VILLAGE RECORD.

WAYNESBORO'.

Friday, December 14, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

☞ The following are our terms for subscription advertising and job work, to which we will strictly adhere whilst the present "fair prices" continue:

SUBSCRIPTION,

Per Annum, if paid within the year,	$2.00
" " " after the year,	2.50

ADVERTISING,

Per Square of ten lines, three times,	$1.50
" " each subsequent insertion,	35
Administrator's and Executor's notices, 6w,	2.50

A liberal deduction made to yearly advertisers.

JOB WORK

Quarter-Sheet Hand-Bills, (25 to 30)	$2.00
Half " " " "	3.50
Whole " " " "	6.50

☞ For all job work and local advertising terms invariably cash.

W. BLAIR,
Editor and Proprietor.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—Our thanks are due Hon. Ed. McPherson, Clerk of the House of Representatives, for a copy of the President's Message in pamphlet form.

☞ It is intimated in Washington that Secretary Seward will soon retire from the State Department, and that Reverdy Johnson will succeed him.

☞ The Government is determined that John H. Surratt shall not escape again, and in order to avoid risks of land transportation, Admiral Goldsborough, commanding the Pacific Squadron, has been ordered by telegraph, per Atlantic cable, to despatch a gunboat at once to Alexandria, Egypt, to bring him direct to Washington.

On Thursday, in Senate, several important bills and resolutions were brought up, and after some remarks, were referred to their appropriate committees. Notice was given that early this week a resolution would be called up providing for the disbandment, of the existing militia organization in the late Rebel States, and to prevent the organization of any more. A resolution was adopted in the House appointing a committee to investigate the New Orleans Massacre, and also the murder of Union soldiers in South Carolina.

JEFF. DAVIS.—There is the best authority for saying, says a Washington despatch, that the President has positively determined not to interfere in the case of Jefferson Davis by ordering his release on parole, but that he will remain where he is until arrangements can be made for his trial, some time during the ensuing spring.

FINANCIAL BREAKERS.—We have heard roaring all around us for some time, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, the dreadful sounds of those financial breakers which must sooner or later dash over the country, to the infinite injury of its industrial energy, to the ruin of honest people, and to the misery of the masses. The Secretary of the Treasury plainly informs the public that there is danger ahead. He remarks that "the speculative interest, large and powerful in itself, is receiving daily new accessions of strength by the increase of individual credits, and when speculators and debtors control the financial policy of the country, a financial collapse is inevitable." Here is the naked truth. *The speculative spirit of a combination of money greeds is rushing the country to ruin.* And how is this combination able to maintain itself? How are a few commercial "rings" able to control the markets of the country, made powerful to direct the prices of the producer and wrench just such sums of money as they may desire from the consumer?—Immense capitol is required to conduct such transactions. No one man, or a dozen men, in legitimate business, are able to bring to bear the capital necessary for such speculations. Where, then, we ask, does it come from? We answer, *from the National Banks.* The speculators who are now inflating the markets—who are grinding the faces of the poor—who are preparing incalculable deluges of misery for the laboring masses—who are daily adding to the burdens of the taxpayers, these "bold, bad men" are furnished with the means to carry on their speculations by the National Banks of the country. Where is the proof of this assertion? is asked by the reader. We do not assert that all of these banks are lending their resources for speculative operations, but we point to the advertised rates of dividends as published by the great majority of these institutions as proof of what we assert. Semi-annual dividends of nine or twelve per cent. do not look as if the business was a legitimate or entirely just one—and it is fair to infer that when such immense returns are received there is a proportionate risk, a reckless dealing with reckless men, who, for the use of money in schemes of wild speculation, are ready to pay any rates of discount. But supposing that we are wrong in our inferences, then we can still assert that it is unfair to let a few men reap these immense profits in the shape of dividends. Why not let the Government make these dividends?—What the national banks are now doing to enable them to declare such dividends, could be done as well by the Government, so that the profit now divided among a few stockholders, could be devoted to extinguishing the principal of the national debt. Sure it is, that a screw is loose somewhere in the financial machinery of the country. The official who directs the finances of the Government plainly tells us that there is ruin ahead. He should be able to inform the country correctly. And when the ruin does come we will only have the speculators to blame. It will not be the fault of the laboring men and the mechanics. It will not be due to the extravagance of the masses.—But the blame will belong to those who now have more than enough, yet who are anxious to absorb in themselves the wealth of the country.

☞ The following from a late number of the Richmond Va, *Express* will serve to show how Johnson's reconstruction policy operates among the traitors of the Old Dominion:—

"The United States Government commenced its actual existence in 1783, and it was extinguished in 1861."

"The above 'extract' from unwritten, but inevitable history, furnishes us with a text for one brief article.

"We do not know, nor do we care, into what dangers we plunge when we declare, that as the result of all the reflections we have made, we have arrived at the conclusion that the United States Government is the most stupendous and unprincipled humbug on the globe. Had the confederate government lived, there would have been one respectable government on the western hemisphere. It does not live. The consequence of its non-existence is simply the non-existence of the material and substantial part of the old Government of the United States. The greenbacks of the present concern are absolutely and unequivocally worthless. The United States Government is to-day bankrupt. It cannot redeem one-tenth of its obligations, and it never will. It is proper for us to appreciate our circumstances. We may for years believe we have a Government. But the harsh arbitrament of truth will soon convince the most abject Unionist amongst us that we live not only under an unstable government, but that it was a pity that the government of Jefferson Davis did not succeed. Mexico is far better off to-day then are the United States.—This severe, but true conclusion, leaves every citizen but one resort, and that is to make a country for himself *at home.* And since no republic can exist in peace, and no kingdom can live without war, it is best for all to seek seclusion in labor, to put no trust either in presidents or princes, and believe in God, and labor for life and peace on earth hereafter."

GENERAL SYNOD OF THE GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH.—The whole of Wednesday (as we learn from the *Dayton Journal*) was occupied in the debate upon the Liturgical question. Dr. Gerhart, of Lancaster, favored the adoption of the new Liturgy, and Dr. Bomberger, of Philadelphia, opposed it.

In the course of his remarks, Dr. Bomberger said: "Myself and many others hate the new Liturgy, as one antagonistic to the faith of the Church, and as containing the seeds of dangerous heresy. This is the judgment of a number of my brethren who have examined the book. The Synod as the guardian of the churches would not endanger their security. Where shall we go for a form of worship but to God's own word?—Nothing in conflict with that word is of binding force."

The speaker argued against the dissemination of the Liturgy, as injurious to the prosperity of the church, and as containing insidious error. He believed there was a serpent in it. The Sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered according to the forms of the revised Liturgy, in this house last Sunday. The speaker asserted that it was painful and distasteful to him, and he would gladly have escaped from the house, if he had been able to do so unobserved. The introduction of the Liturgy would divide the Churches. His own Church would not submit to it. There was scarce a Church in Philadelphia in which it could be introduced without producing dissatisfaction and division. He again exhorted the Synod to refuse assent to the dissemination of the Liturgy, until all were satisfied after a careful examination, that it contained nothing which would lead to pernicious consequences.

"RECONSTRUCTION!"—Reconstruction is progressing *finely* in South Carolina. An agent of the Internal Revenue has recently been murdered. The assassins gave themselves up; but there is little probability that they will be put to any inconvenience. It is no crime for a high toned Southerner to kill a Yankee.

The Fort Smith (Ark) *New Era* states that of a company of Union soldiers enlisted in the southwestern part of that State, and discharged from the Union army a little more than a year ago, six men have been murdered since their return to their homes. It is thus that the rebels of that region inaugurate peace. They massacre in detail the army that conquered and paroled them.

A CHANGE.—It is announced that the "Johnson Club" of Washington, composed of bread-and butter gentry of the Departments have resolved to change the object of their organization from that of politics to the promotion of the cause of temperance. This is certainly commendable, and if the Departmental clerks at Washington can win Andrew Johnson to temperate habits, they will be doing him and the country, whose pay they are receiving, more good than if they had won a hundred political victories for *my policy.*

☞ The President of the United States communicated to the House on Monday the correspondence on the subject of the arrest of John H. Surratt. It is very voluminous, and relieves Mr. Seward of the imputation that he had neglected to use proper efforts to secure the arrest of the fugitive.

☞ The intimate friends of the President assert that he will send the names of his appointees before the Senate for confirmation, at an early day, and will continue removing office holders, as though Congress was not in session.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.—A post of the Grand Army of the Republic was organized in Getteraburg on the evening of the 24th ult., and the following officers elected:

Post Commander—Lieut. H. C. Grossman.
Ass't Post Command'r—Capt. A. M. Hunter.
Post Adjutant—Private J. M. Krauth.
Post Q M.—Lieut. Wm. F. Baker.
Post Surgeon—Surgeon Jas. Cress.
Post Chaplain—Lieut. J. H. Wert.

☞ The New York *Herald* has at last been converted to the position which Mr. Stevens took more than two years ago, that three-fourths of the loyal States are sufficient for the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment. The Rebel States lost all their rights in the Union when they seceded. They cannot expect to have a controlling voice in the reconstruction of the Government.

The County Superintendents, in their convention at Harrisburg, recommended the adoption of a law fixing six months, instead of four, as the minimum term in the common schools of Pennsylvania; and, also, that the school directors should be authorized to purchase school books and apparatus at the expense of their respective districts.

☞ The Montreal *Herald* publishes some important statements from the party who gave information in relation to the whereabouts of John H. Surratt and led to his arrest by our Government. He says that Surratt talked freely of the conspiracy to murder President Lincoln, and said that it was planned at Richmond with the assent of Jefferson Davis.

☞ The Senate bill to regulate the elective franchise in the District of Columbia will be taken up on Monday. There is no doubt of its passage at an early day. It provides for suffrage without distinction of color, and an amendment is pending looking to the disfranchisement of those who aided the rebellion.

☞ The great suspension bridge at Cincinnati was opened to foot passengers on Saturday, and about 50,000 persons crossed it.

☞ A special agent of the Treasury Department has been sent to New York to investigate the liquor frauds in that city and Brooklyn. Friday he caused the seizure of over fifty distilleries.

Telegraph Extension.

PITTSBURG, December 10.—The "Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company of the United States" have completed their lines from Pittsburg to Baltimore, and open to the public this (Monday) morning, thus making an independent line from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington to Pittsburg and the oil region.

This line is being rapidly extended to all important points in the West, connecting at Cincinnati with the Southern Telegraph Company's lines now being built from the latter place, and St. Louis to New Orleans.
A. J. BALDWIN, General Superintendent.

ANTIETAM CEMETERY.—We copy the following interesting item from the Hagerstown *Herald and Torch.* The work of removing the remains of the loyal dead, scattered around the Antietam battlefield, to the Cemetery, still continues. A few days ago, another photograph likeness was discovered with a body, the likeness of a beautiful woman; and another was found, enclosing the name, &c, of the soldier, with which it was buried. The burial corps has met with assistance and kindness from the persons residing in the neighborhood, on whose properties the bodies were burried, with but two exceptions. One person contended that there were none buried on his place; but the guides, and those who where present at the battle, knew better, and a large number of bodies were dug up in his garden. He had cultivated his cabbage over the shallow graves of the slain, and stoutly contended that there were none there? Another treated the members of the corps rather roughly, and asserted that none were buried on his farm. But the contrary fact was known, and a number of bodies were taken up from beneath a *farm road* that he had made over the loyal dead? Comment in these cases is unnecessary.

A bill has been presented in the Alabama Legislature to alter the constitution of the State so as to admit of conditional negro suffrage. The conditions are that the voter shall possess property to the amount of $200, and shall be able to read the constitution of the State and of the United States, and write a legible hand. The conditions also to hold good in the case of white men.

The foreign mails bring full accounts of the shower of meteors observed in England and Scotland on the morning of the 14th ult The display was magnificent, especially in London, where the sky was covered with flashing meteors in such numbers as almost to defy computation.

On Saturday two checks given by cadets at West Point in 1861, previous to the war, who subsequently joined the rebels, were presented at the Treasury for payment, but the Secretary of War refused payment.

A calico ball was given in Petersburg, Va., on Thursday evening, which was attended by the "first families" of the city. The ladies all appeared in calico dresses and white aprons, which were subsequently given to the poor.

A stocking factory in Louisville is supplied with knitting-machines making the same stich as by hand, that turn out such a pair of stockings in four minutes.

The lower branch of the Florida Legislature, following the example of other rebel bodies, has unanimously rejected the constitutional amendment.

A gentleman lost $20,000 in a barber shop in Louisiana; a boy found it, returned it, and was rewarded.

LOCAL MATTERS.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.—See advertisement of Mrs. Hollingsworth.

HONEY—A prime article at the grocery of Hostetter, Reid & Co.

FOR SALE.—We direct attention to the valuable town property advertised for sale in another column by Mr. John Fisher.

COMMISSIONED.—Mr. Welsh has received his commission as Post Master of this place. The office will be removed shortly we presume.

PRICES.—The price of produce and meats are still on the decline. The latter are likely to range here as follows:—Pork 8 cents, Beef 9 and 10.

PAY UP.—We have a pretty heavy payment to make to our "paper man" in a couple of weeks, and will be under special obligations to as many of our patrons as will settle their accounts during next week.

☞ JOSIAH KING's indebtedness to this office for subscription is $13 50. Has Josiah entirely forgotten the Printer, or is he too poor to pay. If the latter, a five dollar bill will secure him a receipt in full.

AN APOLOGY.—An apology is due Mr. JACOB FINFROCK from us, whom we announced in our last issue as being in arrears for subscription to the amount of $5. Mr. F. has since canceled his account and given us evidence otherwise of being an honest young man.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—Messrs. Lidy & Dickel have received a large assortment of toys, candies, groceries, &c. &c. for the Holidays. Their advertisement will appear next week. In the meantime call and see their stock.

BUTTER.—Now is the best time to pack butter for Winter use. See that the jars or tubs are thoroughly cleansed. A spoonful of clean, white sugar to the pound of butter, put in at the last working, will improve the quality even of good butter.

ELECTION OF PASTOR.—The Lutheran congregation of Hagerstown have elected the Rev. A. Buhrman, of this place, to preside over that charge. The congregations here would no doubt be loathe to part with their good Pastor, who has not yet, we believe, signified his acceptance of the call.

ACCIDENT.—Christian Frantz, son of Mr. Abrm. Frantz, of this vicinity, in a playful wrestle with a school-mate in Greencastle, on Saturday a week, had his leg fractured below the knee. Dr. Grub set the limb and the patient was doing well.

APPOINTED.—Mr. S. P. Harbaugh, of Chambersburg, has received the appointment of Whiskey Inspector, at Unger's Distillery, near Mercersburg. Simon is a clever fellow, and withal, a good judge of whiskey.

LADIES' FAIR.—The Ladies connected with the Presbyterian Church propose holding a Fair in this place, which will be opened on Christmas Eve, the 24th. The proceeds we understand are to be applied towards furnishing the new Church. Fancy and useful articles will be thankfully received by the Committee.

ADVERTISING.—Persons having real or personal property to dispose of should remember that the circulation of the *Record* in Washington and Quincy townships is more general than that of any other paper published in the county, and that our advertising rates are about one-third less.

☞ The last *Valley Spirit*, in a scurrilous article upon our patriotic Congress, adverting to the surrender of the Rebel Lee, adds: "The Mongrels fancied, when Lee surrendered, that their long anticipated revolution was successful, but at the very moment they were drinking their success, *God dashed the cup from their hands. Lincoln fell!*"

So A. J., according to the *Spirit's* reasoning, owes his present position to a decree of the Most High. This perhaps accounts for his temperance principles and the fruits of his late labors in "swinging around the circle." No wonder certain "conservatives" North have talked of a monument to the memory of J. Wilkes Booth. We doubt not the *Spirit* man would contribute his "mite."

COLD.—The weather since Monday last has been very cold. Winter seems to have set in thus early in earnest, which doubtless finds many illy prepared for the sudden and trying change. Those upon whom fortune has shed her smiles during the year so soon to close, should not forget to enquire as to the condition of the unfortunate, the widow and the orphan especially. Out of your abundance, reader, let their wants be supplied. If the investment does not yield you a good interest in time it will in eternity.

BARN BURNED.—The barn belonging to the Hon Frederick Watts, on his farm, near Carlisle, was consumed by fire on Sunday night last, together with six horses, a number of cattle, and all the contents of the building. The work of an incendiary.

☞ A revival of religion is in progress in the M. E. Church in Loudon. Between thirty and forty have professed conversion.

John Shultz, aged 117, is the oldest Methodist alive.

A GIPSY SWINDLE.—We have just heard the particulars of a swindling operation, by which a respectable farmer of this neighborhood, Mr. Daniel Snowberger, was mulcted in the sum of nearly five hundred dollars.—It appears a stranger, supposed to be a gipsy, made his appearance at Mr. Snowberger's house some ten months since, and as is customary with such strolling vagabonds claiming to be doctors, professed to cure all diseases to which flesh is heir. Mrs. S it seems had long been afflicted with rheumatism. He finally succeeded in getting the parties to believe that he could perform a permanent cure in her case in the following novel manner. They were to produce all the treasure about their house and place it on the table before him. He would then select a certain passage of scripture upon which they were to meditate whilst he arranged the money in nine bags or packages, seated with their backs towards him, the children to be first removed from the room, with all of which they complied. The bags or packages thus arranged they were required to look them up and not open them for nine months, in which time the cure was to be a permanent one.—The nine months terminated a few weeks since when Mr. S. opened the bags and found them to contain gravel instead of his treasure, nearly five hundred dollars, mostly in gold and silver. These facts were obtained from Mr. Snowberger himself. They should prove a warning to the incredulous and superstitious in the future.

SUDDEN DEATH.—About five o'clock on Sabbath evening, Mr. George L. Zeigler, was found lying dead in the garden of Mr. William Logan. The deceased had been suffering from heart disease, and his sudden demise was not unexpected. Mr. Zeigler had been for a number of years employed in the Register's Office as a Copying Clerk, and was known to our community by his integrity of character, genial nature and social ability. In 1847 he represented our county in the State Legislature.—*Hag. Herald.*

☞ The ladies of the M. E. Church of Greencastle intend holding a fair, in aid of the erection of a new church edifice in that place. It will commence on the 22d inst.

☞ The ladies of Mercersburg intend holding a Festival and Fair during the holidays for the benefit of the Presbyterian Sabbath School of that place.

There are now in operation 1,647 National banks, having an aggregate paid in capital of 418 millions, which is owned by 200,000 stockholders. All State banking systems have been suspended and the entire control of the currency of the country is placed in the hands of the Federal Government.

Mrs Ward, of Utica, N. Y., jumped from her carriage, the horses being, as she thought about to run away; her hoops caught on the springs of the vehicle; she was dragged a mile and a half over a stone road and killed.

Advices received at St. Louis from Montana Territory report that the Indians are committing bloody work. An usual, however, it is probable that these stories of Indians outrages are greatly exaggerated.

A Washington despatch announces that the Senate will pass, by a two-thirds vote, bills for the admission of Colorado and Nebraska into the Union.

There is a street in New York city where the tenants of every house on both sides of the street have applied for licenses to sell liquor.

Robert W. Dinsmore, a wealthy farmer of Washington, Penna., was brutally murdered Tuesday night in his own house.

Gov. Pierpont in his message to the Virginia Legislature, recommends the adoption of the Constitutional amendment.

A Norwich (Conn.) clergyman says there isn't a quart of pure spirits of any kind in that city, and will pay $10,000 if there is. He ought to know.

A man in Toledo, Ohio, who had the small-pox, was denied admittance to any house, and died in a buggy, under a shed.

Jeff Thompson is treasurer of a gift enterprise for the benefit of disabled rebel soldiers.

Mrs. Bloomer is no longer a Bloomer.—She wears her clothes now just like other women.

A man in Denver City bet fifty dollars against a coffin that he would die before Christmas.

Reading, Pa., is to have a post of the Grand Army of the Republic.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
Dec. 14—3m.] No. 13 Chambers st, N. Y.

Itch! Itch! Itch!
SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!
WHEATON'S OINTMENT
Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. June 8—1y.

☞ GLOVE MANUFACTORY!

GLOVE MANUFACTORY!! UPDEGRAFF'S keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order GLOVES of all descriptions, they have all sizes and colors of Kid Gloves, Buck, Goat, Sheep, Cloth, Woolen and Cotton Gloves.
GLOVE FACTORY,
Opposite Washington House.
Hagerstown, November 2, 1866.

☞ LADIES FURS! LADIES FURS!
LADIES FURS!

Comprising CAPES, COLLARS, BERTHAS, CUFFS, MUFFS, HOODS, FUR TRIMMINGS &c., &c., a complete Stock, embracing all the styles popular to the trade, are now ready for inspection and sale at UPDEGRAFF'S
Hat, Fur and Glove Factory,
Opposite Washington House.
N. B—FURS cleansed altered and repaired.
Hagerstown, November 2, 1866.

☞ FALL AND WINTER STYLE OF HATS AND CAPS FOR 1866.

We have now ready our Full Stock of HATS and CAPS, embracing all the styles, Shapes, Colors, &c., popular to the trade for Men and Boy's.—CANES, UMBRELLAS, POCKET BOOKS, PORT MONIES, FLAGS, &c., &c., at
UPDEGRAFF'S
Hat, Fur and Glove Manufactory.
Hagerstown, November 2, 1866.

☞ WINTER OF 1866—BUFFALO ROBES, FUR GLOVES, FUR COLLARS, Buggy and Sleigh Blankets, at UPDEGRAFF'S Hat, Glove and Fur Factory. Opposite Washington House.
Hagerstown, November 2, 1866.

THE ALTAR.

On the 4th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev F. A. Gast, Mr. JOHN R. ROBINSON, to Miss MARY T. MILEY, all of Franklin county.

On the 12 inst., at the residence of Mr. Benjamin Stewart, by the Rev. D. F. Good, Mr. SAMUEL D. MARTIN, of Williamsport, Md., to Miss SUE E. PRICE, of this vicinity.

THE TOMB.

On the 28th ult., in Greencastle, Mrs. ELIZABETH, wife of Mr. George Eby, aged 47 years, 9 months and 27 days.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKETS—Dec. 11, 1866.—The arrivals and sales of Beef Cattle were large this week, reaching about 2400 head. The market was moderately active, and prices were rather firmer, extra Pennsylvania and Western steers selling at from 15½@16c; a few choice at 16½c; fair to good at 13@14c, and common at from 10@12c ℔ lb, as to quality. The market closed rather dull within the above range of prices. Sheep were in fair demand at former rates. Cows were dull at the late decline. Hogs were also dull and lower.

Cows were dull at the late decline; 240 head sold at prices ranging from $40@65 for Springers, and $50@85 per head for Cow and Calf.

Hogs were also dull and lower, about 5,000 head arrived and sold at the Union and Avenue Drove Yards, at from $8@9, and a few extra at $9.25 the 100 lbs nets.

PHILADELPHIA.—Dec. 11.—The Flour market has again been characterized by extreme dullness, but prices remain without quotable change. There was no demand, except from the home consumers, who purchased only enough to supply their actual wants Sales of a few hundred barrels at $8@8.50 ℔ bbl for superfine, $9@10.50 for extras, $11@12.25 for Northwest extra family, $12@13.25 for Penna. and Ohio do. do., and $14.50@15.50 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at $7.25 ℔ bbl. Nothing doing in Corn Meal, and prices are nominal.

The receipts of Wheat continue small and the stocks light, but they are fully ample for the demand. Sales of 1,200 bushels Penna. Red at $2 88 and 500 bushels Southern do at $3.17. White ranges from $3.20 to $3.30; 1,000 bushels old Western Rye sold at $1.34, and 600 bushels Penna at $1 32½.—Corn comes forward slowly and is in fair demand, with sales of old Yellow at $1 12@1 17; 4,500 bushels new do at 98c@$1; and 1,800 bushels White at 97c@$1. Oats are scarce and dull. Sales were affected at 57c. No transactions were reported in either Barley or Malt.

ROBES! ROBES!

THE subscribers are now receiving at their Store a fine assortment of Buffalo Robes, which they are prepared to sell at reduced prices.
Dec. 14—tf GEISER & RINEHART.

Wagon for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a 4-inch tread WAGON, suitable for road or farm purposes, with Bed, Bows, Cover and Trough. Terms reasonable and a credit of three months given.
Dec. 14—4t GEO. DENTLER.

STRAY HOG.

STRAYED from the premises of the subscriber about the first of November a Black and White Spotted Boar, with tip off the right ear. The owner will pay a liberal reward for such information as will lead to his recovery.
Dec. 14—3t. JOHN W. GOOD.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

FOR SALE!

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale on *Saturday the 5th day of January.* 1867, his House and Lot of Ground, situated on Main Street, Waynesboro'. The improvements are a two-story

FRAME HOUSE

and Back Building, with good Cellar and Cave under the house, good Cistern at the door, and a FRAME STABLE large enough for 2 horses and 1 cow, Carriage Shed, Wood House, Hog Pen, &c., on the lot; also a choice selection of fruit trees, grape vines, shrubbery, &c. This is a desirable property being situated in the most pleasant part of the town. ☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on said day when the terms will be made known by
JOHN FISHER.
Dec. 14—ts G. V. MONO, Auct.

HOUSE AND LOT

FOR SALE!

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale his House and Lot of Ground, situated in the Borough of Waynesboro', on the old Hagerstown Road. The improvements are a one-story

LOG HOUSE,

Log Stable, good Cistern, &c. There is also on the lot a choice selection of fruit trees. For further particulars apply to the subscriber.
HENRIETTA HOLLINGSWORTH.
Dec. 14—4t

$1.500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machine, sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements* and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment.*—Circulars *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Illinois.
Dec. 22—1y