

VILLAGE RECORD.

WAYNESBORO Friday, August 23 1867.

Since the 1st of May the public debt has been reduced nine millions of dollars. This is doing pretty well for a radical and reckless government.

DEAD.—L. H. Funk, editor of the Milltown, died on the 14th inst. Until a few weeks ago Mr. Funk was State Superintendent of Public Printing, having performed that duty four years.

Mexican news, via Havana, state that Juarez had ordered Santa Anna's trial according to the law by which Maximilian was tried, and under which the identification of the prisoner is sufficient evidence for a conviction.

Gen. Sheridan has at length been removed, and if his removal is not in direct violation of law, it is absolutely against the wishes of the people. Gen. Thomas takes command of Sheridan's old district; Gen. Hancock is to be sent west to fight the Indians.

The Maryland Militia law is being contested in the counties. In two cases tried in Carroll county this week decisions have been rendered that it is not proper to proceed under a State's warrant to recover the penalty of five dollars imposed for refusing compliance with the law.

Gen. Pope has addressed an important letter to Gen. Grant. The letter encloses a paper containing a speech made by Hon. B. H. Hill, late a Senator in the Confederate Congress. He was pardoned some weeks ago, and Gen. Pope says that he being a representative man, this speech shows the hopelessness of any satisfactory reconstruction while such men retain influence. He says it is his duty to state that, in his judgment, the condition of affairs in the Southern States, even should reconstruction be satisfactorily accomplished, will, of necessity, be a reproduction in a more or less modified degree of what now exists in Tennessee, unless some measures are adopted to free the country of the turbulent and disloyal leaders of the reactionary party. While these persons remain in the country to exercise the baleful influence they undoubtedly possess, there can be no peace.

Johnson may succeed in keeping Stanton out of the War Department—he may accomplish the retirement of others in his Cabinet who are identified, however equivocally, with the Union organization—and he may remove faithful soldier-statesmen like Sheridan, Schofield and Sickles, to replace them with such tools as Steadman and Rousseau, but he cannot defeat the objects and purposes of the people. The measure of reconstruction adopted by Congress and passed over the veto of the President, was demanded by the clear and unmistakable will of the people. Johnson, for the brief period of his term, may obstruct this will, this purpose, this unalterable determination, but he can never defeat it. He will be borne to ruin on the waves of that indignation he is fast creating. This is Andrew Johnson's temptation. Buchanan tried to make the people believe they had no right to resist armed treason. He declared there was no authority in the Constitution to coerce traitors. But the people assumed the responsibility. Treason was resisted and conquered. Now Andrew Johnson comes forward to show that there is no power in the Constitution to punish whipped traitors. He proclaims the monstrous doctrine that rebellion is not a punishable crime. Like Buchanan, Johnson will fail. Like Buchanan in affording the precipitators of rebellion the choice of position and weapons, Johnson is affording whipped traitors every possible opportunity to get control of the Government, but he will fail. The judgment mass of the people is right on this subject. The will of the majority must prevail. All that is wanted are steady hands and firm minds to thwart the machinations of the traitors' friend, Andrew Johnson. These thank God, are now in the service of the people.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

The Titusville Herald says that a very small percentage of those made wealthy by oil speculations have retained their wealth. The same may be said of those who became wealthy by speculations of any kind, as money made by gambling does not stay long with the winner.

A despatch from Knoxville, Tenn., announces that a difficulty occurred on Tuesday night between the newly elected Congressman, Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, and his opponent. The parties came to blows, but were finally separated by their friends.

New York city is filled with ex-rebel generals and surgeons who are practising law and physic, or engaged in mercantile pursuits. The New York World is now exclusively edited by men during the war in the rebel military, naval and civil service.

The Maryland Convention has finally fixed upon Wednesday the 18th, instead of Wednesday the 25th, of September, as the day on which the New Constitution shall be submitted to the voters of the State. If ratified by the people of the State, the Constitution is to go into effect on the 5th day of October next.

The Last Fantastic Trick

[From the Independent.]

The political situation is interesting. Any juncture of affairs which revives the hope of the President's impeachment is welcome.—The suspension of Mr. Stanton and the removal of Gen. Sheridan are two contingencies which we have great hope will prove sufficient to incite an easy-going and amiable Congress to the stern duty of deposing the Traitor of the White House.

The American people and their representatives in Congress sometimes do a great public act from the highest motives; but not often—certainly not always. All the great measures of Liberty which have made illustrious our political history of the last few years were prompted more by time-serving expediency than by moral duty. The rebellion was conquered not so much through the great virtue of the North as through the over-friendliness of the South. The Federal cause needed to be goaded to victory by the plottings of Jefferson Davis; by the disaster at Bull Run; by the slaughter of Fort Pillow and by the horrors of Andersonville. How wonderful is that constitution of affairs whereby the wrath of man is made to praise God!

So now, to the maintenance of the public safety, the nation still needs a little further prolongation of that chief of its calamities, Andrew Johnson. Sweet are the uses of adversity! We still need Mr. Johnson in the Presidential chair for the purpose of educating the American Congress up to the high duty of impeaching him next December. A few more tricks a little more treason, an added spice of Satanic malice in the President, and the thing will be done! So we reiterate Mrs. Browning's prayer, 'Give more madness, Lord!'

The impeachment ought to have been accomplished long ago. The President has held his office a year too long already. Shall he be permitted to hold it to the end of his term? From the time of the first plain proof of his surrender to the Rebels we have demanded, and shall continue to demand, that this Aaron Burr, this Benedict Arnold, this Andrew Johnson shall be put out of the way of injuring a Government which he first disgraced, then betrayed, and would willingly destroy.

The most hopeful sign of the times now on every body's lips is that, if the President uses the bow-string upon Stanton and General Sheridan, he shall himself be strangled with it. But was not the President's measure of iniquity long ago full, pressed down and shaken together? Must the great renege add new outrages to the old in order to earn his title to decapitation? What has heretofore been, and what is now, the one and only obstacle to a peaceful and speedy reconstruction of the Union? Nothing under Heaven but the treachery, malignity and baseness of Andrew Johnson. He has been long the chief enemy of the Republic. Why, then, is he suffered to remain its Chief Magistrate?

If anybody is to be removed, let it not be Mr. Stanton; let it not be General Sheridan; let it be Andrew Johnson! Congress ought not to have adjourned, leaving the field clear for this brigand to carry on war against the Republic. Mr. Johnson is a bold, bad man, and needs to be watched—not only with eyes, but with votes, and with arms. It is only because he has so miserably a minority of accomplices that he has not already overthrown the Republic. We ask again for a general utterance of the popular voice in a spontaneous demand for the President's impeachment and deposition from office.

HEAVY RAIN STORM.—Great flood in Big Elk.—After three days of clear weather, something very unusual for the present season, rain again set in on Thursday morning, which continued steadily through the day, increasing in the night in violence, accompanied with a heavy wind, which prostrated the growing corn, broke and uprooted many trees. The Big Elk creek rose higher than it had been for twenty years before, it is said by persons living near it. In the morning it was filled with floating rails and logs. The water rose round the bridge at Gilpin's Ford, one mile north of town, making the crossing in the morning very dangerous.—Wm. Campbell, in attempting to reach the bridge with a horse and carriage, had his carriage upset, and narrowly escaped drowning.—Cecil Whig.

A RIOT AT A COLORED CAMP.—The colored people have been holding a camp meeting in Ramsey's woods, near Port Deposit. On Sunday last a gang of Copperhead rowdies, in emulation of the Centreville Knights, commenced operations by assailing and beating on the camp ground, a one armed soldier, C. H. Alexander, of the Eight district. They then proceeded, in true chivalry style, to attack the colored people and break up their camp. The negroes, however, showed pluck, and rallying, thrashed the white rowdies soundly, and drove them off with black eyes and bloody noses. We did not hear that any firearms were used. This was a terrible outrage upon the chivalry, forbidding negro riots and a war of races.—Cecil Whig.

A son of a wealthy banker in St. Louis, Charles P., became enamored with the daughter of a shoemaker, a poor but pretty girl. The father of the son looked with no kindly feeling on the attachment, but had no idea that anything serious would grow out of it. His daughter was therefore great, when the young man, on being sent to the bank with a check for \$3,000, got it cashed and ran away with the girl and married her. The father pursued and overtook the fugitives, but instead of ravin in the conventional way, quietly said to his son, 'Give me back what money you have left and come back home and attend to business, and I will say no more about it.' The son paid over \$2,720 and went home.

Fred'k Kaseman, of Shamokin township, died on the 1st inst. at the advanced age of one hundred and eight years one month and eight days, according to the family record. The deceased came to this country with an older brother when he was about twelve years old, and was sold for his passage from Germany to George Sell, near Kutztown, Berks county, for seven years for \$12.

Counterfeit coin of five cent pieces are in circulation. They are easily detected by their greasy feel.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Two Election Polls or voting places have been established in Hagerstown.

Pic Nic.—See programme of Odd Fellows' Pic Nic in another column.

A survey for a Railroad from Littlestown, Adams County Pa., to Frederick City, Md., has been completed by Mr. J. S. Gilt.

DEAD.—James Wasson, Esq., editor of the Hagerstown Mail, died suddenly of heart disease on Wednesday last week.

LOTS FOR SALE.—On Tuesday next Mr. A. S. Monn will offer at public sale several valuable Lots of ground lying in Quincy. See advertisement in to day's paper.

FIRST ARRIVAL.—Mr. Reid on Wednesday evening received his first supply of Delaware peaches. In quality they are fine and retail at 70 cents per peck.

BUTTER.—Fresh Butter can be had of Mr. Brown, Huckerster, at the residence of John J. Irvine, on Friday and Saturday evenings of each week.

WATER-MELLONS.—The "Water-Mellon wagon" made its appearance in town one day last week. Our neighbor Reid, expects to be able to supply the public regularly during the season. A fresh supply to-morrow or Saturday.

SOLD OUT.—Mr. H. M. Jones, the clever Quincy landlord has sold out to Mr. John Stull, who will continue the Hotel business in that place.

Attention is directed to the sale of his personal property announced in another column to come off on Wednesday next.

CLOSED.—The proprietors of the Restaurants in Greenastle, three in number, have forfeited their licence and closed doors.—They were returned to court for selling Ale to minors. Two establishments of the kind in Mercersburg have met the same fate.

DENTAL CARD.—The card of Dr. Haycock, Surgeon Dentist, of Chambersburg, will be found in to-day's paper, to which we direct special attention. The Dr. is an experienced practitioner and has availed himself of all the late discoveries and improvements known to the profession.

FOR SALE.—W. W. Walker offers at private sale in to-day's paper his valuable farm and residence, in this place. The farm is under a high state of cultivation, the land being of the best quality of limestone. His town property is pleasantly situated with all necessary conveniences. For a private residence it is one of the most desirable properties on Main Street.

CHANGED.—The Mail arrangement between Hagerstown and Gettysburg has been changed. The Mail now leaves Hagerstown on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings. The reverse heretofore was the arrangement.

COLORED 'TURN OUT'.—The colored folks of Greenastle have made arrangements for a grand Procession in that town to-morrow, in honor of the manumission of their race from slavery. Delegations from Baltimore, Harrisburg, Carlisle, Chambersburg and Hagerstown are expected with several Bands of Music. The distinguished Orator Brown, of Baltimore, and other speakers, will be present and address them.

GREAT FRESHET.—On Wednesday evening of last week what is usually termed a 'set' rain' set in here and continued with comparatively little intermission until Saturday morning, giving 'Mother Earth' a most thorough soaking, and which will no doubt have the effect to cause another decline in the corn market. We learn from our exchanges that the storm extended North and South, the high water occasioning considerable damage. On Wednesday last we had another 'shower' which almost flooded the lower part of town. This must still further increase the supply of 'roastin ears,' already enormous.

It seems as if the Methodist church this year is but little better than a house of prostitution. Not a day but we see notices of these clerical idolatries, principally among Methodists and Baptists. Since ministers began preaching politics their churches are little else than hiding places for lecherous old deacons, treacherous sisters and smirking ministers who, if he'll be perved with sculls of infants, act as if they had large contracts for that kind of work! Brethren of the God-and-Morality party—Let us pray.

The above is from that Copperhead favorite, the La Crosse Democrat, which has even admirers and supporters in this part of Pennsylvania. We at least are so informed.—It seems almost incredible that any individual with the least particle of intelligence should be so lost to all sense of shame as to countenance, much less contribute to the support of a wretch who thus insults christian denominations and blasphemes the name of God. The better instincts of human nature should induce any man, though so lost to all patriotic impulses as to be in sympathy with Andy Johnson and Jeff. Davis, to discountenance such abominations in newspaper form.

Holmbold, the druggist, began with a capital of \$50. He expended \$214,000 in advertising, and is now a millionaire.

WAYNESBORO "NORMAL INSTITUTE."

We are gratified to learn that the second Session of this School promises to open under the most favorable auspices. Some eighty pupils will be in attendance. The principal, C. V. Wilson, will occupy in connection with Beaver's Hall, the room over Fourthman's drug store, and has secured as an assistant, Prof. Neotling, formerly of Selin's Grove, Pa., who is a finished scholar and an experienced teacher. A school of this kind has long been a public want here, and as all efforts heretofore to establish one upon a permanent basis failed, Mr. Wilson's success so far must prove gratifying to all good citizens who favor the cause of education.

In a village like Waynesboro, surrounded by a populous and wealthy region of country, why should there not be a permanent institution of learning? There is scarcely a town anywhere of the same population that has not long ago had such a school in successful operation. Our people are certainly not an exception so far as a spirit of liberality in behalf of education is concerned. The secret, in our opinion, of past failures, has been owing to another cause—the absence of a suitable building for school purposes. A house with at least some of the modern comforts and conveniences would long since have given us such a school as would have been creditable to both town and neighborhood.—Some interest of late has been manifested among our citizens in favor of the erection of such a building, and we trust the time is not far distant when this "public want" will be supplied.

UNION TICKET.—The Union County Convention assembled at Chambersburg on Tuesday and placed in nomination the following ticket:—

For the Assembly, Col. Theodore McGowan, of Fayetteville.

Associate Judge, W. W. Paxton, of Chambersburg.

County Treasurer, Samuel F. Greenawald, of Chambersburg.

Commissioner, A. H. Etter, of Green.

Director of the Poor, John E. M'Clay, of Lurgan.

Jury Commissioner, Addison Imbrie, of Antrim.

Auditor, N. W. Witherow, of Metal.

The candidate for the Assembly from Perry is Joseph W. Frank.

BARN BURNED.—The barn of Mr. John Linn, near Shade Gap, was struck by lightning on the 10th inst., and totally consumed, together with his entire crop of grain and hay. There was no insurance on the barn or crop.

A Horrible Murder in Ohio.

A FATHER KILLS HIS SON. From the Toledo (Ohio) Blade, Aug. 16.—The village of Bowling Green, Wood Co., was the scene yesterday of one of the most horrible murders it has been our duty to record.—Hiram A. Donaldson, an old citizen of that vicinity, stabbed his son Thomas, a young man of twenty-one, to the heart, killing him instantly. Donaldson is, it is stated, a man of ungovernable passions. A few weeks ago he assaulted his wife and youngest son, beating the latter with a boot-jack. Mrs. Donaldson at once left his house and commenced suit for a divorce and alimony, the children all sympathizing and siding with their mother, which seemed to enrage Donaldson to such an extent that he threatened, it is said, to take the lives of his two eldest sons. Mrs. Donaldson had determined to commence housekeeping in Bowling Green. Yesterday Donaldson went to Has-kins to market a load of corn, and having been advised in his absence, Mrs. Donaldson, by the advice of her attorneys, went with her two eldest sons to the house and loaded upon the wagon a bed and such other articles as she needed for housekeeping, and started for the village. Just as they were leaving the house they met Donaldson, who had returned.

Comprehending the errand they had been upon he followed them a few rods, as if undecided what to do. But the demon of anger took possession of him. Seizing the horses by the head, he proceeded to unfasten the breast straps, and succeeded in detaching the tongue. In the meantime Thomas sprang from the wagon and remonstrated with his father. A few angry words passed between the two, when the father, blind with rage, drew a knife and stabbed his son over and over again. The first blow was sufficient, the murderous weapon having penetrated the heart. The unfortunate man fell to the earth, and in five minutes was a corpse. The unnatural father was scarcely moved by the terrible scene. He remarked, we are informed, that he was sorry it was Thomas, as he liked him better than the rest of his sons. Donaldson made no attempt to escape, and was taken in custody immediately. After Donaldson struck the fatal blow, his son before falling, struck him with the neck yoke of the wagon, after which the wretched man inflicted three desperate stabs. The Sheriff of Wood county started at noon yesterday to bring him to Perryburg, where he will be confined until arraigned for the crime.

One of the ablest writers in Ohio, Mr. E. D. Mansfield, states it as his opinion that the absolute money value of the crop this year will be four hundred million of dollars greater than in 1866; and the power of exportation much greater in proportion, because it is the surpluses which are increased. He argues that two effects will follow, to wit: We shall have increased importation and an increased gold revenue. Gold will probably fall considerably in the autumn of 1867, and speculators will find that the shortest road to specie payments is through good crops.

The residence of Mr. Eberson, on the banks of the Ohio river, near the mouth of the Little Miami, was entered a few days ago by three men, who proceeded to bind the entire family with cords. They then robbed them of \$3,400 in money and bonds and all of Mrs. Eberson's jewelry.

A tape-worm fifty seven feet long has been taken out of the stomach of a Rochester man. The man is reported in good spirits, and so is the worm.

PEACHES PLENTY.

There has been much speculation regarding the Peach crop this season, and that it is not a failure, by any means, we think the following facts will show. Yesterday forty cars loaded with the fruit arrived at Jersey City direct from Delaware. Next week the contract is for one hundred cars daily, and for the last of August and first of September two hundred and seventy-five cars daily over the line of the consolidated railway companies of this State. The Philadelphia and Wilmington, and the consolidated companies of New Jersey made a joint contract with responsible growers last week, the freight to be paid in advance at the place where the cars are loaded. The contract does not include any of the local traffic from this State, and as each car will contain not less than 400 bushels, the New York market will have a daily supply during a portion of the season of ONE HUNDRED AND TEN THOUSAND BASKETS, which the product from this State will increase thirty or forty thousand.—Newark (N. J.) Courier.

The Michigan Constitutional Convention has decided to submit the prohibitory liquor clause of the Constitution to a separate vote of the people.

William Brophy, a prominent Democratic politician of Philadelphia, yesterday shot and mortally wounded his sister-in-law.

A large meeting of soldiers and sailors was held on Saturday night in front of the Union League House, Philadelphia, at which resolutions condemnatory of the President's course in the removal of Mr. Stanton were adopted.

A whole picnic party at Vicksburg, Miss., were poisoned on Thursday last. Eight persons died and others are not expected to recover.

A doctor removed the other day a frog from the stomach of a young lady at Peacham Massachusetts, from which she had been suffering for ten years.

ODD FELLOWS' PIC-NIC!

to be held on the 29th inst., in

"BESORE'S GROVE."

An Address by REV. DR. DAUGHERTY,

of Carlisle, Penna.

Musie by CAPTAIN HYSER.

A cordial invitation is extended to the citizens of Town and vicinity to bring their baskets and spend the day with us, in social intercourse and pleasant recreation.—Let all come who can, and bring with them the old and infirm, bring the sick, and by no means fail to bring the children.

H. C. GILBERT, W. F. GROVE, J. REININGER, T. D. FRENCH, GEO. PILKINGTON, Committee.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SIGN OF THE RED HAT. 150 150 COMPETITION DEFIED. 150 150 Ladies Genuine KID GLOVES American Manufacture at 150 cents. During the last year we have sold large numbers of these Gloves in all sizes and colors and safely say they are not surpassed by other Kid Gloves sold, to be had only at UPDEGRAFF'S Glove Factory, Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown.

SIGN OF THE RED HAT. 10 15 20 COMPARISON INVITED. 10 15 20 STRAW HATS. A full assortment of new Spring Styles of STRAW HATS, Guyaquilt, Loghorns, Canton, Braids, Mackinac, Malaga, Palm Leafs, &c. &c., from 10 cents up at UPDEGRAFF'S HAT FACTORY, Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown.

SIGN OF THE RED HAT. 25 50 75 OPPOSITION COURTED. 25 50 75 CANES.—We have a new lot of Fine Imported Cane, Plain Bone Finished and Carved, Hickory, Reed, and Bamboo Canes from 25 cents up. Those who want a staff of service, convenience, comfort, Beauty or Fashion should call at UPDEGRAFF'S Hat, Cane and Umbrella Store, Hagerstown.

SIGN OF THE RED HAT. 1 2 3 PERPETUAL MOTION. 1 2 3 LADIES SUN UMBRELLAS, New Style PARASOLS, RAIN UMBRELLAS, &c. A complete stock at UPDEGRAFF'S Hat, Cane and Umbrella Store, Hagerstown.

THE ALTAR.

On the 20th inst. in the Reformed Parsonage by Rev. W. E. Krebs, Mr. PETER SWISHER of this county, to Miss ANN REBECCA KRINER of Washington Co., Md.

THE TOMB.

Near Pikesville, on the 4th inst., Mrs. SUSAN HINKLE, aged 89 years and 2 months.

Near Pikesville, on the 15th inst., Mrs. REBECCA, wife of Jacob Shtatzer, aged 83 years, 7 months and 19 days.

On the 18th of August, in this place MARY GRACE, daughter of Charles C. and Sarah C. Rhyoyal, aged 1 year 2 months and 18 days.

Alas! how changed that lovely flower, Which bloomed and cheer'd my heart, Fair fleeting comfort of an hour, How soon we're called to part.

From adverse blasts and lowering storms Her favored soul he bore, And with you bright angelic forms She lives to die no more.

Why should I vex my heart or fast No more She'll visit me, My soul will mount to Her at last, And there my child I'll see.

MARKETS.

PHILA. TUESDAY, August 20, 1867. The Flour market is remarkably dull, there being scarcely any demand except for spring-wheat extra-family grades, which are in limited supply and held at relative high rates; the sales to the home consumers reach 500 bbls. including 200 bbls. Northwest extra

family at \$11.75@12; 100 bbls. Ohio do do at \$13; small lots of fresh-ground extra at \$9.50@10.50; do do extra family at \$11.50@12.50; and fancy at \$13@14, according to quality. Rye Flour.—The stock is light and the article is held with much firmness; small sales at \$8 75@9. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

The sales took up 8,500 bushels new Pennsylvania and Southern red wheat at \$2.25@2.35 for fair and good, and \$2.37@2.45 for choice. Rye—sales of 500 bushels old Pennsylvania at \$1.55 Corn—sales of yellow at \$1.25, and Western mixed at \$1.23@1.24. Oats—sales of 4,000@5,000 bushels new at 70@71c., including some common at 60c.

Calf for sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private sale a valuable Bull Calf out of the well-known Vandyke cow. His sire was a Kentucky Durham. Cal and examine it. H. W. PUNK. August 23—3w.

NOTICE

PERSONS who gave their notes at the sale of the subscriber last spring are notified that the same will be due on the 28th inst., and if not paid on or before that day interest will be added from date of notes. The notes have been left for payment at the store of Messrs. Amersson, Benedict & Co. JOHN L. METCALF. August 23—3t.

Barbering! Barbering!

THE subscriber informs the public that he continues the Barbering business in the room next door to Mr. Reid's Grocery Store, and is at all times prepared to do hair cutting, shaving, shampooing, &c. in the best style. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. W. A. PRICE. August 23 1867.

GREAT PROGRESS IN DENTISTRY!

DR. W. D. HAYCOCK would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Waynesboro and vicinity to the great progress made in Dental Science, having had long experience in the profession with the largest and best selection of ARTIFICIAL TEETH and Dentist's materials in the country, he does not hesitate to guarantee all work to give full satisfaction, or the money will be refunded after a fair trial. The most violent toothache cured without extraction or pain and the tooth made as good as new. The best restorations given in Franklin county.

Please call at his office, on second street between Sellers' and McGrath's Hotels, Chambersburg, Pa. where he can be seen at all times be found. August 23—3m.

PUBLIC SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Sale on Tuesday the 27th day of August, 1867, the following Lots as per description, lying on front street, being the southwestern corner or square in Quincy, Pa. No. 1, on Cor. 66 ft. front, 140 back, with 3 alley, 6 ft. allowance. No. 2 adjoining corner, 60 ft. front, 140 back, with 8 ft. alley. No. 3 adjoining No. 2, 56 ft. front, 140 back, with 6 ft. alley. Thence comes an alley of 12 ft. between lots No. 3 and 4. No. 4 adjoining alley, 57 ft. front, 140 ft. back, with alley allowance. No. 5 adjoining No. 4, 69 ft. front, 140 ft. back with alley allowance.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, or Note given for Thirty Days with approval of security; the balance to be paid on the 1st day of April, 1868, note to be given with approved security. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day. August 23—1 w. A. S. MONN.

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE!

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, his farm, situated in Washington township, Franklin Co., Pa., containing

121 ACRES.

80 acres lying west of the road leading from the Waynesboro and Mercersburg Turnpike to Jacob Caybaugh's Mill, and forty-one acres lying east of said road. The improvements on the property are

ONE AND A HALF STORY HOUSE and a stable. On the 80 acre tract there is a fine young orchard, two springs and running water, and on the 41 acre tract, a well running throughout the eastern part. The farm will be sold undivided or divided to suit purchaser; also a valuable town property, situated on the Main Street, in the Borough of Waynesboro—being a large

TWO-STORY HOUSE

recently remodeled and refitted throughout, with a fine well, Spring House, chicken, bath house, stable and all necessary out-buildings thereon, together with a fine selection of choice fruit. For terms and further particulars apply to W. W. WALKER. Aug. 23—1f.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber intending to quit the Hotel business, will sell at Public Sale in Quincy, on Wednesday the 28th inst., the following personal property, to wit:—

1 EXTRA COW.

5 FINE HOGS; 1 good Trotting Buggy, 1 Buggy Pole 1 Spring Wagon, 1 good Sleigh 1 Roby, 1 large string of Bells, 6 lot of Hay;

12 BEDSTEADS

and Bedding, 1 Secretary, 6 Stands, 3 Cupboards, 4 Tables, 1 large Dining Table, 3 sets Chairs, 1 set Cane-seat Chairs, 1 Settee, one Sofa, 1 large Rocking Chair, 2 Book Cases, 1 Desk, 4 Looking Glasses, 1 Chair, 1 Centre Table, 1 set of Bar-room Chairs, 13 Clocks, one eight-day; 75 yards Carpeting.

1 EXTRA COOKING STOVE and fixtures, 1 Parlor Stove, 1 Coal Stove, 4 Ten-plate Stoves, 1 Iron Kettle, tubs, buckets, &c., 4 Oil Window Blinds and fixtures, a lot common blinds, stair oil cloth and rods, wash bowls and pitchers, a lot of Queneware; a lot of CHOICE LIQUORS, such as Brandy, Wine, Cherry Brandy, &c. and fixtures, 2 large Lamps, 4 Cans, a lot Tinware, 2 large Meat Vessels, a lot whiskey Barrels, 1 dinner bell, 1 Banjo, 1 Violin, 1 Copper Pump, a share of six in the Mt. Hope Sea, 1 Saddle and Bridle, a lot halters, 1 Wheelbarrow, and many other articles not necessary to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when a credit of six months will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards. H. M. JONES, G. V. MORG, AUCTIONEER. August 23—1w.

NOTICE

THE sale Notes of purchasers of personal property, at Walker farm, March 19, 1867, was due August 19, 1867. Immediate payment is requested. JOS. DOUGLAS. August 23 2w

NORMAL INSTITUTE

AT WAYNESBORO PA. A SELECT classical School for young ladies and gentlemen. Second Session will commence Sep. 2nd 1867. All Branches embraced in the curriculum of an Academy taught. Tuition—\$100 PER QUARTER. N. B. Vocal Music, Book Keeping &c., without extra charge. C. V. WILSON, Principal, Aug. 9—1f.