VILLAGE RECORD.

WAYNESBORO'.

Friday, May 11, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

☞The following are our terms for subscription advertising and job work, to which we will strictly adhere whilst the present "war prices" continue:

SUBSCRIPTION,

Per Annum, if paid within the year,	$2.00
" " " after the year,	2.50

ADVERTISING,

Per Square of ten lines, three times,	$1.50
" " each subsequent insertion,	35
administrator's and Executor's notices, 6w,	2.50

a liberal deduction made to yearly advertisers.

JOB WORK

Quarter-Sheet Hand-Bills, (25 to 30)	$2.00
Half " " " "	3.50
Whole " " " "	6.50

☞For all job work and local advertising terms invariably cash.

W. BLAIR,
Editor and Proprietor.

☞The confession of Probst, the inhuman wretch who murdered the Dearing family, will be found in another column.

☞Mrs. Mary Housman, under arrest at Cookstown, Pa., for the murder of her husband, whose body she threw into the river, has made a confession.

☞A new counterfeit on the latest issue of fifty cent fractional currency, bearing the vignette of Gen. Spinner, United States Treasurer, has made its appearance. It is badly executed, the ink pale, and the general appearance indifferent.

☞The reconstructed citizens of Memphis are amusing themselves by pulling down the dwellings and school houses of the colored people of Memphis, and making bonfires of them. Thirty dwellings and all the school houses were destroyed in this manner on Wednesday, and ten colored persons were murdered. The colored people nearly all fled to the woods.

TRIAL OF JEFF. DAVIS.—It has been decided, says a late despatch, to try Jeff Davis in a civil court in the State of Virginia, most probably in the judical district of Norfolk. Since the Government has decided to bring him at once to trial on the charge of treason, preparations to that end have been in progress. It is understood that Chief Justice Chase will preside over the court, and that Attorey General Speed will prosecute. The leading counsel for Davis are Charles O'Conor and Mr. Shea, of New York.

EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY.—A Washington despatch of the 6th inst. says, "You have been informed of the extension of the Executive clemency in the case of FRANK GURLEY, late a member of the confederate fraternity, who during the rebellion murdered in cold blood Major Gen. EDWIN MCCOOK, near Murfreesboro, Tenn., while he was a disabled prisoner in his hands. Gen. McCook was a brave officer of the national army—Gurley, the recipient of the President's courtesy, was a notorious guerilla, and too great a coward to face Northern steel or Northern bullets, and waylaid, like the common assassin, his victim. He is a true type of those who have been receiving from day to day the pardons of the "second Jackson."

Recently, five desperadoes, found guilty by a general court-martial on the charge of murdering United States soldiers in Charleston, S. C., and sentenced to be hanged, having secured the influence of prominent reconstructionists, in order to save them from justice, their sentences have been remitted by order of the President, and they are permitted to roam at large, notwithstanding the protestations of Union men.

ADMISSION OF COLORADO.—The Thirty-seventh State was added to the Union by the passage of the bill for the admission of Colorado. Some of the parties who opposed it have started a rumor that the President will veto the bill, but many of its friends have no such apprehension, as the President early in the session, in a special message, submitted the question of its admission to Congress for the reason that the irregularity as to the time and mode of adopting the Constitution prevented him from issuing a proclamation immediately, declaring Colorado a State in the Union as contemplated by the terms of the Enabling act. Messrs Evans and Chaffee, the Senators elect, are in Washington.

STATE BANKS.—After June 1st, all State Bank notes will be refused in payment of debt at the counters of the different National Banks, or for deposits; except at such a discount as will enable them to return the notes to their respective banks, and receive national currency in exchange. This is done in consequence of the high tax that Government levies on all State circulation that is out after that time. Our readers should be careful not to receive too many of these notes, otherwise they will lose by their deprecation. We hope the time will soon come when these notes will be entirly out of circulation.

ANOTHER REVOLUTIONER GONE.—Wm. Hutchings, the last surviving revolutionary soldier in the State of Maine, and the last but two or three in the Union, died last week in Penobscot, Hancock county, aged one hundred and two years.

Hon. Cave Johnson, formerly Postmaster General, was recently elected to the Tennessee State Senate, but that body has refused to allow him to take his seat on the ground that he was disloyal during the war.

"LET US ALONE!"—Four years ago, says an exchange, the traitors in arms to destroy the Government and blot out the National Union, were very anxious that the Federal authorities should "let them alone." LET US ALONE! cried Davis, Lee and the other cut-throats, and we will speedily put an end to the Yankees. Now, the same class of rascals, the same men in fact, are crying out to the *Radicals*, let us alone, don't trammel us with penalties, because it is not Constitutional to do so. LET US ALONE! say they, and we will soon control the Government we could not destroy. But it is not possible that the traitors will be let alone. We will do everything that lay in our power to prevent a Southern rebel's voice being heard in the halls of Congress, and those who have so manfully stood up to prevent their admission deserves the thanks of all true, loyal citizens of the United States, and their names will ever be remembered as the protectors of this Government in these trying times.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞Amberson, Benedict & Co., are now receiving their second supply of new goods.

LIME.—Joseph M. Hess has another supply of fresh lime on hand.

☞Messrs. Price & Hoeflich expect to receive their second supply of new goods in a few days.

CHICKENS.—Persons having chickens at large in the vicinity of our "truck patch" will act wisely by penning them up.

IN TOWN.—The man with the "hard cheek" has again been in town. He is still largely in arrears to this office.

GOOD TEMPLARS.—A Lodge of Good Templars has been organized at Smithburg, in Washington county.

FINISHED.—Farmers generally in this section have finished the work of planting corn and potatoes.

CHEESE.—We are under obligations to Messrs. Lidy & Dickel for a quantity of cheese of superior quality.

☞The Buena Vista property will be offered for sale in this place, and not on the premises, as stated last week.

"WAYNESBORO' HOTEL."—We direct public attention to the card of Mr. V. B. Gilbert, proprietor of this well-known public house, which will be found in another column.

PUBLIC SALE.—The valuable personal property of Dr. J. A. Royer will be sold at public sale on the 26th inst. See advertisement.

SUBSCRIBERS.—According to promise we will drop the names of a certain number of subscribers in arrears from our list after this issue. If our circumstances would afford it we would be pleased to continue the paper to at least some of this class.

GROCERIES, ETC.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that our enterprising young friends, Messrs. Lidy & Dickel are now in receipt of a stock of fresh groceries, confectionaries, fruits and other articles such as are usually kept in grocery and variety stores.

IMPORTANT ACT.—Soldiers of the war of 1812, or their widows, entitled to gratuity and annuity under a late act of the legislature are referred to the advertisement of J. Douglas, Esq., Claim Agent, in another column.

NITROUS OXIDE GAS.—On Monday we had an opportunity of testing Dr. T. D. French's mode of extracting teeth. We had a couple removed whilst under the influence of Nitrous Oxide Gas without the least pain or unpleasant after effects which usually follow the use of chloroform. We feel safe in recommending the use of this gas to all who may have similar operations to undergo.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Messrs. Stonehouse & Coon have remodeled the dwelling house on the South-east corner of the Diamond, formerly owned by Dr. Lechler, in which they purpose opening a dry goods store, having fitted up a handsome room upwards of fifty feet in depth. Mr Jerome Beaver is also extending his store room belonging to the "Washington Inn" property, which will also be upwards of fifty feet in depth.

THE LICENSE BILL.—At the last session of the Legislature a bill was reported in, and passed the House of Representatives, providing that hereafter licenses to restaurants and eating houses, shall not be granted by the county treasurer of any county, but such license, if granted, shall be issued from the court of quarter sessions of the several counties, on the same terms and under the same restrictions and regulations as are applied to inns and taverns. When this bill reached the Senate it was strenuously opposed by the interest involved and defeated. We see, however, that several of our cotemporaries indulge the statement that the bill passed both Houses, was signed by the Governor and is now a law. But such is not the fact. The measure was defeated as we have stated, and we make this explanation that our cotemporaries may correct their own misstatements.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

☞Messrs. Coon & Stonehouse will open their new stock of goods on Monday next.—Advertisement next week.

GRADUATED—At Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh.

W A Birchard, Warren, Ohio.
Barkley Cooper, St. Clairsville, Ohio.
John M Funk, Titusville, Pa.
J N McIntosh, Hammondsville, Ohio.
W J McKeever, Allegheny City, Pa.
Wm A Campbell, Cambridge, Ohio.
Robt. J Wilson, Pittsburgh.
Jas. T. Lambie, Tallyeavey, Pa.
W A Gilleland, Bakerstown, Pa.
Geo L Reis, New Castle, Pa.
J W Wallace, Poland Ohio.
W H Sellars, St. Thomas, Pa.
Geo M D Knox, Tiskilwa, Ill.
M J Collopy, Coshocton, Ohio.
Henry C Matthews, Pittsburgh.
D R McIntire, Allegheny Co, Pa.
Jas B Zahm, Ebensburg, Pa.
John Waldron, Parkersburg, West Virginia.
Wm Gallagher, Birmingham Pa.
M E Boysel, Tarlton, Ohio.
Benj Thomas, Birmingham, Pa.
O W Beaty, Steam Mill, Pa.
H N Kirkpatrick, Broadhead.
W S Bebout, Clark, Pa.
A S Bebout, Clark, Pa.
W C Cravin, California, Pa.
Thos J Myers, Philipsburg, Pa.
H A Warne, Monongahela City, Pa.
W J Barclay, Pomeroy, Ohio.
A Dienst, Girard, Ohio.
D W Payne, Bartlett, Ohio.
W H Stewart, Fairfield, Iowa.
Fred Fleming, Birmingham, Pa.
Jas Bradley, Monroeville, Pa.
Robt Galloway, Connelsville, Pa.
C C Lobingier, Braddock's Fields, Pa.
Thos Self, Racine, Ohio,
W R McCabe, Vancefort, Pa.
John W Wheeler, Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

All of whom passed the usual searching examinations of the College satisfactorily, and who will no doubt hereafter distinguish themselves by an honorable proficiency in business. Each graduate was awarded the beautiful Diploma of the College, as a credential of his proficiency, of his industry and of his exemplary deportment during his course of study.

ACCOUNTS.—Mr. Strickler, Register of this county, gives notice to parties interested that the following accounts have been filed in his office, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation, on Tuesday the 5th day of June next:

Acct. of John W. Coon, Adm'r of J. C. R. Eckman, late of this place, dec'd.

The second acct. of H. X. Stoner, guardian of A. Snively Bonebrake.

Second acct. of John W. Sollenberger, trustee of the heirs of Rachael Wingert, dec'd.

First acct. of John Heller, Adm'r of Michael Ploutz, late of Quincy township, dec'd.

SOCIAL ORCHESTRA.—A number of young men sometime since formed themselves into an association known as the "Social Orchestra." Unaided they have secured a number of first class instruments, and under the lead of Jer. Cooper, Jr., a young man of rare musical talent, have of late during the evening hours contributed much to the entertainment of our citizens, at least such as enjoy the "sweet concord of sounds." We understand those young men purpose giving a public entertainment shortly. They should be liberally patronized.

BOROUGH ELECTION.—At the recent Borough Election, the following individuals were elected without opposition:—Chief Burgess, J. R. Welsh. Councilmen, F Fourthman, Jacob Crouse, Samuel Rider, Geo. Morgan-thall, Daniel Formwalt. High Constable, C. C. Rhoyual.

We understand the Council have agreed to pay Mr. Rhoyusl a stipulated sum per month to act as Policeman as well as Constable. This will have the effect to preserve order among the boys upon our streets after nightfall.

CONFESSION OF PROBST.

Appalling account of the Butchery.

The Rev. Anthony M. Grundtner, the priest of St. Alphonsus Church and clerical attendant on Anton Probst, called upon Mayor McMichael on Monday morning, and stated that the prisoner had made a full confession of the murder of the Dearing family—This confession was made in the prison on Sunday afternoon, and as it was voluntary, without any threats having been made or inducements held out, and not simply as an act of religious penitence, as understood in the Catholic Church, the reverend gentleman said that he would have to make it known to the civil authorities, and through this source to the public.

The prisoner assented to this, and yesterday morning, as we learn, the keeper of the prison, the medical staff, and one or two other officials visited the cell, and the confession that was made to the priest was again recited by the convict. As soon as the revelation was thus announced the priest proceeded to the Mayor's office, where he made known the fact of the confession.

THE CONFESSION.

I came to Deering's last time on the 2d of March; I knew that Dearing kept money sometimes in the house; I calculated to rob him but not to kill him; I saw him count a good deal of money in the house a week before the murder; I was born in Enlingon, Baden; I came to this country in 1863, in the Columbus; I landed on Saturday, May 9th, and enlisted two hours afterwards in the 12th Cavalry; I stayed in Washington six or eight weeks, and then deserted and enlisted in the 41st Infantry, and went to Folly island; after some months we were ordered to Washington, when I deserted again and came to Philadelphia, and stopped at Buck's, (meaning a tavern), Carpenter street, near Broad; I stayed there a couple of times, and went to Chris. Norris's, who took me to West Chester; May 28, 1865, I was discharged at Richmond and came back and stayed fourteen days at Chris. Norris's; I then went to New York and Hoboken, where I worked three weeks on the streets; I came back and stayed two or three days with Chris. Norris, and got work at Levering's sugar refinery; then I went to Maryland and spent three weeks picking peaches; then came back and went to Dearing's, and hired with him at fifteen dollars a month; I stayed with him only three weeks, because he wanted me to work in the rain which I refused to do; he paid me up and I came to the city with Cornelius, and stayed three or four days with Chris. Norris; then I went to the country and came back to him, when I spent twelve or fourteen days with him; had no money, and had to go to the almshouse; when I got out I came and stayed two days with Chris. and one day with Lickfeldt; then went down to Mr. Dearing's, on Friday evening, 2d of February, the second time; told him I had been in Germany; I watched for an opportunity to rob them, but did not get any chance; I thought of killing them all eight or ten days before the murder; I thought of getting up early and killing them as they came down in the morning, but my heart failed; the morning of the murder was dark, rainy and cold; Mr. Dearing went to the city; he said he would be back about 1 o'clock; Cornelius and I went to work about eight o'clock; we worked about a hundred yards from the hay-stack; I took the big axe with me in the cart to cut the roots; he sat down under a tree, and I stood behind him; I raised my arm three or four times before I could strike him; then I hit him on the head; he fell, and I gave him one or two more blows; then I cut his throat; I put him on the cart and hauled him to the hay-stack, and covered him up; I took hay and wiped the blood off the cart; then I came to the house with the cart; I left it standing at the machine-house, took the axes into the stable, and went into the house; the woman [Mrs. Dearing] was out getting water; I called John to come to the stable and help me; I got the little axe; he went into the stable—I behind him; I struck him with the axe, and he fell into the entry; I gave him one or two more blows, and cut his throat; I went to the house again, and told the woman the colt was loose; she came into the stable, when I hit her on the head two or three times and chopped her throat; then I went and told Tom that his mother wanted to see him; he went into the stable, and I killed him the same way as the others; then I went and told Annie her mother wanted to see her; I took the baby in my arms and went with her; I left the baby sitting outside playing on the hay; I followed Annie into the stable and killed her in the same place as her mother; then I came out and killed the baby; I covered them all up; I took the new axe and put it outside the door; I left the little axe near the stable door and took the horse from the cart, put him into the stable and went into the house to wait for Mr. Dearing; I saw him coming with a woman; I told him the steer was sick; he went into the stable and I walked behind him; I hit him on the left side and he fell on his face; I turned him around, gave him one or two more hits and cut his throat; he never spoke; none of them spoke a word after they were struck; Miss Dolan called to me to put the horse away; I told her Mrs. Dearing wanted her in the stable; she came down and went in; I struck her and she fell on Mr. Dearing's face; I finished her with two or three blows; then I examined both their pockets; I shut the stable door and put away the horse and carriage; I went back to the house; found that the big pocket book had ten dollars in it; Miss Dolan's book had nothing but postage stamps; went up stairs and found under the bed a little book with $3 65 in it; I shaved myself with Mr. Dearing's razor; washed and dressed myself in his clothes, and eat some bread and butter, and took Miss Dolan's carpet-bag and packed my things in it; and then went to the Point-House road; the yellow dog followed me to the city; I went up Third street in the railroad car to Callowhill street; did not see the dog after that; I went to Leckfeldt's, and from there I went to Germantown road to sell the pistols which I had found in the house; I went back to Front street and stayed all night; the next morning I went to Chris. Norris', then to Leckfeldt's, and then went home with Susan, but came back to Leckfeldt's in fifteen or twenty minutes; stayed there Sunday, Monday and Tuesday nights; on Wednesday night I slept in a boat at Brown-street wharf; on Thursday morning I sold the watch for four dollars, and went back to Leckfeldt's and paid the three dollars and sixty cents I owed. About half past seven at night I went away with Heinrich; I had no money, and felt as if I wanted to go all over the world; I went out Market street near the bridge; I met three officers; I heard one of them say "That is the man;" I walked pretty sharp when I heard that, but they caught me; I sold the silver watch in Second street for $2; I am satisfied with the fairness of my trial; all that was testified is true; I expected to be caught and did not care as long as I had no money.

Catechism

"Treason must be made odious. Traitors must be punished and impovetished; they must not only be punished, but their political power must be destroyed; and after making treason odious, every Union man and the Government should be reimbursed out of the pockets of those who have inflicted this great suffering upon the country"—[Andy Johnson, April 21, 1865.

Question. How is treason made odious?

Answer. By pardoning rebels.

How are traitors impoverished?

By giving them back their property.

How is the social power of traitors destroyed?

By giving them the sole right to govern.

How are Union men and the Government reimbursed from the pockets of those who have inflicted this great suffering upon the country?

By giving the white washed rebels the power to repudiate our national debt, and by indemnifying them in the loss of their slaves.

How are Union soldiers treated?

They are told to go home, work and make themselves fit for further elevation.

How are rebel soldiers treated?

They are appointed and elected to positions, such as Governors, and Secretaries of State, Attorney Generals, Representatives and Senators.

Who was Moses?

The Saviour and leader of Israel.

Who is the Moses of the nineteenth century?

A man who, instead of going with Israel, remains in Egypt near the flesh pots, and forsakes his people.

Nearly $1,000,000 worth of corn was raised in Kansas last year. It is confidently expected that at least double that amount will be raised this year.

All the participants in the great robbery of Adams' Express Company have been arrested.

HOW MR. LINCOLN SIGNED THE PROCLAMATION.—The Rochester *Express* relates the following as the circumstances attending Mr. Lincoln's signature to the famous Emancipation Proclamation, and says it has not before been published. The large roll containing that document was taken to Mr. Lincoln at noon on the first day of January, 1863, by Secretary Seward and his son Frederick. As it lay unrolled before him, Mr. Lincoln took a pen, dipped it in ink, moved his hand to the place for the signature, held it a moment and then removed his hand and dropped the pen. After a little hesitation he again took up the pen and went through the same movement as before. Mr. Lincoln then turned to Mr. Seward and said: "I have been shaking hands since nine o'clock this morning, and my right arm is almost paralyzed. If my name ever goes into history it will be for this act, and my whole soul is in it. If my hand trembles when I sign the proclamation, those who examine the document hereafter will say, 'he hesitated.'"—He then turned to the table, took up the pen again, and slowly, firmly wrote that "Abraham Lincoln" with which the whole world is now familiar. He looked up, smiled, and said: "That will do." That proclamation asserted that the "Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities thereof, will *recognize* and *maintain* the freedom of such persons."

A young lady in California broke her neck while resisting the attempt of a young man to kiss her. This shows the great danger of resistance under such circumstances, and should serve as an awful warning.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞SPRING STYLES FOR 1866.

UPDEGRAFF'S Practical Hat, Fur and Glove Manufacturers, opposite Washington House, have now ready the Spring Styles of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, &c., for Misses, Gentlemen, Youths and Children, at Wholesale and Retail,

OPPOSITE WASHINGTON HOUSE.

April 27 1866.

☞HATS, HATS, HATS, for Spring of 1866. BEAVER, NUTNA, FUR, WOOL AND STRAW HATS, of all descriptions for Ladies, Gentlemen, Youths and Children's wear at

UPDEGRAFF'S

Practical Hat, Fur and Glove Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.

April 27, 1866.

☞LADIES' SUN DOWNS,
LADIES' DERBY HATS,
LADIES' SUN UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' KID GLOVES,
Ladies' unfinished Kid Gloves,
LADIES' MITTS, &c.

LADIES' GLOVES and HATS of all description on hand and made to order at

UPDEGRAFF'S Glove Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.

Hagerstown, April 27, 1866

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—There is no demand for Flour for shipment, and the home consumers purchase in small lots only to supply immediate wants. The receipts and stocks continue very small, and holders are firm in their views. About 1,500 bbls were sold, mostly Northwestern extra family, at $10@11, and Pennsylvania and Ohio do. at $11@12, including small lots of superfine at $7.24@8; 200 bbls extras at $9 75@10.25—the latter figure for choice—and $13@16 for fancy brands, as to quality. Rye Flour is held at $5@5 25, but there is not much doing. No transactions in Corn Meal to report.

There is no new features to present in the Wheat market, but prices remain without essential change. Sales of common and good red at $2 45@2 55, and choice at $2.65@2 75, including 2,500 bushels winter and 4,000 bushels spring on private terms. White is scarce and commands $2 70@2 95. Rye comes forward slowly, and meets with a good demand. Sales of 4,000 bushels yellow at 81 cents, afloat, and small lots from store at 83 cents. Oats are in active request, and some holders are asking an advance. Sales of Pennsylvania and Delaware at 62 cents.

Waynesboro' Market.

Corrected Weekly by
HOSTETTER, REID & CO.

WAYNESBORO', May 11, 1866.

BUTTER	40	BACON (Hams)	22
EGGS	16	" Sides	15
SOAP	11	" Shoulders	16
RAGS	04	LARD	15
OLD PAPER	04	BEANS	1 80@200
TALLOW	10	DRIED APPLES	0.11
FEATHERS	70	GREEN APPLES	1.60
SEED ONIONS	08	DRIED PEACHES	20
CLOVERSEED	00	" CHERRIES	12

ROUZER'S CELEBRATED LEATHER for sale at the store of ROUZER & SHOCKEY.

STRAYS.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, on the farm of Conrad Heefner, one mile Southeast of Funkstown, a Sow and Pigs. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

ADAM LOOKABAUGH.

May 11—3t

NOTICE!

SOLDIERS of the war of 1812 or their widows, can obtain the gratuity and annuity granted them by act of the Legislature of Pensylvania, March 30, 1866, by applying to

JOSEPH GOUGLAS,
Claim Agent.

May 11—3t.)

"Waynesboro' Hotel."

V. B. GILBERT
PROPRIETOR,

WOULD inform his friends and the public that he has come to the conclusion not to sell for the present, but will continue the Hotel business better than heretofore. Having made considerable improvements in the house and stabling he feels confident that he is able to give every comfort his guests may want. His TABLE and BAR shall always be supplied with the very best the market can afford. John Richardson having attached a Livery all can be accommodated.

He has also improved his *RESTAURANT* in the Basement, where Ladies and Gentlemen can be accommodated with every delicacy that can be had in the city or elsewhere.

With many thanks for past encouragement he hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please all, to receive a continuance of public patronage.

May 11—tf

USEFUL FOR ALL!

THE Grover & Baker Sewing Machines of different kinds, both family and lock stitch, at various prices and for the different kinds of work, viz: Tailors, Saddlers, and Coach Makers, and for family sewing generally, are kept constantly on hand and for sale at my room next door to Stoner's Drug Store, where an operator will at all times show how the work is done. Having obtained the agency for part of Franklin Co., Pa., also Washington, Frederick and Allegheny counties in Md., I am prepared to furnish machines in any of these counties.

May 11—tf) HENRY BELL.

LATEST ARRIVAL OF GROCERIES.

—o—

LIDY & DICKEL

HAVING just received from the Eastern markets a fresh supply of Groceries, etc., they are now prepared to sell at reduced prices. Their stock embraces in part the following:

Syrups,	Cheese,	Teas—Young Hyson
Sugars,	Coffees,	Imperial,
Molasses,	Chocolate,	Oolong,

Spices, ground and unground. Baking articles of all kinds, warranted fresh and of the best quality.

Korosene Lamps, shades, wicks and chimneys. Also No 1 Kerosene Oil.

TOBACCOS.

H. B. Navy, Nat. Leaf, Fine Cut, and all the best
" " Con., Brands of Chewing and Smoking
" " Spuns, Tobaccos of sixteen different kinds
" " Oys. shell.

Salt and Fish.

G. A. Salt, Dairy, large and small sack, Mackrel No 1 and 3 by the barrel.

Confections.	Sundries.
Cakes and Candies,	Shoe Blacking,
Water and Su. Crackers,	" Brushes,
Oranges,	Horse "
Lemons,	Wh't wash brushes,
Raisons,	Washboards,
Figs,	Clothes lines,
Prunes,	Corn Brooms.
Almonds,	Hickory "
Walnuts,	Painted Buckets,
Cream Nuts,	Brass Hooped "
Pea Nuts,	Bushel Baskets,
Pepper.	Clothes "
Tomato Catsup,	Ladies Trav. Baskets
Pepper Sauce,	Chip Baskets, &c.
Brown's Troches,	STATIONARY.
Babbitt's Soap,	Envelopes,
Harrison's "	Note Paper,
Dobbin's Electric Soap,	Fools Cap,
Castile Soap,	Fancy Soaps,
Barlow's Indigo,	Gallager Soap & Oil
Paper Collars,	Prepared Coffee,
Robert's Embrocation,	Essence "
Hoover's Ink,	Frey's H. Powders,
Matches,	Carpet Tacks,
Gun Caps,	Powder and Shot,
Machine Twist.	Sewing Silk; S. S.
Black Cotton Thread,	Spool Cotton.
Needles and Pins,	Darning Needles,
Singer Machine Needles,	Hair Pins,
Shoe Strings,	Lead Pencils,
Steel Pens,	Pocket Knives,
Pen Holders,	" Combs,
Long Combs,	Lilly White,
Ladies' Dress Com'b,	Mean Fun,
Hair Oils,	Perfumeries,
Nerve and Bone Liniment,	Cocoa Nuts.

And connected with the Grocery we have Flour and Feed which we will deliver at Mill prices.

☞The highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce.

We are thankful for past favors, and by strict attention to business and a desire to please all, hope to receive a liberal share of the public's patronage, for we feel confident that our goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other house.

LIDY & DICKEL.

May 11—tf.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Waynesboro', on SATURDAY, MAY 26TH, 1866, the following property, viz:

ONE GOOD CARRIAGE

for one or two horses, 1 Buggy Pole, 1 fine Sleigh, 1 good Cutting Box, 1 *EXTRA MILCH COW*, 1 fine Secretary and Book-case, 1 good Safe, 1 large Book-case, 2 large Med. Cases with Drawers and Shelving, 1 High-post Bedstead, 2 common do., 1 Lounge, 2 Wardrobes, 1 large Rocking Chair, 2 small do., 1 high do., 1 set cane do., 1 Side Stand, 1 Dining Table, 1 Round do., 3 set Venitian Blinds, 1 Sink, 1 large Wood Box, 1 Flour Chest, 1 small Falling-top Buggy for children, 1 twenty-four hour Clock, 1 Ten plate Stove, 1 Parlor Cook do., one common do. with fixtures, 1 large Meat Hogshead, benches, barrels, tubs, buckets and crocks, with other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when the terms will be made known. J. A. ROYER.

May 11 G. V. NONG, Auct.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

E. & J. ELDEN

HAVE just received their new stock of goods for the spring trade, consisting of

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

Trunks, Valises, Baskets, Mats and Pails, also a fresh supply of Notions, consisting in part of Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Gents Cotton and Domestic Hose, Gloves, Neckties, Butterflies, Paper Collars, Brushes of all kinds, Penknives, Razors, Photograph Albums, Portmonaies, Combs, Briar Pipes, Fans, Foolscap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Steel Pens, Pencils, &c., Babbet's Soap, Toilet and Shaving Soaps, Perfumery and Hair Oil; a fresh supply of Retrourey's Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic, the greatest beautifier and restorer of the age.

Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff,

Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Candies, Raisons, Popp'd Corn, Prepared Coffee, Essence, Stove Polish, Barlow's Indigo, Blacking and Brushes, Matches, Powder and Shot, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, together with Benton's Gold Pens.

☞Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired.

Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance of public patronage, feeling confident that our goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other house.

E. & J. ELDEN.

May 4, 1866.

MYATT'S LINAEUS WINE PLANT.

THE subscriber informs the public that he has accepted an agency from J. Burkholder & Wilson, of Bendersville, Adams Co., and will supply with Plants those wishing to engage in the manufacture of domestic wine from this plant. It is a species of Rhubarb, from the juice of which Wine is now being made equalling in flavor and medicinal qualities the best grape wine that can be produced, each stock producing from one to two gallons of wine, which readily commands from $2,50 to $3 per gallon. He is also prepared to furnish at moderate prices Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, and all the new varieties of Grape Stocks now in cultivation, Messrs Burkholder & Wilson having two extensive Vineyards.

May 4] JACOB G. BESORE, Ag't.

CHOICE BEEF!

THE subscriber would inform the public that he has on hand 50 head of the most choice fat cattle, and that he has made arrangements with Franklin Weagley to slaughter them and retail the beef from week to week, at the cellar of Mr. Garver, next door to the "Waynesboro' Hotel."—Those desiring prime beef should not fail to call.

May 4—3w.] DAVID MILLER.