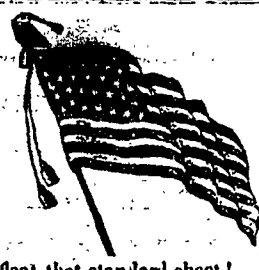


VILLAGE RECORD. WAYNESBORO. Friday, Aug 13, 1862.



Forever bent that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us, With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

An Apology.—One of our hands has taken leave of absence and another is disabled by sickness, which has prevented us from giving our usual amount of matter this week.

Bounty Money.—A number of the volunteers at Camp Curtin, have placed their bounty money in the hands of W. H. BROTHERTON, of this place, which their friends can get by calling at his store.

Preaching.—Dr. EDWIN DORSEY, (Lutheran) of Columbia, Pa., will preach at Jacobs' Church, at 10 o'clock on Sabbath morning the 24th inst., in Waynesboro' at 2 o'clock; P. M., and at Quincy in the evening.

The Drought.—The weather has been dry and excessively warm for several weeks.—The corn and late potatoes are now suffering from the effects of the drought, and without copious showers soon the yield of both must prove light.

Enlisted.—Dr. T. D. French having enlisted in Capt. Deabler's company, of Chambersburg, requests us to say that he purposes, if spared, resuming his practice here at the expiration of the nine months' service.

Re-nominated.—Hon. Ed. McPherson was unanimously re-nominated for Congress at the Union Conference held on Thursday last, in Fulton county, for the district, composed of the counties of Adams, Franklin, Bedford, Fulton and Somerset.

The Bounty.—The Semi-Weekly Dispatch states that through the liberality of action of our Commissioners, the County Treasurer, Geo. J. Buley, was enabled to go to Harrisburg on Saturday provided with the means to pay each volunteer that left this county in obedience to the late requisition of the Government, the promised bounty of \$50—to pay which will require over \$40,000.

Montezy Springs.—We are pleased to learn that this delightful watering place has been well patronized this season, and that a large number of boarders are still in attendance there. Mr. DAVID MILLER, the Proprietor, is a kind, accommodating gentleman, and leaves nothing undone which will contribute to the comfort and convenience of his guests. As a summer resort Montezy is surpassed by few watering places in the State; being situated on the top of the South Mountain and surrounded by the most beautiful scenery, the pure water and cool, invigorating mountain air render the place especially desirable for invalids.

The following from the Selingsgrove Times is a specimen of the editorials given by sundry Northern journals of the Breckinridge stamp:

"Will men who are cowards, or who are honestly opposed to this Abolition war, allow themselves to be forced into a hateful service by an act of conscription by a set of mad-men and fools who have, through the ignorance and fanaticism of the people, been placed in power with a premeditated and declared intention to violate the constitution and rend asunder the Union?"

The traitors here who have prescribed the Record should send on for a prospectus of the Times. We know several of this class who would make capital agents for such a sheet, and it would answer their purpose equally as well as the Richmond Enquirer, the chief organ of Jeff Davis.

A secession sympathizer was endeavoring to discourage enlistments, and expressing full confidence in the ability of the south to successfully resist the Union forces, under the shadow of Bunker Hill monument, on Monday. He had proceeded as far in his remarks as to complain of the wrongs the South was suffering, when he was seized by a gentleman in his audience, hurried with some precipitation to a neighboring frog-pond, and there immersed, amid the plaudits of a numerous crowd. He was released before the breath had quite left his body.—Ex. We are of the opinion that a similar process, properly administered, would prove beneficial to some of the loud-mouthed traitor-sympathizers in this region.

Twelve young men, who fled from Baltimore to avoid the draft, were arrested the other day at Williamsport, Lycoming county, in this State, and taken back. Gen. Wool sent them to Fort McHenry.

Drafting.—The Harrisburg Telegraph states that the necessary rules and regulations for drafting in this State have been received at headquarters, and it is understood that drafting will commence to-day.

No More Guerrillas Wanted Alive.—Col. Crozier, of the 4th Ohio, in the Sandy region, has told his men not to bring in another guerrilla prisoner, that looks like business.

Northern Traitors Arrested.—The publishers of the Harrisburg Patriot and Union, one of the meanest Tory sheets in Pennsylvania, were arrested on Wednesday morning of last week, by the Provost Marshall, of Columbia, taken to Washington and committed to the old Capital jail for safe keeping. For the purpose of ridicule and, to impede the progress of recruiting, they printed and circulated through the streets of Harrisburg, the following handbill, which led to their arrest. Will the negro-shriekers hereabouts say that the arrest of these traitors is a usurpation of power on the part of the government? Undoubtedly they will!

ATTENTION—COLORED MEN! The great Gen. James Lane has arrived in this city to-day, and will address the colored citizens of Harrisburg in front of the Market House at 4 o'clock this (Monday) afternoon. Men and brethren, come along! The Governor having granted him permission to raise two COLORED REGIMENTS, he will be prepared to swear in all able-bodied men who may offer, and he confidently expects to raise a company in this place. Arms, equipments, uniforms, pay, rations and bounty the same as received by the White Soldiers, and no distinction will be made. Come one, come all. J. H. TOMKINS, Recruiting Officer for Lane's Colored Regiments.

Watch the Traitors.—From what we can learn an influence against enlistments has been exerted here to some extent. We say watch the home traitors, for it is the duty of every good citizen (says the Adams Sentinel) who hears persons talking against the government, or in a way to discourage enlisting, to make information thereof to the Prosecuting Attorney of the County, or to the nearest Justice of the Peace. The great danger which now environs our noble institutions will no longer allow toleration to traitors or their abettors. The sternest punishment must be inflicted on all who are hostile to our government, and display that hostility by word or deed. It is better that the worthless necks of all the traitors in America should be stretched than that this government should die.

County Companies.—The Republican states that there were EIGHT COMPANIES in Harrisburg, from this county, on Saturday evening last, each over one hundred strong in rank and file. The Captains commanding them are—Messrs. Deabler, Reed and Miles, of Chambersburg; Rowe and Austin, of Greencastle; Walker, of Waynesboro'; Elder, of St. Thomas, and Brownson, of Mercersburg. They will all be combined in one regiment, and will probably be commanded by either Elder or Walker (of Kannebshurg) as Colonel.

The proclamation of the Governor required but four companies of nine mouths' men from this county. An Instance of Rebel Brutality.—There is not in all history and act of assassination so atrocious as that perpetrated by the Rebels last week, on Gen. Robert L. McCook.—The Southern scoundrels approached his ambulance, where he lay sick and faint with disease, threw him from it to the ground, and while he was in a helpless condition, implored for quarter shot him dead. In all ages, and among every civilized people, the hospital and the ambulance have been held sacred from assault; and it is left for the infamous followers of Jeff Davis to inaugurate a savage and brutal system of warfare in keeping with their dastard conspiracy. But their acts, sorrowful as it may be to us, will reap its punishment. Our troops will not fail to meet out to the Rebels a sanguinary and terrible vengeance. They have already evinced their temper in regard to the outrage, and, wherever the Old Flag leads them, they ought and will forget everything but their loyal commander who "always lived like a man, and tried to do his duty."

Drafting will soon begin. This measure is so just that there should be no hesitancy in adopting it. The burden of the war should not fall upon the willing and the generous. There are those in our midst who have no sympathy with our cause—who ignore or oppose the republic, while enjoying its protection. These men should do their part towards saving the Republic. It is to reach these men that drafting is adopted.

Hereafter, deserters from the army are to be branded on the left hip with the letter D, an inch and a half long, and ten days thereafter have one half of the head shaved, forfeit all their pay, and be drummed out of service.

Altered Bank Note.—An altered note of the Easton Bank has made its appearance. It is a \$1 changed to \$5. The work is well done, and easily deceives those who are not acquainted with the bills of this bank.

The Colliers Waking Up.—At a great war meeting held in Scranton, Luzerne county, on the 7th inst., and at which the Hon. G. A. Grow and others spoke, 115 men enlisted in a few hours, and they refused to take the bounty.

The War Department has determined to divide each State into Districts with a view to drafting, and if any county shall raise both quotas by volunteering, there will be no resort to drafting in that district.

The New York State quota for the first call of 300,000, is completed, and the regiments have marched for the seat of war.

The True Odds.—It is a matter of surprise to persons at home and abroad, says the North American, that the conflict in which we have been engaged for fifteen months has not long since been terminated by a complete suppression of the revolt.—The advantage is so decidedly with the loyal portion of the country that the delay to put an extinguisher upon rebellion is inexplicable.

There is only one explanation of it, and that lies in the motive and spirit of the contending parties. The federal army is conservative, the confederate army destructive! The former seeks to preserve and establish; the latter to subvert and exterminate. One is calm, considerate, careful; the other furious, reckless, and desperate. A murderer resisting arrest has almost supernatural strength, and an officer needs to be worked up to a somewhat similar excitement to cope with him. When our loyal men begin to feel that ours is a struggle for life with an enemy excited to desperation, and prepared to use any and every method of accomplishing our destruction, let the consequences to them be what they may, we shall then adopt a more effective policy, and give back a little of the coin we so freely received.

The fury of a maniac and the tenderness of a nurse presents scarcely a greater contrast than the spirit with which the contending armies in our country have conducted the contest thus far. Until we have something of the feeling which nerves the rebel arm, and are prepared to dismiss the gentle and forbearing policy which has hitherto prevailed, we shall not make much progress towards the desirable end. The desperate disease demands a desperate remedy.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.—Since our last, says the Hagerstown Herald, the Provost Marshall has administered the oath of allegiance to the following persons:

Christopher Hill, E. D. McCoy, Albert Heil, John J. Middlekauff, Hezekiah Poffenberger, Geo. Lias, Charles M. Rush, Benj. F. Slick, William Slaughterly, Frederick M. Benj. Malott, Daniel B. Bachtell, F. T. Line, George Pickett, George Herr, Benj. Trovinger, F. S. Furry, R. W. Hunter, John Creager, F. A. Grimm, Abraham Jacob, Ezra Botenbender, John Abbott, Jacob T. Maugans, Joseph Creager, Franklin S. Grove, John C. Huyett, A. G. Boyd, Wm. N. Hiller, R. H. McClain, David Seibert, John Hultz, Wm. C. Cheney, Horatio N. Harne, [David Pretzman, Stonebraker, Judge John Thomson Mason and Samuel Knott declined to take the oath and were committed to prison.]

Taking the Oath.—The Provost Marshall of Hagerstown has established an office in Boonsboro', and up to the 7th had administered the oath to the following persons:

Christian Deener, John Poffenberger, Jos. Knux, Rev. A. Copenhaver, Dr. H. B. Wilson, Jacob Blecker, Charles A. Gabe, Fred. Betts, Samuel H. Smith, John C. Brining, John H. Lakin, Charles D. Smith, Jonathan Delwicks, Thomas E. Smith, Elias Hutzell, Dr. A. W. Lakin, Robert J. Shaffer, Otho Sherman, A. W. Brining, James B. Myers, Geo. W. Smith, Thomas Kennedy, Jacob Krug, Solomon Neikirk, Thomas Smith, John Davis, Samuel McClure, Lewis H. Smith, Augustus Vanhook, Philip Storm, Fred. Reipsomen, Henry Heck, James V. Shaak, Emanuel Kreps, Dr. O. J. Smith, Dr. Francis Smith, Oscar Smith, Henry Blessing, Wm. Betts, Jacob Houpt, Wm. Booth, James Eavey, Emanuel Suman, Henry Knott, C. Emory Stonestifer and Henry Heckrotte.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—President Lincoln, Gen. Halleck and the War Department are in good spirits over the latest despatches from the battle field near Culpepper. I am in possession of information which it would be impolitic to divulge, that satisfies me that the Rebels have been so seriously beaten that they cannot again engage us with any hope of success. Our troops are in a strong position, and the desired delay for reinforcement and concentration has been granted them by Jackson's inaction. I feel assured that the gate to Richmond will swing open this week before Pope's valorous and victorious legions.

The War in Missouri. St. Louis, Aug. 9.—The Pacific Railroad Company has subscribed \$15,000 for the suppression of the guerrilla operations in Missouri. The recruiting officers of volunteer regiments have been authorized to enlist men from the enrolled militia of the State. The Democrat learns that the present uprising of the rebels in Missouri is in accordance with a plan conceived by Price after his defeat at Pea Ridge, when he told his followers to go home, put in their crops, and then rise throughout the State, form themselves into guerrilla bands, and be prepared to meet him in the fall, when he should return.

The Stampede into Canada. DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 9.—The stampede into Canada of persons liable to military duty which was going on briskly for several days, was effectually stopped to-day by a rigid enforcement of Secretary Stanton's order. CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—In pursuance of the order of the Secretary of War, thirteen persons were arrested last night, by Police Superintendent Bradley. They were bound to Detroit, and evidently intended to escape to Canada to avoid the draft. They were sent to jail.

Recruiting in Indiana. CINCINNATI, August 8.—All the Indiana regiment but two, called for by the first call, are full. There is considerable excitement in all parts of the State, and recruiting progresses with unusual rapidity. All the regiments authorized will be full this week.—The 38d Ohio Regiment, commanded by Col. Anderson, a brother of Gen. Anderson, of Fort Sumter fame, is full—one thousand men having been recruited in fifteen days in Montgomery, Butler and Preble counties.—The contributions to the county fund in this city reaches \$88,000.

WAR NEWS! BATTLE BETWEEN BANKS AND JACKSON! The Rebels Cross the Rapidan! JACKSON AND EWELL IN COMMAND! HEAVY LOSS ON BOTH SIDES! GEN. POPE IN THE FIELD!

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The train which came in to-night brought five persons—the wife and clerks of Capt. Loomis, Quartermaster at Warrenton, and a reporter. The Rebels, under Jackson and Ewell, had crossed the Rapidan, in force, and their advance guard, 15,000 strong, was attacked by Gen Banks, yesterday afternoon, about six miles south of Culpepper Court House.

Banks', Sigle's and McDowell's commands have been engaged. Warrenton is deserted. All the United States stores have been removed to Culpepper. A fight is now in progress eight miles below Culpepper. The maneuvering is quick and heavy.

At 7 o'clock Gen Pope arrived on the field from Culpepper, accompanied by Gen. McDowell, with part of McDowell's corps. The battle was then substantially over, Gen. Banks holding the ground that he had occupied at the beginning.

After the arrival of Gen. Pope there was an artillery contest, continuing at intervals till nearly 12 o'clock. The night was unusually clear, and the moon full. Gen. Banks was on the field throughout the action, and constantly under fire. His handling of troops and personal gallantry, is highly praised by his officers.

Col. Knipe, of the 46th Pennsylvania, is dangerously wounded. Gen. Banks was rather severely hurt by an accident. A cavalry trooper ran against him and he was struck heavily on the side. Nevertheless, he remained on the field, and is on duty this morning with his command. Col. Geary was wounded and has an arm amputated.

Gen. Augur is severely wounded. Maj. Pelouze, Gen. Banks' Adjutant took command of a hesitating regiment and gallantly led it through a galling fire; he received two shots, and is severely but not dangerously wounded in the side.

The 5th Connecticut, 27th Indiana and 46th Pennsylvania were badly cut up. Gen. Wilder, of the Rebel forces, was wounded. The losses are very heavy on both sides, and it is supposed that not less than 2000 or 3000 were killed and wounded or are missing on each side.

Jackson and Ewell were both present in the battle. Reinforcements to the amount of 18,000 men reached the rebels last night, at about the same time ours arrived.

The engagement, at the latest hour, is said to be successful on our side. The Rebels fought on an elevation, where they had placed masked batteries, with which they opened on our troops. Two trains of empty cars left Alexandria to-day, to bring up the wounded from Culpepper.

CULPEPPER, Va., Aug. 11.—The enemy this morning sent in a flag of truce, asking permission to bury their dead on the field of battle now in our possession. This shows that with all their superiority they were too badly cut up to maintain their position, and that their falling back yesterday was from necessity, not choice.

Our troops are engaged in bringing off our wounded from the battle field, and burying our dead. WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Accounts from Culpepper represent the enemy's estimated force at twenty thousand, and our own, exclusive of cavalry and artillery, as not exceeding seven thousand.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF VIRGINIA, CEDAR MOUNTAIN, Aug. 12. To Major General Halleck: The enemy has retreated under cover of the night. His rear guard is now crossing the Rapidan, towards Orange Court House. Our cavalry and artillery are in hot pursuit.

JOHN POPE, Major General Commanding. From Washington City. Important Orders. WASHINGTON, August 8.—The following order was issued this morning from the War Department:

Ordered, First, That all United States Marshalls, Superintendents and chiefs of Police of any town, city or district, be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to arrest and imprison any person or persons who may be engaged by act of speech or writing, in discouraging volunteer enlistments, or in any way giving aid and comfort to the enemy, or in any other disloyal practice against the United States.

Second, That immediate report be made to Major L. C. Turner, Judge Advocate, in order that such persons may be tried before a military commission. Third, The expense of each arrest and imprisonment will be certified to the Chief Clerk of the War Department for settlement and payment. (Signed.) EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

An order has been issued by the War Department prohibiting any persons liable to be drafted from leaving the country. The Ram Arkansas Destroyed. WASHINGTON, August 10.—The following is from the Petersburg Daily Express of yesterday:

RICHMOND, Aug. 9.—A despatch from Gen. Van Dorn to Secretary Mallory states that the Confederate ram Arkansas, Lieut. Stephens commanding had been destroyed. She left Vicksburg on Monday to co-operate in the attack on Baton Rouge. "After passing Bayou Sara, her machinery became deranged, and whilst attempting to adjust it, several of the enemy's gunboats attacked her. After a gallant resistance she was abandoned and blown up. Her officers and men reached the shore in safety."

Interesting from Harrisburg. HARRISBURG, Aug. 10.—On the 7th of July last a call was made on the State for twenty-one regiments of volunteers. I learn that a communication was received yesterday from the War Department, containing a requisition for militia for the full quota of the State under the two recent calls, each for 800,000 men. The full quota of this State under these calls will be 92,841 men, less the number of volunteers furnished by the 15th inst., under the call of the 7th of July above mentioned. Pennsylvania is equal to the emergency, and will, no doubt, promptly furnish her quota, though it take every third able bodied citizen in the State.

The rules and regulations to govern the draft will probably be made public in a few days. Troops continued to pour in till a late hour on Saturday night, when over 10,000 men had arrived.

2,000 men are encamped at Harrisburg, and 1,000 at Lancaster, making a total, exclusive of the six or eight thousand three year men forming in Philadelphia, of nearly 20,000 men practically raised within one week.

Governor Curtin will arrive here to-morrow morning from Bedford, when the work of organizing will commence, and the regiments be sent off as rapidly as transportation can be furnished by the railroads.

Strong efforts are being made by the Governor to induce the President and Secretary of the Treasury to appoint the national tax collectors from among the men who have served their country in a military company. Men can be found in almost every county, town, and township in the State, who have lost their health, or have been wounded in battle, but are perfectly competent to perform the duties. This is a move in the right direction, and it is sincerely to be hoped that it will prove successful. It is due to the men, and would relieve the collection of the tax of much that is disagreeable. It would also prevent the places from falling into the routine of political favorites.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 12.—Governor Curtin leaves for Washington to-night, to arrange with the War Department a plan by which counties that have exceeded their quota shall be credited with such excess upon the draft.

Many counties have greatly exceeded the number required of them, and it is but just that when this occurs a proper credit should be given. Companies of troops enlisted for three years or during the war continue to arrive. The work of organization are going on rapidly and satisfactorily, and regiments will leave as fast as transportation can be provided.

ARREST OF AN ALLEGED TRAITOR.—JOHN HAGAN, proprietor of the Mountain House, situated about four miles from the city of Frederick, was arrested on the 28d ult., at his house, at the instance of the commanding officer of the first Maryland Potomac Brigade upon the charge of treason against the United States Government. The accused reached Baltimore on Wednesday afternoon by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in charge of Captain George H. Wagner of Company C. He was taken to the office of Police Marshall Van Nostrand, and in the absence of Gen. Wool, confined in the Central Police Station. During the passage down to Baltimore the accused admitted that he had succeeded in the enlistment of from four to five hundred recruits for the Southern army, for which he received the sum of fifty cents per head. He said he had been allured and deceived by secessionists who made great promises to him, but in the hour of his adversity, turned upon him a cold shoulder. He deeply regretted his course of conduct and was willing to do all in his power for the prosperity of the Government if they would only let him go. He would take the oath of allegiance to the Federal Government without reservation. Gen. Wool being absent at the Capital, the man remains in custody.—Baltimore American.

Assassination of Gen. McCook. HUNTSVILLE, Ala. August 9. To L. Thomas Adjutant General: It is with pain I inform you that Brigadier General Robert McCook died at 12 o'clock noon on the 6th of August, from a gun wound or wounds inflicted by guerrillas on the previous day, near New Market, Ala. He was indisposed, and was riding in an ambulance, some distance ahead of their brigade, with a number of his staff and a small escort. He had stopped to see about a camping ground for his command, when the party was attacked by a band of guerrillas, one of whom rode up to the ambulance and shot him in the side.

D. C. BUELL, Major General Commanding. THE ALTAR. On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Beatty, Captain D. Watson Rowe, to Miss Annie Fletcher, both of Greencastle.

MARKETS. From the American of Tuesday last. FLOUR.—Market quiet and unchanged. Sales reported on Change comprised 500 bbls. new Wheat Ohio Extra at \$6, 200 bbls. old do. at \$5.87 1/2 and 300 bbls. good Howard St. Super at \$5.02 1/2 per bbl. Howard St. Super, \$5.50 @ \$5.62 1/2 Shipping Extra \$5.87 1/2 @ \$6.00; Retailing Extra \$6.00; Family \$6.50 @ \$6.75.

GRAIN.—Sales of 4,000 bushels good to choice new white at 150 @ 170 cents; 3,000 bushels ordinary and fair do. at 135 @ 145 cents; 5,000 bushels fair to strictly prime new red at 138 @ 143 cents, and 3,000 bushels common and tough do. at 125 @ 135 cents per bushel. Corn, suitable for shipment, was in request and firm, damaged and common parcels were slow of sale. Sales of 4,500 bushels ordinary to prime white at 65 @ 71 cents, and 3,000 bushels yellow do. at 62 @ 65 cents per bushel; inferior white ranged from 57 @ 63 cents, and yellow do. at 56 @ 60 cents per bushel. Oats were in steady demand; sales of 2,000 bushels new Maryland at \$4 @ 38 cents, and 10,000 bushels Pennsylvania at 48 @ 50 cents—the latter figure for 82 lbs. No sales of Rye were reported; we quote Pennsylvania at 80 @ 81 cents per bushel.

OH! for whigs to cheer! right down at Price's Store. What for? Why to get some more of that New York Syrup—only 12¢ each a quart at Price's (June 13)

BAKES AND FOLKS, of all kinds, for sale at H. SPENCER'S (June 13)

THAT MOON-LIGHT RIDE. BY M. B. N. The winds were hushed in silence, The sun sank in the West, The birds had quit their roars, For calm and peaceful rest; The moon and leafy trees, With all their stately pride, Could not shut out the beauties "Of that calm moon-light ride."

No clouds obscured this heavens, No shadows dim'd the light That fall like flocks of beauty, To cheer the gloom of night, While like a glowing diamond, Each star of promise tied To shed a ray of glory "Upon that moonlight ride."

All Nature seem'd the reveler, Beneath the silver stream That glided upon the water, With soft effluent beam And blended with earth's beauties; Its glories have not died, But still in fond remembrance "Is kept that moonlight ride."

And thus through life I'll cherish The beauties of that night, Its scenes of fairy visions, And tints of mellow light; The sweet and balmy fragrance, Whose greeting I thus sigh'd The stars' fond home of Heaven, "Which lit that moonlight ride."

SPRING FASHIONS, 1862—SILK HATS, FELT HATS, WOOL HATS, CAPS, &c. Straw Hats all colors and styles, for Men and Boys, Children's Fancy Straws, great variety, common Straws, &c. We have just returned from the Eastern Cities and believe we have the most complete, best selected, and cheapest stock of FASHIONABLE HATS for Men, Boys and Children, to be found outside of the Cities.

UPDEGRAFFS, Hat Makers, Opposite Washington House, Hagerstown, Md. Before "Busting" we have visited the Eastern Cities, and just returned with a MILLION STRAW HATS, more or less, rather less however than more, and an equal proportion of Eastern made FELT HATS, all of which we intend to sell for CASH at "busting" rates. If you would save money buy at the Fountain Head, UPDEGRAFFS' where hats are really made by busting hands, in a bustling factory, and a bustling scale, and sold at such prices as will "bust" all those who fail to buy at the Fountain Head. UPDEGRAFFS, Hat Makers, Opposite Washington House, Hagerstown, Md.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.—In addition to our usual stock of home-made and WOOL HATS, we have just added fifteen cases of Eastern made FELT HATS, comprising all the styles popular in the trade. These goods have been purchased from the largest and best eastern factories for cash, and at the same rates as the largest city jobbers, and we are now prepared to offer them to country merchants at as low prices as city jobbers. UPDEGRAFFS, Hat Makers, Opposite Washington House, Hagerstown, Md.

Merchants, remember that we have just added a first class WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT to our stock, and will sell you in small lots and sizes, as you may want any of the popular styles of the day, and always at as low prices as city jobbers. UPDEGRAFFS, Hat Makers, Sign of the Red Hat, Hagerstown, Md.

"BUSTED!"—Don't be alarmed, friends, we've got enough of money to keep the stock, and continue selling at "busted" prices until after harvest, at the HAT STORE, Opposite Washington House, Hagerstown, Md.

The last run of shod sometimes prove the first, just so with our last run, a bigger stock, a better stock, and a cheaper stock than can be produced elsewhere, may be found at all times, or until we "bust." UPDEGRAFFS, Hatters, Sign of the Red Hat, Hagerstown, Md.

List of Letters. LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Waynesboro', Pa., August 14, 1862: Miss Maggie Boneman, Dr. John Blough, Henry Dugges, Geo. W. Doughman, Miss Sarah Ferguson, Wm. Fernan, Jacob Giger, Miss Aca Harne, Henry Hawk, Benton Hoover, Michael Krimer, Francis Lutz, Daniel Light, Jeremiah Lamberson, Christian Leather, A. J. Miller, Frank D. Miller, Constantine McCollough, John Nalley, Rev. J. F. Deckerman, James Kowler (2), Geo. Rankin, Wm. L. Shuff, Christopher Shaky, Charles Stahl, H. Woodward, Mrs. Mary C. West, Thaddeus S. Zook.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they were advertised. T. G. KINGSTON, P. M. (Aug. 15) Notice to Teachers. THE Board of School Directors of Washington District, will meet at the Western School House in Waynesboro', on Saturday the 6th of September, for the purpose of employing 15 Teachers, to take charge of the various schools in the district. By order of the Board. D. F. GORDON, Sec'y. (Aug. 15-3v)

PUBLIC SALE. THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on Saturday the 24th of August, 1862, his Farm, situated one mile and a half West of Waynesboro', opposite the gate-house, containing about

40 ACRES of first quality Limestone Land, 2 or 3 acres of which are well set with heavy timber. The whole is enclosed with good fencing. The improvements are a Store and a Mill. STONE DWELLING HOUSE with Basement, in good repair, a good Log Stable, Hog Pen and other necessary outbuildings, with a good Well of water convenient to the dwelling. The purchaser will give immediate possession of the land, with the privilege of putting out the fall crop. The above property is offered at Private Sale until the 23d inst. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when the terms will be made known by JOHN A. ROYER. (Aug. 15)

"At Brotherton's Hardware Store." Grain Cradles, Grain Scythes, Grass Scythes, The Farmers', Wooden Forks, Hay Forks, Grain Forks, Fork Handles, Sashes, Rakes, &c., &c. CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!! June 6 '62.

Timothy Seed for Sale. THE subscriber has now for sale 40 bushels of prime TIMOTHY SEED which he will dispose of at fair prices. Persons desiring to see seed or to purchase, will please call on him at his residence one mile northwest of Waynesboro', Pa. BENJ. E. PRICE. m2