the wild flag growing in low grounds all over the north. The proprietor, Mr. Oakley, is experimenting with a view of making white paper also from the same material.

The Philadelphia Ledger says:—Petroleum oil, which rose so rapidly from twenty-five cents a gallon to one dollar and ten cents, has taken the back track again, and is down, as reported, to sixty cents. The rise was merely speculative, and somebody will make or lose fortunes by the sudden fluctuation.

There are strong grounds for believing that the reason why the Alabama permitted the Tonawanda to continue on her voyage to Europe, on giving a bond of \$30,000 as ransom, was that the commanders of the pirate and the merchantman had known each other as Free Masons. When Captain Julius reminded Semmes of this, the result was letting the vessels ransom by the bond instead of plundering and burning it.

The New York dailies have advanced to three cents.

TIT FOR TAT.—The Union and Rebel pickets, on the opposite sides of the Rappahannock, near Fredericksburg, occasionally taunt each other in a friendly sort of way. The following examples will illustrate the character of the conversation:

SECESS (who was sitting under a shed with musket across his knees)—Hello, are there any Bull runners over there?

UNION SOLDIER—Oh! you dry up!—How are you, Antietam?

SECESS—How are you Bull's Bluff.

UNION SOLDIER—How are you South Mountain?

A couple of the rebels now made their appearance with blue overcoats, at sight of which our boys burst into various exclamations, such as—"Where'd you steal those coats?" "Pay for the coats on your backs!" &c.

One of our pickets a Hibernian pre-ceiving that one the rebels opposite was a fellow countryman, called out, "Who Ted Ireland in the famine?" to which the answer was returned, "The South, be jabbers!"

PACK MULES vs. ARMY WAGONS.—It has been determined to replace the lumbering army wagons to a considerable extent with pack mules. This plan was partially adopted in Western Virginia by Gen. Rosecrans, and has given excellent results. The cavalry are to be supplied at once, and it is expected that its celerity of movement will be much increased. The wagons will only be used for the transportation of supplies in bulk. Four mules is the number commonly allotted to an army wagon under the most favorable circumstances as regards conditions of roads, and these mules can carry on their backs far more than they can drag in a wagon. This will be of great advantage to the army, and before long will be very generally adopted.

GEN. HOOKER IN THE ANTIETAM BATTLE.—"This is one of the great days of the world," said Gen. Hooker to the intrepid Berry, as he rode by on the morning of the battle of Antietam. "The southern rebellion lies coiled up in that valley, and it should be to-night in our power." Hooker and McClellan differed, or "Little Mac" failed to comprehend things as Hooker comprehended them.

The Supreme Court, now sitting at Pittsburg, delivered an opinion quashing the writ of certiorari, remitting the record and dissolving the injunction which had been granted to restrain Mr. Thompson from interfering with Mr. Ewing in the occupancy of the Sheriff's office. The effect of this decision is to give Mr. Thompson the office from which he has for so long a time been deprived.

The Telegraph of Barcelona states that there is now living at Almagro a woman of the most extraordinary fecundity. She married one of her cousins twenty years ago although at present only 40 years of age, has had twenty children—nine being living.—She has had twins two or three times, and on one occasion, three daughters at a birth.

The Liberian Consul in London, in a letter, states that there are numbers of runaway American negroes in London, who are in a most wretched condition, and he seeks assistance to ship them to Liberia—where each one will be presented with five acres of land.—They can get no employment in London by which to sustain life.

General Fitz John Porter is preparing for a defence before the military Court of Inquiry which is soon to inquire into his conduct in the battles preceding the battle of Antietam, when General Pope was in command. He has just secured the services of Reverdy Johnson as additional counsel for the defence.

Volunteers for the Army should not leave the City until supplied with Holloway's Pills & Ointment. For Sore, Scoury, Wounds, Small Pox, and Bowel Complaints, these Medicines are the best in the world. Every French Soldier uses them. Only 25 cents per box.

It is calculated that at least 700,000 hogs will be cut up in Chicago this season. In that of 1861 the number was 231,335, and in 1862 it was 514,118. Some place the figure this year as high as a million, but the above estimate is safer.

Four ladies were robbed in a Broadway N. Y., omnibus one day last week. The thief was a woman who wears false arms which hang innocently in her lap, while her real "pickers and stealers" are at work under the ladies' dresses.

Major Andrew Washburne, 14th Massachusetts Volunteers, some time since dismissed from service by a court martial, has been reappointed by Gov. Andrew, the charges against him having been disproved.

George W. Lane, brother of Senator James H. Lane, of Kansas, has been appointed by the President, Director of the Branch Mint at Denver City, Colorado Territory.

Everywhere our armies are now upon the march. The rebels are quaking in their shoes—all but the shoes.

RATIONALS OF FORMS OF SALUTATION.—Most modern forms of salutation and civility are derived from chivalry, or at least from war, and they all betoken some deference, as from a conquered person to the conqueror; just as in private life we still continue to sign ourselves the very humble servants of our correspondents. The uncovered head was simply the head unarmed; the helmet being removed the party was at mercy. So the hand ungloved was the hand unguarded; and to this day it is an incivility to shake hands with gloves on. Shaking hands was but a token of truce, in which the party held each other's weapon hand, to make sure against treachery. So also a gentleman's bow is but an offer of the neck to the stroke of the adversary; so the lady's courtesy is but the form of going on her knees for mercy. The general principle is marked, as it ought naturally to be, still more strongly, in the case of military salutes. Why is a discharge of guns a salute? Because it leaves a gun empty, and at the mercy of the opponent. And this is so true that the saluting with blank cartridge is a modern invention. Formerly salutes were fired by discharging cannon balls, and there have been instances in which the compliment has been nearly fatal to the visitor whom it meant to honor. When the officer salutes, he points the drawn sword to the ground; and the salute of the troops is, even at this day, called "presenting arms"—that is, presenting them to be taken.

A CONSCIENCE CASE.—A Boston paper says that about twenty years since a valuable sapphire brooch, encircled with brilliants, was stolen from a lady, in Salem, Mass. Every effort was unsuccessfully made to discover the thief. Recently a small package was left after dark at the lady's door; on examination it contained the long lost jewel and twenty dollars in new, crisp bank notes, one for each year of the retention of the article restored by the purloiner. The money has been given to sick and suffering soldiers. Thus, it would appear that some erring mortal

Has looked into his soul [spots] And there beheld much black and grained As will not leave their tint; And has resolved in his patience to feel A piece above all earthly dignities, A still and quiet conscience."

A RISE AND A FALL.—The recent sudden inflammation in the price of refined crude coal oil, and the enormous advance in prices, says the Philadelphia Press, has suddenly been checked, and the decline is correspondingly rapid. The refined article, at one time, sold as low as 25 cents. It gradually advanced to 50 cents, after which it suddenly sprang up to 80 cents, 90 cents, and \$1, and in small lots, to \$1.10 per gallon. Monday last it sold at 75 and 80 cents, and only 60 cents were offered for fresh lots. Within the past two weeks some petroleum speculators have become millionaires, as other in good financial standing, have as far receded in the opposite direction.

TREASURY NOTE PRINTING.—Owing to dissatisfaction with the printing of the treasury notes and small currency, Secretary Chase is making preparations to do the work in future in the treasury building, where it can be under his own inspection. Fault has been found with the ink, paper and engraving now furnished, all of which are of an inferior quality. A few months only will be necessary to procure the requisite machinery and engravers.

General James Irvin, Naval storekeeper at the Navy Yard, Philadelphia died a few days since. Deceased, who was an uncle of Governor Curtin, was formerly in business in Centre county, and was several times elected to offices of responsibility. He was for many years an active Whig politician, and was once the nominee of that party for Governor. He was appointed Naval Storekeeper by President Lincoln.

Robert Dale Owen, the ablest Democrat in the West, has written a letter strongly advocating the abolition of slavery. He considers the destruction of slavery essential to peace and to a permanent restoration of the Union. The fact is, the ablest Democrats of the North are fast becoming abolitionists.

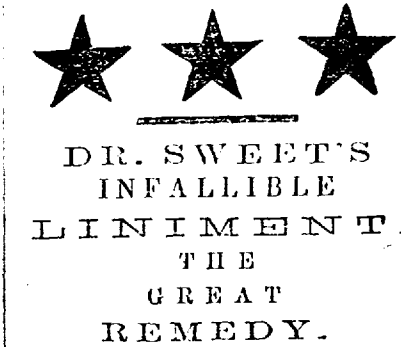
Dead Swift was once called upon to deliver a charity sermon. Taking the pulpit, he delivered the following and sat down:—"Ye that giveth to the poor, lendeth to the Lord." "If you like the security, open with the dust." The result was an unprecedented subscription.

The editor of a provincial paper says that his attention was first drawn to matrimony by the skillful manner in which a "pretty" girl managed a broom. A brother editor says the manner in which his wife handles a broom is not so very pleasing.

Many who dress extravagantly should be as much ashamed of their clothes as Adam and Eve were not having any.

The drafted mob in camp at Harrisburg are now under marching orders.

Gen. Smith, the New York rebel is rebel Secretary of War.



For Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous disorders.

FOR ALL of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Doctor Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an Alleviator of Pain, it is unrivaled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, Rheumatic Disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never known to fail.

For Neuralgia, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing. It will relieve the worst cases of Headache in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

Toothache also will cure instantly. For Nervous Debility and General Lassitude arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

For Piles.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

Quincy and Sore Throat are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

Sprains are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Ulcers, Burns and Scalds, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains, Frost-bites, and Insect Bites and stings.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, the Great Natural Bone Setter. DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, is known all over the United States. DR. STEPHEN SWEET, of Connecticut, is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Rheumatism and never fails. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Headache immediately and is never known to fail.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment Cures Toothache in one minute.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment taken internally cures Cholera, Cholera, Morbus and Cholera.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

DR. SWEET'S Infallible Liniment is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT. DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Mounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing, and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact.

FOR HORSE OWNERS! DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical. Mange, Itch, or Saddle Galls, Scarcache, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease.

EVERY HORSE OWNER should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of any lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, IS THE Soldier's Friend, AND THOUSANDS HAVE FOUND IT TRULY A FRIEND IN NEED!

CAUTION.—To avoid imposition, observe the signatures and likenesses of DR. STEPHEN SWEET ON EVERY LABEL, AND ALSO "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

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