

None shall with impunity soil these sacred symbols of our Country's life, liberty and power.



F. L. BAKER, EDITOR.

Marietta, Pa.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1861.

WAR AND OTHER NEWS SCRAPS.

As Mr. Albert Smith, a school teacher at Churchtown, Columbia county, N. Y., was walking from that village, he was accosted by a stranger who demanded his watch and money.

A woman has been brought up at Arcia, Spain, on a charge of inconceivable barbarity. She stripped her infant child, smothered its little body over with honey then laid it in the sun until the little creature expired in agony from the stings of insects attracted by the bait.

Joseph Trumbull, (the third Trumbull who has been Governor of Connecticut, died, 3d inst. in his 80th year. He was the grand-son of the Gov. Trumbull who Gen. Washington so much confided in, and loved to visit, and whom he called "Brother Jonathan."

A soldier has arrived in Washington who examined the body of Col. Cameron on the field of battle before the burial. He states that the Colonel was shot through the lungs, and must have died immediately. He was buried near Sadley church.

John J. Crittenden has given up all idea of "compromising" to end the war. He says we must have no half-way measures, but must for once demonstrate that we have a Government, by punishing rebellion to submission, and punishing the ringleaders of the monstrous crime.

The De Witt (New York) Standard says that a man named Coon, a resident of Wheatland in that county, died of hydrophobia a few days ago. He was bitten by a mad dog nine years ago, but the poison did not make its appearance till a few days before his death.

Tony, the negro servant of General Kelly, was killed on Friday near Ritchietown, Va., by his head coming in contact with a bridge while reaching out of a railroad car and warning a little son of General Kelly, who was in a precarious condition.

Hon. Joshua R. Giddings was lately attacked with a paroxysm of the complaint to which he is subject, (atrope of the heart.) He is now out of danger and doing well. So says the Ashtabula Sentinel.

The official return of the United States loss in the battle near Springfield is 223 killed, 724 wounded, and 291 missing, supposed to be captured. Total 1235 out of 5300, leaving but 4065 effective troops.

There are no "Free Niggers at the South any more, but the trembling Rebels call them "our Colored Residents," and coax them to lend money and fight for Secession.

Last week, near Winchester, Crawford county, Ohio, a farmer named Hainly and his wife were struck by lightning while out in the meadow making hay, and both instantly killed.

It is reported that Gov. Sprague, of Rhode Island, will not accept the office of brigadier general, which has been tendered him, but will retain his seat in the gubernatorial chair.

Gov. Buckingham, of Connecticut, has telegraphed to Gen. Fremont to have the body of General Lyon sent to that State to be buried at Ashford.

Hon. Galusha A. Grow is invited to deliver an Eulogy upon the burial of Gen. Nathaniel Lyon in the native town of both—Ashford, Conn.

"It is the duty of all," said the venerable Martin Van Buren, a few days since, "to rise above party until the rebellion has been put down."

Mr. Edwin James, of England, was robbed of jewelry to the amount of \$6000 on Wednesday morning last, at his hotel at Long Branch.

Under the new orders of the War Department, the army will soon be completely uniformed in blue, and the rebel grey be discarded.

A party of Germans are organizing a regiment in New York, to be armed with scythes. A queer weapon to fight with.

"The Hon. Lewis Cass is said to be preparing a history of the causes which have led to the present national complications.

Coffee is selling in Memphis, Tennessee, at 40 cents a pound. The people have not yet devised a substitute.

By an adroit insertion of three lines in the bill making appropriations for fortifications, flogging as a punishment is abolished in the army.

Major General J. C. Fremont, on Saturday, seized \$58,000 in the Bank at St. Genevieve, Mo., which was intended for the use of the Rebels.

A movement is making for the erection of a monument to Stephen A. Douglas in Brandon, Vt., his native town.

The statement that Garibaldi had tendered his services to this Government is now contradicted.

An order for 40,000 soldiers' great coats has been sent to St. Louis,

OUTRAGE AT SING SING: A French lady at Sing Sing, in reply to an advertisement for a situation as teacher, &c., received a call at her residence from a man who represented that he was the agent of a wealthy gentleman living about two miles from Sing Sing, who was desirous of obtaining a teacher for his two little girls, and that he was authorized to employ such a person.

The lady accordingly accompanied the professed agent to Sing Sing, on board the steamer Broadway. On arriving at Sing Sing, the latter expressed great surprise that his employer's carriage was not there to convey them home, and then said it would be necessary to walk.

After conducting the lady across some fields to a piece of woods, the villain committed an outrage upon her person, and kept her there all night, and in the morning robbed her of her watch and all the money she had, except twenty-five cents which she said was enough to take her back to the city. He then left his victim, and started off the Peekskill road.

The lady succeeded in finding her way back to Sing Sing, where she communicated the facts of her wrongs to a Mrs. Purdy, whose husband immediately procured the assistance of Officer Rider. The two started in pursuit of the villain, and succeeded in arresting him near Verplanck's. The watch, and some of the money that he had taken from the lady, were found in his possession.

He was committed to jail for trial on charges that will probably give him a tenancy of a cell in Sing Sing Prison for life.

NEWSPAPER LAW.—As there are certain definite laws in relation to the rights of newspapers, which do not seem to be understood, we will endeavor to make a plain synopsis of them, and solicit attention thereto:

1st. A Post-master is required to give notice by letter (returning a paper doesn't answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper from the office, and state the reasons for its not being taken; and a neglect to do so makes the Post-master responsible to the publisher for the payment. The attention of Post-masters is especially directed to this matter.

2d. Any person who takes a paper from the post-office—whether directed to his name or to another—or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay.

3d. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the Post office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made.

4th. If the subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, the publisher continues to send it, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it out of the Post-office. The law proceeds on the ground that a man must pay for what he uses.

5th. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the Post-office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Sixty-four leading Democrats in Vallandigham's district, Montgomery county, Ohio, have issued a circular against the "despotic and traitorous course of the Vallandigham clique."

They say, "It is the mission of the Democratic party to give strength, and vigor, and efficiency to the Constitution and Government, when they are attacked by rebels and traitors. In the language of the lamented Douglas, 'No man can be a true Democrat, without being at the same time a loyal patriot, and there are but two positions to assume; we must either be for or against our Government—either patriots or traitors.'"

Hon. J. Scott Harrison declines the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor of Ohio for various reasons, the first of which is that he has been entirely cured of political ambition; second, that if he still was cursed with a haughty after office, he could not, in the present condition of the country, consent to be a party candidate; and third, if we are able to judge by his letter, he thinks the Ohio Democracy ought to stand aside as a party, and all hands take hold and support the administration until the Union is firmly re-established.

The Battle of the 21st ult., instead of being called Bull's Run, by the English journals, should be called "John Bull's Run," to commemorate the fact that Mr. Russell, of 'The Times,' who described a fight which he never went within five miles of, was the first to set spurs to his horse and run away, arriving at Washington much in advance of all other fugitives. Perhaps a yet more significant title would be "The Battle of Russell's Run."

The Maryland regiment, at Williamsport, (principally from Baltimore) sent home \$4,000 to their families out of their first month's pay. A good example, and worthy of imitation.

Last week, near Winchester, Crawford county, Ohio, a farmer named Hainly and his wife were struck by lightning while out in the meadow making hay, and both instantly killed.

A VALUABLE RELIC.—Governor Olden has received from the Department of State, at Washington, per express, a curiously shaped box, which upon opening was found to contain the original patent granted by George III, of England, to William Franklin, the first Governor of New Jersey. It is written on three sheets of parchment, about two feet by two feet seven inches in size, with the larger portion of a seal of solid wax attached, which measures about six inches in diameter by a half inch thick. On each side of the seal are English devices. The closing sentence of the Patent reads as follows:—

"Witness ourself at Westminster, the ninth day of September, in the second year of our reign."

As George III. commenced his reign in the year 1760, this patent must have been issued in 1762, and is consequently about one hundred years old.

William Franklin, to whom the patent was issued, was a son of Benjamin Franklin; but owing to his adherence to the British cause, he was disowned and disinherited by his father, and after being driven from his official position as Governor of this State, went to England, where he died.

A HIPPOPOTAMUS FIGHT.—It was my good fortune to witness once to a combat between two hippopotami. It occurred in broad day light. I was concealed on the banks of the stream, and had been for some time watching the sports of a herd, when suddenly two huge beasts rose to the surface of the water and rushed together. Their vast and hideous mouths were opened to their widest possibility; the eyes were flaming with rage, and every power was put forth by each to annihilate the other. They seized each other with their jaws; they stabbed and punched with their strong tusks; they advanced and retreated; were now at the top of the water, and again sunk down to the bottom. The blood discolored the river, and their groans of rage were hideous to listen to. They showed little powers of strategy, but rather a piggish obstinacy in maintaining their ground, and a frightful savageness of demeanor. The combat lasted an hour. It was evident that their tusks could not give very dangerous wounds to such thickly protected bodies as theirs. At last one turned about and made off, leaving the other victorious and master of the field.

CONTRABAND ON THE OHIO.—It would appear that Cincinnati is about the only point on the river where an effectual espionage is kept upon contraband articles. While we are reposing in the lap of patriotic and legitimate dullness, they are transacting a flourishing business at Madison, New Albany, Louisville and other places. The authorities of Madison, while keeping a hawk's eye on any such traffic from Cincinnati, are said to be blind in both optics to what is going on at their own wharf. Boxes of goods daily leave the above places marked Evansville, and other Indiana towns, but the officers of the boats allow them to be taken off at Owensboro, where secession has any number of supporters, and whence there is no difficulty in forwarding them to their Southern destination.

FIENDISH OUTRAGE.—On Monday morning last the house of Salis Powell, near Whitesburg, Scioto county, Ohio, was blown up, and Mr. Powell and his two children, who were sleeping together, were killed, and a hired woman was perhaps fatally injured. The act is supposed to have been perpetrated by Wm. L. McClain, nephew of Powell, who was making his home at his uncle's house. Powder had been placed under the bed, and by means of auger holes through the walls a fuse had been attached to the powder. The powder and fuse had been purchased by McClain at a neighboring village. He is under arrest.

FEMALE REVENUE OFFICERS.—The practice of smuggling diamonds, jewelry and other valuables from Europe by female passengers, has become so extensive that two female inspectors have been attached to the revenue service at New York, whose business it is to search all female passengers for concealed articles. These feminine officers take the female passengers in charge as soon as they land, and give them and their baggage a thorough overhauling, which, in a short time, will put an end to smuggling, if the female inspectors are only faithful in the performance of their duties. In France and other continental custom-houses, women are employed in the same duties.

GENERAL SCOTT'S COACHMAN.—The day after the battle of Bull Run, Peter Eganoff, General Scott's coachman, crossed into Virginia to exercise the horse of a member of General Mansfield's staff. He was captured by the rebels, who sent him on to Richmond, where he is now employed cooking for United States prisoners.

FIVE FEMALES BURNED TO DEATH.—On the 25th ult., says the Boston Traveler, a fire occurred at Newman's Cove, short distant from Bonavista, in the house of a man named Brown, who with his son was fishing, when, melancholy to relate, five of his daughters were burned to death. The mother escaped through the window, with the hair burned off her head.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.—Governor Curtin, in a general order, publishes the names, occupations, and residences of one lieutenant and three hundred and eighty-six non-commissioned officers and privates of the second infantry regiment, Pennsylvania reserve corps, who refused to take their oaths preparatory to entering the service of the United States. The order dismisses them from the service of the State, and brands them with the charge of partaking of her bounty, and in the moment of peril deserting her. Will the Governor now give us the names of the officers at least, commanding the Fourth Regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, who turned their backs upon the field of battle at Bull Run, and moved off homeward, "to the sound of the enemy's cannon," on the plea that "the men's time is up?"

GEN. MCCLELLAN.—Mr. Wills writes to the Home Journal that a distinguished civilian who had called upon Gen. McClellan on some matter of importance, concluded his visit by a general comment or two on the state of affairs, venturing a question, at last, as to what McClellan thought of our army's probable recovery from the late defeat. "I do not think," musingly replied the hero of Western Virginia, "that they will whip us again; but, if they do there will be two men left dead on the field—I shall be one, and Lander will be the other."

THE TRAITOR MASON.—In the matter of the injunction prayed by Mr. Benjamin Chew, to prevent James M. Mason, of Virginia, from removing fugds of the estate of Benjamin Chew, Esq., deceased, out of the jurisdiction of the Court for the purpose of aiding the rebels, an order was issued on Friday, restraining any negotiations, &c., until the next Orphans' Court day.

The secession papers of the North, constantly quote the language of the Constitution, in which it provides that "Congress shall pass no law "abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press," &c. They forget that freedom of speech and treason are not identical, and that to write and print treason is as bad as to act it.

Lt. Col. John F. Reynolds, of the regular army, has been commissioned as a Brigadier General by President Lincoln. This makes the third Brigadier General now in the army from Lancaster county.

A CASE OF CONSCIENCE.—The General Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad has received from Rev. John Twigg ten dollars, which had been placed in his hands, to be returned to the company, as rightfully belonging to it.

The passport system has been revived in Belgium.

DR. HENRY LANDIS, SUCCESSOR TO Dr. J. Hinkle, Dealer in Drugs, Perfumery, &c.

DR. LANDIS has purchased the entire interest and good will of Dr. F. Hinkle's Drug Store, would take this opportunity to inform the citizens of Marietta and the vicinity generally, that having just received from Philadelphia a large assortment of the best and most complete assortment of everything in the drug line.

A Lot of Fancy and Toilet Articles, consisting in part of German, French and English perfumery, Shaving Soaps and Creams, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Buffalo and other Hair Combs, Hair Oils, Pomades, etc. Port Monies, Pocket Books, Puff and Powder Boxes, &c., &c.

The celebrated Batchelor's HAIR DYE, DeCosta's and other Tooth Washes, India-Rubbers, Barry's Tricoporous, for the hair; Bay Rum, Arnold's Ink, large and small sized bottles, a Thousand Flowers, Fish of Rue, Corn Starch, Hecker's Farina, all kinds of pure Ground Spices, Compound Syrup of Phosphate, or Chemical food, an excellent article for chronic dyspepsia and a tonic in Consumption, cases, Remedy, for coughing, &c., an excellent preparation for the table; Hair Oil—very fine—bottles in two sizes. Pure Cod Liver Oil. All of Hael's perfumery, pomades, soaps, &c. His Kathairon or Hair Restorative is now everywhere acknowledged the best for Old Hair, Sherry and Madama Wines and Brandy for medicinal purposes.

DR. L. will himself see that every precaution be taken in the compounding of Physicians' prescriptions, having retained Dr. Hinkle's pharmacist, Mr. Ross, and the Dispensary. The Doctor can be professionally consulted at the store when not engaged elsewhere. Marietta, August 24, 1861-ly

MARIETTA MARBLE YARD. Monuments, Tombs, Head Stones, &c. MICHAEL GABLE, Marble Mason, Opposite the Town Hall Park, Marietta, Pa.

THE Marble business in all its branches, I will be continued at the old place near the Town Hall and opposite Funk's Cross Keys Tavern, where every description of marble work will be kept on hand or made to order at short notice and at very reasonable prices. Marietta, June 23, 1861. 49-1

H. L. & E. J. ZAHM ESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public that they still continue the WATCH, CLOCK and JEWELRY business at the old stand, North-west Corner of 2nd and Queen streets and North Square, Lancaster, Pa. A full assortment of goods in our line of business always on hand and for sale at the lowest cash rates. Repairing attended to personally by the proprietors.

A SUPERIOR COOK STOVE, very new style, each one warranted to perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser. STERRETT & CO.

MARK THESE FACTS! THE TESTIMONY OF THE WHOLE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers.

All description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a sure way to shut the skin unite, a boggy discharge; for when remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as soon as it is forced into meat.

Scarcit and Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.

Any of the above diseases may be cured by rubbing the Ointment through the throat, in the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate, and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the Ointment in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved as by a charm.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.

The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these distressing complaints should lose no moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts; but it must be well rubbed in for some considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for female cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth; Sores and Ulcers.

Itches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time with the use of the Pills to ensure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they require local treatment. Many of the worst cases of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

- Bad Legs, Chieffo-foot, Fistulas, Bad Breasts, Chilblains, Gout, Burns, Chapped Hands, Glandular Swellings, Corns (Soft), Lumbago, Itch of Mos., Contracted and Piles, Sand-Fleas, Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Cooch Bay, Elephantiasis, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Scurvy, Sore Nipples, Tumors, Ulcers, Sore-throats, Wounds, Naws, Sore-heads.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "Holloway, New York, and London," are discernible as a Water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions, around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one who furnishes information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 50 Maiden Lane, New York and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, in pots, at 25c, 50c, and \$1 each.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

HENRY LANDIS, M. D. OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Marietta and vicinity.

Dr. Hinkle's, at all times when not elsewhere professionally engaged.

TOPIC FRIENDS: Having been called to a position in the U. S. Navy, I hereby resign my profession to the care and attention of Dr. Henry Landis, in whom I have every confidence, having had ample opportunity of ascertaining his ability to fill my place.

The Peoples' Hat and Cap Store. SHULTZ & BROTHER, No. 20 NORTH QUEEN STREET, Practical Hatters, Manufacturers, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN HATS AND CAPS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WE have now in Store the largest and most complete assortment of SPRING and SUMMER HATS & CAPS ever kept in this city. We are now manufacturing four new and elegant varieties of Spring-style Silk and Cassimer Hats. A splendid Silk Hat FOR THREE DOLLARS AND A SUPERIOR ARTICLE FOR FOUR!

FELT HATS. New and elegant styles of Spring and Summer Felt Hats, from the finest beaver to the commonest wool, ranging in prices from \$5.00 to 50 cents.

We are amply prepared to "fob" all goods in our line to Dealers at the most reasonable rates. They will find it to their advantage to call and examine our large and superior stock. To those friends, who during the past, have steadfastly continued their very liberal patronage, we return our sincere thanks, and trust, by strict attention to business, fair dealing and low prices, combined with the superior excellence of our goods, to merit a continuance of past favors.

Shipping Furs bought and the highest price paid in cash. JOHN A. SHULTZ, HENRY A. SHULTZ, LANCASTER, APRIL 13, 1861.

Great Discovery. I have made a discovery of the utmost importance to every married person of either sex, and will send the full particulars concerning it to any one on receipt of a stamp to pay return postage.

Address: Dr. J. H. MARTELL, 7-39-iswily, Alfred, Maine.

REMOVAL. M. J. TRAINER Having removed her Millinery establishment to Fulk's new building, near Market Square, and old customers, as a merit and receive a continuation of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to her.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Hammered and Rolled Iron, H. S. Bars, Norway, Nail Rods, American and German Spring and Cast Steel, Wagon Boxes, Iron Axles, Springs, &c. STERRETT & CO.

THE LANDLORDS! Just received, Scotch and Irish WHISKIES; warranted pure, at H. D. Benjamin's.