VILLARGE ECORD.

W AINDSORO'.

Friday, April, 14 1865.

OUR TERMS.

The following are our terms, for subscription advertising and job work, to which we will strictly adhere whilst the present "wat prices" continue : SUBSCRIPTION,

Per Annum, if paid within the year, " after the year, ADVERTISING, Per Square of ten lines, three times,

. each subsequent insertion. Administrator's and Executor's notices, 6w. A liberal deduction made to yearly advertisers. Quarter-Sheet Hand-Bills, (25 to 30).

Whole 6.50 For all job work and local advertising terms W. BLAIR, nvariably cash Editor and Proprietor.

Half .

RAILROAD MEETING.

We have been authorized to announce that a Railroad Meeting will be held in the running at large, which reads as follows :-Town Hall,

ON SATURDAY THE 15TH INSTANT,

WESTERN MARYLAND BAILROAD to be extended to Cumberland, via. Hagers-

TAXPAYERS .- We invite attention to er, to taxpayers, in to day's paper.

Sec advertisement of Messra Metcalfe & Hiteshew, Chambersburg, in to-day's pa-

PLANTS .- Persons in want of Plants are Good, in another column.

NEW GOODS.-Messrs Price & Hoeflich are now receiving their first supply of new dry goods, groceries, etc. Their advering the new stock.

WAYNESBORO' HOTEL.-We invite attention to the card of V. B. GILBERT in to-day's paper, Mr. G. is an accommodating landlord and will spare no exertions to contribute to the convenience and comfort of those visiting his house.

up with our old Franklin county friend .-Lieut. W. R. CREPS of this place is at present in the employ of Mr. T. and will spare ces comfortable whilst sojourning there.

ILLUMINATIONS. We have been requested to announce that the citizens of Leitersburg purpose illiminating and otherwise colebrating our recent great victories on Mon-

On Tuesday night there will be an illamination, display of fire-works, etc. in this place

RAILROAD MEETING .- It is hoped that the citizens of our town and neighborhood will not fail to attend the Railroad Mecting on to-morrow, (Saturday) at which time the importance of constructing a telegraph line between this place and Greencastle will RETURNED .- Messrs J. Porter Brown, also be considered.

done promptly. In the course of a few weeks lines at Nashville.—Repository the route from the present terminus of the _road to Hagerstown will be determined .-All must therefore see the importance of early action if would secure Waynesboro' as a point on the road. The Mayor of Baltimore has written to a citizen of this place urging action on our part. An enterprise of such vast importance, should arouse the energies of our people, at once, and awaken a spirit of liberality in its behalf generally.

enterprise will be found in another column, and navy. which was received since the above was in type, and to which we would direct special attention.

important victories, regarded as a culmina- ing contrabands of war. ting point of the war, is keeping up a continued excitement at Washington. The hells on, and there is a pretty general belief that peace is now at hand, and that the President will soon issue a proclamation to the great mass of the Southern people, offering them

THE NEWS .- The news of the surrender of LEE and his army to Gen. GRANT was received here on Monday afternoon and caused the greatest excitement perhaps ever before witnessed in our town. Meanly everybody seemed intoxicated with delight. The bells were rung and salutes fired in honor of the great achievement. The boys eaught the spirit of enthusiasm, and the drum and five, dinner bells, tin horns, etc were brought into requisition, and a "noisy time" was had in general. In the evening bonfires were kindled and the rejoicing was renewed. We was going to add that everybody rejoiced, but such was not the case, for we saw a number of our copperhead proscription friends looking as forlorn as though they had just returned from the funeral of some dear, departed friend. Their evidence of grief was not to be mistaken. One old scallywag doubted the truth of the reports up to Tuesday. Not much wonder, for the old chap has had inigger on the brain" long enough to doubt his own existence.

LOCAL LAW .-- A law was enacted by the last Legislature to prevent stock from

Sec. 1. That from and after the 1st day of April next, (1865) no cattle, horses, sheep or swine, shall be suffered to run at large at 2 o'clock, P. M. The object is to have in the county of Franklin, under the penul-Waynesboro' made a point on the line of the ty of two dollars for each offence.

Sec. 2 That it shall be the duty of the constables within the said county, and they are hereby directed and empowered without any special warant or other authority than town. It is highly important that our com- this act, to seize and secure every animal of the cattle, horse, sheep or hog kind that may munity move early in this matter, and a gen-be found running at large as aforesaid, and eral attendance is therefore carnestly request. the same to sell at public sale in the same manner as is provided by law for selling strays, giving the owner, if he can be found at least five days notice previous to such sale. If said owner shall pay to the constathe notice of J. G. Elden, County Treasur- ble the said penalty of two dollars, and also pay for the keeping said animal or animals, of its real estate. Of this I have not a parthen it shall be the duty of the constable to deliver said animal or animals to the owners; but if he shall make a sale as aforesaid, he shall pay the overplus, after deducting the said penalty and expenses to the owner; and the constable making such seizure shall be allowed for the same to retain one-half of the referred to the advertisements of Rev. D. F. penalty (1,00) and it shall be his duty to pay the other half (1,00) to the school treasurer of the township where such seizure was made for the use of the schools of said township.

Sec. 3. That if any constable shall neglect or refuse to seize or secure any animal aforesaid, found running at large, after being notisement will appear next week. In the mean- tified by any person to seize and secure the subscribe liberally, as I know. time the public are invited to sall and exam-same, such constable shall pay a fine of five dollars, for the use of the schools of the township where the said constable resides for every such neglect or refusal.

The N. Y. Tribune states that the two of Dollars-(which is more than we shall the time for action, HOTEL CARD.—We invite attention to ever owe)—and afford a surplus for a Sinkthe advertisement of J. W. TAYLOR, propri- ing Fund which will rapidly and certainly etor of the "States Union Hotel," at Harris eat up the principal of the debt, leaving all burg, in another column. Persons from this other sources of revenue for the support of section visiting the State capitol should put the Government and the discharge of its Sunday afternoon, before the evacuation,

UNIFORM CURRENCY.-The act of no pains to make his friends and acquaintan- Congress, as firally passed, relative to the currency, imposes a tax of ten per cent. after the first of July, 1865, on all State bank Rebel rear guard became intoxicated and paper paid out by the National banks. This ungovernable, and a terrible scene of pillage will, as a matter of course, drive out of existence all State bank circulation, and leave is an admirable arrangement.

DIED OF STARVATION .- Messts. It is hoped that citzens generally will unite John Mowery, 17th Pa. Cavalry; Samuel in this celebration in honor of the recent vic- Winters, 107th Pa. Vols., both of Mercerstories of Gen. GRANT and his noble army of burg, and Lewis Cauffman, of Fulton county, also of the 107th, have all died recently of starvation while imprisoned by the rebels. Mr. Winters died at Annapolis, soon after his return. Mr. Mowery died in Morcersburg on Saturday last, and Mr. Cauffman died in prison. '

David M. Eiker and George Caufman, the There now seems to be no doubt as to the remainder of our citizens captured by Lee in extension of the Western Maryland Railroad, 1863, returned on Monday last, in good health. and if our people will avail themselves of the They were welcomed by a crowd of our peobenefits which it would afford this communi. ple and the Band. They were not exchangty and neighborhood, something must be ed, but made their escape and got into our

> Letters from Nassau report the desolation and decay, consequent on the cessation of blockade running, as truly autonishing. Englishmen are selling off their goods below cost, and fleeing from the island as rats from a sinking ship.

On Tuesday Mr. Lincoln gave a public reception in the parlor of Jeff Davis' house in Richmond. A number of citizens called nor A communication in reference to this upon him, besides the officers of our army

The President, by proclamation, has revived the blockade from Richmond to the Rio Grande, to all vessels from foreign ports The official announcement of the late and to all vessels from domestic ports carry-

Flour fell \$1 a barrel at New York have been ringing; and cannonading going shel; Cotton 17 cents. The tendency of the market was downward. Gold was down to Church. 148.

Brigadier General F. Winthrop was terms of peace, and appealing to them to stop killed on Saturday in the action at Five Forks. their now suicidal resistance to the Flag of He had been in the war from the commencethe Union. No amnesty will be granted to ment of the rebellion, and was only twenty- the relief of the suffering is a noble demon- subject of peace; the meeting proposed for the leaders of the Releasion. five years of age. stra

PCONNUNICATED. RAILROAD ENTERPRISE.

MR. EDITOR :- I noticed in your paper few weeks ago, an editorial article in reference to the extension of the Western Maryland Railroad into our valley. I hope it may be the case. The South Mountain has been thoroughly examined for the extension of that road from Union Bridge to Hagerstown, to cross the mountain about Mt. Zion, and then either North or South, for Hagerstown. If ever Waynesboro' is to have connection with the "rest of mankind," by rail, now is the time to take the step towards the consummation of so desirable an event. It is my candid opinion that, if the proper efforts were made, the necessary sum of money could be raised in a short time to make up the difference in cost of road to come via. Waynesboro', and that is all that is asked, if I am correctly informed. If the citizens of Waynesboro' will but for a moment consult their own interests, they will move in the matter, and use every effort to bring about such an event. Railroad connections in this fast age is necessary to give spirit to business, and to build up a town in all the departments of

It is the motive power that moves a people to action, and incites a spirit of enterprise in their bosoms. It is the lever that lifts them up in a commercial point of view, and gives them a name in the history of the business world. It adds to the value of their real estate, and puts money into the pockets of the people. What then will be the rethem to action! action!! ACTION!!!

To Waynesboro' the road would be of vast benefit; it would very greatly increase its business and population, and double the value ticle of doubt. Not only the citizens of Waynesboro' but all of Franklin county within ten miles of the place, should, therefore, interest themselves in doing all they could to bring the road here.

Conscious of the great advantages the Raiload would be to them, a large number of land-owners on the line would release the right of way without compensation, thereby greatly diminishing the cost of the road of the Army of Northern Virginia, as procoming through here, and many to, would

Let every good citizen who wishes to aid in a great work for his own and for the general benefit, give his assistance. Let us provide the needful wherewith to have a survev made to this place, and then put in our items of whiskey and tobacco produced in claims, and what we will do in case Waynesthis country alone will pay the interest on a boro' is to be made a point, or the read come National Debt of Three Thousand Millions come near enough for our benefit. Now is

THE BURNING OF RICHMOND, -Advices from Richmond down to Tuesday morning have been received, and give a deplorable account of the condition of Richmond. On Mayor Mays and the City Council ordered all liquor to be destroyed. Heads of barrels were knocked in and the contents emptied into the streets, and bottles of liquous that had commanded fabulous prices were broken on the curbstones. As a consequence, the and ruin ensued. The stores were plundered of jewelry, clothing, confectionery, &c., and the whole city was in tumult with riotthe field entirely to the National banks, which ous proceedings. Great damage was done by the explosion of the magazine, against which it is said that General Breckenridge earnestly remonstrated, but General Ewell, to whom the work of destruction had been entrusted, was inflexible. Among the victims to the explosion were all the inmates Northern Virginia, I reciprocate your desire of the Alms House at that time sound asleep to avoid uscless effusion of blood, and therein bed. The damage done by the fire is enormous, all the business part of city, bound- tion of its surrender. ed by Main street, and the river, Seventh and Fifteenth streets being destroyed. Burning shingles were carried to other parts of the city, setting fire to houses, and it is estimated that not less 'than eight hundred' buildings were burned.

Attempt to burn the City.

NEWBERN, N. C., April 2 .- A preconcerout the city, when the fire department and and the flames were extinguished in a short be received. time without doing much damage.

Seventy bales of hay and a few other articles were consumed. The extensive bridge over the Neuse river was fired at the same To Lieut. General U.S. Grant, Commanding U.S. time in four places, but the flames were extinguished without doing much damage. A rebel officer was arrested in town, and is now in confinement, charged with the mis-

now subsided.

John D. Fox, in whose house and in connection with whose family modern spirit-rapping had its orgin, recently died in Wayne county, New York, aged 76 years. Though the new creed, the father never became a bethe communion of the Methodist Episcopal two armics.

The Richmond Whi, of Saturday, April 8, says: The Christian Commission issued 1,500 rations yesterday, chiefly to the suffering poor who were burned out by the fire. The quick abjustment of the Commission to stration of its noble service."



RENDER

GENERAL LEE

PARTICULARS OF THE SUR-RENDER!

OFFICIAL GAZETTE. .

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9-9 P. M.

The Department has just received official report of the surrender this day of General Lee and his army to Lieutenant General sponse of the people of this section of coun- Grant on the terms proposed by General try? I pause for a reply. I would incite Grant. Details will be given speedily as pos-E. M. STANTON,

Secretary of War., Headquarters Armies of the United States. April 9-4,30 P. M.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War; General Lee surrendered the Army of Northern Virginia, this afternoon, upon terms proposed by myself. The accompanying additional correspondence will show the condi-

U. S. GRANT, tions fully. Lieutenant General. Headquarters Army N. Virginia, April

9th, 1865. Lieut. General U. S. Grant, Commanding U. S.

GENERAL: I have received your letter of this date, containing the terms of surrender posed by you. As they are substantially the same as those expressed by you in your letter of the 8th instant, they are accepted. I will proceed to designate the proper officers to carry the stipulations into effect.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant R. E. LEE. CLIFTON HOUSE, Va., April 9, 1865.

E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

The following correspondence has taken place between General Lee and myself.-There has been no relaxation in the pursuit U. S. GRANT, during its pendency. Lieutenant General.

APRIL 7th, 1865. General R. E. Lee, Commanding C. S. A.: GENERAL: The result of the last week soldiers of your army for all time. must convince you of the hopelessness of fur-

ther resistance on the part of the Army of Northern Virginia in this struggle. I that it is so, and regard it as my duty to shift from myself the responsibility of any further effusion of blood by asking of you the surrender of that portion of the C. S. Army known as the Army of Northern Virginia. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General,

Commanding Armies United States. APRIL 7, 1865. Liout. General Grant, Commanding Armies of the

United States: this date. Though not entirely of the opin- General, Washington. ion you express of the hopelessness of further resistance on the part of the Army of fore, ask the terms you will offer on condi-

R. E. LEE, General. APRIL 8, 1865. General R. E. Lee, Commanding C. S. A.

GENERAL: Your note of last evening, in reply to mine of same date, asking conditions on which I will accept the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia, is just received. In reply, I would say that peace being my first desire, there is but one condition I ined plan to fire this city was developed here sist upon, viz: That the men surrendered morning at half past ten o'clock. Sev- shall be disqualified for taking up arms again eral large buildings containing forage, ord- against the Government of the United States nance and commissary stores were set on fire until properly exchanged. I will meet you, simultaneously with bits of phosphorus. The or designate officers to meet any officers you alarm was given, and signalled at once through may name for the same purpose of arranging definitely the terms upon which the surrenthe entire population promptly turned out, der of the Army of Northern Virginia will

Very respectfully your obedient servant, U. S. GRANT, Lieut, Gen, Commanding U. S. A.

APRIL 8, 1865.

GENERAL: I received at a late hour your note of to-day in answer to mine of yesterday. I did not intend to propose the surren-The fire department has been on duty since, der of the Army of Nothern Virginia, but to throughout the city to prevent a like occur- frank, I do not think the emergency has arence, and to arrest suspicious persons. The risen to call for the surrender of this army; excitement caused by this incendiarism was but as the restoration of peace should be the very great yesterday and last night, but has sole object of all, I desire to know whether your proposals would tend to that end. I cannot, therefore, meet you with a view to surrender the Army of Northern Virginia; ored regiment with the lightnings of the old and mortar destroyed. but as far as your propositions may effect the Confederate States forces under my command, and tend to the restoration of peace, his daughters became famous as apostles of I should be pleased to meet you at ten (10) A. M. to-morrow on the old stage road to liever in spiritualism, but lived and died in Richmond, between the picket lines of the individual, two dollars for the second, and

Wery respectfully, your obedient servant, Commanding C. S. A. APRIL 9, 1865.

General R. E. Lee, Commanding C. S.: GENERAL Your note of vesterday receive ed. As I have no authority to treat on the

will state, however, General, that I am equal. Surrender of Lee and His Army of ly anxious for peace with yourself, and the whole North entertain the same feeling.whole North entertain the same feeling.— Rebellion.

The term upon which peace can be had are [From the Washington Chronicle.] well understood. By the South laying down their arms they will knetch that most desirable event, save thousands of human lives and God to Peace, and Rest, and Good Will ahundreds of millions of property not yet des-mong the sons of men. If the Sabbath which troyed. Sincerely hoping that all our difficulties may be settled without the loss of another life, I subscribe myself,

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

APRIL 9, 1865. To Lieut. Gen, U. S. Grant, Commanding U. S

GENERAL: I received your note of this come to meet you and ascertain definitely what terms were embraced in your proposition of yesterday with reference to the sur-

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, R. E, LEE.

APRIL 9, 1865. General R. E. Lee, Commanding C. S. A.:

Your note of this date is but this momen (11.50), eleven fifty A. M., received, in consequence of my having passed from the Richmond and Lynchburg road. I am at this writing about four miles west of Walter's to me on this road where you wish the interview to take place will meet me.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant U. S. GRANT,

General R. E. Lee, Commanding C. S .:

Lieutenant General. APPOMATTOX, C. H. April 9, 1865.

In accordance with the substance of my letter to you of the 8th inst., I proposed to receive the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia on the following terms, to wit: cannot omit our almost unutterable gratitude Rolls of all the officers and men to be made in duplicate, one copy to be given to an officer designated by me, the other to be retained by such officer or officers as you may designate, the officers to give their individual feeling" paroles not to take up arms against the Government of the United States until properly exchanged, and each company or regimental commander to sign a like parole for the men of their commands. The arms, artillery, and public property to be packed and stacked me to receive them. This will not embrace the side arms of the officers nor their private horses or baggage. This done, each of-

> Vary respectfully, Your obedient servant. U. S. GRANT,

Lieutenant General. War Department, Washington, D. C., April 9, 1865-9.30 P. M.

reside.

Thanks be to almighty God for the great victory with which He has this day crowned you and the gallant army under your command! The thanks of this Department, and of the Government and of the people of the

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of war. A Grand Salute Ordered.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

thousand different pieces of wood.

The grave of Calhoun, in St. Philip's churchyard, Charleston, is but a tomb made of brick, surmounted by a slab of marble, on which is the single word "Calhoun." Small bushes grow around, which had the appearance of being lately trimmed. Shells have struck all around it, and a fragment has taken off a portion from the marble slab which covers all that remains of the first Secession-

Thirteen breweries were seized at Allegheny City and Pittsburg on Monday, by revenue officers, for fraudulent returns of the amount of beer and liquor manufactured .-They have been placed in charge of Deputy ceived here to-day. It says: "Whatever Collectors, and work has been suspended .- may be the fate of the constitutional amend-The case is to be tried in May next. The ment, it is as certain as sucrise that slavery penalty, in case of conviction, is confiscation in Virginia is dead," of property and fine and imprisonment of the be immediately established in Richmond,

lican says that parties have arrived from Dan- the Northern cities. ville, Va., within our lines, who report that The aggregate value of the property deand a double guard has been stationed ask the terms of your propositions. To be Jeff. Davis arrived at Danville on Monday stroyed foots up \$2,146, 240. Imposing as afternoon last, and that he was accompanied these figures appear, they are far short of by two or three members of his Cabinet.

> on Monday that did not make the hearts of have commanded in the market. Our list the people sad, viz: the entrance of the col- covers no more than the value of the bricks flug dancing over their heads, and the thun- All the hospitals of Richmond have been ders of "John Brown" rolling from their taken possession of by the military authori-

The Legislature of Illinois has laid a tax of one dollar for the first dog owned by any five dollars for each additional dog,

William B. Astor, the great millionaire, is ten A. M. to-day could lead to no good. I among the drafted men in New York. 1,000 have been received in the city within

Northern Virginia-End of the

Another week of victory was yesterday be-

gun on the Sabbath dedicated by Almighty

the commencement of an spooth which will affect the destines of millions of human beings, and adjust on the firmest foundations the holiest of human principles. The surrender of the boasted and defiant rebel army, led by Robert E. Leg, to the Union forces under the command of Ulysses S. Grant, the morning on the picket line, whither I had Lieutenant General of the armies of the United States, is the great fact given in detail in our full morning despatches. The letter of General Grant to the rebel leader will render of this army. I now request an interview, in accordance with the offer contained in your letter of yesterday, for that purpose.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, that he who has fought this great fight, and wrought this great victory, is equal to all trial and proof against all temptation. Most auspiciously the surrender was effected without bloodshed. The calm stillness of the Lord's Day was unbroken by the sound of murderous artillery, and the early spring of a morning of prayer was unstained with brothers' blood. The stern warrior whose Church, and will push forward to the front inexorable plan and unpausing advance drove for the purpose of meeting you. Notice sent the rebels out of their fortifications and their capital, and who then set his squadrons upon their pursuit, calling new legions to head thom and to flank them, was the first to offer terms to his adversary, and to do so in the desire to prevent the further less of life.-It was not the vanquished that asked, but the victor that proffered, the conditions .-We are not disposed to specify wherein we think Gen. Grant has been most successful

> feated antagonist, and to all mankind: "I am equally anxious for Peace with yourself, and the whole North entertain the same

in his part of the correspondence; but we

to him for proclaiming this truth to his de-

And he might have added that not the "whole North" alone, but the South, and all the interests of Christianity and civilization demand peace.

The despatch of Secretary Stanten, breathing the same spirit with which that stern and turned over to the officers appointed by public officer accepted the portfolia of the me to receive them. This will not embrace War Department, is the explicit declaration that the President approves the terms tendered by General Grant to the rebels; and ficer and man will be allowed to return to his presence near the seat of war during most their homes, not to be disturbed by United of the correspondence is evidence that he States authority so long as they observe their knew of it, precisely as his presence in Washparole and the laws in force where they may ington last evening establishes the gratifying fact that he gratefully honors and commends the whole conduct of his renowned military representative and friend. And if there are any who may be disposed to cavil at these terms, they must recollect that they are not the American people, and do not speak for them; that the policy of Grant is the voice of "the whole North," to use his own words, and that his cry for peace is the heart's appeal of one accustomed to war, and ready to forgive all who have been misled into rebellion, if they come back to their allegiance.-An illustrious man, George Washington, in, United States, their reverence and honor, 1781, made peace with our foreign invader, have been deserved, and will be rendered to at Yorktown, Virginia, atter years of oppresyou and the brave and gallant officers and sion and cruelty had been endured by his countrymen, on a basis even more liberal. than that of Grant to the rekel forces.

We are not now speculating on the results

War Department, Washington, D. C.,
April 9—10 P. M. 1865.

Ordered, That a salute of two hundred in the midst of exulting friends. But this (200) guns be fired at the headquarters of news will go everywhere, like an angelic visevery army and department, and at every itor. It will heal the sick, restore the droopost and arsenal in the United States, and at ping, and fill all the land with thanksgiving. Military Academy at West Point, on the day It cannot be a voice of woe to the South, for of the receipt of this order, in commemora- there is no carnage and death in the terms, tion of the surrender of General R. E. Lee and no humiliation in a defeat which could and the Army of Northern Virginia to Lieut. not be resisted or longer delayed. Accept-General Grant and the army under his com- ed in this sense, it will be good for those who mand. Report of the receipt and execution have yielded too much to the rebel leaders; GENERAL: I have received your note of of this order to be made to the Adjutant rejected or disregarded, it will only increase the tortures of which they are so profoundly tired THE SURRENDER OF LEE IS THE SURRENDER OF THE WHOLE REBEL CONFEDERACY. From the Po-A mechanic of Mil waukie has manufacturitomae to the Nucces-from the Mississippi two wonderful pieces of cabinet work, in- to the Gulf-from the wilds of Texas to the tended as presents for the President and Mrs. morasses of Louisiana and the everglades of Lincoln. One is an ordinary sized center Florida—there will soon not be known or table, of octagonal form, composed of twenty seen an alien flag or an organized hostile colump. The bolt that struck the head of the serpent paralyzed its extremities; and that which is now alive in the land is love of country; the exquisite sense of an established Union; the knowledge that we are Free in all our borders; and, let us not forget, our ibiding gratitude to God that He has led us through this bloody war and crowned us with these priceless blessings by such a Peace as becomes a Christian people.

RICHMOND.

MATTERS AND THINGS IN THE CITY.

WASHINGTON, April 11 .- The Richmond Whig, of Monday, the 10th instant, was re-

FLIGHT OF DAVIS.—The National Repub. will be received at the rates established in

the truth, for the reason already stated, that real estate was before the war invariably as-There was one black cloud at Richmond sessed much below the value which it would

ties, and are used for the care and comfort equally of the Federal and Confederate sick

and wounded. A number of Confederate surgeons left in the city have been paroled, to attend to the Confederate-sick-and-wounded.

The Chimborazo, Winder, Jackson, and Five hundred Hungarian families want to Howard Grove Hospitals, four of the prinemigrate to one of our Territories. An accommodation of Federal wounded. The their transportation from Europe to Americal Commodation is about 24,000 beds, which

were left entire by the Confederates.
Rebel prisoners to the number of 800 or