

VILLAGE RECORD.

WAYNESBORO,

Friday, Mar. 11, 1864.



Forever float that standard sheet!
Where'er breaths the free but falls before us,
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Public Sales.—The following is a list of the public sales to come off as advertised in the Record:

ABRAHAM SMOCKEY, March 14, 1864.
ANN M. HOLLINGER, March 15, 1864.
Wm. KICKLER, March 17, 1864.
E. S. TROXER, March 18.
J. B. MILLER & N. WOODBARK, March 25, 1864.
Wm. A. TAYLOR, March 26, 1864.
C. HOFFMAN, March 26.
ABRAHAM BARR, April 9, 1864.

Cash Receipts.—The following is a list of cash receipts since our last issue:

John Gebr,	\$4.50
A. H. Fisher,	2.50
Daniel Hartman,	5.00
John Dear, (of G)	4.50
Samuel Lockrone,	1.50
Solomon Newcomer,	1.50
Adam Flory,	5.50
Jacob Shank,	1.50
Josiah Bakener,	2.00
Joseph Hess,	1.50
Josiah Burger,	7.00
Henry W. Funk,	1.50
J. Harry Smith,	6.00
Nicholas Koontz, Jr.,	1.00
J. H. Gordon,	9.75
for Mrs. E. J. Sheiry	12.00
C. Srite, (Greencastle),	4.50

Public Sales.—We invite attention to the sales advertised in to-day's paper by Col. Proxel and C. Hoffman.

Fresh Lime.—It will be seen by reference to another column that J. M. Hess is prepared to supply the public with a superior article of wood-burnt lime.

Promoter.—We learn from the *Hammond Gazette*, a small paper published at Point Lookout, Md., that C. MARTIN, of Co. H, 12th Pa. Reserve Corps, formerly of this place, has been promoted from dispensary clerk in the Hammond Hospital, to Hospital at Stewart, U. S. Army.

Township Tickets.—At a Union meeting held in the Town Hall, on Saturday evening last, the following ticket was nominated to be supported at the coming election:—For Judge, Henry N. Stoner; Inspector, Benj. F. Funk; Assessor, Geo. Summers, Sen.; Assistant Assessors, Henry Bear, Nicholas Bonebrake; School Directors, Daniel Potter, Abraham Frantz; Auditor, Jacob S. Good; Supervisors, D. B. Resh, Henry Shank, John Stouffer.

The same evening the Democrats met and nominated the following ticket:—Judge, David Hoeflich; Inspector, J. J. Miller; Assessor, David Barnhart; Assistant Assessors, John Wishart, Wm. Johnson; School Directors, Simon Leerone, Samuel Onwaka; Supervisors, Wm. Logue, Daniel Hartman, Philip Haas; Constable, Henry Scott; Auditor, John Zody. For the Bench:—Justice of the Peace, D. B. Russell; Assessor, Geo. Morganthall; Assistant Assessors, John W. Conon, Jos. H. Crebs; School Directors, Wm. F. Horner, George Harbaugh; Constable, Wm. Mish.

The election will be held on Friday the 18th instant.

Serious Accident.—We regret to learn that BENJ. F. BARR, a lad about 16 years of age, son of Mr. ABRAHAM BARR, of this vicinity, was accidentally shot on Saturday last. It appears that the gun was in the hands of a younger brother who, not thinking it loaded, playfully pointed it at his brother and pulled the trigger to explode the cap, lodging the contents several inches in his face, destroying the sight of the left eye and very seriously shattering one cheek bone. At last accounts he was lying in a critical situation, but his physicians, Drs. Brotherton and Frantz, entertain hopes of his recovery.

Announcements such as the above are of frequent occurrence, and this is one of many sad warnings which it would be well for parents to heed. The practice of late of boys carrying fire arms has become too common, and unless abandoned more accidents will doubtless be the result.

From Capt. Kurtz.—We yesterday saw a letter written by Capt. L. B. KURTZ of Co. G, 17th Reg. Pa. Cav. to his family in this place, dated Yorktown, March 5. The Capt. confirms the previous accounts published of Kilpatrick's raid to the rebel Capitol. He states that they were within a half mile of Richmond, from which point they shelled the city, destroyed bridges, locomotives and cars and tore up the railroad and canals. We regret to learn from the Capt's letter that JOSEPH FLOREY was shot in one arm and so seriously wounded that it is feared amputation will have to be resorted to. Young Florey is from the neighborhood of Ringgold, near Down the Flag, by M. S. N. will appear next week.

Trimming Trees.—The present is the proper time to attend to this work, before the sap begins to ascend from the roots to the trunk and limbs, and thus insure a plentiful growth of shoots and consequently an abundant foliage, which as every housekeeper knows, is a desirable thing around one's dwelling, during the sultry months of summer. This month and April will do for preparing and planting out young trees, but the latter month is rather too late for trimming. In this section too little attention is paid to a proper time for trimming, and too many prune their trees in the latter part of April and in May, when buds are not only ready to burst, but even are open. We have found from our own limited experience that this is the month to trim grapevines, and we never knew of one thus managed not to flourish and bear abundantly.

Gen. Kilpatrick's raid on Richmond has not terminated exactly as we had hoped it would, in the release of the soldiers long suffering in the Richmond prisons. Nevertheless it exhibited great courage, gallantry and enterprise on the part of this young and brave Union commander. No one else, save Kilpatrick, has had the glory of attacking the defenses of Richmond and carrying two of the lines of fortifications, while giving the Rebel capital from falling into our hands. Although unsuccessful in capturing the Rebel capital, General Kilpatrick inflicted such damage upon the "Confederate" communications as will require three or four weeks to repair. The country will give the gallant Kilpatrick all honor for his brave effort to save our prisoners from further incarceration in the "Black Holes" of Richmond.

The whisky bill, as it has now passed both Houses of Congress, and awaits the President's signature, imposes a tax of 60 cents per gallon on all spirits which may be distilled and sold, or distilled and removed for consumption or sale, previous to the 1st day of July next. Any tax after this time is to be provided for by future legislation, and will doubtless be inserted in the supplemental tax bill now under consideration by the committee of ways and means. The Whisky bill imposes an additional tax of 40 cents per gallon on imported spirits on hand. The sliding scale of duties on both domestic and foreign spirits, and a tax on the stock on hand of domestic spirits, have no place in this bill.

A Capital Regulation.—Instructions have been issued to the police of San Francisco, to arrest all vagrant youths found about town after night without a pass from their parents. If some such regulation were adopted in this town it would be a source of comfort to quiet citizens, at the same time it would do no irreparable injury, that we can think of to the boys. The passes now generally carried by them are a deck of cards, a plug of tobacco and a bottle of whiskey. Of course these passes are not furnished by the parents, yet some of them don't seem to care much that they are contributed by others.

The Game Law.—The game law fixes a penalty of \$5 upon any person who kills or destroys certain birds out of season, as follows: Partridges from the first of February to the first of September; Quails and Rabbits from the first of February to the first of October; Woodcocks from the first of February to the fourth of July. It is during the time named that the species are propagated, and to destroy them at that time tends to their total extinction, hence the law for their protection.

Important to Recruits.—The public are not generally aware of the fact that the Government pays a bounty of \$400 for veterans, and \$500 to new recruits but for the regular army the new recruits will receive \$400—thus he will gain \$100, and he can secure the local bounties besides.

The Sales.—Notwithstanding the largely increased number of sales advertised in this section this Spring, we learn that property sells well generally. Horses command from \$150 to \$200 and upwards; milch cows from \$20 to \$40 and upwards, equally fair prices being realized for other stock.

Rumors of Another Draft.—It is rumored that another call for 200,000 men will soon be made.

The joint resolution of Congress continuing the payment of bounties until the first of April, has been signed by the President, and is a law.

Captains Sawyer and Flynn, who were sentenced to death by the Rebel authorities at Richmond, in retaliation for the hanging of two spies by Gen. Burnside have been exchanged.

The President has directed that the sentences of all deserters who have been condemned by court-martial to death, and that have not been otherwise got upon by him, be mitigated to imprisonment, during the war, at the Dry Tortugas, Florida.

LOUISIANA ELECTION.—The total vote of the State as far as received, is 9,293. Hall's majority over Follow is 3,542, over Sanders 3,955, over both 1,727. The other candidates of the Free State ticket are elected by about the same majority.

Amendments of the Constitution.—On Friday last, in the Senate of this State the joint resolutions proposing certain amendments to the Constitution, one of which is to allow soldiers to vote when in the military service of the country, were passed to a third reading, 18 to 19.

A joint resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution.
Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section of the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION IV. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections of the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

SECTION V. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION VIII. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION IX. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers or privileges in any case where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been or may hereafter be conferred upon the courts of the Commonwealth.

National Banks.—There are two hundred and seventy-eight National banks organized, with the capital of \$93,000,000. Eight million dollars of the new National currency in the fives and tens have been issued to one hundred and seventy-eight banks, bringing the issue up to the 1st of January, since which time the other one hundred banks have been organized. The Comptroller is being rapidly supplied with notes, and the other banks will soon receive their portion. The plates for the new notes, (twenties, fifties and hundreds) are in hand, and these will be printed and issued soon.

The Antietam Battle-field.—In the Maryland Senate on the 1st instant, the committee on the Antietam battle-field reported in favor of the purchase of twenty acres of the battle-field, and jointly with the State of New York, which agrees to bear half of the expense, to re-inter there the remains of the soldiers of the Union, who fell in the battle. They also propose the purchase of three acres upon South Mountain, upon which to erect a monument to General Reno.

The United States Senate on Thursday, on the recommendation of the Secretary of War, and of the Governors and Legislatures of several States, adopted the House joint resolution extending the time for the payment of the United States bounty to recruiting veterans and new volunteers until the first of April. The President at once approved of this resolution, and the draft will be postponed, probably entirely abandoned, as the prospect for raising the entire quotas of the different States by means of bounties, is said to be very encouraging.

The dwelling house of Mr. H. Orliman, residing near Greenfield Mills, Frederick county, Md., was fired by an incendiary on Thursday night week, and entirely destroyed, together with all his out-buildings. His family fortunately escaped unhurt. Besides the loss of a nice comfortable home, \$1825 in the U. S. currency were consumed, making his total loss \$19,000, with only \$802 insurance.

Jeff Davis has placed General Bragg in chief command of the armies of the Confederacy, with headquarters at Richmond.

Murderer Caught.—The negro suspected of committing the murder, at the brick-kiln near Gabby's, mentioned in our last issue was caught at Martinsburg, Va. He was taken through here on the cars on Saturday last, under charge of Sheriff Brant of this county. He will be committed to the county prison to await his trial.

The Exchange of Prisoners.
WASHINGTON, March 2.—Arrangements for the exchange of prisoners have at length been effected. For some time past an unofficial correspondence between General Butler and the rebel commissioner Ould has been carried on. This correspondence has resulted in the declaration of exchange, in which it is agreed that all prisoners delivered at City Point up to the 24th of January, 1864, are declared exchanged.

Out of 30,000 veterans in the army of the Potomac, whose terms expire within the next six months, at least 25,000 have re-enlisted and it is expected that the balance will follow their example. Of 6,000 granted furloughs, 5,500 have already returned to duty.

A Cincinnati firm has received from Louisiana orders for 700 blows, 49 wagons, a quantity of harness, 30 carts, 1,000 barrels pork, 300 tons hay, blacksmiths and carpenters' tools, &c.—a sure indication that peace and prosperity are soon to follow the footsteps of freedom in that portion at least of the South.

The *Richmond Dispatch* contains an advertisement of the Danville Female College, announcing that the price of board for twenty weeks is \$500, or five barrels of flour.

Norristown, Pa. boasts of a baby nine months old, whose weight is eighty pounds of which she takes it either way.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

Gen. Polk Driven on Selma, Ala.
NEW YORK, March 6.—The *Tribune* contains the following from Washington:

A despatch from Memphis, March 1 received here this evening, gives some new and interesting details of Sherman's movements.

The despatch says that after having reached Meridian, Sherman sent out scouts to feel the ground, and to ascertain whether Logan, who had started from Florence to meet him, and Smith and Grierson, on whose cavalry he relied to prosecute his march on Selma, were advancing.

Three days elapsed before he received any answer; but as his army had but a limited number of rations, he by a rapid movement, which disconcerted the rebels, suddenly turned toward Aberdeen and Columbus, in the richest part of Eastern Mississippi, where his army was sure to find an abundance of provisions. By this movement he turned his back upon Selma and Mobile, and marched toward Logan, who had already advanced to meet him, and, by an audacious stroke of strategy, placed himself at a distance of about one hundred miles from Johnston's flank, now menaced by his advance.

The despatch says that the rumor spread concerning the attack upon Mobile and Selma, by Sherman, was simply meant to divert public attention from the real object of the expedition, which aims at an invasion of Georgia somewhere between Trenton and Lafayette.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Up to noon today the Government has not received any recent official information in relation to Gen. Sherman.

From the *Memphis Bulletin*, Feb. 26:
We have intelligence, the correctness of which we can vouch for, that on last Sunday week, at noon, Gen. Sherman entered Meridian with but little opposition, Polk hurriedly retreating before him for Demopolis and Selma. The enemy were rushing reinforcements toward Selma, but the attacks in other quarters, and the intense alarm existing through the surrounding country, were distracting their attention and paralyzing their efforts. Immense and irreparable losses have been inflicted upon them. Provisions and railroads have been destroyed, and vast numbers of horses and mules, accompanied with a little army of negroes, were captured. The people of the routes pursued by the different branches of the expedition, generally expressed themselves as being sick and tired of the war, and longing for peace. Our information is from overland, and is certain. The result of this expedition, from all we learn, will be most gratifying to every loyal heart, and disastrous in the extreme to the rebel cause.

CINCINNATI, March 5.—An officer arrived at Cairo, yesterday, direct from Vicksburg, who corroborates the Confederate stories regarding the return of General Sherman's expedition to Jackson.

He says that a portion of Sherman's force is marching already for Vicksburg, with a small army of negroes, and a large lot of mules, horses, hogs, cattle, &c. These are the spoils taken on the way.

Rebel rumors say that Col. Forrest was killed in an engagement with Sherman's expedition.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Richmond papers of the 1st and 2d instant have been received here. They admit that Kilpatrick penetrated within three miles of the city, and relate how narrowly Lee escaped capture. (General Wise also had a narrow escape, being at the residence of the rebel Secretary of War, from whence he reached the city. Four hundred more of our prisoners were shipped on Feb. 29 for America, Georgia. Nearly 3,000 have thus far been sent there, and accommodations exist for 6,000.

Forty-six miles of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad were destroyed by Gen. Sherman. The Southern Road was also destroyed from Meridian to Jackson, and 800 negroes were carried off.

The rebel accounts of the battle of Olustee in Florida, show that their force consisted of fourteen regiments of infantry, four battalions of cavalry, and three batteries of artillery. Their loss was 800 killed and wounded.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

We find in our Pittsburg exchanges full details of one of the most horrible domestic tragedies which it has ever been our province to record. The affair occurred a few days ago in Lawrence county, in this State, and the particulars are as follows:

"In the early part of the present month a soldier belonging to the 100th regiment, having re-enlisted for the war, obtained a thirty days' furlough and returned to his home in Lawrence county, about four miles from Darlington, and almost adjoining the Beaver county line. The man was married and during his absence his wife contracted an acquaintance with a scamp in the neighborhood, which culminated in a criminal intimacy between the parties. Of all this, however, the husband was in complete ignorance, and upon his return home he took up his abode with his wife, unconscious of her infidelity or of the plot which was even then forming against his life. It appears that soon after his arrival it was agreed between the woman and her paramour that he should be put out of the way, and one night, while the unsuspecting man lay asleep in his bed, the guilty pair approached him, and slipping a noose, which they had previously prepared, over his head, they threw the other end over a beam which extended across the dwelling, and pulling on it, with all their might, they swung the wretched man off the bed, and in a moment almost had him in such a position that resistance on his part became impossible. They had their victim now completely in their power; and the deliberation which marked their movements shows a degree of cold-bloodedness unequalled almost in the annals of crime. Finding that death did not take place as soon as they expected, they fastened the rope, which up to this time they had held over the beam, the body of their victim writhing in his death agony from the other end, to a peg in the wall, and leaving the miserable man to his late passed out of the house. After remaining outside long enough for strangulation to take place, they again entered the house, and taking down the now lifeless remains of the murdered man carried him to a coal bank in the vicinity, inside of which they concealed him. The next day it was noticed that the woman's paramour was rather flush of funds, and this, coupled with the fact that the soldier was missing, induced those who knew the guilty relations existing between the woman and the man, to suspect that all was not right; so an inquiry was instituted through which the entire tragedy was brought to light. The woman struck with fear or remorse, made a full confession of the whole affair, implicating her paramour as the principal in the murder, and both he and she were arrested and committed to jail at New Castle to await their trial for murder. The gentleman from whom we obtain our report of the tragedy could not give us the names of the parties, but he vouches for the correctness of the facts as we have given them. It is a most horrible affair, and naturally created great excitement in the community where it transpired."

Kilpatrick's Raid
Rebel Report of the Death of Dahlgreen.
The army correspondence of the *Herald* contains the following:

The Richmond *Sentinel* of March 5th contains further accounts of Kilpatrick's raid. The gallant Dahlgreen is dead. After leaving Richmond, he proceeded with a portion of his men toward the Peninsula, through the county of King and Queen, where he met Lieutenant Col. Pollard of the 9th Virginia, and had a sharp encounter, in which Col. Dahlgreen was shot dead. Some seventy or eighty of his men were captured. The remainder have rejoined Kilpatrick, as has been already stated. Col. Dahlgreen was one of the bravest sons of America, and his death will be regretted by all who ever knew him. He had lost a leg in the service, and had just arrived at that period of convalescence when he could take the saddle, when he was cut down by war's relentless hand.

Upon his person was found an address to his men and a memorandum of the route he was to take with his command when he left Kilpatrick, when he was to go, what he was to do, when he was to be there, and when he was to rejoin the main force. The address to his men is a most spirit-stirring and patriotic appeal to their sympathies and valor in behalf of their fellow-soldiers who are suffering imprisonment in the loathsome dungeons, and upon the desert islands of the Confederacy. He begs them not to falter or flinch, but to follow him to open prison doors, and putting arms into the hands of their released brethren, they would all march together to kill Davis and his Cabinet, and then return home to their friends, ready and anxious for further deeds of valor.

The death of Colonel Dahlgreen is denied on authority of despatches received by the President from General Butler.

An Interview Between General Lee and General McClellan.
A written communication was sent to the Secretary of War on Saturday last, by a former member of the Maryland Legislature, and a cousin of the rebel General Lee, stating that during the battle of Antietam General Lee had his headquarters at his house; that on the night after the battle he sent a messenger into our lines to General McClellan, requesting an interview at his headquarters; that General McClellan, accompanied by some of his staff, rode that night through the rebel lines, and had a long interview with General Lee, who, among other things, informed McClellan that his army was crossing the Potomac. The writer has been subpoenaed before the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

THIRTEEN HIGHWAYMEN HUNG.—They seem to have a "committee of vigilance" out in Idaho Territory. Recent accounts from there state that the miners had hung four highwaymen; who confessed that they belonged to a gang of eighty-three robbers, and acknowledged that they had robbed and killed over 100 men. At this the miners became exasperated, and surrounding Virginia City, captured five others, who made a similar confession, and were hung on the spot. Five others were executed at Bannock. One hundred of the committee had gone in search of others of the gang. Among those hung at Virginia City where H. Plummer, the sheriff, and Geo. Lane and J. Gallagher, two of his deputies.

An earthquake is a wholesale grave-digger.

Returns from 48 towns in New York show a majority of 24,699 in favor of allowing soldiers to vote.

DR. Tobias'

VENETIAN HORSE LINIMENT.

PAIN-BOTTLES AT FIFTY CENTS, FOR the cure of lameness, catarrhs, wind colic, spasms, bruises, splints, cuts, colic, slipping shins, over heating, sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of articles have been cured of the colic and over-heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor. It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the Racing Stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember, 50 cents laid out in time may save the life of your horse. Sold by all druggists. Office 55 Cortland Street, New-York.
Feb. 19—1m]

THE TOMB.

Near St. Thomas on the 3d inst., AN-NIE, wife of Philip Short, aged 69 years, 4 months and 13 days.
Dearest Mother thou hast left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God that has bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.
The spirit is not dead,
Though low the body lies;
But free from pain and sorrow fled,
To dwell beyond the skies. K. S.

MARKETS.

From the *American*, of Tuesday last.
FLOUR.—Sales reported on Change comprised 1,000 bbls. very choice Howard Street Extra on terms not made public and 1,000 bbls. good Superfine do. at \$6.87 1/2 per bbl.—We quote Howard Street Super and Cut Extra at \$6.75 @ \$6.87 1/2; Shipping Extra do. at \$7.50; Retailing Extra do. at \$7.62 1/2; Family do. at \$8.25 @ \$8.50.

GRAIN.—Red Wheat was in fair request. Sales of 4,500 bushels ordinary to very good Pennsylvania and Western Maryland at 150—160 cents, and 300 bushels good Southern at 170 cents. Sales of 4,500 bushels fair and good white Corn at 117 @ 118 cents; 25,000 bushels yellow do. at 116 @ 117 cts.; and 3,000 bushels damp and inferior do. at 111 @ 115 cents. We now quote prime Pennsylvania Wheat at 150 @ 160 cents. White Corn 116 @ 118 cents; yellow do. 115 @ 117 cts. Cuts US @ 78 cents, measure, and 90 @ 93 cts, weight. Rye 137 @ 140 cents per bushel.

SEEDS.—Clover dull. Sales at \$8.25—Timothy at \$8.00 @ \$8.50.
Philadelphia Cattle Market, March 7.—The arrivals and sales of Beef Cattle at Phillips Avenue Drove Yard are larger this week; reaching about 1,722 head; the market in consequence is dull, and prices have declined; 1st quality Pennsylvania and Western Steers are selling at from 133 @ 141 cts., a few choice sold at 150; 2d quality at from 122 @ 136 cts., and common at from 8 up to 11 cts per lb as to quality. The market closed dull at these rates, and several sales were made late in the day at lower prices than the above.

FOR RENT.—The Building erected as an Engine House, on the lot adjoining Kurtz's Hotel, is offered for rent. For terms, &c., apply to D. H. BONEBROOK, Agt for Capt. L. B. Kurtz.
Mar 11—3w]

FRESH LIME!

THE subscriber has now for sale at his Lime Kiln, 3 miles East of Waynesboro', a superior article of WOOD-BURNT LIME for Whitewashing, Plastering, &c. JOSEPH M. HESS.
Mar 11—6m]

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber now being in the army will sell at Public Sale, in Waynesboro', on FRIDAY THE 18TH OF MARCH, inst., the following property, viz:

1 HORSE, 1 COW.
1 Bugy, 2 sets Harness; 3 Bedsteads and Bedding; 1 Cook Stove, 2 Parlor Stoves, 1 Bureau, 2 Wash stands, 2 Corner Cupboards, 1st Carpeting, 1 Table set chairs, 1 large Rocking Chair, 24 Barrels of Corn, 1 on Hay, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 large Metal Vessel, 1 Chair, 1 safe; Potatoes by the bushel, with a variety of other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when a credit of four months will be given on all sums over \$10.
E. S. TROXER,
G. V. MOSE, Aucr.
Mar 11

"COSTAR"

VERMIN EXTERMINATORS
FOR RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, BEES, MOLES IN PENS, WOODEN, &c., INSECTS ON PLANTS, BUGS, ANIMALS, &c.
Put up in 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks. \$3 and \$5 sizes for Houses, Public Institutions, &c.
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poison."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Kills them out of their holes to die."
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere. Beware!!! of all worthless imitations.
See that "COSTAR" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.
Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists in Waynesboro', Pa.
March 11—8m]

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on SAUNDAY THE 26TH DAY OF MARCH INSTANT, a Lot of Ground, situated at the east end of Waynesboro', on which stands ONE-STORY WEATHER-BEAMED DWELLING HOUSE, a NEW TWO-STORY BRICK SHOP, with sheds attached, Blacksmith Shop, &c. thereon. There is also a good Cistern on the property. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M. on said day, when the terms will be made known. Possession and a good title will be given on the first of April next.
C. HOFFMAN,
G. V. MOSE, Aucr.
March 11—14]

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, John Hollinger, of Washington Township, having been duly declared a lunatic and the undersigned having been appointed by the Common Pleas Court of Franklin county the committee of the person and estate; therefore all persons having claims against said lunatic are notified to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted in any way to said lunatic are also notified to pay the same to the undersigned without unnecessary delay.
SAMUEL G. HOLLINGER,
JOHN S. OLLER, Committee.
March 11—3w]

HORSES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers or sale, privately, TWO GOOD YOUNG DRAFT HORSES.—The purchaser can make his selection from TEN HEAD. For further particulars call at my residence, 4 miles from Antietam Junction.
March 4—4w. W. M. A. FLORY.

If you want fine Potatoes you must get it at Feb. 3/64.