

when, 2 of player, 1 of line.) I then plowed it and heed it again.

Product of 176 rods, 237 bushels of corn. About 12th September up the Corn at the roots and set it up in the field. The piece was planted with the white flint Corn.

RODNEY JEWETT.

Brooklyn, Oct. 1846. Sugar Beets.—The premium for this important crop was awarded to Eliakim Field, Esq. of Bridgeport, for one hundred and eighty-five bushels, at sixty pounds per bushel, upon one quarter of an acre of land; being at the rate of forty-four thousand four hundred pounds per acre: or, twenty-two tons, two hundred pounds per acre. Some large crops of Beets were reported, and other Beets were exhibited, by S. Meykert, Esq. weighing twelve and a half pounds each. Mr. Cornelius P. Curtis, of Bridgeport, raised a very large crop, and exhibited some fine specimens.

Ruta Baga.—The premium for this crop was awarded to David Post, Esq. for three hundred and fifty-one bushels upon one quarter of an acre; being at the rate of fourteen hundred and four bushels to the acre. C. Curmiat exhibited several large samples.

Butter.—The exhibition of this important article was small, but in quality unsurpassable. The premium was awarded to Miss Sarah M. Walker, of Woodbourne.

Cheese.—There was great disappointment expressed, by many, that the exhibition of this article of our exports were not more numerous. The premium was awarded to Joshua W. Curtis, of Bridgeport.

Horses.—Few were exhibited. The premium for best Stud Horse, was awarded to Frederick Rogers for his five years old Dun Horse. The premium for the best Mare was given to Thomas Johnson, of Bridgeport.

Neat Cattle.—The exhibition was limited in number, but in quality was very fine. The premium for the best Bull was awarded to Thomas Nicholson, Esq. of Springfield, for his Durham Bull, 3 years old. The second premium to Caswell Ives, of Liberty, for his Devonshire Bull, 5 years old. The first premium for the best Cow, was awarded to Wm. C. Ward, of New Milford, for a 3 years old Durham Cow. The second premium to Secku Meykert, for a Durham Cow, 8 years old. The want of space prevents a notice of several other fine cattle exhibited, and which were noticed.

Sheep.—The first premium was awarded to Wm. C. Ward, for a South Down Buck, and the second to Wm. Jessup, for a South Down Buck. The first premium for the best Ewe, to George L. Corwin, and for the second best to Wm. C. Ward.

Swine.—The first premium for the best Sow was awarded to Abel Cassidy, and the second to H. C. Conklin.

Farming Implements.—Few were exhibited, and the report of the Committee on this subject, will be appended. The Washing Machine, invented and patented by Ira Avery, Esq., of Tunkhannock, is worthy of attention. Accompanied by his Wringing Machine, it is believed to be superior to any ever in use in this county.

To the Hon. President of the Agricultural Society of Susquehanna County:

We, the subscribers, two of the Committee appointed to examine Implements of husbandry, &c., do report that no newly invented articles were presented by the inventors thereof. But they would beg leave to call the attention of the Society to a Straw-Cutting Machine, presented by David Post, Esq., of Montrose, originally patented by Mr. Rich. of the state of New York, and, to which Esq. Post has the right for this County, as your Committee understands, and that, as your Committee think, is a vast improvement upon those in common use in this section of country. Your Committee, also, examined with much pleasure, a Corn-Shell, presented by Hon. Wm. Jessup, which, from its simplicity, and from the rapidity with which it shells the corn from the cob, cannot well be surpassed. They would, also, notice the Gauge Plough, and the Sub-Soil Plough accompanying it, as articles of great utility, both of which have been tested and were presented by Judge Jessup.

Other articles of husbandry were presented, but not so many nor so great a variety as your Committee hopes may be presented at the next Annual Meeting of the Society.

Your Committee would also call the attention of the Society to a Washing Machine, recently invented by Ira Avery, Esq. of Tunkhannock. It consists of two parts: one for washing out the clothes, and the other for wringing the water from them, and your Committee feel well assured that from the construction, and the principle upon which it acts, that it far surpasses any thing of the kind ever used in this section of the country. It seems to combine all the good qualities of other Machines, without their faults of injuring and wearing the clothes, &c. Messrs. Lyons & Chandler also presented a "Tight Air Store, with a self-regulator as to heat and draft," which is approved by every one only needs to be seen.

BENJAMIN S. BENTLEY.

CHA'S TINGLEY. The Ladies furnished many beautiful samples of Needle-Work and Domestic Manufactures, and Mrs. R. J. Niven furnished some beautiful Flowers. It is not doubted, that on a future occasion, this branch of exhibition will be greatly increased in variety and beauty.

Very many of the premiums were at once returned to the Society, and from the in-

crease of members, (more than 50 new members having been added on the day of the Fair,) it is believed that the funds of the Society will enable the managers greatly to increase the number of objects for premiums, and the amount of each, at the next Fair.

Oct. 23, 1846.

WM. JESSUP, Chairman of the Executive Com. P. S. The crowd assembled in the Court-house were greatly edified by the Canary singing, and "Banta" clucking, during the exercises.

PENNSYLVANIA, &c.

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

BY FRANCIS M. SHUNK,

GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the public and grateful acknowledgment of the goodness of God, the confession of our sins, and the supplication of his continued favor, is a duty, not more imposed by the obligations of religion, than sanctioned by the dictates of reason: And Whereas, by the general observance of a day devoted to these sacred duties, we may hope to avert merited judgments, secure the blessings HIS goodness has promised, and bind ourselves together as a community in our allegiance to HIM, who is our rightful sovereign.

THEREFORE, in accordance with my own sense of propriety, and the solicitations of a large number of respectable citizens, I appoint and recommend,

Thursday, the 26th day of November, next, to be observed by the people of this Commonwealth, as a day of THANKSGIVING to Almighty God, for his goodness vouchsafed to us during the past year—in continuing to us the blessings of civil and religious liberty—in preserving us from the ravages of malignant disease—in lending us with the fruits of his bounty—in furnishing us abundantly the means of individual, domestic improvement and enjoyment; and in continuing among us the institutions and ordinances of our holy religion, in all their purifying and elevating influences: and while thus with grateful hearts we thank him for his goodness; let us acknowledge our sins, invoke his forgiveness, and supplicate his continued favor to our beloved country. Let us humble ourselves before Him, that in his holy providence we have been involved in a war with a neighboring Republic. In our thanksgivings for the victories he has caused our arms to achieve, let us commend to his compassion the hearts that have been made desolate by the ravages of the sword; and earnestly pray that a peace, alike honorable to both nations, may be restored; and that the whole family of man, united in the bond of fraternal affection, may go forward in the cultivation of every peaceful and useful art and science, in the advancement of civil liberty, and the universal diffusion of a pure and undefiled religion, correcting whatever is wrong in the condition of human society, to the achievement of that high and holy destiny contemplated in the purpose of infinite benevolence.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Commonwealth the seventy-first.

By THE GOVERNOR.

J. MILLER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HORRIBLE.—A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, writing from Camp Patterson, near Barina, mentions the following incident: "A murmur of indignation was running through our lines to-day, in consequence of a scene of unusual interest which transpired here this morning. An old squaw, from an encampment of Lapan Indians, about two miles below us on the river, came to the camp of Texas volunteers, and offered for sale two Spanish girls, from thirteen to fourteen years old. They were dreadfully emaciated, and almost destitute of a single article of clothing. The Texans seized the girls and squaws, and carried them immediately to Head Quarters, where, upon examination, it was ascertained that the Lapan had murdered a whole family, the parents and brothers of the two girls, in the vicinity of the Rio Grande, stolen all their property, and led the two girls into captivity; there they had treated them with extreme cruelty and nearly starved them to death, and were now offering them for sale. The girls readily pointed out the ring-leaders of the outrage, and some fifteen or twenty of them were arrested for further investigation by the order of Gen. Wool."

COLD BLOODED MURDER.—A man named John Haggerty, of bad and desperate character, recently went into the house of Melchor Fordney, in Lancaster city, and attacked Mr. F. and his wife, and a son of 6 years of age, with an axe, killing them almost instantly. Another son, with a child, made his escape from the back window of the house, and gave the alarm. Haggerty is in prison.—*Expat. & Dem.*

CHANCE FOR POLITICIANS.—Under the new Constitution of New York, should it be adopted, the people will have to elect about five thousand Officers, among which are 34 members of Congress, 36 electors, 32 senators, 128 assemblymen, 1 governor, 1 lieutenant governor, 1 secretary of state, 1 comptroller, 1 treasurer, 1 attorney general, 1 state engineer, 1 state surveyor general, 3 canal commissioners, 3 inspectors of state prison, 8 judges of the court of appeals, 32 judges of the supreme court, 58 judges of county courts, 50 county clerks and clerks of supreme courts, 1 clerk for court of appeals, 58 sheriffs, 200 coroners, 58 district attorneys, total 718—besides, justices of the peace, and generals, colonels, majors, &c.

LOSS OF THE MUTUAL SAFETY.—The steamboat Mutual Safety, Capt. Pennagar, left this port on the 3d inst. for Charleston, which place she left on the 8th, and in attempting to make a harbor on the 11th, ran on the bar at St. John's river, near Savannah. The passengers and crew were all taken off safe, but the baggage and the boat were lost. The gale was uncommonly violent. The Mutual Safety was intended for packet between New Orleans and Galveston.

SEMI-COMM. ACCIDENT.—On Tuesday last a strapping colored man had mounted himself on the tail of a vessel, lying at Bowley's wharf, and was stretched full length, taking a snooze to himself, with the water beneath him on the one side and the dock of the vessel on the other. He had been lying in this unsafe condition for some time, when he became a little restless; and in shifting his position rolled overboard into the dock. Several gentlemen on the wharf having observed him fall, immediately ran on board of the vessel, one of them carrying with him a long pole, but not the slightest part of the man could be discovered. The pole was then used for the purpose of feeling for the body, and it finally struck on a substance supposed to be that of the unfortunate negro. On attempting to draw the pole up, something seemed to be attached to the lower end, but with little assistance it was raised, and the supposed drowned man found clinging to it with both hands, but little worse for his ducking. On being asked how it happened that he laid so quietly on the bottom, he replied with the utmost innocence: "Why break the Lord, massa, I was sound asleep till you stuck that long pole into me, which woke me up and almost knocked the breath out of my body." This may seem like fiction, but it is a serious fact, and the negro still persists in averring that he was sound asleep until the punching woke him up.—*Baltimore Sun.*

The Election of Mr. Lelar, (Native,) for Sheriff, in Philadelphia, is opposed by a petition filed on Monday in the Court of Quarter Sessions.

From the Army.

The Requisition for Troops. The Government are very wisely calling out our volunteer forces, and again is heard throughout the country "the note of preparation."

The Pennsylvania volunteers, it is said, are already called out, and a requisition on Governor Wright is reported to have gone up to Albany. It is probable that three regiments of volunteers will be mustered into service in this State. Gen. Taylor must be reinforced, and it is absolutely necessary that the government should have troops at their disposition.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Intelligence by the Neptune. From the N. O. Jeffersonian, Oct. 14.

By the steamer Neptune, Captain Spiney, we have Galveston dates to the 11th inst.

The news from the army is but little later than that before received. The loss of the Americans in killed, wounded and missing (a large number having been taken prisoners by the Mexicans) was about 1500. The loss of the Mexicans, in killed and wounded, amounts to, by the morning report of the 27th, 1957. It is, however, generally believed that their loss exceeds 2200.

The chief of the fighting was done in the streets of Monterey, wherein the Texan Regiment, and particularly the Mississippians and Tennesseans; together with the regulars under Gen. Worth, displayed the most dauntless courage. On the last day of the battle, General Worth, with his division, succeeded in taking seven of the enemy's batteries—three of which were immediately turned upon the palace. In performing this duty, General Worth lost 300 men; in a hand to hand fight.

The Texan Regiment suffered severely, and determined to take their own way, and applied to General Worth to permit them to go ahead. It is reported that Gen. Worth gave such permission, and soon after they were pell-mell with the Mexicans, sweeping every thing before them, until the Mexicans cried for quarter. During their attack upon the buildings, several Mexican women were killed.

It is said that when the capitulation took place, Gen. Taylor had not more than five or six rounds of ammunition left.

From the New Orleans Bulletin, Oct. 14.

We have received an extra of the Galveston News, of the 10th instant, containing intelligence from the army, received by the schooner Blanche E. Sayre from Brazos St. Jago. Captain Hill the United States quartermaster at Brazos St. Jago, received despatches from General Taylor on Wednesday last, which Captain Wetmore of the Blanche E. Sayre, heard read, and communicated from recollection to the editor of the News. In the information then communicated, we find nothing in relation to the siege of Monterey in addition to what has been already published here, except that it stated that the Mexican loss in killed and wounded was twenty-one hundred, and that four hundred were taken prisoners during the combat. The American losses in which have been, in killed and wounded 500; in which nearly all the accounts seem to agree. Of this number two thirds were killed. We have already expressed our unbelief in a report that the Mexicans had lost 1,500, and this last report, considering the advantages under which they fought, taxes credulity to the utmost.

The city was in possession of our army when the bearer of despatches left, the enemy having evacuated it.

The report that the Mexicans had taken a train of waggons, on the road from Camargo to Monterey, is contradicted.

The editor of the Texas Democrat says that General Wool's division under Colonel Harney, would leave San Antonio on the 27th ult. The route will be by the Presidio, from which place the passes of the mountains are distant not more than forty miles, which can be defended by a few resolute men against great odds, but opposition is not anticipated.

Texas having four regiments in the field, Governor Henderson is ranked as Major General; Mirabeau A. Lamar as Division Inspector; H. L. Kinney as Division Quarter Master; and Edward Burleson and Edward Clark as Aide-de-Camp. The Hon. T. Fillmore arrived in Brazoria on the 21st instant.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.—John R. Bradburn, to be Secretary of Legation of the United States near her Britannic Majesty, Vice McHenry Boyd, recalled at his own request.

DEATH OF MR. FOX.—The British Minister at Washington, Rt. Hon. Henry St. Fox, Her Britannic Majesty's Plenipotentiary to the Government of the United States, died at his residence in Washington on Tuesday last.

Incident, &c., of the War. CAPTAIN RANDOLPH KIDGLEY, who distinguished himself so much in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, was as conspicuous at Monterey. Having found a twelve pounder in one of the forts taken from the Mexicans, he erected a platform for it in the fort, and aimed it upon the enemy with the most destructive effect. Capt. Kidgley, after pointing the gun himself, was observed constantly to mount the platform with a spy-glass and watch the effect of each ball, and manifested the greatest enthusiasm and delight when the shot told well among the enemy. Capt. R. is said to have no superior as an artilleryman, in the army.

GEN. TAYLOR had a horse shot under him after entering the town. He continued dismounted for the remainder of the day's fight, exposed to the hottest fire from the house tops and the heads of streets.

COL. HAYS—There was one instance of personal conflict which might recall to mind days of chivalry. Col. Hays of the 1st Tex. as mounted regiment, encountered a Mexican of the same rank, and a fierce contest ensued. The Mexican, armed, besides other weapons, with a lance, rushed towards his antagonist with his ugly weapon. Hays, by a quick movement of his fine horse, avoided the blow, turned as his adversary passed, and shot him dead. This encounter was so exciting, that the Americans around him almost forgot their labors and danger in their intense interest for the triumph of Col. Hays.

THE TEXAN RANGERS are fortunate in the possession of good officers. Hays is celebrated for his coolness and courage, qualities which eminently distinguished him while protecting the Texas frontier from the inroads of the Comanches. Walker, the Lieutenant Colonel, is well known to every body as the Captain Walker of the first part of the campaign. Chevalier, the Major, is scarcely less celebrated, having gone out alone about a year since to the Rio Grande to gain information of the Mexicans. On his return he suddenly fell in with a company of Mexican cavalry. Chevalier had lost his horse and was on foot. The captain of the party rode up to him and ordered him to surrender. The Major very coolly drew a pistol, and presenting it at his head, made him swear upon the cross that he would order his men to keep back and permit him to proceed; and in this way reached the Texan settlements.

NEW YORK MARKETS. COLLECTED WEEKLY FOR THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

Wheat flour, per barrel	\$5.75 @ 6.00
Rye do do	2.50 @ 2.75
Corn meal do	2.62 @ 3.00
Wheat, per bushel	1.55 @ 1.65
Rye do do	0.70 @ 0.75
Corn do do	0.77 @ 0.80
Barley do do	0.24 @ 0.32
Oats do do	0.30 @ 0.38
Flax, per lb. American	0.08 @ 0.08 1/2
Tallow, per lb. rendered	0.07 @ 0.07 1/2
Butter, per lb. Orange co.	0.15 @ 0.18
do do western dairy	0.10 @ 0.17
Cheese, per lb.	0.06 @ 0.07
Beef, per barrel, mess.	6.50 @ 7.00
do do prime	4.50 @ 5.00
Pork, per barrel, mess.	9.75 @ 10.00
do do prime	7.75 @ 8.00
Lard, per lb.	0.05 @ 0.07
Hams per lb. smoked	0.05 @ 0.08
Feathers per lb. live geese	0.25 @ 0.30
Or horus, per hundred	2.00 @ 3.00
Cow do do	0.27 @ 0.31
American wool, per lb. saxon	0.20 @ 0.23
do do full blood Merino	0.27 @ 0.33
do do 4 & 5 Merino	0.18 @ 0.20
do do native 4 & 5 Merino	0.16 @ 0.22

Receipts for the People's Advocate, For the week ending Oct. 29, 1846.

James Dwyer	\$1.00	"	55
S. N. Brooks	1.00	"	52
Win. McKim	1.00	"	52
Lewis Brush	.50	"	52
Geo. Eastman	1.00	"	53

CONSTITUTION OF THE BOWELS OF CONSTIPATION, headache, giddiness, pain in the side or breast, nausea and vomiting, variable appetite, or loss of the complexion, &c. are the usual symptoms of Liver Complaint.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are always certain to remove the above complaints, because they purge from the body those morbid humors which are the cause, not only of all disorders of the liver, but of every malady incident to man. A single 25 cent box will in all cases give relief, and perseverance will most assuredly drive every particle of disease from the body.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills also completely cleanse the stomach and bowels of all bilious and putrid humors, and therefore are a certain cure for colic, dysentery, cholera morbus, and other disorders of the intestines.

CAUTION.—It should be remembered that Mr. Edward Cole, of Philadelphia; Mr. John Dixon, of Boston, Pa., and Messrs. Browning & Brothers, of Philadelphia, are not agents of ours, and as they purchase for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills at our office, we cannot guarantee as genuine any medicine they may have for sale.

Agents for the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills in Montrose, Mills & Sherman. For other agencies see advertisement in another column.

A CHEAP FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith's Improved Indian Vegetable Pills are certainly doing much good in the country, and are highly esteemed, if one half is true that people write and say about them. They are so easy in their operation that all like them.—The editor of the Northern State Journal, (one of the largest and best papers in the state of N. Y.) writes as follows: Watertown, May 31, 1846.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith—Dear sir: I was laid up with a bad cold some time since my return from N. Y., and during my illness I made trial of your pills, and I must say I found them excellent. They are the best medicine for the purposes they are intended that I have yet seen. I seldom take pills, but I found yours entirely free from the objections to which other pills are liable. They give such general satisfaction that I propose to you, as I doubt not they will be a means of relief to the afflicted on a large scale.

Yours truly, GREEN.

Touswanda, Pa. Sept. 18, 1846.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith—Dear sir: Your agent left with me a lot of your sugar coated Pills, and I have but few boxes left. Every box I have sold has given entire satisfaction. I have taken them myself, and I consider them the best pills I have ever used, and I cheerfully recommend them to the public. I wish a further supply at once.

Yours respectfully, JACOB KIBLER, P. M.

Huntington, Ind. June 21, 1846.

Dr. Smith—Dear sir: I am most of your Indian Vegetable sugar coated Pills, and find them selling so fast that I have made trial of your pills, and I must say I found them excellent. They are the best medicine for the purposes they are intended that I have yet seen. I seldom take pills, but I found yours entirely free from the objections to which other pills are liable. They give such general satisfaction that I propose to you, as I doubt not they will be a means of relief to the afflicted on a large scale.

Yours respectfully, S. MOORE & CO.

It has been currently reported that the supply of HATS and CAPS, at side of the Public Auction in Montrose, exceeds any thing of the kind ever exposed for sale in this region of country. Reader, do you discredit the rumor? Remember the poet's admonition: Our doubts are traitors. And make us lose the good we oft might win. Oct. 22, 1846.

20 Dozen.

FINE NUTRIA. Brush, Molokini and Silk Hats, of Fall and Winter Fashions, on hand at Merrill & Root's Hat Store, which will be sold cheaper than ever for ready pay.

15 DOZ colored and nat. Lynx, Goulet, and Co. Muffs, at Merrill & Root's.

6 DOZ squirrel Bows and Ladies' Fur Caps, at M & R.

50 DOZ Otter, seal, Nutria and Muskrat Fur Caps at M & R.

20 DOZ Men's and Boy's plain cloth Caps of different styles and quality, at M & R.

9 DOZ Men's and Boy's silk and cotton glazed Caps, a few dozen Buffalo Bows, and any quantity of hair seal, seal, and worsted Caps at M & R.

99 DOZ sph. coney, imitation brush, fur and wool sporting, and wool Hats—also Hat Cases, Muff Cases, Cap Cases, &c. at M & R.

CASH paid for Pelts by M & R.

BINGHAMTON Flow Points for \$0.44 Side Hill do. 50

Also Wayne County Points at M & R's.

Montrose, Oct. 22, 1846.

SELECT SCHOOL AT GREAT BEND.

A SELECT SCHOOL will be opened in this village on Monday the 26th of October, under the charge of Mr. N. DUBOIS.

Terms of tuition per Quarter of 12 weeks. Orthography, Reading, Writing, First Lessons in Arithmetic, and Parley's Geography. \$2 00 Geography, Grammar, Arithmetic and Algebra. 2 50 History, (Ancient and Modern) Drawing, Chemistry, Philosophy, Botany, Geology, &c. 3 00 Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, (theoretical and practical), Book-keeping, Astronomy, &c. 5 00 Frequent Lectures will be given on various branches of Natural Science accompanied by illustrations and experiments. School Books may be had cheap, of the Principal; and board may be obtained in respectable families at from \$1 25 to \$1 50 per week. Great Bend, Oct. 20, 1846.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned in the following Estate, to wit: The Estate of SYLVANUS W. MOTT, late of Herick township, deceased. Charles Tingley, Administrator. That the accountant has settled his account in the Register's Office in and for the county of Susquehanna, and that the same will be presented to the Judge of the Orphans' Court at Montrose, on Monday the 16th day of Nov next, for confirmation and allowance.

H. FINCH, Register. Register's Office, Montrose, Oct. 14, 1846.

"SUGAR COATED" PILLS.

Beware! Caution! The increasing popularity of Dr. G. Benj. Smith's Improved Indian Vegetable sugar coated Pills has induced a number of persons to make counterfeit pills, and they call Pills, and send them with sugar in order to sell them for the genuine, while they do not possess a particle of the goodness, nor even assimilate in appearance to the original Dr. Smith's Pills. In short they are an intended FRAUD upon the community. A minister who at first had an interest in an imitation sugar Coated Pill, manufactured in Albany, N. Y., has given them up, as he says, on account of the miserable dishonest parties concerned in manufacturing them. The same party are now engaged in circulating reports calculated to injure Dr. Smith and to affect the reputation of his valuable pills; but rather than notice them in public, Dr. Smith is about to institute legal proceedings against them for their slanders, as he has in another case against a similar party, in which he recovered a large amount of damages. These miserable imitators have to resort to the most abominable means to palm off their counterfeit pills, as the public know that Dr. Smith's are the original and genuine. Several instances have occurred in which the imitators have been endangered by the unfortunate use of the counterfeit pills. It is Dr. Smith's Pills that are doing so much good in the country—as the following plainly show.

More Ministers use and recommend Dr. Smith's Pills than all others. This is to certify that I have used the sugar coated Pills manufactured by G. Benjamin Smith of N. York, for some time, and believe them to be a good medicine; and also, from industry in this city, am enabled to state that he is the original inventor, and therefore is entitled to the benefit of the invention.

S. WILLIAMS, Pastor 1st Baptist Church, Pittsburgh.

From the Big Horn's Chicken, (Ist.) We call the attention of our readers to the certificate of Rev. S. Williams, Pastor of 1st Baptist Church Pittsburgh, in relation to Dr. Smith's Pills. We can ourselves bear testimony to the excellence of these Pills, and we are having used them and experienced great relief from them.

The above is the best paper in the state of Del.

"THE IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS" (sugar coated), are certainly doing much good in the country, and are highly esteemed, if one half is true that people write and say about them. They are so easy in their operation that all like them.—The editor of the Northern State Journal, (one of the largest and best papers in the state of N. Y.) writes as follows: Watertown, May 31, 1846.

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Montrose, N. Michel & Co. & S. Edgeridge.

New Milford—J. B. Burtch; Baltimore—J. L. Balph & Co. 15-6m

Agent for the sale of Smith's Indian Vegetable sugar coated Pills.

Montrose, N. Michel & Co. & S. Edgeridge.

New Milford—J. B. Burtch; Baltimore—J. L. Balph & Co. 15-6m

LATEST FASHIONS. THE subscribers, having received the latest Fashions for Gentlemen & Ladies, would inform their numerous patrons, particularly those who have been waiting for the

NEWEST STYLE. If they are prepared to serve them in a style of NEATNESS, FIT, AND ELEGANCE, unsurpassed in this place, which they think will require no boasting to readers appear.

LINES & LOCKE. Montrose, Oct. 7, 1846.

NOTICE. ALL indebted to C. W. Tuttle by order of bank account are hereby notified that the same have been assigned for collection. The accounts and notes can be found at the old stand—an assignment and payment of which is required of all who will be made after the 20th of Oct. next.

Montrose, Sept. 23, 1846.

CHEAPER THAN EVER at the Old Hat Factory, can be found the best and cheapest assortment of Hats & Caps ever offered in this place. Also, for sale, a new two horse wagon, and seasoned 18 inch wood.

N. B.—The person who took a pair of sealskin from the shop is requested to return them, or a few black blocks are still out, those having them are requested to return them.

Sept. 23, 1846.

WINDOW-GLASS & SASH: 4 by 7, 8 by 10, 10 by 16, 5 by 8, 10 by 12, 11 by 16, 6 by 8, 10 by 14, 12 by 16, 7 by 9, 10 by 15, 12 by 18, and 14 by 18, Glass.

7 by 9