

VILLAGE RECORD
WAYNESBORO,
Friday, August 14 1863.



Forever float that standard sheet!
Whose breeches the foe but falls before us,
With Freedom's soul beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

"I am amazed that any one could think of 'peace on any terms.' He who entertains the sentiment is fit only to be a slave; he who utters it at this time, is more over a TRAITOR to his country, who deserves the scorn and contempt of all honorable men."
—GEN. ROSECRANS.

Wood.—We do not know a greater favor a delinquent subscriber could confer upon us at this time than to send us a load of good wood. We would prefer it dry, but as the article is scarce we will accept of it green. Who will send us a load?

The News.—We have no news from the army this week of any importance. All remains quiet.

Advertisements.—We invite attention to the advertisements of the Franklin Repository, in another column.

The Southern Cavalry.—It was our intention to say something in the first issue about the Rebels and their doings in our town and neighborhood during the late invasion, but unfortunately about that time we had a severe attack of bilious diarrhea, from which we are now just recovering. We will still however advert to them. A portion of the army was camped near town for several days, and the soldiers were passing in and out of town for nearly three weeks, affording citizens a rare opportunity to become familiar with the Southern "Chivalry," their customs, etc. During this time they plundered every store in town, more or less. The loss of Messrs. Amerson, Benedict & Co., and Mr. Josiah Besore in dry goods, groceries, etc., was very considerable, amounting to several thousand dollars from each store. Mr. Lewis Dentrich and Mr. J. E. Sellers, were each robbed of several hundred dollars in Saddles and Leather. Citizens were robbed of their hats and shoes upon the streets. In the country the cowardly rascals plundered almost every house from cellar to garret, and in many instances even made farmers and their wives give up to them what little money they had about their persons. In one instance they threatened to shoot a poor girl for 87½ cents which she was compelled to give up. Of course they stole all the flour and grain that they could find and searched every nook and corner for horses and cattle, fortunately however the most valuable horses were taken beyond the Susquehanna. Those that were not moved of course they captured, with fat cattle, mules, cows, sheep, hogs, etc. When they would steal a mare with a colt they would generally shoot the colt. Whilst some farmers escaped with comparatively small losses others were stripped of everything. We understand the loss of Mr. Abram Barr and Mr. David Hollinger in stock, &c., is about \$4000 each. Mr. Joseph Gilbert's loss is also very heavy, as he had a fine stock of horses and cattle, and lost them all. Mr. John Galtberger also lost his entire stock of horses, cattle, hogs, and even his chickens, and after plundering and robbing the house of the last morsel of provision, they even destroyed some of his farming implements. The farmers' losses, from what we can learn, range generally from about \$200 to \$2,000.

A Copperhead Advising a Rebel.—When the rebels were in this place robbing our merchants a certain old "copperhead" was overheard say to one of them, that he should make the merchants give him good change for they were charging six prices for their goods. It mattered little what they charged when they were forced to take rebel money, which is not worth perhaps 2 cents a pound, but this home traitor would have them get the goods for nothing and good change to boot.

Sluring, &c.—A certain "copperhead" in this town who is a noted gas-pipe, and reported one of the biggest liars in Franklin county, attempted on several occasions to stir us because we left town before his rebel friends got in. No doubt our absence was a disappointment to him and his copperhead friends.

Thanksgiving Day.—Thursday last, which was designated by the President as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer, was appropriately observed. Business generally was suspended. In the morning public worship was held in the M. E. Church. Appropriate addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Dorsey, & Rev. Mr. Krebs. In the afternoon a very excellent address was delivered in the Union Church, by the Rev. Mr. Whitman, of Greencastle.

Destroyed by Lightning.—The Barn of a Mr. Deter living to the left of the Chambersburg road, about midway between this place and Chambersburg, was struck by lightning on Tuesday night last, and consumed, with his entire crop of grain. The light could be seen from this place.

Gen. Curtin Re-nominated.—The Union Convention assembled at Pittsburg, on a Wednesday of last week. On the first ballot Andrew G. Curtin was re-nominated for Governor.

Union Convention.—The Union County Convention will assemble in Chambersburg, on Monday next to nominate a county ticket to be supported at the coming fall election.

The 158th Regiment.—This Regiment of drafted men, Col. McKibbin commanding, returned to Chambersburg, on Thursday of last week. We understand the Regiment has been mustered out and we presume paid off. Lt. Col. Troxel paid our visit on Saturday last. He looked well and was in fine spirits.

The Rebels.—Our farmers succeeded, in securing their crops in good order, notwithstanding the scarcity of horses. The wheat crop was good generally. The crop of clover hay was lost in consequence of the Rebel invasion; there has still however been sufficient timothy hay secured for home consumption.

The re-nomination of Gov. Andrew G. Curtin by the Union Convention at Pittsburg, says the Lancaster Examiner, is but a response to the hearty and earnest wishes of the people of Pennsylvania. It is a glorious tribute to a gallant and faithful public officer. No man ever more heartily and thoroughly commanded the confidence and love of the whole people than does Andrew G. Curtin to day. They would receive no declination from him, and like a faithful man in times of peril and trial as the present he could not refuse to be again their standard-bearer, however much it was against his own personal feelings and wishes. Gov. Curtin has accepted the nomination, and will in a few days open the campaign by addressing the people from the stump, and will visit every section of the State. No honest effort of his will be wanting to command success, and he will most assuredly be re-elected.

Putting them Through.—Not long since two barns in Harford County, Md.—one the property of an English officer, the other the property of a prominent loyal citizen, were totally destroyed by fire with their contents. In one case several pistol shots were fired in the house of the party whose barn was burned. The loss sustained, was estimated at \$3,000. Gen. Schenck issued an order that an assessment of \$3000 be at once made upon the disloyal of the neighborhood. This was promptly done and the names of the parties with the amount opposite each name are published. The right way to deal with home traitors.

The Rebels and Copperheads.—Wherever the rebels went they cursed the copperheads, declared they were too mean to live, and that if they had them down South they would hang every mother's son of them. Of course they would get all the information out of them that they could and despised them for it. They told them that they were traitors to the North, and although they professed sympathy for them, yet they were too cowardly to fight for them. That is about the whole truth of the matter in a nut shell.

About Again.—We are again enabled to be at our post, and will be pleased to meet our friends as usual, and especially those who are in arrears, provided they should be so fortunate as to have any funds to spare. Like most of our neighbors we have had our reverses, and are considerably behind hand, peculiarly.

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National Cemetery.—We learn that the ground has been purchased on the battlefield here by the State of Pennsylvania for a National Cemetery. The location is on the ground extending from the Tanawagon road to the Emmetsburg road, embracing the small grove near the former road. It is the point where the bold attack was made on the left centre of our line, and which was nobly repelled by the 2d Army Corps.

Gov. Curtin has extended an invitation to each State having dead on these fields, to deposit of a Burial Lot in this Cemetery; and co-operate in ornamenting and enclosing the grounds appropriately. A Sentinel.

The Draft in New York.—Governor Seymour addressed an important letter to the President relative to the draft, in which he complains of the injustice done to the State by the mode of enrollment and asked for a suspension of the draft until the errors can be corrected. He states that a large body of the people believe the Conscription Act to be unconstitutional, and claims that its legality should be tested in the courts. Mr. Lincoln replies, in substance, that the draft must be enforced, but that some of the districts in which any irregularities may have been committed can be re-enrolled. He implies that the troops are wanted, and the quickest way to get them is by draft.

To this Gov. Seymour replies by recognizing the concessions of the President, but regrets that the President declines to suspend the draft. He confesses that the army needs recruits but wants the ranks filled by volunteering. He then goes into statistics, becomes very pathetic, and winds up with the hope that the President will redress these gross outrages.

Since the quitting of the Copperhead riot in New York City, a number of our readers are no doubt anxious to read the speech made by the Copperhead Governor Seymour of New York in which he calls the rioters "my friends." Remember that this speech is the language of the Governor of New York, to the mob which was murdering, burning and pillaging at the very time.

Mr. PATENTMAN: I have come down here from the quiet of the country to see what was the difficulty, to learn what all this trouble was concerning the draft. Let me assure you that I am your friend.

Upbraiding cheating. "You have been my friends—yes, yes, that's so." "We are, and will be again," and now I assure you my fellow citizens, that I am here to show you a test of my friendship. [Cheers] I wish to inform you that on Saturday I sent my Adjutant General to Washington, to confer with the authorities there and to have this draft suspended and stopped. [Voice of cheerers.] I now ask you as good citizens to wait for his return, and I assure you that I will do all that I can to see that there is no inequality; and no wrong done any one. I wish you to take good care of all property as good citizens, and see that every person is safe. The safekeeping of property and person rests with you, and I charge you to disturb neither. It is your duty to maintain the good order of the city, and I charge you will do it. I wish you now to separate as good citizens, and you can assemble again whenever you wish to do so. I ask you to leave all to me now, and I will go to your rights. Wait until my Adjutant returns from Washington and you shall be satisfied. Listen to me and see that no harm is done to either person or property but retire peacefully. [Cheers.] Some of the crowd here shouted, "Send away those boys, they're referring to a company of soldiers who were drawn up in front of the City Hall," but the Governor declined to interfere with the military, and bowing to the crowd, retired.

Affairs at Vicksburg.—A correspondent, writing from Vicksburg, under date of July 14, says: "A horrible discovery has just been made on the Rebel line of fortifications. Quite a number of men have been engaged in repairing the Rebel fort that was blown up on the night of the 4th instant. In the course of their operations they have exhumed sixty or eighty dead bodies buried in the ruins of the fort. It seems that while our miners were at work making an entry into the side of the hill that was crowned by the Rebel fort a strong working party of Rebels were set to work sinking a counter mine within the fort. This party, consisting, it is said, of more than a hundred men, were in the Rebel mine when ours exploded, and those of them who were not killed outright were buried alive. Some of the exhumed bodies are terribly lacerated and mangled, while others have not a mark or bruise upon them. Two heads, one that of a negro, have been dug up. They were completely severed from the bodies, the latter not having yet been found. The bodies are found in almost every conceivable position—some standing erect, others sitting or lying, and in one instance a body was head downward as if it had been caught in that position by the crumbling earth while falling headlong into the pit below."

Rebel Governors.—It is a singular fact, and one very suggestive of the position of things in Dixie, that of the thirteen States claimed as members of the rebel Confederacy, but five of the Governors maintain a position in their State capitals. viz: In Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama. Pettus has fled from Mississippi, Harris from Tennessee, Price from Missouri, and Arkansas man from Little Rock, him of Kentucky long since resigned, and those of Louisiana, Florida, and Texas have been so long lost in the fog that there is no telling whether they be dead or alive. This is a flourishing condition of things for rebellion, truly! The States whose Governors maintain their positions in their capitals are more or less in the possession of the Union Army, and they may at any moment be like their neighbors, fled to distant quarters.

Reps. Gen. PAUL was severely wounded through the head, in the first day's fight here, was able to leave for his home in Kentucky, by short stage on Friday last. Adams Sentinel.

We notice that Major O. Haller, of the United States Infantry, has been dismissed from the service for disloyal conduct and the utterance of disloyal sentiments.

I found myself first a freeman when on British soil," says Vallandigham in his address. Any Irishman could tell him, he lies. Any Englishman could tell him that the exorcism in Britain of the tenth part of the freedom with which he assailed his own country would have caused him to be hung as high as Haman. The traitor boasts that he is "under the protection of the British flag." Americans understand this is by no means the first time that the British flag has afforded protection to their enemies. Benedict Arnold boasted that he was protected by the British flag. Baltimore Clipper.

GEN. MORGAN AND "BUTTERNUTS." The Zanesville Courier says that just as Morgan left Miamiville en route for Dangerous Crossings, on the Little Miami Railroad, he encountered a man with six fine horses, purchased for "our Government" service. Morgan demanded at once the six sleek chargers. The owner in good humor, remarked that he thought he might divide, and only take half. Morgan replied that he would, and just as the horses were handed over the owner felt so good over his luck with John that he commingled to him some of the signs and grips of the Golden Circle, of which he was a member. At this Morgan became enraged and swore he was a Confederate officer, but nevertheless he hated "butternut" signs worse than he did at once took all six of the poor fool's horses, and left him to grumble and sweat.

Their Hellish Attempt Foiled.—The invasion of Lee, the Copperhead Riot in New York, and the arrival of Vallandigham at Niagara Falls, was concocted by the enemies North and South, weeks ago. All that was needed to accomplish their hellish purpose, that of overthrowing the Government, was that Meade should be defeated at Gettysburg, and all would be accomplished. It is stated that an embassy from New York visited Richmond, where the whole matter was arranged. Riots were to be inaugurated simultaneously throughout the Northern cities with every triumph the rebels gained over our Army—the burning of our cities so long promised, was to commence, and the Government was to be overwhelmed. It was to have been inaugurated on the 4th of July, and would have been had not Lee's Army been whipped at Gettysburg.

Breakridge Democracy on Free Speech. In '65, the test of Breakridge Democracy was the support of the policy of forcing slavery into Kansas. The Missourians adopted a "code" for Kansas, and Buchanan sent an army there to enforce it. This is a copy of one of the sections of that code: "If any free person, by speaking or by writing, assert or maintain that persons have not the right to hold slaves in territory, or print, publish, write, circulate, or cause to be introduced into this territory, any book, paper, magazine, pamphlet, or circular, containing any denial of the right to hold slaves in this territory, such person shall be deemed guilty of felony, and punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term of not less than two years."

But we heard nothing then from the now Copperhead press about the great rights of free speech and a free press.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT PHYSICIAN.—Dr. John C. Dorsey, an old citizen and a highly esteemed physician, died at his residence in this town, after a lingering illness, on Thursday, Dr. Dorsey had been suffering from bodily affliction for the several last years of his life, during which period he was obliged, in a great measure, to retire from his profession, but for thirty years previously, in connection with his lamented father, the late Dr. Frederick Dorsey, he was actively and extensively engaged in the practice of medicine, and both as a physician and a gentleman possessed the respect and enjoyed the confidence of this community. The deceased was in the 59th year of his age. —Hagerstown (Md.) Herald.

CONDITION OF THE SOUTH.—The general tone of the rebel journals for the past few weeks, shows that the so-called Southern Confederacy is in a most hopeless condition. It appears almost certain now that the Southern States are so drained of the able-bearing population, that the last call of Gen. Davis for more troops, issued in the extremity of his distress at the fall of Vicksburg and Fort Hudson, and the defeat of Lee, cannot possibly be complied with. All the foreigners are applying for exemption from conscription, and seeking passes to leave the boundaries of the Rebel States. The tone of the Southern press generally is despondent in the extreme, and foreshadows a collapse.

GRAM FOR CONSUMPTIVE PATIENTS.—The Medical Reporter says that a consumptive patient, now under treatment, is taking cream with better effect than was experienced under the cod liver oil, previously tried. "Our advice is for all who have consumption to adopt a cream diet. Fat, the pure, sweet cream abundantly, as much of it as the stomach will digest well, and we doubt not that it will prove quite as effectual as the purest cod liver oil, that can be brought."

BRITISH EMIGRATION TO THIS COUNTRY.—In a recent debate in the House of Commons it appeared that the tide of emigration to the United States, which had been somewhat diminished in 1861, has resumed its full flow. Of the entire British emigration over two-thirds steadily seeks the United States, in spite of special efforts made on behalf of Australia and other British colonies. The usual rate is a little over 10,000 per month.

Technically Right.—The recent election in Kentucky has resulted in the success of the Union candidate for Governor and members of Congress. Twenty-one counties give a majority of nearly seven-tenths (70%) for the Union ticket. The Union ticket was defeated in only one county, and that by a narrow margin.

Death of William L. Vance.—The Southern papers announce the death of this prominent leader of the secession movement. He died on the 28th ult. at his residence, near Montgomery, Ala., after an illness of four weeks from the effects of kidney disease.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.—Washington, Sunday, Aug. 9.—A refugee, who arrived here to day from Richmond, says that there are but few troops there. Two weeks ago three brigades were sent to Charleston. Lee has not been reinforced to any considerable degree from Richmond. The strength of D. R. Hays' division is less than five thousand. Great suffering prevails in Richmond among the poorer classes, in consequence of the scarcity and high prices of provisions.

Advices from the Army of the Potomac to-night state that everything is quiet, and will probably remain so for a month or six weeks to come, unless the rebels attack us. Lee's whole army is now on the south bank of the Rapidan, strongly entrenched. Trains are running over the railroad bridge across the Rappahannock. Hot weather and poor water are telling on our troops.

COPPERHEAD LIES.—It appears that the enemies to their country stoop to little, low and mean things very often to gratify their treacherous desires. The report published in Copperhead journals throughout the country to the effect, that the Abolitionists of Millersburg, Ohio, made bonfires over the death of Hon. J. J. Crittenden on the night of July 27, is an infamous fabrication. The fact was that some boys were having a glorification over the capture of Morgan.

Marshal Kane, at the head of the police department of Baltimore, whose "arbitrary arrest" caused so much lamentation among the Copperheads everywhere, has run away from the city, leaving his bail in the lurch and it is said is now an officer in the rebel army.

The "what harvest has been" excellent throughout the length and breadth of the country. It is now all housed by the farmers. Providence has greatly blessed us in this, and we should not forget to give thanks to Him who has bestowed upon us all the blessings of life!

The inhabitants of East Tennessee are said to be in a most deplorable condition suffering for food of almost every description, and deprived of nearly all the necessities of life. Rebel rule to these brave people have been their ruin: When will their deliverance come?

DANGEROUS GREENBACKS.—One dollar greenbacks, altered to this, were put into circulation in Philadelphia last Friday. The alteration is done by pasting the figure ten over the figure six. Several persons were deceived by them, and did not discover their mistake until it was too late to detect the parties who passed them.

THE TOM.—Near Chambersburg, on the 8th inst., EMMA LAVENIA, daughter of Christian and Rebecca Harshelrode, aged 3 months and 13 days.

Our sweet little Emma is missing above, surrounded with angels and feasting on love. The Savior has called her away from our sight. A way in your heart, all dressed in pure white. Her little white hands are playing the harp. She who could not do while here upon earth. Oh! parents don't mourn she'll never return. The Savior has called her and all is well done.

She is free from all care we truly do know, But we here on earth through trials must go. Her brothers and sisters they all were so kind. But Jesus saw good to leave them behind.

Oh! I think remember that you're too much die. Ere many more months in the grave you may lie. Try all a prove faithful you'll meet her again, To sing hallelujah and glory amen.

BETTER THAN THE CHEAPEST FASHION, STYLE AND BEAUTY. VARIETY, ELEGANCE AND DURABILITY. The hand boards that point to UPDEGRAFF'S.

NEW STOCK HATS, CAPS, CANES, Umbrellas, Pocket Books, Portfolios, &c., just opened at UPDEGRAFF'S.

SPRING STYLES, 1863.—We have just received from the Eastern Cities and have now open our Spring stock of Goods. All the new styles of Hats and Caps, for men, boys, and children, with Canes, Umbrellas, Pocket Books, Portfolios, Caps, &c., and would invite particular attention to the "all-improving" fact that notwithstanding the high prices of goods and the general complaint of everything being at high prices, we are prepared to furnish our customers most articles in our line at old prices and at such small advances as not to be noticed by the customers. Call and see the new Spring styles and prices for 1863.

SECOND SUPPLY OF STRAW. COUNTRY MERCHANTS are invited to call and examine our stock of Hats, Caps, Canes, Umbrellas, Pocket Books, Portfolios, Gloves, &c. We are prepared to furnish to country dealers anything in our line in just such quantities as they may see fit, and at prices as low as our jobbers. We invite an examination of our stock and prices before you buy elsewhere. UPDEGRAFF'S.

MARKETS.—From the American of Friday last. FLOUR.—Transactions reported on Chicago embrace some 400 bbls. Howard Street Super at \$3 00 @ 25; 500 bbls. Ohio Super at \$5 00 @ 25; the inside figure for gold inspections, and the latter for fresh ground and 1,000 bbls. Extra do. at \$6 @ \$4 25 per barrel.

WHEAT.—Damp and inferior to fair white Wheat now ranges from 125 to 140 cts., good to prime do. from 165 @ 175 cts., very prime to strictly choice do. from 176 @ 180 cts., unsound to fair red 110 @ 125 cts., and good to prime do. 130 @ 135 cts. per bushel.

RYE.—To-day we have only to quote a sale 200 bushels new Maryland at 90 cents per bushel.—Demand unimportant. Corn ranges from 80 @ 81 cts. for white, a decline on the better grades of fully 1 cent, and 1,500 bushels yellow at 87 @ 88 cts. per bushel. OATS.—To-day a fair business was done on the Corn Exchange at 42 @ 45 cts., measure, and 30 @ 31 cts., measure.

CATTLE.—The offerings of Beef Cattle at the Live Stock Scales to-day footed up 950 head. I need range from \$3.25 to \$5 per 100 lbs. gross, for thin to prime Reeves. HOGS.—With less liberal receipts and a fair demand the market ruled firm, to-day, common to prime live, 10 @ 11, commanding \$7 to \$7.75 per 100 lbs. net, an improvement of 1 cent per lb. on the poorer descriptions. SHEEP.—Under a short supply the market was quite firm, sales being made at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 cts. per lb. gross, an advance of 1/4 to 1/2 cent per lb. above a week ago.

The Franklin Repository. Published on Friday, August 14, 1863. Price \$2 per annum, in advance, \$1 per six months. McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.

Rebel Invasion. The Franklin Repository publishes the most complete history of the Rebel Invasion to be found. It also contains an accurate Map of the seat of War in Pennsylvania, the battle ground of Gettysburg, and the lines of march of both armies. Price \$2 per annum, in advance, \$1 per six months. McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.

Portraits of our Heroes. The Franklin Repository of the 30th of July contains an article, portrait of Gen. Geo. G. Meade, the Hero of Gettysburg, and the number for August 5th will contain an admirable portrait of Maj. Gen. U. S. Grant, the Hero of Vicksburg. Price \$2 per annum, in advance, \$1 per six months. McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.

To Business Men. The Franklin Repository has the largest circulation of any paper in the State out of the cities, and is the best "Business" paper in Southern Pennsylvania. Terms, \$2 per annum, in advance, \$1 per six months. McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.

To the Friends of Soldiers. The Franklin Repository is furnished by soldiers, and contains a full list of names of the soldiers of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311th, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411th, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511th, 512th, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th,