

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Senate Judiciary Committee. Washington dispatches say, has concluded its investigations in the case of Hon. Philip Francis Thomas, of Maryland, and will report in favor of his admission to a seat in the Senate.

In New York on Friday the messenger of the Bank of New York was robbed of a tin box containing \$1,000,000. The robbers escaped with their plunder.

It is intimated from Washington that General Pope will shortly be removed by the President, and General Meade be appointed his successor.

The Military Committee of the House have agreed to report in favor of the repeal of the twenty-first section of the act of March 3, disfranchising deserters from the Union army during the late rebellion.

A conference of the representatives of the Union soldiers and sailors throughout the country is to be held at Washington to consider the propriety of calling a national convention of soldiers and sailors to nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

In New York, on Sunday, a woman named Anna Boone and her four children were found insensible from the effects of poison administered by the woman herself. The mother reduced to a state of destitution, had thus sought relief for herself and her offspring.

The Senate, in Executive session on Saturday, referred the President's communication, in reference to the suspension of Mr. Stanton, to the Military Committee of which Senator Howard is chairman. It is the intention of the committee to give Mr. Stanton a full hearing in reply to the statements of the President. The publication of the President's communication, which was addressed to the Senate in Executive session, was denounced by several Senators.

At Pleasant Unity, in Westmoreland county on the 3d inst., a young man about twenty-eight years of age, named Samuel Hunter, son of James Hunter, and who had been married only six weeks to a young, accomplished and beautiful daughter of Thomas Hughes, near Derry, hung himself in the barn while his father had gone to market. No reason can be assigned for the rash act, as he went about his every day work as usual up till the time of committing the deed. His family are in great distress over his suicide.

The New York Nation calls attention to the fact that the indebtedness of the United States is not only a far lighter debt than the English have borne unflinchingly for a hundred years, but is "a far lighter debt than the Dutch have borne without a murmur for two hundred years without extraordinary resources, without increase of population, and without any great political future. They have never sought to wriggle out of it, or evade it, or twist the letter of their own laws for the confusion of those who trusted them. There never has been a great party among them in favor of any such dodge or device."

No BACK DOWN BY CONGRESS.—Mr. Benjamin (Mo) offered a resolution, in Congress, reciting that the President, in his late annual message, had seen fit, in utter disregard of the popular will, as expressed in the election of the members of the Fortieth Congress, to recommend the repeal of the Reconstruction laws, the effect of which would be to remit the government of the late rebellious States to rebel hands, and abandon the entire element there to the will of traitors, and that it is eminently proper that the House should respond in emphatic terms to the extraordinary proposition, and resolving that the House will never consent to take one retrograde step from its advanced position in promoting the cause of equal rights nor to deviate from its fixed purpose of protecting all men as equal before the law; that there is no reason to doubt that the restoration of the rebellious States is being successfully accomplished on a firm and enduring basis, and that no good reason exists why the Reconstruction acts should be repealed.

Mr. Kerr moved to lay the resolution and preamble on the table. Noytived. Yeas, 82; nays, 112.

And the resolution and preamble were then adopted. Yeas, 111; nays, 33—a strictly party vote.

A widow, in New Haven, has been sued for \$20,000 for breach of promise. We cannot see why men should not have ship-plasters put on their wounded hearts sometimes, as well as women.

The Washington county Railroad charges \$3.50 passenger fare from Hagerstown to Baltimore, and freight at the rate of 45 cts. per barrel for flour, and 22 cts. per hundred for grain.

Eight cities in Europe have Lincoln streets.

AROUND AGAIN—The jolly old chap with the "white hat."

New Crop N. O. Molasses just received at Price & Hoeftich's for Christmas.

DECEASED.—Upton Washbaugh, a well-known citizen of Chambersburg, died in that place on Friday last.

PUBLIC SALE.—Attention is invited to the sale of house and lot by John Bare and Catharina Deardorff, in to-day's paper.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—Mr. J. F. Kuris, Druggist, requests us to announce that he has now on hand a large and varied assortment of articles for the holidays, such as candies, fruits, nuts, toys, &c., &c.

DEDICATION.—The new Church edifice erected by the United Brethren in Christ, near Mowerville, Franklin county, will be dedicated to the service of God, on the 29th inst. Bishop Glossbrenner will officiate.

NEW STOCK.—The advertisement of C. C. Force, Hagerstown, was received too late for publication this week. Mr. F. has just opened out an extensive stock of new goods, such as gold and silver Watches, Spectacles, fashionable Jewelry, and other articles suitable for holiday presents.

BLEIGHING.—A snow storm prevailed here during Thursday and again on Sunday last, covering the ground to the depth of five or six inches. The weather has since been very cold and sleighing good. Although it has slightly moderated as we go to press, the merry jingle of sleigh bells continues and the indications are that the season may be prolonged for several days.

FIRE.—On Thursday afternoon last one of the Sheds attached to the Foundry of Messrs. Geiser, Price & Co., accidentally caught fire. The alarm was given and with the aid of citizens the flames were finally subdued without much loss to the firm.

GIBLETS.—Our friend, Mr. W. H. Brown, Huckster, requests us to announce that fresh Chicken and Turkey Giblets can be had at the Grocery Store of Mr. Reid every other week on Monday, during the season. Those fond of Liver, Gizzard, &c., should have their piles on hand.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Messrs. Hamilton & Brackbill have opened a Confectionery in connection with their Photograph Gallery, and are well supplied with candies, nuts, fruits, &c., for the Holidays.

We understand our School Board have recently been prospecting for a location for the new School Building, but have not yet arrived at a decision in regard to the matter. It seems a couple of acres of ground can be secured opposite the corner of North and West Streets, which would certainly make a desirable location, and would doubtless give very general satisfaction, being easy of access by street and side-walk from all points. This is an important consideration in the selection of a site for the building, which the Board should not overlook.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Thursday evening the 13th inst., during a severe snow storm, Mr. Henry Smith (Basket Maker) of Frysstown, York Co., Pa., accompanied by an aged lady, Mrs. Mary Runt, his mother-in-law, while on their way to Hagerstown with a one-horse load of Baskets for Walker, Nill & Co., met with a serious accident. Just before entering the bridge at Antietam Junction, their horse blundered over the abutment precipitating his load of baskets over an embankment of about twelve feet, smashing his wagon, breaking his right shoulder, fracturing a rib, breaking one of Mrs. Runt's limbs and other wise severely injuring them. Some of Mr. Henry Oak's family providentially saw the accident. Mr. O. immediately went to their assistance or they might have perished in the snow, Mr. Smith being so injured that he was unable to relieve his companion who was under the wagon suffering the greatest agonies. Mr. O. very kindly took them into his house and made them as comfortable as possible. Dr. Sively, who gave them the necessary surgical attendance says they are doing as well as can be expected under the circumstances.

GREAT FIRE.—On Saturday morning last the Great Western Gun Works at Pittsburg was destroyed by fire, involving a heavy loss to the Government and a number of citizens. We regret to learn that J. H. Johnston, proprietor of the works, and son of Mr. J. H. Johnston, of this place, sustained considerable loss. In the rear of the works was stored a large amount of government ammunition and guns. When the fire reached these a terrible explosion followed, loaded guns discharging in every direction, killing one man and injuring a number of others. Mr. Johnston's loss is supposed to be about \$6,000 with an insurance of \$2,000.

REMEDY FOR COLD FEET.—It is said that cold feet may be avoided by wearing cotton socks next the skin and woolen stockings outside of them. One singular consequence ensues—at night the cotton socks (next the skin) are quite dry, while the outside woolen stockings are damp. This is certainly worth a trial.

CHRISTMAS.—Wednesday next will be Christmas day. In the meantime we will live in anticipation if a present from some one of our numerous patrons. A gobble, goose, or something else eatable. The practice of making presents on Christmas is said to have originated in the example of the wise men of the East, who brought their offerings to the manger at Bethlehem, and laid them at the feet of the infant Savior. Since then Christmas Gifts have been universal throughout Christendom, and many persons feel that they have not properly discharged their duty unless they bestow something among friends and favorites. Those who can afford it usually do, and this holiday never passes around without an interchange of tokens of good feeling and kindness in almost every neighborhood. Be the gift ever so small, and intrinsically, ever so valueless, it is esteemed as a special favor. The anxiety with which our children look forward to the approach of this popular holiday, is an indication of the great interest they feel in the receipt of those gifts, and their little hearts are made light and filled with gladness whenever they are made the objects of some special donation.

The Mercor Press of Saturday says: Wm. Pardoe of Findley township, on Tuesday last met with a terrible accident, no less than the killing of his own son, a lad from twelve to fourteen years of age. He was shooting hogs, when the boy along with others was standing fifteen or twenty feet at his left side. The cap exploded without a discharge from the gun following; a second cap with the same result, when he laid the gun in the hollow of his left arm, to put on a third cap, and in this position it was discharged, the ball from which passed through the head of his son. "My God, I have killed my son," was the exclamation of the unfortunate father, as soon as he saw him fall, when he, too, fell to the earth.

DEATH AMONG SKATERS.—A sad accident occurred at Binghampton, Ct., on Saturday last. Quite a number of persons were out on the "Cove," skating and sliding, and among the number were two daughters of Mr. Elisha Tilden (formerly of Hartford), and a young man named Charles Ward. The two young ladies were skating in company with Mr. Ward, when they went too near a thin place in the ice, and all broke in. The youngest of the ladies, in going down, caught hold of Mr. Ward by the neck, and held on with deadly grasp. In going down the last time, Mr. Ward shouted for help, when a young man named Robert Bone came to the rescue and pulled them both out. Every effort was made by Mr. Ward to catch hold of Miss Luena Tilden, the oldest young lady, but without success, and she was drowned. She rose to the surface, laid her muf on the ice, and endeavored to hold on to the edge of the ice, saying, "Charlie, save me!" but soon sank. Her body was found directly under the muf, in about five feet of water. Those near seem to have been too much frightened to give an alarm.

Of the tide of immigration the Osceola (St. Clair county, Missouri, Herald, of the 5th inst., has the following: MORE AND MORE.—"They come, they come. The Yank, the Yank," is the cry from every quarter. The same might be said here. Our streets have emigrant wagons on them every day, and the timber is dotted by their campfires every night, go where you please—and still they come.

AUGUST, GA., December 14.—The Republic has a report of a collision between a party of negroes and the civil authorities at Elberton, Elbert county. Geo. Allen, the Sheriff, was killed, and several others, black and white, were wounded. The difficulty originated at a ball. Those implicated in it have not been arrested.

There is a great demand for female help California. Hired servants receive from \$20 to \$30 in gold per month, with a prospect of getting married at an early day.

There is great distress in some parts of Virginia. The Lynchburg News says that two hundred and thirty-four farms in Bedford county will soon be sold by the United States revenue officers for arrears of taxes.

Glendon, condemned to be hung for the murder of the Provost Marshal in Potoshick county, Iowa, has had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life by the President, against his own request.

New York, Dec. 16.—A tenant house in Second avenue was burned this morning. Eleven persons perished in the flames. Several of the inmates were injured by leaping from the windows of the burning building.

On the top of a hill between Pithole city Venango county, and Oleopolis, there is a hole, the depth of which has never been ascertained, which has recently commenced sending out a powerful jet of gas.

Two women had a duel in Kansas the other day, and one of them was shot through the head.

The price of rat skins for the purpose of making gloves is higher now in Paris than it has ever been before.

A census of Washington city show a population of 105,831—73,057 whites and 31,874 colored.

An earthen pot was dug up last week, at Stratford, Connecticut, filled with old English, Scotch and French copper coins, dated from 1604 to 1724.

Old Peter Cartwright, the celebrated Methodist preacher of Illinois, about whom so many anecdotes are told, is eighty-three years old.

PERMANENT SCHOOL.

Shall we have a permanent school? By the term school is here meant a seminary, a school in which ladies could obtain a complete education, and gentlemen prepare for business, or for any class in college. That such an institution is needed in Waynesboro, no intelligent person, at all acquainted with our town and community, can for a moment doubt. In evidence of this—were evidence wanted—we need but look at the success of the Normal Institute—at the number of students attending it. Here, without anything like accommodations—suitable rooms and apparatus—we have a school of seventy students. Now, if, without any better inducements, such a number of students can be brought together, is it not reasonable to suppose, that, with accommodations of a suitable character, this number could be doubled, and even trebled? Nay, it must be evident to all capable of judging in the matter, that, with proper inducements—a good building, with all the necessary apparatus—we could have a school of one hundred and fifty to two hundred students. And even this would by no means be the maximum; for, as the school would be come known, there would be an increased attendance from year to year.

The neatness, healthfulness, and morality of our town, as well as the beauty of the surrounding scenery, combine to make this a most desirable location for an institution of learning.

Strangers visiting this place, are universally pleased with it, and from this fact we could safely count upon a number of students from a distance.

It is a well-known principle in Political Economy, that, with increased means or faculties to obtain an object or end, the desire to obtain it also increases; and the same is true of education—with increased facilities to obtain it, the desire for it also increases. If we establish a permanent school of the character named, few of our young people would grow up without availing themselves of the advantages its training would afford.

A man without education, unless he has money, is a mere drudge, a mere tool to be used by others to their own advantage. This being no secret, and young men beginning to see it, manifest a growing or increasing desire for education.

Not is a young man who either has no, or a very poor education, properly prepared or fit to learn a trade, no matter what that may be. In learning a trade, the mind must be trained, and not merely muscled, as some would suppose. It is the mind that moves and guides the muscle; and the cultured mind can do this much more skillfully than mind void of this training. Further more, an educated apprentice is much more profitable to a mechanic than an ignorant one. What ever he is told relating to the trade, he will comprehend not only more readily but better. Besides, he will learn his trade better and in less time.

Many a fine native intellect is utterly lost for want of proper development. Every community has persons called natural geniuses, who, in consequence of not having received intellectual training, frequently waste their time and money upon mere nothing. How many such have bothered their brains in the attempt to invent what educated minds, at a mere glance, would have seen either impossible or impracticable! How many such have tried their skill (if skill it may be called) at Perpetual Motion, and necessarily all in vain, because of its impossibility, as clearly taught in natural philosophy!

In short, there is no business of life, no matter how degraded or how it may seem, that cannot be done better by cultivated than by uncultivated minds. If, then, education is of such vast importance and value, and if—which no one will doubt—the welfare of a community depends to a great degree upon the intelligence of its people, it is evidently the moral duty of all to assist to the full extent of their ability in promoting it.

Genius is not always found among those reared in opulence; on the contrary, it far more frequently manifests itself among those brought up in the more humble walks of life—among laborers, mechanics, &c.—among those whose means for acquiring education, are the most limited, and who cannot afford to go away to school, where board must be paid. At home, however, where it would cost them nothing but tuition, the means of intellectual culture would be within their reach.

With a good institution near, few would think of sending away to school. Especially would this be true of those properly interested in the moral training of their children; for no one can be more concerned for the welfare of a child than its parents. Indeed, no matter how faithful and vigilant the teacher, if he has a large number of students under his instruction, he can not exercise the same care over every individual student, that his parents would were he at home—Hence the advantage of a school as near at home as possible, so that teachers and parents can co-operate with each other. That we need a permanent school of the kind here contemplated, needs no further proof. All that is wanted is a suitable building, at a suitable place; and this we can easily have, if our people will take the proper interest in the matter. Money invested in this, will be a benefit to the whole community; and the interest it will bear, though probably not in the form of dollars and cents, will be in that which is of infinitely higher value—in intelligence, virtue and morality.—Who will make the first move in the matter? Waynesboro, Dec. 16, 1887.

The Union caucus of the California Legislature has indorsed general Grant as a nominee for President.

THE TOMB.

On the 28th ult., near Fayetteville, of appoplexy, Mr. ABRAHAM WINGERT, in the 65th year of his age.

On the 27th ult., near Greenastle, of Scarlet Fever, EFFIE MAY, infant daughter of David and Esther Kuhn, aged 6 months and 24 days.

Forever, dear Effie, why do we weep,
Thou art so happy now;
Upon the Savior's breast you sleep!
Whist! angels cool thy brow.

They little hint that scarce could bear—
The weakest pressure from our hold;
Now clasps its mate in holy prayer,
Or strikes a beauteous harp of gold.
A. L.

At Lock Haven, Pa., on the 13th inst., Mr. W. H. BROTHERTON, formerly of this place, aged 84 years, 2 months and 12 days.

On the 9th inst., in Loudon, Mr DAVID HUMBERT, aged 80 years 10 months and 3 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
Itch ! Itch ! Itch !!!
SCRATCH ! SCRATCH !! SCRATCH !!!

In from 10 to 48 hours.
Wheaton's Ointment cures The Itch
Wheaton's Ointment cures Salt Rheum,
Wheaton's Ointment cures Itches
Wheaton's Ointment cures Barbers' Itch
Wheaton's Ointment cures Old Sores.
Wheaton's Ointment cures Every kind

Price, 50 cents a box by mail, 60 cents. Ad- dress WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.
For sale by all Druggists.

LADIES' FURS.
Old Furs cleaned, altered and repaired. LININGS, COLLARS, TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS and all kinds of TRIMMINGS for Ladies' FURS, together with Beaver, Otter, Sable, Swan's Down and Ermine Trimmings always on hand or cut to order of any width. All qualities and styles of FURS on hand, HUDSON BAY, MINK, SABLE, FITCH SIBERIAN SQUIRREL, FRENCH SABLE, CANADA MINK, IMITATION FURS, &c., &c. FURS made to order.

UPDEGRAFF'S
Hat, Fur and Glove Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown,
Nov. 8, 1887.

TO MERCHANTS AND DEALERS.
UPDEGRAFF'S have now ready their Full Stock of HATS with a full line of GLOVES and FURS of their own make, to which they invite the attention of dealers. These goods are mostly of their own manufacture and direct from some of the first manufacturers in the Country and will be sold to Merchants and Dealers at shorter profits than City Jobbers. Any sizes can always be had. Call and see them.
Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown,
Nov. 8, 1887.

SIGN OF THE RED HAT.
123 PERPETUAL MOTION, 1 & 3 Ladies SUN UMBRELLAS, New Style PARASOLS, RAIN UMBRELLAS, &c. A complete stock at
Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown,
Nov. 8, 1887.

MARKETS.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17—P. M.—FLOUR—There is a firmer feeling in the Flour market, but not much activity. The inquiry is confined to the wants of the home consumers who purchased a few hundred barrels at \$7.50@8.25 for superfine; \$8.50@9.25 for extras; \$9.75@11 for Northwest extra family, the latter rate for choice; \$10.75@12 for Pennsylvania and Ohio, do. do., and 12-75@14 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour ranges from \$8.50 to \$8.75. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

GRAIN.—There is very little prime Wheat offering, and the demand for this description is fair at full prices. Sales of Southern and Pennsylvania red at \$2.45@2.55—Rye is in good demand, with sales of 700 bush. Pennsylvania at \$1.74. Corn is in better demand and prices have again advanced. Sales of 6000 bush. new Western mixed at \$1.30, including 5000 bush. choice dry at \$1.35, and 1000 bush. old yellow at \$1.42. Oats are without improvement.—Sales of 2000 bush. Southern and Pennsylvania at 68@73c. Barley is unchanged; 1000 bush. four-rowed New York malt sold at \$1.75.

SEEDS.—The offerings of Cloverseed are light, but fully ample for the demand, at \$7.75, Timothy is nominal at \$2.45@2.65; Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at \$2.45.

BUFFALO ROBES.—A fine lot just received at
PRICE & HOEFTICH'S.

COMPLIMENTS
OF THE
SEASON.
Holiday Presents!

A NEW WANT SUPPLIED.—The attention of the public is invited to the fine assortment of CONFECTIONERY, NUTS, FRUITS, TOYS, &c., &c., recently opened in the room adjoining Coon & Stonehouse's store.
Prices to suit the times.
Everything cheaper than ever before offered.
Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.

A large assortment of Frames, Moulding for Frames, Cases, &c., on hand which will be sold at immense reduction.
Dec 20 tf. HAMILTON & BRACKBILL.

PUBLIC SALE.
THE subscribers will offer at public sale, at Park Hill three miles from Waynesboro, on the Turnpike leading to Greenastle, on Tuesday the 31st of December inst., a House and lot of ground. The lot contains 1/2 of an acre, more or less. The improvements are a good story and a half brick house,

PROSPECTUS FOR 1888.

HARRISBURG DAILY TELEGRAPH.
More than eleven years have elapsed since the undersigned undertook the hazardous task of establishing a daily paper at the Capital of the State. In 1866, on the 7th day of October, the DAILY TELEGRAPH was first projected by the present proprietor, and we need not tell our readers that doubt existed in the minds of many of our friends of our ability to sustain the same, with the limited means at command, but a fixed determination, energy and industry have crowned our efforts with success, and the TELEGRAPH to-day bears abundant testimony that it is a permanent institution of the Capital city.

When we remember that we started with but one Washington and an old wooden power press, which was sufficient to do all our press work at that time, we feel exceedingly gratified to inform our readers that it requires now one large double cylinder Taylor press, two large single cylinder Taylor presses, a job press and a large iron hand press, to supply the wants of the public, and the same increase, in proportion, of other printing materials. The size of the daily is to-day twice as large as when we started the same, and we should not be surprised if we are compelled again to enlarge it before the close of the present volume. It is now the largest daily published outside of the commercial cities in the state.

Proceedings of the Legislature and Congress
It shall be our aim during the next winter to furnish complete and full reports of the proceedings of the National and State Legislatures, together with full telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world. The political complexion of the paper is so well known that we need not refer to it, and we can assure our Republican friends that notwithstanding the slight reverses during the past year we do not intend to take any step backward. Such is not the destiny of the Republican party, and we shall enter into the next Presidential contest with renewed vigor.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.
The DAILY will be furnished to mail subscribers at the following rates, viz:
One copy during the session of the Legislature
Ten copies during the same period, in one pack
One copy daily per year
Ten copies, in one pack, for the same period, 60 cts
Ten copies, in one pack, for the same period, 60 cts

THE WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
Will be printed, as heretofore, on a large sheet, and not only contain all the important matters published in the DAILY but also additional reports of the markets, &c., and extended notices of political matters of the State at large.
The ensuing Presidential campaign will be of the greatest importance, and we hope that every Republican in the State will assist us in circulating such documents as will bring the truth to every fireside in the country.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY.
The WEEKLY will be published regularly every Wednesday morning at the following rates, viz:
Five copies, weekly, for one year \$2 00
Five copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack
Ten copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack
Twenty copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack
Fifty copies weekly for one year, in one pack
We have placed the price of our paper to clubs at the very lowest rates, and hope to receive orders from our friends promptly.
GEORGE BERGNER.
Dec. 13—3w.

FREE EXHIBITION!

W. A. REID
INVITES his customers and the public generally to call and examine his stock of goods just opened.

COFFEE, SUGARS, TEAS, SYRUPS, N. O. and P. R. MOLASSES,

No 1 MACKREL, CODFISH and a full line of leading articles.
SPICES

Bought at the most celebrated Spice Mills and warranted Pure. Delicacies and Baking articles of choicest qualities.
CRANBERRIES, PRUNES, Fr. CURRANTS, RAISINS, CANNED FRUIT,

Peaches, Pine Apples, Strawberries, GREEN CORN, &c.
N. Y. F. CHEESE—all winter.

MASON'S CRACKERS—Water, Mushroom, Cream, Sugar, &c.
QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE!

Plain and fig'd Granite Tea Sets, cups and saucers, dishes, metal plates, &c. of the latest styles. Fruit stands, Glass Butterers, (w/ l) plain and cut goblets, tumblers, &c.
Presentation cups and fancy China for the Holidays.
CORRECTORS.—Cardies, Dates, Nuts, and Toys to tickle the young.
Come one, come all. W. A. REID.
Waynesboro, Dec. 6, 1887.

Notice.
THE Notes given at the sale of the subscriber are due, and all those concerned are requested to call and make payment immediately.
JOHN LESHER, (of C.)
Dec. 13—3w.

Dried Fruit,
PEECHES peeled and unpeeled, Apples Green and Dried at
Dec. 13—tf. J. ELLEN'S.

GEO. W. WELSH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in the Town Hall Building, next door to the Post Office. Dec. 13, 1887.

BANK ELECTION.
THE Annual Election will be held at the First National Bank of Waynesboro, on Tuesday the 14th day of January between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., for nine directors to serve for the ensuing year.
JNO. PHILLIPS, Cashier.
O. H. Cloth and paper Blinds, at the store of AMARANTH, BRACKBILL & Co