VILLAGE RECORD.

WAYNESBORO'.

Friday, April 20, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

☞The following are our terms for subscription advertising and job work, to which we will strictly adhere whilst the present "war prices" continue:

SUBSCRIPTION,

Per Annum, if paid within the year,	$2.00
" " " after the year,	2.50

ADVERTISING,

Per Square of ten lines, three times,	$1.50
" " each subsequent insertion,	35
administrator's and Executor's notices, 6w,	2.50

a liberal deduction made to yearly advertisers.

JOB WORK

Quarter-Sheet Hand-Bills, (25 to 30)	$2.00
Half " " " "	3.50
Whole " " " "	6.50

☞For all job work and local advertising terms invariably cash.

W. BLAIR,
Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIBERS IN ARREARS.—The names of all subscribers largely in arrears for subscription to the *Record* will be erased from our packet book after the 15th of May, and if payment is not made in a reasonable time thereafter, they will be inserted conspicuously in our columns for the space of several weeks. If a man who has been receiving the paper for five, six or seven years, is too poor to pay, he should be honest enough to say so and relieve us of further taxation.—Ou expenses for paper, etc., compared with earlier times, are enormous, and cash at that.

☞Thirty-two horses—the last owned by the Government—are to be sold at Harrisburg on the 26th inst.

☞It is reported that all the muster-out will be completed by the first of May, and there will then be left in service 17,065 white volunteers, and 30,217 colored, making a total of 47,282.

Mr. Nellis, the armless man who traveled through this State with Barnum's menagerie, and other shows, several years ago, died recently, in the South.

☞By order of the President all the public offices in Washington were closed on Saturday last, the first anniversary of the assassination of President Lincoln. In Philadelphia and other cities the occasion was also observed with marked solemnity.

☞The bill requiring the dams on the Susquehanna and its tributaries to be so changed or altered as to admit the passage of fish, has passed both houses of the Legislature, been signed by the Governor, and become the law of the State.

☞The Legislature before its adjournment passed a general bounty law allowing all veteran volunteers who re-enlisted in the service without local bounties the sum of $300, to be paid by the township, ward or borough to which they were credited.

DESERTERS.—A law has passed our Legislature, imposing a fine of not less than $100, and imprisonment of not less than 60 days on officers of elections for receiving the vote of a deserter. Any person persuading a deserter to offer to vote is liable to similar punishment. That settles the question.

VERY LIKELY.—According to M. Babinet, a French *savant*, the coming summer will be very hot. All the springs, he states, will be dried up, for where there is no snow there are no fountains. It is the snow alone which moistens the earth internally. Rain water does not penetrate sufficiently, being carried off rapidly by evaporation, except in wooded districts.

THE CHOLERA.—A despatch, sent to the acting collector of New York, by the United States consul at Halifax announces that "the city physicians on board the emigrant ship England, after further developments of the disease and fuller consultation, concur in pronouncing it Asiatic cholera." The opinion that it was only a violent type of ship fever is thus abandoned, and prudence admonishes us (says the Phia *Press*) to prepare for the speedy approach of the dreaded malady with as much care as if it were at our very doors.

☞The 'Devil,' with the 'old-fashioned horns and tail,' who has been creating such a furore in Kentucky, has been arrested and is now in jail. He turns out to be nothing but a rebel guerrilla, although he 'played the devil' very successfully.

☞The Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York, one of the ablest political men of that State, died on Friday last, of strangulated hernia. He filled various high public offices in his own State and the National Congress, and was a strong candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency in 1852. At the breaking out of the rebellion, he took a determined stand on the side of the Union and the Government, which he loyally and steadfastly maintained. He was in his 66th year. His death was sudden and unexpected.

☞The traitor R. E. Lee is proposed by some of the Southern papers as a candidate for the Presidency. One of the effects of "my policy," no doubt.

☞The Look Haven *Republican* says Reed Bigler's death was caused by the accidental discharge of a pistol, and that he did not commit suicide.

LOCAL MATTERS.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.—Our people and citizens of the county generally will be gratified to learn that the Legislature before its adjournment repealed that odious local act requiring all legal advertisements to be published in the two Chambersburg papers. Executors, Administrators, Assignees, &c., are now free to advertise where their interests call them.

As the circulation of the *Record* in this township and Quincy greatly exceeds that of any other paper in the county, administrators and others should not forget that this is the place to advertise.

☞See notice of turnpike election.

IN TOWN—Dan Rice and the Elephant.

WANTED.—The printer wants a few well cured country hams, for which the highest cash price will be paid.

CEMENT.—Messrs. Geiser & Rinehart have just received a superior article of cement, and can also supply those in want of the article, with chestnut rails of good quality.

THE CROPS.—The recent "wet spell" has had the effect to greatly revive the wheat fields in this section. Those which looked "winter killed" a week ago now present a much more promising aspect.

NUNNERY MEETING.—The Snow Hill Society will hold their annual meeting at the Nunnery, on Saturday the 28th inst. We understand the usual dinner prepared for strangers will on this occasion be dispensed with.

BOX FOUND.—A box containing notions, such as pins, buttons, thread, stove blacking, &c., was found a few days since by J. R. Smith, Esq, on the farm of Mr. Benedict, about one quarter of a mile East of Quincy.

HAT AND CAP STORE.—On a recent visit to Chambersburg we called at the fashionable hat and cap establishment of Mr. J. L. Dechert. Mr. D. is located on Main Street, near the Court House, and has one among the most handsome business rooms in the town, and perhaps the most extensive stock of hats and caps in the county. His advertisement will be found in another column of to-day's paper.

POWDERS, ETC.—The attention of the public, farmers especially, is directed to the advertisements of W. D. Bell, of Hagerstown, in another column. His preparations are doubtless good, and certainly worthy of a trial.

TO ADVERTISERS.—This notice will inform our advertising patrons that we have concluded to increase our rates for advertising by the year, half year, etc., from this date. Advertisements now in the paper will be continued at old prices until the first of May, when new entries will be made. Our rates for several years have been entirely too low, not half that charged by country papers generally with a less circulation. We are anxious to have our friends continue their advertisements, but must demand something near a fair recompense for our labor. Local advertisements we will continue to insert as heretofore at $1.50 per square for three weeks, and 35 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

RESTAURANTS, ETC.—An Act passed by our Legislature requires the keepers of Restaurants, Eating and Ale Houses to be licensed by the Courts of Quarter Sessions, the applications to be filed with the Clerk and advertised in the same manner as tavern license are now obtained. The effect of this will doubtless be to curtail the number of restaurants here and elsewhere. The law applies to many counties of the State, Franklin included.

The proprietors of Restaurants whose license are about to expire will be in a sad fix, as the Court, we observe, has decided to issue none until January term, 1867.

DECEASED.—Col. Robert Annon, a well-known citizen of Frederick county, Md., died in Emmittsburg on Friday a week, aged about 60 years. Dr. Jacob Baer, formerly of Middletown, also expired at his residence in Frederick City, on Tuesday a week, in his 83d year.

☞HUCKSTERS, according to a local law passed by our Legislature are now required to take out a license in the office of the County Treasurer, as follows: One horse and wagon, $100; two or more horses and wagons $150.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—Among the embellishments for May are the fine suggestive picture, "The Return of the Swallows;" a showy, picturesque and tasteful Fashion Plate, comprising costumes for riding and other lively, out door amusements; the woodcut "Cloverbobs," illustrating the story "How Dr. Rounder beat his Boys;" and "The Bird-Lover," accompained by a pleasing sketch. The patterns for dress are unusually captivating. Price $2.50 a year; 2 copies $4.00; 8 copies (and one gratis) $16. Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated Sewing Machines are furnished as premiums. Single numbers for sale by the news dealers. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

GRADUATED—At Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh:

George R. Brown, Monroeville, Pa.
H. N. Smith, Pittsburgh.
J. A. Gaut, McKeesport, Pa,
Samuel G. Dale, Franklin, Pa.
John Y. Morris, Harrisville, Ohio.
Isaac T. Morris, Harrisville, Ohio.
Joseph Gorsuch, West Zanesville, Ohio.
James McConville, Steubenville, Ohio.
Frank L. Hise, Salem, Ohio.
Andrew B. Huffman, Gill Hall, Pa,
John W. Sidle, Licking Valley, Ohio.
W H Midgley, South West, Pa.
William Priggle East Liberty, Pa.
M T Foreman, West Liberty, West Va.
George B Caven, McKeesport, Pa,
James F Welch, West Middletown, Pa.
Charles W Nickerson, Pittsburgh.
Wm M Mundorff, Pittsburgh.
Daniel E Shrum, Greensburg, Pa.
M B Burgher, Hastings, Mich.
Daniel Stewart, Harlansburgh, Pa.
Isaac N Hughes, Ligonier, Pa.
T M Forrest, Plain Grove, Pa.
David R Philips, Pittsburgh.
John M Freisleben, Pittsburgh.
R W Lyon, Allegheny City.
Asael Adams, Girard, Ohio.
Alfred W Crowther, New Castle, Pa.
Daniel H Silk, Woodville, Pa.
W E Hough, Fairmont, W Va.
G H Sharon, Mt Pleasant, O.
James P Woedend, Saltsburg, Pa.
Samuel Bryson, Kittanning, Pa.
Wm J McMillan, Wheeling, West Va.
John McKinney, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A S Love, Clarksville, Pa.
Charles F Dean Pittsburgh.
George H Trax, Freedom, Pa,
W B Sloan, Mansfield, Ohio.
Cyrus W Cook, Mansfield, Ohio.
L T Munson, Philipsburg, Pa,
John I Williams, Philipsburg, Pa.
A A Stewart, Gallipolis, Ohio.
Samuel Taylor, McKeysport, Pa.
S B McFarland, Sunbury, Ohio.
Samuel Graebing, Allegheny City.
Thomas C Hall, Allegheny City.
Wm B Reed, Allegheny City.
Walter L Shaw, Etna, Pa.
W C Henry, Sewickley, Pa.

All of whom passed the usual searching examination of the College satisfactorily, and who will, no doubt, hereafter distinguish themselves by an honorable proficiency in business. Each graduate was awarded the beautiful Diploma of the College, as a credential of his proficiency, of his industry, and of his exemplary deportment during his course of study.

RAILROAD MEETING.—A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad was held at York on Tuesday last and the supplement to the Charter of the Company authorizing the issuing of preferred stock was accepted, and a resolution passed directing the issuing of 30,000 shares of preferred stock ($1,500,000) to be guaranteed a dividend of six per centum per annum out of the net earnings of the company, and after the payment of the six per cent. dividend then the balance of the net earnings, if any, to be divided *pro rata* between the common stockholders and preferred stockholders.

Books were authorized to be opend at once for subscription to this preferred stock.

The President was also authorized to put the comstruction of the road under contract from New Oxford to York as soon as the line is located. The best of feeling prevailed and no doubt of the speedy completion of the whole line of the road is entertained.—*Gettysburg Star.*

DRY TIMES IN PERRY.—A law was passed at the recent session of the Legislature, prohibiting the sale of malt or spirituous liquors in Penn township, Perry county, or within two miles of the line of said township. A gentleman who happened to be in Duncannon, a few days since, says *dry* times are experienced by the people of that vicinity. Not even a glass of ale or lager can be obtained there, and persons who cannot abstain from the use of the "ardent" are compelled to "carry the jug" and obtain a supply elsewhere for their private use.

☞Jurors are now allowed $2 per day and witnesses $1 50, except such as live in or within one mile of Chambersburg, whose pay is 75 cents.

REV SAMUEL PHILIPS, of Carlisle, has been unanimously elected pastor of the English German Reformed church of Allentown, Pa.

MORMON OBITUARY.—The death of a Mormon Bishop is thus announced in a Salt Lake paper: "He was thirty-seven years old, and leaves an interesting family of eleven wives and forty-seven small children to mourn his death."

MADISON, April 11.—The Wisconsin Legislature passed resolutions last night censuring Senator Doolittle for voting against the Civil Rights bill in disobedience of instructions, and declaring that it is his duty to resign.

The 20th ultimo was observed by the members of the Churh of England, in the diocese of London, as a day of humiliation on account of the cattle plague. Services were held in all the churches in the morning, noon, afternoon and night.

One day last week Mr. Mathias Kehr, of Berks county, Pa., committed suicide by hanging himself to a small plum tree.—He was about 60 years of age, and leaves a widow and thirteen children.

The Commissioner of Pensions having received large numbers of communications from all parts of the country, asking whether pension money can be attached for debt, has issued a decision that such money cannot be thus attached.

Last Monday afternoon a committee of negro women appeared at the reception rooms of the Senate loaded with bouquets of choice flowers, intended as an offering of gratitude to the Senators who voted on Friday for the passage of the civil rights bill.

Prices are still falling. 'A love of a bonnet' can now be bought for forty dollars.—*N. B. Mercury.*

HORRIBLE MURDER.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—One of the most horrible butcheries of human beings—more atrocious in its terrible details than the Langfeldt or the Skupinski murders, which shocked the community years ago—was made known yesterday afternoon, between two and three o'clock. The location of this horrible tragedy, or tragedies, is on Jones' lane, west of the Greenwich-point road, not far distant from the Point, on the Delaware, in the First ward. The victims of the murderer are Christopher Deering, aged thirty-eight years; Julia, his wife, thirty-six years; John Deering, son, eight years; Thomas Deering, five years; Annie Deering, four years; Emma Deering, fourteen months; Miss —— Keating, aged forty-six years. A lad, aged fourteen years, who lived with the family and worked upon the farm, is missing. It is supposed that he was killed and his body thrown into a deep well, which will be thoroughly searched this morning.

The dwelling house, a two-story frame, is located on Jones' lane, the barn and stable being a short distance off. Mr. Deering was a cattle dealer, and a quiet, unostentatious man. He attended strictly to his own business, and thus won the esteem of all who knew him. He occupied the farm for five or six years, having rented it from the owner, Mr. James Mitchell. Mr. Deering was last seen alive on Saturday morning; at this time he purchased six pounds of beef in the Wharton market on Moyamensing avenue.

WHERE THE BODIES WERE FOUND.

The body of the mother and those of her four children were found in one corner of the barn, near a small out-house adjoining, which communicate by a hole, through which the remains of the victims were brought to view. It seems as though they were thrown into one heap, pellmell, and then covered over with dirt and hay. These unfortunates were terribly mangled about their heads.—It would seem that a new, sharp and bloody axe, that was found in the rear of the dwelling, was the weapon used by the heartless wretch in committing the horrible crime of murder. All of them seem to have been struck on the left side of the forehead, just above the eye, with the heel of the axe, and then with the blade of this murderous weapon the demon cut their throats. Such a sight was appalling to the stoutest nerves.—One of the little boys, the youngest, it is believed, was so horribly cut that his head dropped off. The other boy, when discovered, had his right arm crooked and partly raised as though fending off the blow that sent him into eternity. The mother, it is supposed, was defending her baby from the attack of the infuriated demon, when she was struck down. The babe had received an awful blow on the upper part of the breast, near the shoulder, almost severing one of its arms, and also another, a sharp cut on the side of the head.

HOW THE DISCOVERY WAS MADE.

A man at work fixing up some fences for Mr. Ware, a neighbor, had his attention called, by a young man, to the fact that the cattle and horses of Mr. Deering had not been out of the stable or barn for several days.—He saw them and fed them in the morning. Both went to the spot, and on making a close observation, a part of a foot was discovered sticking out from the hay. A further examination was made, and the body of Mr. Deering was found, his head being shockingly mangled. His breast bone protruded to such an extent that it was driven into his neck. It was a ghastly, sickening sight.—His gloves were found upon his hands. Near his body were the mangled remains of Miss Keating, his cousin. She was also shockingly cut about the head. We learn that she had been attending the funeral of a relative in New Jersey, and that on Saturday morning Mr. Deering stopped at a railroad depot to take her down to his house. Her dress was deep black, indicating that the work of this part of the tragedy must have been done as soon as the horse was driven to the stables. The hat and boots of Mr. Deering were missing. These were probably taken by the murderer. The wagon was alongside of the dwelling house. The horse was found in the stall in the stable with the halter on him. The animal, in the agony of hunger, had almost hung himself. Words are wanting to give an adequate description of the appalling scene; but from the above the reader can form a pretty correct idea of its atrocity.

LATER.

An additional victim to the horrible tragedy down the "Neck" was discovered this morning. The body of Beri Cornelius Carey was found under a hay stack His head was crushed with a hammer and his throat cut. The clothes of the supposed murderer were found, and are stained with blood.

CAPTURE OF THE MURDERER.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—The murderer of the Deering family was arrested this morning, at Twenty third and Market streets, by a policeman. He confesses the crime, but says he was assisted by another man, whom he describes, and the police are on the hunt for him. The prisoner is now at the Central police station.

[SECOND DISPATCH]

Mrs. Dolan, grandmother of the Deering children, fully identifies the prisoner as the man employed on the farm, and also articles of clothing he has on, as belonging to Deering. He confesses to the murder of the boy, Cornelius Carey, but says his accomplice, Jacob Gaunter, committed the rest of the butchery.

DESTITUTION IN GEORGIA.—Gov. Jenkins, of Georgia, has appealed to the capitalists of that State to respond to the call of the Legislature by lending money to the State to relieve the necessities of the poor. He offers seven per cent interest, good security, and bonds to run any length of time the lender may prefer. Governor Jenkins says a large portion of the people of Georgia are suffering from lack of food, and unless speedily relieved must starve. The State treasury is empty, and hence this appeal to such people as have means.

TEXAS.—The Texas constitution abolishes slavery, places freedmen on an equality with the whites before the law, and gives the Legislature power to guarantee railroad bonds for iron contracts. It will be submitted to the people on the fourth Monday in June

A resolution endorsing the President's policy was lost in the convention.

The receipts of crude oil at Pittsburg, for the three days ending with Tuesday last, amounted to 54,170 barrels.

For the Record.

The Temperance Question.

Mr. Editor:—In answer to "G. T." I have the following. The gentleman says I have misrepresented him "to some extent." You who have read the articles will know whether I have. If it affords the gentleman any consolation to think my last article merely an "*effort*" he can do so. Inconsistency is most assuredly the characteristic of the gentleman's last article. He says according to my first article I "stood actively identified with the enemies of the temperance movement," (let him prove this) yet he says, "I do not find fault with R. E. C. for his sentiments, they are what we have all the while advocated." If we both advocate the same sentiments, and one is "actively identified with the enemies of the temperance movement," the other must be also. He says my influence is going "to the devil and to the whiskey traffic," and that he "can't endorse the heartless policy of R. E. C.," yet he does not "*find fault*" with the sentiments on which this "influence" and "policy" are founded. In the gentleman's first article he says he writes "for the sake of the sentiment itself," and in it tries to find objections to all but one point of my previous article. As an illustration, I quote from the gentleman's first reply: "We cannot find language adequate to express our abhorrence of the unchristian and *anti*-scriptural sentiment." He does not fault my "sentiment" now. I must be converting him, and by the time he has read this article I think I will have him all right.

The gentleman says my "remedy is not at work in Waynesboro' *except* by the temperance societies." I would like to have some evidence of this. I called on all to enter upon an "active campaign." Are the "temperance societies" doing this? Men still get drunk, and liquor is still sold contrary to law, without any remonstrance from your boasted societies. Let us see you doing something in this way. Again he says, "We are compelled to write 'TEKEL' upon his "more radical grounds.'" And further, "We preach all that he recommends." Here the gentleman writes "TEKEL" upon the very thing he *preaches*. He is a strange man to preach what he believes to be defective. He says what I recommend "will not destroy the evil "root and branch.'" Let him prove this. This is just *the point* of the whole discussion, and if the gentleman wants to throw me on the wrong side I want him to do it by arguments and not by assertions. The gentleman says I have "somewhat changed my position." I suppose he refers to my "leap from the frying pan into the fire." This is the only change he has mentioned and has failed to show that I have done even this.—I wish the gentleman had told me what kind of a "dilema" I am in. He has excited my curiosity and I would like to know. He still thinks my influence *is* on the side of evil, yet he does not fault its foundation.—No one can consider me an abettor of intemperance Then what is wrong All the gentleman can say is that I do not endorse his theory. It seems natural with some men to denounce everything that does not accord with their mode of thinking. He complains of my "standing off" and "doing nothing."—If he thinks I am "doing nothing" why does he make such an "evident *effort* to disprove what I have said. I have a very good reason for not displaying my "effulgent light," "great wisdom," "unbounded discretion," and "great knowledge" at the temperance meeting, I was not a resident of your village at that time. The gentleman *asserts* that I am opposed to a united effort. How did he find this out? For his benefit I quote the last sentence of my first article. "Let *every christian* of *every denomination* lend his or her influence, for "united we stand, divided we fall" The gentleman wants *me* and "men of like stamp" to *organize* and show my "remedy" more effectual. The gentleman, his friends and the enemies of any temperance movement will look on. Under these circumstances, there would be so few left to do the work that he knows I would fail. To execute my "remedy" we must have *men* and a goodly number of them. I thought I did give the "means to reach the end proposed." Put church discipline and our laws into execution and the end will be accomplished. By petition prevent liquor dealers from taking out a license and don't let them sell liquor without a license. As I have said before, we have law enough if it were executed. If used as present laws are, "*prohibitory laws*" by the thousand would do us no good. Let us prove what we have, inefficient before we ask for more. I have no "*custom*" to lose and as far as that is concerned, can say what I please, but I despise the man that will not commit himself on this subject for "fear of losing custom," reputation or anything else. He is no *man* at all. Let Good Templars show their heads at the coming borough election. Let them lay politics aside, get up a *radical* temperance ticket—one that will see that order prevails—and law is respected and I will insure its election. I will give you my influence. Let the gentleman lay aside his bombast and invectives and answer me with solid arguments instead of his assertions Tell us where *you* stand and how *you* propose to do any good among us. I started out with the following propositions: 1st, Temperance societies should not be sectarian. 2d, Secrecy is not a consistent companion of the effort. 3d, Little children should not be asked to sign the pledge. 4th, The efficiency of a society founded on a pledge, at best, is to be doubted. 5th, The effort should be made to eradicate the cause and the evils flowing from it must disappear. 6th, The way to eradicate the cause is to put a stop to the selling of liquors promiscuously, by executing church discipline and our laws.

Has the gentleman yet proved any one of these propositions false? Ye readers! answer.

R. E. C.

A RICH VIRGINIAN.—Franklin Stearns, richest man in the Old Dominion under the new *regime*, is a Vermonter, who has passed 30 years in Richmond, been twice married, who is now worth, in real estate and cash, $1,500,000. He was a violent Unionist, suffered in Castle Thunder, and never kept Confederate scrip a week in his pocket, but loaned it for mortgages on all the farm lands around. Every day enriches him; and as the benefits of peace and freedom are fully developed, he will probably be the proprietor, by the enhanced value of his lands, of $10,000,000, or $15,000 000.

Moseby, the guerilla, made his appearance at Leesburg, Va, On Thursday, and defied the national authorities. An attempt was made to arrest him, when he incontinently fled, as he has often done before.

The Fenians

NEW YORK, April 17.—A special despatch to the *Herald*, dated at Eastport to day, has the following:

A schooner loaded with army clothing, consigned to B. Doran Killian, was seized on her arrival here this morning, but after several hours detention was released. Instructions have been received from Washington to strictly enforce the neutrality laws. A large delegation of Fenians arrived to-day.

A special Montreal despatch to the *Herald* says: "A Government detective, who has just made a trip on the American side of Lake Erie and Michigan reports the Fenians have nearly ready for armament on those lakes fifteen vessels, besides schooners and transports loading with field artillery, equipments, stores, etc. He also reports large shipments of arms to frontier points and unusual activity in Fenian circles along the American frontier.

A special *Herald* despatch dated St. Andrew's, N. B., says much excitement exists here, volunteers are flocking from all quarters. The Lieutenant Governor and his suite are expected to-night. A regiment of regulars and two companies of artillery, and one of engineers, will be here to-morrow.—Business is almost entirely suspended. The New Brunswick House of Assembly yesterday adjourned for a month. It is said positively under the new government the habeas corpus will be suspended.

NORFOLK, VA., April 16.—The negroes in this city turned out in a large procession to-day in honor of the passage of the civil-rights bill. While the procession was passing through the streets, a difficulty occurred between the negroes and whites, in which one white man was killed, and his brother and step-mother mortally wounded. Order was finally restored by the military.

HONORARY MEMBERS.—"Two-thirds of the members of my Church," says a pastor, "are honorary members. They don't come to prayer-meetings; they don't attend Sunday school; they don't add to the life of the Church; they are the passengers on the gospel ship; they bear no burdens; add no strength; their names are on our books; they are honorary members."

The Tennessee Legislature has passed the bill to disfranchise those who took part in the rebellion.

A horrible murder was committed in Richmond County, Va., on the 3d inst. A man by the name Julius Hall went into the kitchen where a colored woman and her three children were and with an axe killed them all.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞LADIES' FURS! LADIES' FURS! Our FALL Stock of Ladies' FURS comprising all kinds, qualities and shapes for Ladies and Children are now open for inspection, in addition to our large stock of FURS, we have FUR TRIMMINGS, MUFF TASSELS, ENDS, CORDS, BUTTONS, &c., &c.

UPDEGRAFF'S
Glove Factory and Fur Store,
Opposite Washington House.

☞*FALL FASHIONS*, 1865. Fall styles of *HATS* and *CAPS* for Men, Boys, and Children, are now ready comprising every thing popular in the way of "Head Gear" together with a nice assortment of *CANES, UMBRELLAS, GLOVES, PORT MONIES, LADIES' CABAS*, Traveling *BAGS*, Ladies' *FURS*, &c., &c.

UPDEGRAFF'S
Hat Manufactory,
Opposite Washington House.

THE TOMB.

In Mummersburg, Adams Co., on the 12th inst., ELIZABETH, wife of Samuel Thomas, aged 80 years, 1 month and 15 days.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, April 16.—Beef Cattle are in good demand this week and prices 1 cent ℔ lb higher. About 1,800 head arrived and sold at 16½@17 cts. for extra, and a few choice at 18 cents; 14@15½ cents for fair to good, and 12@13½ cents ℔ lb for common, as to quality.

SHEEP continue in fair demand; 7,000 head arrived and sold at from 7@8 cents ℔ lb gross, as to quality.

COWS have advanced; 175 head sold at $40@90 for springers, and $75@100 ℔ head for milch cows.

HOGS.—Prices are unchanged. About 1,700 head arrived and sold at the different yards at from $13@14.50 the 100 lbs net.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—There was quite an active demand for Flour for home consumption to day, at firm rates, but shipping lots were entirely neglected. The sales reach about 2,500 bbls, chiefly Northwest extra family at $8 75@9.50 for common and fancy, and 700 bbls Pennsylvania and Ohio do. at $9.50@10.50, including 200 bbls extras on private terms; superfine sold in lots at $6 25@7; extras at $7.25@8 25, and fancy brands at $11@14, according to quality.

Rye Flour is unchanged; 150 bbls sold at $4 75@5. Prices of Corn Meal are entirely nominal,

Waynesboro' Market.

Corrected Weekly by
HOSTETTER, REID & CO.

WAYNESBORO', April 20, 1866.

BUTTER	33	BACON (Hams)	20
EGGS	16	" Sides	15
SOAP	11	" Shoulders	15
RAGS	04	LARD	14
OLD PAPER	04	BEANS	1.80@200
TALLOW	10	DRIED APPLES	0.00
FEATHERS	70	GREEN APPLES	1.60
SEED ONIONS	08	DRIED PEACHES	20
CLOVERSEED	00	" CHERRIES	12

NOTICE.

THE subscribers notify persons not to trespass upon their premises by fishing, bathing or hunting, as they intend to enforce the law against all persons who fail to comply with this notice in the future.

ABRM. STOUFFER.
April 20—4w. D. H. GARVER.

TURNPIKE ELECTION.

AN Election will be held in the room formerly occupied by John Walter as a flour and feed store, on Monday, May the 7th, 1866 at 2 o'clock, P. M., to elect one President, six Managers, one Treasurer and one Secretary for the Waynesboro' and Maryland State Line Turnpike Road Company, to serve the ensuing year.

By order of the Board
ALEX. HAMILTON, Pres't.
Ap 20—3t.

QUILTS, Counterpanes, &c., at
PRICE & HOFFLICH'S.

SHAKERS, just received at
PRICE & HOFFLICH'S.