

VILLAGE RECORD  
WAYNESBORO  
Friday, April 10, 1863.



Forever float that standard sheet!  
Where breathes the foe but falls before us,  
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,  
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Turnpike Election.—See notice in another column.

New Goods.—Messrs G. & J. BRUNDER have recently replenished their stock of cloths, cassimeres, and other goods for gentlemen's wear. Give them a call.

Settle your Accounts.—Those who failed to settle their accounts, as we requested, previous to the first instant, will confer a special favor by giving the matter their early attention. We have been compelled to borrow that others might not be disappointed and must refund. All arrears must therefore be settled, and settled soon.

Snow.—During Saturday night and Sunday we had a full of snow here, to perhaps the depth of five or six inches. In this instance the old adage has been verified, that "a green Christmas makes a white Easter." This will doubtless more fully confirm our village dames in their belief of this ancient tradition.

Indignant.—We learn that some of the female sympathizers with the rebels in this place are very indignant at us for employing the term "copperhead." It is all right for persons to cheer for Jeff Davis and Stonewall Jackson on the streets after night, and swear that they are ready to shoulder their guns to oppose the Government, under the pretence of driving, as they term them, the abolitionists from power. This and more has been done, but it is wrong in the estimation of these shallow-pated creatures, to term such, "various" or "copperheads." The emblem is appropriate, and we would advise all such to adopt the "copperhead" breast-pin.

Copperheads Beware!—Mrs. Pairo and daughter, found guilty of making and sending clothing to the South, and Sarah Flannigan, charged with assisting parties to go to the South, all of Baltimore, were recently taken to Point of Rocks, by order of Major Gen. Schenck, and conducted thence under a flag of truce inside the Rebel lines. Richard D. Poole, of Frederick county, and John S. Lynch, of Baltimore, were also arrested at Westminster, on the charge of using disloyal language, and sent South. We advise copperheads here who cheer for Jeff. Davis and talk of being ready to shoulder their muskets against the 'Abolitionists' to be more guarded in the future, or they might just as suddenly be compelled to lodge among the "greybacks."

Mud.—The recent fall of snow has had the effect to again render the roads in the neighborhood almost impassable. The one leading from this place to Quincy is represented as being especially bad for travel. Piking on this road is much needed. The same is true of our Borough, where there is certainly much room for improvement. Many of the crossings and side-walks are in the worst possible condition. The citizens of Leitersburg Street fare the worst however, having no side-walks. Property-holders there should at once make an effort to have at least one walk laid with crossings.

Old Citizens Deceased.—Mr. JOSEPH NAIL, a veteran of the war of 1812, died at his residence near this place, on Sunday last, at an advanced age. He served his country during that memorable campaign and was wounded in the battle of Lake Erie. His remains were brought to this place on Tuesday and deposited in the burying ground attached to the Union Church.

At Kurtz's Hotel, on Wednesday last, after a few days illness, Mr. JAMES REED, at an advanced age.

Distant Patrons.—We have notified a number of patrons at a distance of their arrears, but they have failed to respond. Such may look for the "gallows" soon.

To Tax Payers.—It will be soon by reference to our advertising columns, that Mr. BALSLEY, County Treasurer, will visit this place on the 4th and 5th days of May, for the purpose of receiving taxes for the year 1863.

Sale.—Solomon Bittner will dispose of his personal effects, at Public Sale, near Antietam Junction, on the 11th inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Received.—We acknowledge the receipt of \$5 from Mr. John Hess, Hoek's P. O. Wayne county, Ohio, for subscription to Record.

Look Out.—Joseph Funk, Collector, requests us to notify all persons in arrears for School Tax for the year 1862, that unless the same is paid on or before the 25th inst. will be collected with cost.

The Crisis Passed.—The Germantown Telegraph informs that, from the tenor of the press throughout the country, and the aspect of commercial and business affairs, we have seen the worst of the war as well as the crisis of affairs generally. In the decline of the value of gold—in the advance of Government securities—and in the fall of cotton and wool, of coffee and sugar—we have clearly the evidence of a general change for the better in things by which, in these trying times, the country's thermometer is regulated. About the first of January, the very best quality of cotton was selling at one dollar per pound; now the same article can be bought for about sixty cents. A dollar in gold then sold for \$1.70 in Government legal tender notes, now at about \$1.45. United States securities, which were then neglected, are now in the greatest demand, and for the past week new subscriptions to the \$20 bonds have been made in Philadelphia alone at an average of a million a day! The value of sugar and coffee has slightly fallen, and we anticipate a gradual fall from this time on. Speculators in gold and in cotton goods have been savagely bitten, especially those who have gone deeply into the latter. Several persons in New York, regarded as millionaires, who have involved themselves so deeply in the purchase of cotton goods, and thus run up these articles to almost fabulous prices, hid fair to be utterly ruined, unless a reaction shall take place, and the goods again advance to give them an opportunity to escape with whole skins. We would, however, rather see them reaping the fruits of their greediness, than that the community, through their acts, should be made to submit again to the late extortionate rates.

We repeat, the crisis financially and otherwise has, in our judgment, passed, never, it is trusted, to return again.

The editor of the *Milsonian* says:—In our peregrinations through portions of the Army of the Potomac, last week, we were highly gratified, can say delighted, at the state of affairs. The army was never in a better condition. Gen. Hooker is a very popular man among the boys. He feeds them well, which creates a strong attachment to their commander. There is one eternal, uncompromising hate in the army, of the Copperheads in the North. Whatever different opinions the soldiers may have on other matters on this they are united, that a peace man, is the most despicable, mean and contemptible rascal on God's footstool.

Loyal Papers.—Every person after reading loyal papers should wrap them up and send them to their friends in the army.—Don't send them Copperhead sheets. The soldiers do not want them. Why, the soldiers are so "down on" the copperheads, that if on their return home they find any bearing their names allied with the reptiles, they will apply to the Legislature for the passage of an Act to change them, so that their children will not be disgraced in the future by the appellations. So, all will perceive the propriety of sending loyal papers to our brave boys; but by all means send them, and confer an obligation upon the soldiers.

Contemptible.—In the lower House of our State Legislature, a series of joint resolutions have been adopted, in which the Rebels are referred to in honeyed phrases, and the Administration of the United States Government is bitterly denounced. One of the resolutions favors a General Convention of all, or three-fourths of the States, for the purpose of amending the Constitution to suit the South! And yet these very men have been persistent in their cry of "the Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was!" We should think it scarcely necessary to invite honest men and true patriots to cut loose from such scoundrels.

Down on the Copperheads.—The brave soldiers in the various departments of our army, without distinction of party, are down on the "Copperheads" and "Peace men" of the North in their efforts to embarrass the Government and give aid and comfort to the enemy. Meetings have been held in nearly every regiment, in which resolutions were unanimously passed, denouncing the torials in their rear in the severest terms.

A copperhead has no sympathy with the government or the rights of labor. He is a miserable office-seeker or pot-house politician, who would lick the feet of the Southern slave aristocracy, and beg for the crumbs that fall from their tables.

Copperheads.—A correspondent of the *Evening Bulletin* says: The term "Copperhead," as applied to Northern sympathizers with Southern treason, seems to have stirred up the bile of the reptiles to such a degree as to have induced them to conceive the idea of mutilating the copper cent by cutting out the head and wearing the same as a breast pin or a badge. This circumstance has suggested to my mind the following definition: "Copper-head—One who outrages the good sense (cents) of the nation."

Rev. W. T. Beatty.—A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Presbyterian*, writing from New Brunswick, N. J., under date of March 25th, says: "Recently the First Presbyterian Church has called the Rev. Mr. BEATTY of Pennsylvania, who, it is thought will accept. This is the church, venerable with age, and of sacred memory, whose TENANT once preached, and it is quite important that they should secure a man who can at once take his place as an able representative of Presbyterianism in this old Dutch town."

Rev. W. T. BEATTY has accepted the call to the church at New Brunswick, N. J., subject to the action of Carlisle Presbytery.—The congregation in this place are very reluctant to part with their very able and efficient pastor, but whereas he expressed his earnest desire to go to another field of labor, they have felt it to be their duty not to throw any obstacles in his way, and accordingly gave their consent at the congregational meeting held on last Saturday.

He possesses superior qualifications as a pulpit orator, and will doubtless fill the place to which he is going with great credit.—*Greenacres Pilot*.

Arrived.—We feel happy to announce that Col. Eldor, of the 120th, who has been lying in the Hospital at Washington, D. C., since the memorable battle of Fredericksburg, from wounds received there, has returned to his home in St. Thomas. He arrived in this place on Saturday evening last in the cars, and was conveyed home in a spring wagon. He is improving slowly, and there is not much doubt now of his recovery.

Respository.—On Friday morning last, at Harper's Ferry, where he was engaged in the Q. R. Master's Department of the army, Mr. H. P. Aughinbaugh, after a brief illness of typhoid fever. Mr. A. was long a citizen of this town, where he was highly esteemed by all who knew him for his goodness of heart, amiability of manners, and educational attainments.

Yesterday morning at his residence in this town, William H. Handey, Esq., a venerable and highly esteemed citizen, in the 77th year of his age.—*Hay Herald*.

Rhode Island Election.—The election in Rhode Island on Wednesday last resulted in a brilliant triumph of the Union cause. James Y. Smith for Governor and the whole Union State ticket were elected by nearly 3000 majority. The two Representatives to Congress were also elected by handsome majorities.

Connecticut Election.—The election held in Connecticut on the 5th inst. resulted in the election of the Union ticket, headed by Buckingham for Governor, by about 3,000 majority. The campaign was an unusually spirited one, and the result is regarded as a great triumph for the Union and the Administration.

A New Measure.—It is understood that every person hereafter arrested for expressing disloyal sentiments and who refuses to take the oath of allegiance, is to be sent within the enemy's lines. In the West it is said General Burnside has given orders to rigidly enforce this rule.

Postage.—On and after the first of July all letters deposited in the Post-office for mailing on which the postage is short, instead of being sent forward as now, will be kept and treated as if there were no stamp on them. This is an important fact, which the public will do well to impress on their minds. After that time the postage on drop letters will be two cents, instead of one as now.

A gentleman who left Nashville on 19th ult., says that conscription has utterly failed in North Carolina and South-eastern Tennessee. The mountaineers resisted it with arms, and an army would be required to enforce it. The presence of the Federal Troops in Tennessee would enlist five thousand men for the Union.

A few days since workmen engaged in tearing down an old frame house in Washington, D. C., came across an iron box between the flooring near a chimney, containing gold coin of a very old date valued at \$18,000. The premises years ago was occupied by a miserly merchant, at whose death little property was found, although he was reputed to have been rich.

Mrs. Destin, a lady in New London, Conn., a few days since died of the dropsy. Within the last eighteen months her attendant physician performed the operation of "tapping" twenty-four times, and in all took from her nine hundred and seventeen pounds of water a little short of four barrels in bulk.

Department of the South.—The Southern Papers announce that the attack upon Charleston has commenced. Captains of this more valuable Prize Vessels.

Fortress Monroe, April 6.—The latest Charleston papers received here acknowledge that the attack by the Federal army and navy upon that city had been commenced, but contain nothing indicating whether the movements of our forces had met with a success or a repulse.

It is fair to infer that if the latter was the case they would have announced it in the most glowing terms known to the rebel vocabulary. It is generally believed, in official quarters, that at least no reverse has been sustained by our troops or our fleet, and there is the best reason to believe that the loyal North will soon be electrified by the gratifying announcement of the capture and re-occupation of the spot where Charleston once was located.

New York, April 6.—A letter from Port Royal, dated the 31st of March, gives the particulars of the capture of the British blockade-running steamer *Aries* (a remarkably fast vessel), by the United States gunboat *Stetson*, Captain Devens, on the 28th ultimo, while going into Bull's Bay, near Charleston. She was run aground, and was taken, with all her crew, including the pilot named Adkins, formerly of the steamer *Marion*. A part of her cargo was destroyed by the crew. She had already made one trip to Charleston.

Captain Devens says she has made thirteen knots an hour since she captured her.—She arrived at New York to-day.

The United States steamer *South Carolina* had captured a schooner bound from Charleston to Nassau, with 70 bales of cotton.

The schooner *Expeditions*, from Nassau for Savannah, with salt, was captured by the garrison of Fort Pulaski, on March 8th, by the use of the steamer *Matland*, with a six-pounder aboard.

Letter from Ex-Speaker Grow.—Ex-Speaker Grow has just issued an address to the constituents whom he served for twelve years in the national councils, tendering their thanks for the cordial and generous support he always received at their hands. In closing he says:

"Peace men of to-day can accomplish naught, save to increase the sacrifice of life and waste of treasure and bring sorrow and mourning to a greater number of firesides, unless it be the destruction of the liberties of their country. The only road to lasting peace leads over the battle-field and ends in the shouts of victory. No partisan strife should in this hour of national peril divide the loyal patriotic and true. Past issues should be buried, safe for reference as beacon lights to guide the future.

"Justice to the heroes who are periling their lives on the tented field, and due respect to the memory of the martyrs who have fallen in battle, demand the prosecution of this war till the last armed rebel is subdued. Suspended on the issue hang the life of the Republic and the hopes of mankind."

"The only arguments befitting the times are cannon and battalions. A united voice and action by the twenty millions of people who are professedly for sustaining the Government, and the last vestige of treason would long since have been crushed out. A united purpose now on their part to use all the means within their reach to crush this rebellion, and it would soon be ended. Whenever they shall say, with one voice, that the Union shall live, no matter what dies, and whatever endangers its existence must perish, the decisive battle is then fought and won."

ARREST OF GOV. TOD OF OHIO.—Considerable excitement exists in Ohio, on account of the arrest of Governor Tod, at Columbus, on Friday, for the alleged kidnapping of Dr. Olds. When it was found that the Sheriff was prowling around to nab him, the Senate undertook to hurry through a bill making it legal for Federal officers to arrest citizens of Ohio, which would have knocked the bottom out of the sheriff's warrant, but too many Senators were absent, and this failed. The Sheriff, meantime, gained access to the Governor's office, and served his warrant. The Governor protested against being carried off unceremoniously and asked for delay till the morning train, but the officer was inexorable. The Supreme Court came to the rescue with a writ of *habeas corpus*, and the Governor was released by giving bail to appear in the Fairfield Court, in June next. The arrest had been arranged so as to throw the Governor in jail the day after the adjournment of the Fairfield Court.

Guerilla Raids.—Attack on a Gunboat.—Deserters to be Shot.

CINCINNATI, April 6.—A special dispatch to the *Gazette*, from Cairo, states that the gunboat *St. Clair*, while passing Palmyra, 25 miles above Fort Donelson, conveying transports, was fired on by the rebels under Van Dorn. The third shot struck the *St. Clair's* steam supply pipe, rendering the boat unmanageable. She was towed to Cairo by the steamer *Luminary*. Two or three men were wounded. All is quiet in Gen. Rosecrans' department.

A large number of deserters, availing themselves of the President's proclamation, are returning to their regiments.

Department of the Gulf.—Important from the Army of Gen. Banks. New York, April 7.—The steamer *Eastern Queen* has arrived from New Orleans with dates to the 29th ult.; and *Katy West* to the 1st inst. She brings about sixty discharged soldiers from Gen. Banks' Department.

Capt. Collins reports that while at Port St. Phillip, Southwest Pass, he was boarded by a United States boarding officer, who reported having received a telegram from New Orleans, stating that the rebels had begun to evacuate Port Hudson.

The steamer *Roanoke*, from New Orleans on the 28th ult., says a scouting party of thirteen rebels had been captured near Baton Rouge.

Col. Dudley's brigade had made an expedition to a point on the west side of the Mississippi, half way between Port Hudson and Point Coupee, burned the rebel steamer *Hope*, with 600 barrels of molasses, and at Hermitage Landing destroyed 1,600 barrels of molasses, the rebel machine shop, and granary, containing 15,000 bushels of corn, besides several buildings, including the post office.

Our expedition to Ponchatoula and Pass Manchoc has been completely successful. The troops consisted of the 6th Michigan and a battalion of the 165th New York, with two pieces of artillery manned by men from the 7th Connecticut. The gunboat *Barataria* and yacht *Corypheus* accompanied them. Ponchatoula was occupied after some skirmishing with rebel cavalry, 300 strong, and the railroad bridge, two miles beyond, destroyed after the rebels had been driven from it by a detachment of the 6th Michigan. The bridge was 500 feet long. A large amount of flour, tobacco, and stores fell into our hands.

Our forces occupy Ponchatoula, Springfield, and Pass Manchoc, and the rebel cavalry are said to be so hedged in that their escape is difficult. Three cotton-laden schooners were captured near Ponchatoula.

Movements near Murfreesboro.—Skirmish at Snow Hill, Tenn.—Victory of the Union Troops.

The following has been received at the headquarters of the army in Washington: To Major-General Halleck, General-in-Chief: MURFREESBORO, April 6.—General Stanley has returned from his scout, bringing in some forty or fifty prisoners, and three hundred serviceable horses and mules.

He drove Morgan's cavalry from the Peninsula, whipped them from their stronghold, Snow Hill, north of Smithville, and but for their precipitate retreat and the difficult nature of the country, would have had a force in their rear, and captured their artillery and animals.

The enemy left quite a number of dead, and fled toward McMinnville, losing many horses, saddles and guns.

W. S. ROSECRANS, Major General.

Two new Expeditions on foot. Cairo, April 7.—The steamer *Gray Eagle*, from Memphis, has arrived. We learn from passengers that two important expeditions, have started, the objects of which are not to be made public.

The reports regarding the Yazoo Pass expedition are still conflicting. The preponderance of evidence is that it has not been abandoned.

Last week, while the steamer *J. D. Hine* was passing down the Cold Water, it was fired into by guerrillas. Several deck hands, and one engineer were killed, and the captain mortally wounded.

Disturbances in Missouri.—Outrages of the Guerrillas. KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 7.—A messenger from Major Ransom's Battery of the 6th Kansas Cavalry, reports several skirmishes with the guerrillas, in which twenty-five were killed, and the notorious Todd wounded. Their horses and equipments were captured. The houses of twenty-five noted Sectionists of this county were burned last night and a hundred head of stock taken.

Six brothers, who enlisted in the same company at Manchester, Vt., have all been killed or died.

FRENCH SABLE FURS.—Port sets of French Sable, comprising all grades, twenty-four Muffs at lowest city prices. UPDEGRAFFS', Hatters, opposite Washington House.

LADIES FURS—MINK SABLE.—We have three sets of Fine Mink Sable, three fine Mink Muffs. We offer them at lowest city prices, at UPDEGRAFFS', Practical Hatters, opposite Washington House.

FALL OF 1862.—HATS, CAPS, Canes, Umbrellas, Ladies Furs, Buffalo Robes, Gun Coats, Gum Blankets, Fur Leggings, Horse Blankets, Cotton, Woollen, and Buckskin Gloves, Portimonies, Purses and Pocket Books. We have the best assorted and cheapest stock of the above articles to be found in the country. UPDEGRAFFS', Practical Hatters, opposite Washington House.

LADIES FURS—RUSSIAN FITCH.—Six sets fine Russian Fitch, six fine Fitch Muffs, at lowest city prices. UPDEGRAFFS', Hatters, opposite Washington House.

BUFFALO ROBES.—We have two bales of assorted Buffalo Robes, from the common to the fine. UPDEGRAFFS', Practical Hatters, opposite Washington House.

TAKE CARE OF THE SMALL NOTES.—We have the POSTAGE CURRENT CY POCKET BOOK. With one of these Books you can handle the new currency without loss. Also, a fine assortment of Pens, Pocket Books, Portimonies, &c., from a DIME up. UPDEGRAFFS', Hatters, opposite Washington House.

THE ALTAR.—March 17th, by Rev. J. Hussler, Mr. DANIEL W. BONEBREAK, of this place, and Miss ANNA C. SHUPPERT, of Hollidaysburg.

Accompanying the above notice we received a "one dollar bill"—more acceptable than the usual "delicacies" presented on such occasions—for which the parties will accept our thanks and best wishes for a future of prosperity and unalloyed happiness.

THE TOMB.—Near Antietam Junction, on the 2nd inst. SUSAN, daughter of Solomon and Elizabeth Bittner, aged 14 yrs. and 8 days.

MARKETS.—From the American of Tuesday. FLOUR.—The market remains inactive but we have no quotable change to note. Transactions reported embrace 600 bbls. Howard Street Super at \$7.75 and 200 bbls. Extra do. at \$7.75 per lb. Prices close nominally as follows: Howard Street Super and Cut Extra at \$6.87 1/2; Shipping Extra do. at \$7.02 1/2; Family do. at \$7.75; Family do. at \$8.75 @ 9.

GRAIN.—Sales of 2,900 bushels inferior and common white Wheat at 175 @ 180 cts., 2,500 bushels fair to choice do. at 185 @ 190 cts., a lot of 800 bushels Kentucky bring the latter figure, and 5,000 bushels common to strictly prime red at 170 @ 175 cts. per bushel. Only one sample of good white Corn was received on Change, the best of for which was 95 cts. Of yellow soft 3,000 bushels sold at 95 @ 96 cts., an advance of 1 cent. Sales of 5,000 bushels very fine New York State Oats at 92 cts., and 500 bushels fair to prime Pennsylvania at 88 @ 90 cts., weight. Rye was unchanged, prime Pennsylvania commanding 110 cts. Maryland we quote at 100 @ 105 cts. per bushel. SEEDS.—We quote Cloverseed at \$5.50 @ 6 for ordinary to prime, Timothy at \$2.25 @ 2.32 1/2 and Flaxseed at \$3.55 @ 3.65 per bushel.

Cattle.—The offerings of Beeves at the Live Stock Scales to-day footed up 275 head. The range of price was usually wide, sales being made from \$4 to \$7 per 100 pounds for common to strictly prime Cattle.

Hogs.—The market was fairly supplied to-day, but under a good demand prices ruled higher, fair to prime live Hogs selling at \$8.50 to \$9 per 100 lbs.

Sleep.—The receipts continue extremely light, and with a fair inquiry, prices favor sellers. Sales ranged from 9 to 10 cents per lb. gross.

MORE GOOD NEWS! JACOB ADAMS STILL AT THE OLD BUSINESS, On Church Street.

KEEPS constantly on hand Buggies of every description and style; new and second-hand. VEHICLES of all kinds at reasonable prices. All persons wanting anything in his line of business will do well by examining his stock before purchasing elsewhere. JACOB ADAMS, Waynesboro, Pa.

TURNPIKE ELECTION. An election will be held at the office of John Phillips, Esq., on Monday the 4th day of May next, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock P. M., to elect one President, six Managers, one Treasurer and one Secretary, for the Waynesboro and Maryland State Turnpike Company.

NOTICE. WHEREAS, Letters of Administration on the Estate of Henry Jacobus, late of Washington Township, deceased, have been granted by the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the County of Wayne, to the undersigned, and the same having claims against the Estate of said decedent, will make known the same, without delay to JOHN HARBURG, Jr., Administrator.

IMPROVED SELF-SEALING FRUIT CANS. Lists can be closed and opened by any person at the sign of the Big Headed Boy. (July 11 '62) D. B. INGALL.