

VILLAGE RECORD. WAYNESBORO Friday, August 9 1867.

KENTUCKY.—The State election was held in Kentucky on Monday last. The adherents of Jeff. Davis and "A. J." are reported to have carried the State by from 45,000 to 60,000 majority. Their candidate for Governor was Helm.

TENNESSEE ELECTION.—It will be seen by reference to a dispatch in another column that the election in Tennessee has resulted in favor of the indomitable Brownlow by a handsome majority, estimated by himself at 40,000. On Saturday night last the Radicals celebrated the victory at Knoxville, the Gov. and Horace Maynard making speeches.

In the Convention at Annapolis the other day, the article in the elective franchise was finally adopted. One of the distinguishing features of this article is the fact that thousands of the soldiers of the late Rebel army, who are disfranchised by the laws of Congress in the States lately in rebellion, are allowed to vote in Maryland, while gallant men who fought in defense of the Government, and responded to the nation's call for help in its hour of need, are deprived of the ballot on account of the color of their skin. The thousands of paroled ex-Rebel soldiers now in Maryland are, of course, made voters on the adoption of the proposed Constitution.

Mr. Stanton has been requested to resign his portfolio of Secretary of War by President Johnson. A dispatch from Washington—says the Baltimore American—states that "there is now no doubt of the fact that the President has formally requested Mr. Stanton to resign his position." The despatch then goes on to state that "the friends of the President assert that he has taken this course in order to secure a unity of political views in the Cabinet." Congress, in the Tenure Office law, placed it out of Mr. Johnson's power to remove Mr. Stanton, but we presume he will now comply with his wishes and gratify every enemy of the country by retiring from the post he has so worthily filled since his appointment by President Lincoln. No one man contributed more by his energy and untiring industry to the suppression of the rebellion than Mr. Stanton, and his services in this direction will ever be gratefully remembered by the American people. Since the defection of President, Mr. Stanton has been the only member of his Cabinet who has opposed his "policy," considerable bitterness of feeling has been, as a consequence, engendered between them. Their latest quarrel is said to have been concerning Gen. Sheridan, Mr. Stanton energetically protesting against his removal, an open rupture having ensued, and the Secretary of War threatening, it is said, to resign should Sheridan be displaced. Some interesting developments of political history may be expected upon Mr. Stanton's retirement. On this subject the New York Tribune of yesterday says that while "content to have Stanton where he is, it would be interesting to have him outside, that we might know just what he thinks and what he has been thinking for the last two years." Despite Grant's protests, we suppose Sheridan will be the next faithful officer removed as an "impediment" to the carrying out of the President's "policy," of turning over the Government to traitors.

The Baltimore American of Wednesday makes the gratifying announcement that the patriotic Secretary declines complying with A. J.'s request to withdraw from the Cabinet. The President in his note inviting Mr. Stanton to resign, based his action on the ground of public considerations of a high character. The able, faithful Secretary of War, no doubt sacrificing his private feeling in the matter for the public good, and the furtherance of what he conceives his duty to the country, replies that for similar reasons to those urged by the President, "public consideration of a high character," he will continue in the position of Secretary of War until the ensuing meeting of Congress. A meeting of the Cabinet was held yesterday, but Mr. Stanton did not attend. His action will raise a howl of indignation from the Copperhead press of the country, but he will be sustained by the great mass of the people, who believe that his services could not be dispensed with at this juncture without great danger.

A RIOT.—A disgraceful riot occurred at Centerville, Md. on Thursday last. Judge Bond of Baltimore, and Gen. Gregg, of the Freedman's Bureau, were there to address a meeting of colored people. The rebels led by the Sheriff interfered and endeavored to prevent the meeting, which was held however, both Judge Bond and Gen. Gregg making speeches. After the meeting was over and the crowd dispersed a couple of negroes were set upon by parties who cheered for Jeff Davis and roughly handled, one being shot through the ear. Failing to kill the darkeys they arrested and lodged them in jail. This is a specimen of free speech in Maryland, and only a type of that which was enjoyed in all the Southern States before the war. Northern copperheads ought to praise about "free speech."

DEAD.—Ex Governor David R. Porter of this State died at Harrisburg on Tuesday last.

SHERIDAN AND JOHNSON.—There is no man in the United States—says the Frederick Republican—whom Andrew Johnson hates more royally than he does Philip Henry Sheridan of Shenandoah and Appomattox fame, and there is no doubt that the intense admiration with which he is regarded by the American people, alone saves him from the wrathful vengeance of the Chief Executive. The boldness with which General Sheridan has handled the difficult question of reconstruction, and his promptitude in removing the obstruction which the President's mistaken policy had unhappily placed in his way, stamped him as a man no less qualified to bring order out of chaos, than to fight an army that is already marshalled upon the field of battle. The condition of things in General Sheridan's military department prior to his assignment to that command in contrast, with things as they exist there at the present time, affords convincing proof of the success of his administration, and of the necessity of maintaining a strict surveillance over Louisiana and Texas until both those States are thoroughly reconstructed. The removal of the rebel Throckmorton from the Governorship of Texas, and the appointment of a loyal man to fill the place, is sufficient to satisfy the administration at Washington that General Sheridan cannot be forced to yield his convictions of duty, through threats of displacement from his present command. The President has avowed his determination to retire this gallant officer to a less active field, and if not frightened from his purpose by the just indignation of the loyal sentiment of the country, will most assuredly carry it out. The people who elected Andrew Johnson, heartily and emphatically endorse General Sheridan and his patriotic course, and would regard the relief of that officer from his present command, as a flagrant disregard of that public sentiment for which Mr. Johnson has always manifested so much consideration. We would advise the President to more yield to the inevitable, and not endanger his further residence at the White House, by bearding a lion who fights but to conquer.

A recent letter from Thad. Stevens to a Radical friend in New York city states that a bill will be presented at the opening of the November Congressional session, for confiscating the property of all ex-slaveholders who dismiss freedmen for voting for the Republican ticket. Senator Wilson strongly favors this course, which will probably be adopted. The names of such ex rebels are to be collected by the military commanders for reference.

There seems to be a determination in Mexico to "punish traitors." Since the Republican forces have been successful, many of the prominent Generals of Maximilian have been shot. Others are incarcerated, awaiting trial, and their career will have a bloody termination. They say that rebellion has been the bane of the Republic, and that prosperity will never return until its seeds have been thoroughly eradicated. They say, in the language of Andrew Johnson, [meaning what they say.] 'Treason must be made odious.'

There were seventeen deaths in New Orleans last week from cholera and yellow fever. During the month of July 23,376 emigrants arrived at New York. Nearly one-half of the number remain in that State, while of the Western States Illinois receives the largest proportion.

The argument of counsel in the Surratt case was concluded by ex-Judge Pierpont on Tuesday. Judge Fisher delivered his charge to the jury and the case was submitted to them on Wednesday.

In Tennessee the 'Conservatives' continue discharging from employment the colored men who voted the Republican ticket last week. The Conservative press urge this treatment as a method of teaching the colored people who are their friends.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette says the wheat through Central Indiana is all harvested and nearly hauled in. The yield per acre never was better.

By order of Governor Geary a salute was fired at Harrisburg on Saturday, in honor of the victory in Tennessee.

Ten extensive oil wells were destroyed by fire at Petrolia, Pa., on Saturday night.

Tennessee Election. KNOXVILLE, Aug. 2.—Twelve counties in East Tennessee give Governor Brownlow thirteen thousand majority. The conservatives admit that with thirteen counties to hear from, the majority in East Tennessee will be increased to twenty thousand. The radical Congressmen are all elected as follows: 1. Judge R. R. Butler. 2. Horace Maynard. 3. Wm. B. Stokes. 4. James Mullins. 5. John Trimble. 6. Samuel M. Arnell. 7. Isaac B. Hawkins. 8. David A. Nunn. The Legislature just elected is also largely Radical, which secures the election of a Republican United States Senator in place of Patterson, Andy Johnson's son-in-law, who has also turned rebel. The Radical majority in Greene county, the home of the President, is 739, and in Greenview, celebrated as containing the tailor-shop, the Radical majority is ninety. This majority in the county is double the whole number of colored voters, and disfranchised citizens. In the mountain counties, where there are scarcely any colored voters or disfranchised citizens, the Radical majority is about the same as the Union majority in 1861. The Radicals are preparing for a grand celebration in honor of their victory. There will be a torchlight procession and general illumination to-morrow evening. Emerson Etheridge, the defeated candidate for Governor, is here, cursing the East Tennesseean.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RECEIVED.—We acknowledge the receipt of \$4.00 from John Loudorbaugh, Vinton, Iowa.

STOCK CATTLE.—A. E. Price, of this vicinity, advertises to-day at private sale 30 head of stock cattle.

LIVERY FOR SALE.—Mr. Richardson offers at public sale his Livery stock, horses, vehicles, etc. See advertisement.

SHORT DRESSES.—Some of the young ladies are adopting the style of short dresses. This is sensible, and we trust the reform will continue until the dirty "dragtail" style is entirely abandoned.

MORE RAIN.—Yesterday our section was favored with several delightful showers of rain, just in the nick of time for the early corn, which is eating finely and gives promise of a good yield.

A TRUE MERIDIAN LINE.—In accordance with a law passed by the Legislature at its last session, true meridian lines are to be established in each county of the State, and posts set up at the most eligible places.

ANOTHER MATCH GAME.—The First National Base Ball Club of this place have accepted a challenge from "The Printers' Nine" of Chambersburg, to play a Match Game here on Saturday afternoon next.

A destructive fire occurred in Shipensburg on Thursday night last, in which the carriage and coach establishment of Stouffer & Kenaga and the wagonmaker shop of Henry Stouffer were destroyed. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

THE WHEAT CROP.—Some of our farmers have commenced the work of threshing out their wheat. We hear the yield variously estimated, ranging from fifteen to 25 bushels per acre. The average yield in the county perhaps will reach twenty bushels to the acre, which will be largely in excess of last year's crop.

A CHANCE.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Mr. Lewis Elliot of Mt. Hope intends to quit business and offers his stock of goods for sale. This is a fine opportunity for some enterprising citizen wishing to engage in business. The situation is a good one.

SCHOOL.—C. V. Wilson, Principal of the "Waynesboro Normal Institute" gives notice in another column that the Second Session will commence on the 2d of September.—Prof. Wilson is an experienced teacher, and has heretofore given the public very general satisfaction. We ask a liberal patronage for him during the coming session.

IMPROVED FENCE.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Messrs. Adams & Hawker, of the Waynesboro Carriage Factory, have purchased the Right of this county for the sale of the Keystone Portable Field and Flood Fence. This is a late improvement in fence making, and will, we predict, be very generally introduced here and elsewhere.

MATCH GAME.—We stated last week that the "First National Base Ball Club" in this place had accepted a challenge from the "Kangaroo Club" of Greencastle. The game was played on Saturday afternoon last, the latter bearing off the palm. The Kangaroo had 80 runs and 27 outs; the First National 37 runs and 27 outs. The Club here having been but recently organized, the boys expect to do better in time.

PROFESSIONAL.—We direct special attention to the advertisement of Dr. Brown, of Chambersburg, in to-days paper, who has become quite celebrated for the cures he has performed by the treatment of diseases with oxygenized air. The doctor it will be seen makes a liberal offer to the sick who may feel disposed to test the efficacy of his treatment. He proposes to treat all diseases free of charge for one week, commencing on the 12th inst. We think the sick, especially those affected with pulmonary complaints should avail themselves of this liberal offer.

GO TO BUILD.—We observe that our enterprising friend, Mr. F. Fourthman, has removed the old log tenement on East Main Street, nearly opposite his drug store, and is preparing the foundation for a new brick building. The building just removed was one of the oldest and most "shabby" looking in that part of the town. A handsome one in its stead will contribute materially to the appearance of things in that quarter.

THE PICNIC.—As we go to press our town is all astir with preparations for the Good Templar's Pic Nic. Large numbers of persons are arriving from neighboring towns and the surrounding country. A pleasant time is anticipated in the grove to which they are repairing. The speakers, Rev. Mr. Weightman and D. Watson Rowe esq., of Greencastle, have arrived.

WEAGLY'S LIVERY.—Mr. F. Weagly of this place has recently much enlarged his Livery stock for the accommodation of those wanting good traveling horses and comfortable conveyances. We observe that he has added to his stock of vehicles a very handsome two-seated carriage—something new in this section—for the convenience of small pleasure parties. See advertisement in to-day's paper.

WORTH KNOWING.—Dr. Hall, of New York, who has done so much to popularize and simplify the laws of health, and guide society in the regulation of their bodily health says that almost universal condiment, pepper: Black pepper irritates and inflames the coating of the stomach. Red pepper does not; it excites but does not irritate. Consequently it should be used instead of black pepper. It was known to the Romans, and has been in use in the East Indies from time immemorial, as it corrects that fatulency which attends the large use of vegetable food. But to those with weak, languid stomachs, it is manifestly more healthy to use cayenne pepper at meals than any form of wine, brandy, or beer that can be named, because it stimulates without the reaction of sleeping or debility.

PUBLIC WANT.—The School buildings in this place are weather beaten and dilapidated, admitted to be entirely insufficient for school purposes.—As far back last winter it was announced in our paper upon what we considered good authority that the School Board had decided upon the erection of a suitable building. We must have been wrongly informed, or else the Board have reconsidered or indefinitely postponed the matter. A building of the kind seems to be a public necessity, but as far as we can learn there is not the least indications of any movement with that object in view.

CHURCH IMPROVEMENT.—The Presbyterian congregation held their last services in their time-honored church, on Sunday evening last. On Monday morning demolition commenced, and the old temple that linked us with the past will soon be leveled to the ground; to give rise to one more grand and imposing and more in consonance with the spirit of the age. But who amongst our old citizens, as he contemplates this change, is not carried back to the grand old times of Buchanan, Davy, Moore, Paxton, Emerson and Beatty, whose eloquence and learning were world wide.

With the present minister, Mr. Weightman, commences a new era—linking the past with the future. Through the courtesy of the Lutherans, the Presbyterians will worship in the Lutheran church until the completion of their edifice.—Greencastle Pilot.

It may not be generally known among our farmers that our State Legislature, some five years ago, passed a law providing, in effect, that any individual or corporation allowing Canada thistles to ripen on his or their premises shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars upon each complaint that is properly established; and any one who may fear the spread of the weed upon his premises from the land of a careless and thriftless neighbor may, after five days' notice, enter upon any land where it is found growing, cut it, and recover full cost for the labor and trouble.—This country is not greatly troubled with this vilest of all vile encumbrances upon a farm, a mortgage scarcely excepted, but it will not be amiss to know the law on the subject, for the time may come when it will become necessary to put it into practical effect.

NEWSPAPER SPUNGES.—A couple of weeks since we referred to the fact that certain persons were in the habit of borrowing the Record from their neighbors, and that some of them belonged to a class who had proscribed us on account of our opposition to rebels and their distasteful institution, slavery. We had no idea at the time, as we since learn, that the practice was so general.—This class have been too conscientious to patronize the Record; but all the while, it seems, not too mean to borrow it, and some of them doubtless have not the first time to steal it.

HOME NEWS.—On the subject of furnishing local items for the press, the editor of a New England paper makes the following remarks: "Almost every member of a community where a newspaper is established, can do much to make the local department what it should be by contributions of fresh items which may be gathered in each locality, and communicated with little trouble, and they who neglect this duty so useful to editors and so desirable to the public, are responsible, in part at least, for a meagre supply of domestic news in their journal."

We trust our friends in the country will heed these remarks, and send in the items. From present indications, the Antislavery National Cemetery Dedication promises to be one of the most interesting and imposing ceremonies that has been held since the day of Lincoln's celebrated speech at Gettysburg. Different military organizations throughout the country have signified their intention to be present to participate in paying the nation's last great tribute to her heroic and immortal dead.

A SUDDEN DEATH.—On Monday morning last, Mrs. Elizabeth Lawrence, granddaughter of the Founder of Hagerstown, and a well-known and highly esteemed lady, died very suddenly at her residence on West Washington St., at the advanced age of 82 years. She retired on the previous evening in her usual health, but was taken ill during the night, and expired in a few hours thereafter.—Herald.

In Carroll township, Ill., the other day, a daughter of Thos. Guthrie, while ironing accidentally stepped upon a Newfoundland dog lying under the table, when the animal seized the girl and tore her in a fearful manner. Help had to be called from the field and the brute killed, at the last accounts the young woman's life was despaired of.

FRESH LIME.—See advertisement of Aaron Funk.

DAVIS and the Vermont People. Jeff. Davis visited Stantead last week, and was the guest of Hon. T. Lee Terrill, Esq. He was brought from Sherbrooke, in a very quiet manner professedly to see the country and to consult in regard to an investment in the gold mines of Hatley. On Thursday, as we learn from the Newport (Vermont) Express, Mr. Terrill, in his best turnout took Davis about the village to ride, when several incidents transpired not altogether pleasing to either the host or his guest. Not only boys but men hooted at him in the street, and greeted him with those familiar words, "We'll hang Jeff Davis to a sour apple tree." He was frequently asked where he had left his "petticoat," and various like remarks, more suggestive than pleasing, every where fell upon his ear. One lady, stung by the recollection and death of a near relative at Andersonville, gave utterance of her feelings by hurling a stone at him. Permission was asked that Jeff might ride about the grounds of Carlos Pierce, Esq., and take a look at his noted herds, but the request was emphatically denied by Mr. Henry Pierce, in charge of the premises, who declared in unmistakable language that "in no event would Jeff Davis be admitted to those grounds."

"EXTERMINATION."—The Jackson Democrat, Mississippi, publishes, in the biggest type its limited printing office can supply, this alarming decree. "The Negroes must be exterminated! All the devil-begotten imps of darkness, whether black or brown, whether Negroes or Indians; whether Mongols or mulattoes, should at once be dismissed, and that forever, from the care, from the sight, and even from the thoughts of the Heaven born whites."

SUGAR from the black walnut tree, said to be better than maple, is being manufactured in large quantities in Ohio.

OTTAWA, Illinois, has a base-ball club, every member of which weighs over two hundred pounds.

SPECIAL NOTICES. SIGN OF THE RED HAT. 150 150 COMPETITION DEFIED. 150 150 Ladies Genuine KID GLOVES American Manufacture at 150 cents. During the last year we have sold large numbers of these Gloves in all sizes, and we are glad to say they are not surpassed by other Kid Gloves sold, to be had only at UPDEGRAFF'S Glove Factory, Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown. SIGN OF THE RED HAT.

10 15 30 COMPARISON INVITED. 10 15 20 STRAW HATS. A full assortment of new Spring Styles of STRAW HATS, Guyaquilla, Leghorns, Canton, Braids, Mackinaws, Malaga, Palm Leafs, &c. &c., from 10 cents up at UPDEGRAFF'S HAT FACTORY, Opposite the Washington House Hagerstown. SIGN OF THE RED HAT.

25 50 75 OPPOSITION COURTED. 25 50 75 CANES.—We have a new lot of Fine Imported Canes, Plain Bone Finished and Carved, Hickory, Reed, and Bamboo Canes from 25 cents up.—Those who want a staff of service, convenience, comfort, and Fashion should call at UPDEGRAFF'S Hat, Cane and Umbrella Store, Hagerstown. SIGN OF THE RED HAT.

1 2 3 PERPETUAL MOTION. 1 2 3 Ladies SUN UMBRELLAS, New Style PARASOLS, RAIN UMBRELLAS, &c. A complete stock at UPDEGRAFF'S Hat, Cane and Umbrella Store, Hagerstown.

THE ALTAR. On the 30th ult. by the Rev. P. S. Davis, Mr. BENJAMIN SHATZLER to Miss MARIA ANN MILLER, both of Washington township. In Gettysburg, on the 4th day of July last by the Rev. E. Bridgerbaugh. Mr. HARRY WADDLE, formerly of this vicinity, to Miss JENNY OVERHOLTZER, of Adams county.

THE TOMB. On the 30th of July, in Southampton township, Mr. GEORGE KYNER in the 90th year of his age. In this place, on Monday last, JOHN WALKER PRICE, infant son of Jacob and Malley Price, aged 2 months and 26 days. "Our little Johnny's gone To dwell beyond the sky, To wear a bright and fadeless crown Where pleasure cannot die."

I can fancy gazing on him, He has passed his night of sight, And that Heaven's own light upon him Waits to greet his angel eyes." On the 27th of July, near Middleburg, EVE aged 3 months and 13 days, and on the 28th ADAM aged 3 months and 14 days, children of Rev. Isaac and Susan Shank. Little travels Zionward, Each one entering into rest, In the kingdom of your Lord, In the mansions of the blest; There to welcome Jesus waits, Gives the crowns his followers win. Lift your heads ye golden gates, Let the little travelers in.

MARKETS. BALTIMORE, August 6.—BREADSTUFFS.—The market continues heavy and drooping. Prices as follows: Howard Street Super and Cnt Extra, \$9.50 @ 10.50 do do, Extra shipping \$11.00 @ 12.00 do do, Retailing, \$12.25 @ 12.75 do do, Family, \$13 @ 14. GRAIN.—WHEAT.—The market opened rather dull, and closed at prices 5 to 7 cents off for prime and choice grades, and about 10 to 15 cents for lower qualities. Sales as follows: White—150 bushels at 275 cents, 100 at 240 cts, 100 at 250 cts, 100 at 223 cents, 100 at 245 cents, 125 amp at 225 cts, 100 at 232 cts, Red—200 bushels at 250 cents, 200 at 250 cts, 200 at 253 cents, 200 at 250 cts, 300 at 250 cents, 300 at 253 cents, 300 at 240 cts, 100 at 245 cts, 2,000 at 243 cts, 620 at 240 cts, 200 at 245 cents, 1,065 at 240 cents, 200 at 220 cts, 100 at 215 cts, 185 at 235 cents. CORN.—The market is dull and prices have a declining tendency. Receipts 4,383 bushels white and 4,100 bushels yellow. Sales as follows:—White 400 bus. at 116 cts, 300 at 117 cts, 164 at 114 cts, 1,200 at 115 cts, 245 at 118 cts, 140 at 115 cts, Yellow—130 bushels at 113 cts, 100 at 114 cts, OATS.—The market opened rather

drooping, with sales of new at 71 to 78 cts, chiefly at 75 cts, a decline of 2 to 3 cts, Rye from 145 to 150.

DR. W. B. BROWN, (Formerly at 1220 Walnut Street, Philadelphia,) has located a permanent office in Chambersburg, Pa., for the purpose of treating all chronic diseases by inhalation of oxygenized air. This remedial agent is entirely different in composition and effects from all other systems of treatment for diseases peculiar to the human family. It would be impossible in this limited space to enter fully into the philosophy and great advantages to be derived by this method of treatment, but suffice it to say, that by this system the oxygen is breathed directly into the lungs by the ordinary act of breathing, and through them is carried into the blood. Thus, as soon as the blood will carry it, it reaches every part of the system, decomposing the impure matter in the blood, and expelling it through the pores of the skin and other channels of the body. The results from this mode of treatment are immediate. Patients do not have to experiment with it for months, to learn whether they are being benefited, and but few applications comparatively are necessary to effect a cure in any curable case.

The opinion which has so generally prevailed among all classes of people, that Consumption was incurable, has been put on trial, to know whether it was true or false. This opinion has been based upon an error in its treatment, and it has been fully demonstrated that Consumption and all its correlated maladies of the Nose, Throat, Air Passages and Lungs, could not be cured by the ordinary process, or treatment, hence came the opinion that Consumption was incurable. I wish it distinctly understood that I do not claim to cure every case of consumption, asthma, bronchitis, &c., which is presented for treatment, but I wish to impress the fact clearly that consumption can be cured by the inhalation of oxygen if taken in time. I state this on the authority of over 6,000 cases of confirmed consumption which have been cured within the last two years with this remedy.

Oxygenized Air is applicable to all diseases which have their origin in an impure condition of the blood. The remedy is prompt in its action, and patients do not have to experiment long to learn results. Its application is simple and easily understood. No harm can possibly result from its use in any case.

That all may have an opportunity of testing this great remedial agent, I will give treatment (on all desiring one week free of charge, commencing Monday, August 12th, 1867.

DR. W. B. BROWN, National Hotel, Chambersburg, Pa. Aug. 9.

PUBLIC SALE. The subscriber, intending to quit the Livery business, will sell without reserve, at Muller's Hotel, in Waynesboro, on Saturday the 17th inst., his entire stock, to wit: 6 HEAD OF HORSES, well adapted for riding or driving; 3 FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, 1 TROTTING BUGGY, all good as new; 1 handsome two-seated Open Wagon, nearly new; 1 TOP SPRING WAGON, 2 Sleighs, 2 Buggy Poles, 1 Trunk Rack, 6 feet Single Harness, 1 set Double Harness, 2 Riding Saddles, 4 Riding Bridles, 5 Leather Nets, 2 Bales. Also a lot of prime HAY AND OATS, and other articles not necessary to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day when a credit of six months will be given on all sums of \$10 and upwards.

JOHN RICHARDSON, G. V. MOSE, Auct. Aug. 9.

MT. HOPE STORE! A Chance for Bargains! The subscriber, intending to quit business, would inform the public that he is now selling Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware, and other goods usually kept in country stores, at regular city prices. It will also be his entire stock to any person wishing to engage in the business with a very liberal percentage off. For business there is perhaps no better country stand. Any person wishing to engage in merchandizing would do well to call and examine his stock and learn his terms. Post Office address Quincy, Frank Co. Pa. Aug. 9.—L. LEWIS ELLIOT.

LIVERY STABLE. The subscriber would inform his patrons and the public generally that he has recently largely increased his Livery stock, and is now prepared to accommodate those wishing to hire with either HORSES AND VEHICLES at the shortest notice, all hours. Persons desiring Horses or Buggies, for riding or driving, would do well to give him a call, as his stock has been selected with great care as regards gentleness and fast traveling. His vehicles are ALL NEW, fashionable, and ride easy, having been bought with a view to accommodate the public. Parties conveyed to any point desired, accompanied by a careful driver. Persons wishing Horses or Buggies, night or day, will please apply at his father's Saddle and Harness Shop, Main Street, 2 doors west of the "Bowden House," where an attentive Ostler will always be in attendance. FRANKLIN WEAGLEY, August 9.—L. F.

VALUABLE IMPROVEMENT! The subscribers would inform the public that they have purchased the Right of the Keystone Portable Field and Flood Fence, patented April 30, 1867, from whom Individual or Township Rights may be obtained at reasonable rates. This fence is recommended for strength and durability. It can be taken down and put under shelter and again taken out and put up with remarkable facility. It is believed to be the cheapest and most serviceable of all the portable fences yet offered to the public. ADAMS & HAWKER, August 9.—L. F.

NOTICE. BY CONSENT of the heirs of Jacob Whetzel deceased, I notify the creditors and debtors to make out their bills and present them to me for settlement by the 17th day of August, 1867. Aug. 9.—W. PETER ROUZER.

NORMAL INSTITUTE AT WAYNESBORO PA. A SELECT classical School for young ladies and gentlemen. Second Session will commence Sep. 2nd 1867. All Branches embraced in the curriculum of an Academy taught. Terms: \$3.00 PER QUARTER. N. B. Vocal Music, Book Keeping &c., without extra charge. C. V. WILSON, Principal, Aug. 9.—L. F.