ODDS & ENDS.

A Scandalous Proposal.

The following resolution was submitted by Mr. HUDSON, on Monday, the 3d of January:

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be directed to inquire into the expediency of requesting the President of the United States to withdraw to the east bank of the Rio Grande our armies now in Mexico, and to propose to the Mexican government forthwith a treaty of peace on the following basis, namely: That we relinquish all claim to indemnity for the expenses of the war; and that the boundary between the United States and Mexico shall be established at or near the descent between the Nueces and the Rio Grande; that Mexico shall be held to pay all just claims due to our citizens at the commencement of the war; and that a convention shall be entered into by the two nations to provide for the liquidation of those claims and the mode of payment.

The following is the vote upon this resolution:

YEAS—Messrs. Abbott, John Q. Adams, Ashmun, Belcher, *Blanchard*, Botts Boydon, *Brady*, Buckner, Collamer, Conger, Cranston, Crowell, *Dickey*, Dixon, Nathan Evans, Fisher, Giddings, Grinnell, Hale, Nathan K. Hall, Henry, Hubbard, Hudson, Kellogg, Daniel P. King, *McIlvaine*, Marsh, Marvin, Julius Rockwell, Root, Rumsey, Schenck, Caleb B. Smith, Truman Smith, *Strohn*, Birchard W. Thompson, Tuck, Vinton, Warren and Wilson—41.

NAYS—Messrs. Green, Adams, Barringer, Barrow, Bayly, Beale, Bidinger, Bingham, Birdsall, Black, Bowdon, Brodhead, William G. Brown, C. Brown, Burt, Butler, Cabell, Cathcart, Chase, B. L. Clark, Clingman, H. Cobb, W. R. W. Cobb, Cocke, Collins, Crozier, Cummins, Daniel, Dickenson, Donnell, Duer, Garnett, Duncan, Dunn, Edwards, Embree, Alex. Evans, Farren, Farrelly, Featherston, Ficklin, Fries, French, Fulton, Gentry, Goggin, Green, Willard P. Hall, Hammons, James G. Hampton, M. Hampton, Harmanson, Harris, Haskell, Henley, Hill, Hillard, Isaac E. Holmes, George S. Houston, J. W. Houston, Inge, Charles J. Ingersoll, Joseph R. Ingersoll, Irvin, Jamison, Jenkins, Andrew Johnson, James H. Johnson, Robert W. Johnson, George W. Jones, John W. Jones, Kaufman, Kennon, Thomas Butler King, Lahm, La Sere, Sidney, Lawrence, Leffler, Ligon, Lincoln, Lumpkin, McClelland, McClernand, McDowell, McLane, Mann, Meade, Miller, Morris, Morse, Mullin, Murphy, Nes, Peaslee, Peyton, Phelps, Pillsbury, Preston, Putnam, Rhett, Reynolds, Richardson, Richey, Robinson, Rockhill, John Rockwell, St. John, Sawyer, Shepherd, Sherrill, Simpson, Sims, Smart, Robert Smith, Stanton, Starkweather, Stephens, Andrew Stewart, Charles E. Stuart, Strong, Silvester, Thibodeaux, Taylor, Thomas, Tompkins, James Thompson, Jacob Thompson, John B. Thompson, William Thompson, Thurston, Toombs, Turner, Van Dyke, Venable, Wick, Williams and Woodward—137.

We ask the people to mark these recreants to duty and to patriotism. We ask good old Pennsylvania to remember those who profess to be representatives, and who have insulted her absent sons by voting for this dishonoring proposal. [We mark these worthies in italics.]

For the good name of our race and our country, we rejoice that this resolution was thus distinctly put, and thus indignantly repudiated. For the good name of Democracy, we rejoice that no man who professes its principles, has made himself infamous by sustaining it.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Leap Year.

Gentlemen, be happy! During this entire year you are privileged to be flattered, woced and won. Think of the thrill of pleasure which will vibrate through each of you as some fair one squeezes your hand with the pressure of fond affection. Imagine your transports as she passes her fair arm round your waist, and gazing fondly at you pours forth rows of tenderness. How charming to be hugged by her, whilst she draws close to you upon the sofa! how glorious to be kissed by her behind the door! Happy bachelors—favored fellows! for you will bright eyes sparkle, for you will rosy lips be pouted, and the fond love of woman will anticipate each wish and enhance each joy!—Ladies! insist upon your privilege! You have three hundred and sixty-six days allowed you, and it is your duty to go it whilst you're young. If any fascinating fellow, with Appollo-like form, graceful as Antinous and bewhiskered like Esau, has entrapped your virgin affections, if he has kindled a flame without ever sparking you,—if you have "let concealment, like a worm in the bud, prey upon your damask cheek," now is the time to let out your pent up agony. Perhaps the dear creature knew not of your preference. Hesitate not to tell him, lest you lose the golden prize and pine away in ancient maidenhood. Talk up to him—it is your right—"the law awards it and the courts adjudge."

The year is called leap year, because it is the ladies' privilege to jump into the arms of the man she fancies. To prove it is so, we quote from an old work, printed in 1660, entitled "Courtship, Love, and Matrimonie." In the chapter entitled "When ye girles shall sparke ye menne" the learned author thus speaks—

"Albeit, it is none a parte of ye Common law in regard to ye social relations of life, that as often as every bescutile year doth return, ye ladies have ye sole privilege during ye time it continueth, of making love unto ye mene, which they may doe either by wordes or lookes, as unto them it seemeth proper; and moreover, no man will be entitled to ye benefit of clergy who dothe refuse to accept ye offer of a ladye, or who dothe in any wise treat her proposal with slight or contumely."

Therefore, ladies, you must comply with the law, and, bringing your captives up to the altar, allow them benefit of clergy.—*Ledger.*

Courtship after Marriage.

One evening in a gay party at Herr Kretchman's, the subject turned upon female beauty, and a gentleman of the company asserted that the youngest daughter of the Kammerath Ammon, (a blonde, born in April, 1776,) was the most beautiful girl in the city. I instantly resolved to satisfy myself upon that subject, without loss of time, and slipping out of the room, I went straight to the Kammerath's house and rang the bell.

The door was opened by the youngest daughter herself, who explained the unusual circumstance by saying it happened that no one was in the house excepting her parents and herself.

I looked earnestly at the maiden, and found her beautiful and graceful beyond all description; so without hesitation, I asked her, there, on the threshold, if she would be my wife.

"Why not?" answered she. "But come in and speak to my parents."

We parted late in the evening with a tender embrace; all was settled between us.

In the village of Truppach, on the 18th of January, 1796, we were married, in a good, simple country fashion, and late in the evening the bride stepped into my carriage, at her father's door, and went with me to my old house.

I soon found that it is easier for a man to become a bridegroom than a wise husband.—We plagued each other constantly in the beginning out of pure love, till continual vexation and coldness ensued, which we both felt, but could not account for.

Yesterday, my little lady would not suffer me to leave her side, and to-day she found it good to visit her brother, 10 miles in the country, without bidding me adieu, or naming the time of her return.

Two days after this, hasty messengers came one after another—I must come—I should come—without me she could have no peace.

I went, and the joy of our reunion seemed as if it could never end. On the following day I was again a burthen. I left her with a cold parting, and that self same night the repentant [illegible] extra post—she could not live without me, I must hasten back.

This certainly would not do—in this way all my identity would be destroyed.

Since the day of my marriage with my beautiful wife I had been the submissive slave of her will; and now that is plain she had no will of her own, I must follow some other plan. I sat down to consider, and after some reflection decided what to do.

Since my marriage my old employments and pursuits had been altogether neglected; but I now resumed them, and as much as possible returned to my bachelor life.

My wife every day sent letters full of tears, but I paid no attention to them outwardly, although they touched my heart sorely. At length I wrote her a long and serious letter, in which I said that as we had been married without any previous courtship, it was not strange that, being unacquainted with each other's character, we could not harmonize together, and I proposed that she should remain at her father's house at present, and that, with her permission I would visit her two or three times a week, and spend an evening with her in conversation, until we were acquainted with each other, and after that, if she should like me well enough I would take her home to be my wife—but if she found she could not be satisfied with my manners, habits, and character, I would leave her under her father's roof, and give up all claims upon her.

This plan did not please her much, but she appeared to think it would not be becoming in her to bring up any objection.

Well—to cut a long story short—after a formal courtship of no very great length, I once more took her home, and she made me one of the best little wives in the world.—*Lang's Memoirs from the German.*

MRS. PARTINGTON'S LAST.—"Will you have a *Daily Sun*?" said a news boy to Mrs. Partington

"Will I have a *daily son*? Why, you little scapegrace! How dare you insinuate against a lone woman from home? No, indeed, I guess I won't have a *daily son*. My poor dear man used to complain awfully when I presented him with a *yearly son*. A *daily son*, indeed! Begone, you little upstart imp!" and the old lady called for the old turkey-tail fan to keep from swooning.

A Pilgrim says the fable, met the plague going into Smyrna.

"What are you going for?"

"To kill 3,000 people," answered the plague.

Some time after they met again.

"But you killed 30,000," said the pilgrim.

"No!" answered the plague, "I killed but 3,000—*it was fear killed the rest.*"

Useful Hints for Farmers, their Sons and Daughters.

CULLED FROM VARIOUS QUARTERS.

BY UNCLE JONATHAN.

MAKING AUGER HOLES WITH A GIMLET.—"My boy, what are you doing with that gimlet?" said I to a flaxen-haired urchin, who was laboring away with all his might at a piece of board before him.

"Trying to make an auger hole," was the reply, without raising his eyes.

Precisely the business of at least two-thirds of the world—this making auger holes with a gimlet.

Here is young A. who has just escaped from the clerks desk behind the counter. He sports his moustachois, his imperials, carries a rattan, drinks his champagne, talks big, about the profits of banking or shaving notes. He thinks he is really a man—but everybody around him sees *he is only making auger holes with a gimlet.*

Mr. B. may be put down as a distinguished professor of the gimlet. He was a farmer.—His father left him a fine farm, free from incumbrance—but he would'nt be content—speculation in corn and flour arose before him—fortunes were made in a twinkling—so he sold out—bought largely, dreamed of the riches of Astor and of Rothschild, no more work. But at last the bubble burst. The Irish wouldn't all stay starved—prices fell, and now Mr. B. has found out *that it is difficult to make auger holes with a gimlet.*

Miss C. is a nice, pretty girl, and might be very useful, too, for she has intelligence—but she must be *the ton*—goes to plays, lounges on sofas, keeps her bed till noon, imagines that she is a belle, disdains labor, forgets, or tries to that her father was a mechanic, and all for what, why she is trying to work herself up into the belief *that an auger hole can be made with a gimlet.*

BOOK FARMING.—What is it? Common book farming is learning by means of books, new facts, opinions, results of experiments, mode of operation, and the using such parts of the information as can be turned to profitable accounts in our individual situations. I wonder if this will be called folly? If so, the more there is of it in the world, the better for the farmer. Let us know what others are doing, and then we can soon find out whether there is any thing more that we can do to improve our farms, what say you boys? Look at the agricultural papers, and learn what is going on in the world, and don't be afraid, and once and awhile to write for the paper yourself?

ASHES—MEADOWS.—When we increase the crop of grass in a meadow, by means of gypsum we remove a greater quantity of potash with the hay, than can under ordinary circumstances be restored. Hence, after a lapse of years, the crops of grass diminish on meadows manured with gypsum, owing to the deficiency of potash. If the meadow is strewed occasionally with house or leached ashes, the grasses will *thrive as luxuriantly as ever.* The potash is by this means restored. *Boys, remember this.*

Business Cards.

The Democrat

IS PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY ORLANDO G. HEMPSTEAD.

TERMS.

$1,50 a year, if paid in advance, or $2,00 if paid at the close of the year.

25 cts. charged for postage if carried at the publisher's expense.

Discontinuances optional, except when arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS one dollar per square of twelve lines, or less; for the first three insertions, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. A liberal discount will be made to those who advertise by the year.

☞ Business letters and communications for the paper must be POST PAID to ensure attention.

CALEB WEEKS,

Saddle, Harness, Trunk, Valise & Whip maker and repairer, &c. Shop two doors above the "Democrat" Office.

DOCT. R. THAYER,

BOTANIC & HYDROPATHIC PHYSICIAN, AND SURGEON—Office at his dwelling third house east of the Court House—Will be at home Saturdays of each week, where he will be happy to wait upon all those who may favor him with a call.

SMITH & SHUTTS,—

Physicians & Surgeons, Lanesboro, Pa. Office of the first named in the firm, over the Engineer's office, of the latter at his residence.

E. N. SMITH. H. SHUTTS.

J. H. DIMOCK,

Attorney at Law.—Has removed his Office to Turnpike Street, one door East of B. T. Case's Office, and three doors West of the Register Printing Office.

MILLS & SHERMAN,

Dealers in Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hard-Ware Crockery, Iron, Nails, Fish &c.—One doo, below Judge Post's.

PARK & DIMOCK,

Physicians and Surgeons, Montrose, Pa.—Office over R. Searle & Co's Store.

E. TIFFANY,

Dealer in Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hardware &c.—Brooklyn, Susq'a, Co., Pa.

DAVID CLEMONS,

Coach, Wagon & Sleigh Manufacturer and Repairer—Shop on the Wilkesbarre Turnpike, a few rods below the Village.

M. C. TYLER,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware Crockery, Looking Glasses, Stone & Glassware, Shoes, &c.—First Store below the Court House, East side of Public Avenue.

WM. J. TURRELL,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law.—Office in the Store of I. L. Post & Co., in the room formerly occupied by Henry Drinker.

Advertisements.

NEW GOODS.

HENRY BURRITT is receiving a very extensive assortment of

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS,

for the Fall and Winter trade, which he is offering at a small advance from cost.

In his stock will be found a full assortment of Dry Goods, including a splendid selection of Dress Goods, Cloakings and Shawls, consisting in part of

Rich Cashmeres at 25 cents and upwards.
Muslin de Laines at 16 do do
Black and Plaid *Alpaccas.*
Mohair and Gala Plaids.
Extra rich twilled and plain English and French Ginghams,

and an extensive assortment of new Calicoes from 5 cents and upwards. Rich Brocha Wool net, California Plaid, and Rob Roy Shawls, &c.

Also, as heretofore, a large assortment of GROCERIES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, IRON & STEEL, NAILS, PAINTS, OILS MEDICINES, BUFFALO ROBES, &c.,

to which he would invite the attention of purchasers, and which he is determined to sell as cheap or cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, most kinds of produce, or approved credit.

He would beg leave to present his thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon his establishment, and to assure them that stimulated by his success thus far, he shall strive to secure a continuance of their confidence and support.

N. B. Salt by the barrel or load, and Superfine Wheat Flour at the most reduced *prices.*

New Milford, Oct. 23, 1847.

BROADCLOTHS, plain and fancy Kerseymeres and Satinetts, (a very large assortment) Kentuck Jeans, Tweeds, Flannels, Vestings, Linsey Woolsey's, Sheetings, Cotton Yarn, Batting &c. as cheap as the cheapest.

BENTLEY & READ.

FRENCH Merinoes, Alpaccas, plain and fancy, Cashmeres, Moustain De Lains, Ginghams, Oregon Plaid, Calicoes, &c. for sale right by *BENTLEY & READ.*

HARDWARE, a good assortment, including *Collins' Celebrated Axes*, for sale by *BENTLEY & READ.*

WANTED.

IN exchange for Goods, for which we will pay the highest market price—

Wheat,
Oats, Rye, Corn,
Buckwheat, Flaxseed, Beans,
Butter, Lard, Flannel, Socks, Feathers,
Beeswax, Tallow, Wool, Dried Apples, &c. &c

Nov. 9, 1847. BENTLEY & READ.

1000 *Yds. Ginghams.*
6000 " *Prints.*
500 " *De Lain.*
600 " *Alpaccas.*
150 " *Bro' Cloth & Cassimere.*
100 " *Satinetts & Full Cloth.*
2000 " *Bro' & Bleached Sheetings*

Shawls, shears, shirts and shoes,
And every thing that's good to use,
at *CHANDLER & Co's.*

NEW GOODS

NOW opening and will be sold cheap by *J. LYONS.*

NO MONOPOLY IN THE TEA TRADE.

A Lot of the Pekin Tea Company's Teas, also other Teas at a cheaper rate. Just opened and for sale by *J. L.*

CASHMERES Orlean Plaids Parmettas, Alpaccas Merinoes Ginghams and Prints; a good assortment can be found at the cheap store of *J. L.*

SOLE and Upper Leather—also—Calf and Morocco Skins. Boots, coarse and fine, Brogans, Ladies and children's shoes, and India Rubbers, a first-rate assortment selling right by *BENTLEY & READ*

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Montrose, Pa., Jan. 1, 1848.

Alling Harvey	McDonough Farl
Ayres Jefferson	Miles Miss Sarah
Beebe Orin S	Manning A Emily
Beebe Lemuel	Mrs Morse
Barber Philander	Morse Louisa
Boughey Janes	Meylert S
Baldwin Daniel	Nelson Mrs Meda
Bicknell Ira	O'Brien James
Brooks A	Oldham Joseph
Bisbee Miss Cloey	Osterhout Henry
Boyd F T	Perry Lewis
Beebe Miss E A	Passmore N O
Brooks Rev. Asa	Passmore Mrs E
Butterfield Benj. A	Park Miss Polly
Buell A J	Payne Eli
Clemons Henry	Pride G G & Co
Cater Isaiah	Reynolds Adrian
Cushman Rev. M K	Rose Doct
Coon Frederick	Lines Mrs Sally M
Constantine Abel	Smith Doct
Dean Zilpha	Shearer Rev John
Dean Judson	Scott Daniel
Dean John E	Sterling James
Donogouh O or J	Shoemoker Hiram 2
Darby William	Starks Geo W 2
Dean Mrs Melinda	Smith Thomas A
Denison Daniel	Skioner Jacob 2nd
Davison William	Simpson J C 2
Esmond Hezekiah	Silliman Thomas
Fios Moses	Smith Stephen
Fancher David	Savidge Reuben
Fuller Jonas	Street David R
Grady Henry O	Shaw James
Hickey John	Seamons Joshua
Henderson W G	Stout Mrs A V
Hadell Franklin	Smith Alexander Jr
Harris Miss Paulina	Simmons Charles M
Howe Amariah	Tenny Amos
Johnson Thomas	Twining Charles
Jayne Ebenezer	Tracy Silas E
Jones Miss Sarah L	Vanaukan Amos
Jackson Richaad	Walsh Richard
Kenedy Jeremiah	Warsing Ransom
Kirtland Daniel	Walker G A
Lancaster Miss Eliza	Winegar W
Lane Nathaniel	Warner Henry
Mooney James	Willard Miss Francis
McIntosh Wm C	Waddel Rev Jno V
Moran James	Warner John A

H. J. WEBB, P. M.

FIRE! FIRE!!

THE subscriber having been appointed Agent of the Lycoming County Mutual Insurance Company for Susquehanna county, is prepared to receive applications for insurance, against loss by fire, in accordance with the acts of incorporation and Bye-laws of the company.

The great resources now possessed by this company as being much the most extensive in Northern Pennsylvania, offer very strong inducements to all who wish to be secured against loss by fire, to become members.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON, Agent.

Montrose, October 1st, 1847.

Lands in Sullivan County.

THE County of Sullivan having been lately set off from the county of Lycoming and the County Seat located by Commisioners appointed by the Legislature on the lands of the Subscriber, he offers for sale village lots and land adjoining being part of a large body, which he will sell to suit settlers. Mill seats and timber plenty.

Enquire of Lewis Janer, Cherry Township, Sullivan county, of Michael Meylert at present in said County to make the necessary surveys or of the Subscriber at New Milford, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania.

S. MEYLERT.

Sept. 16, 1847. 38-3m

New Goods!

THE subscriber is now receiving a general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which will be sold for cash as cheap as can be bought in Northern Pennsylvania. Friends, customers, one and all, please accept my thanks for your *very liberal patronage* during the past year, and *Remember* that any thing in my line will be furnished you on the principle of "Live and let live." *Ready pay and small profits is our motto.*

All kinds of produce received in payment.

EDWIN TIFFANY.

Brooklyn, Oct. 19th, 1847.

WANTED---Butter, Beeswax, Flaxseed, Dried Apples, Furs and Poultry by

E. T.

NEW GOODS.

BENTLEY & READ,

ARE now receiving a very large and desirable stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which have been bought for Cash, and will be sold *at a very small advance from costs.* We still adhere to our old motto,

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD,

by any establishment this side of the Delaware, and invite our customers and the public generally, to give us a call and test the truth of our assertions.

Montrose, Oct. 13, 1847.

IRON and Steel, of almost every size and quality ever brought to this market.

BENTLEY & READ.

A Few Doors East of Public AVENUE, ON TURNPIKE STREET, IS

H. S. WILSON'S STORE!

WHERE can be found the most extensive assortment of GOODS in Town—and not only found but purchased as low and many articles lower than elsewhere—he has just replenished and added largely to his former stock. Dry Goods as usual in variety, and in addition, Carpets, Rugs, Window Shades, Paper Hangings, etc.

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, IRON, STEEL, &c.

HARDWARE—a more extensive assortment than ever—Malable Castings for Wagon makers, Harness, Saddle Trunk and Carriage Trimmings, Shoe Kit and Findings.

Nov. 1. 1847.

Patent Medicines.

HYER'S PILLS.

The American Improved

Hygeian Vegetable Medicine.

THESE Pills are one of the best Medical Compounds in use at the present day.—As a common family physic, for administration in all temporary complaints of the stomach and bowels, head ache, colds, &c., they may be fully depended upon, and a prompt use of them on the first appearance of indisposition will invariably save much sickness. They are peculiarly adapted to all cases of weakness and general debility—any derangement of the system, and especially with females—and a steady, uninterrupted use of them, in strict conformity with the directions will very soon restore the organs of the stomach to their natural tone and action, and regulate the bowels, and renovate the whole system.

There is no disposition to give extravagant commendations of them. What is here stated, is the result of actual experience with them, and that through a period of fifteen years. It is not supposed, or pretended, that they will *raise the dead*; neither are they designed to be used as freely as we use our FOOD! Such is not the true purpose of medicine. Its only appropriate office is to assist nature in restoring the system to a proper tone and action, when painfully, or through carelessness or excess, it becomes deranged. Many *are* careless, and hence need this aid. And the most careful are liable to irregularities of the system. It is needless almost to say, that a prompt use of *safe* and *effective* remedies, on the first appearance of illness, is the part of wisdom, ☞ *Such a Medicine the Proprietor knows these Pills to be.* ☜ And he is certain that in forty nine cases out of fifty, where their trial is made according to the directions, they will be used again as a standard medicine. *He has never known an instance*, where they have been thus used, in which they have not met with UNQUALIFIED APPROVAL!

Numerous testimonials may be seen at the General Office of sale, and references will be given to substantial *living* witnesses of their valuable curative properties.

The Pills are purely vegetable, are of two kinds, stimulant and purgative, purifying the blood, and producing a healthy action through the entire system; are a valuable Anti Bilious Medicine, and eminently useful in all lingering complaints—Weakness, General Debility, Dyspepsy, Pulmonary Affections, Liver Complaints, Rheumatic and Spasmodic Affections, Female Complaints, Palpitations, &c.

No Family, after a fair trial, will be without them.

They are put up in FIFTY CENT and DOLLAR PACKAGES, each having a pamphlet embracing a valuable Treatise on Disease, with full directions for use. The Dollar packages are the cheapest to the purchaser. They may be ordered through Druggists, giving the Street and No. of the General Depot.

Sold, Wholesale and Retail, at *No. 140 Fulton street, Second Floor, N. Y.*, Between Nassau-street and Broadway.

☞ As you value Health—Try them! ☜

☞ Agents: BENTLEY & READ, Montrose, E. TIFFANY, Brooklyn, H. GIBBS, Orwell, Bradford county, and R. C. THIVERTS, Binghamton

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

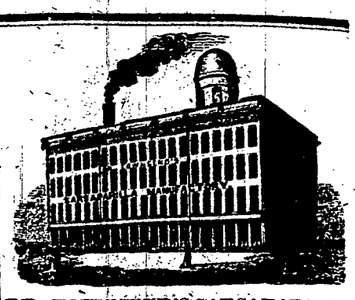
WESTERN NEW YORK COLLEGE OF HEALTH,

207 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S VEGETABLE LITHONTRIPTIC ADVERTISEMENT FOR 1847.—"I CAME, I SAW, I CONQUERED;" is most emphatically the case with this article. Disease has ever yielded to its most marvellous medical power.—Wherever it has gone, and South America, England, Canada, and the United States have proved the truth of this statement, the above quotation in a strong and pithy sentence, tells the whole story. Invalids, the principle upon which you are cured may not be known to you, but the result of a trial of the article is satisfactory; you are restored, and the secret of the cure remains with the proprietor. The Medicine is a compound of 22 distinct vegetable agencies; each individual root has its own particular, exclusive, medicinal property, conflicting with no other compound—each root makes its own cure—and as a perfect combination, when taken into the system, it does the work which NATURE, when her laws were first established, intended it should do—*purifies, strengthens, and restores* the broken down, debilitated constitution.—DROPSY, in all its characters, will be completely eradicated from the system by its use. See pamphlets in agents' hands, for free circulation—they treat upon *all diseases*, and show testimony of cures. GRAVEL, and all complaints of the *urinary organs*, form also the cause of great suffering, and VAUGHN'S LITHONTRIPTIC has acquired no small celebrity over the country, by the cures it has made in this distressing class of afflictions. So famed, it seems, is this medicine, that it has thus attracted the notice of one of our Medical publications. In the November No., 1846, of the "Buffalo Journal and Monthly Review of Medical and Surgical Science," in an article upon calculous diseases, and "solvents," the writer, after noting the fact that the English government once purchased a secret remedy, and also noticing the purchase in 1802, of a secret remedy, by the Legislature of New York, thus pays tribute to the fame of the Medicine—"Why do not our Representatives in Senate and Assembly convened, enlighten and dissolve the suffering thousands of this country, by the purchase of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic, than which no solvent in the days of Alchemy has possessed one half of its fame?" Reader, here is a periodical of high standing, acknowledged throughout a large section of this country, to be one of the best conducted journals of the kind in the United States, exchanging with the scientific works of Europe to our certain knowledge, edited by Flint, M. D., and contributed to by men of the highest professional ability, thus stepping aside to notice a "secret remedy." You will at once understand no *unknown and worthless nostrum*, could thus extort a compliment for so high a quarter—and consequently, unless it directly conflicted with the practice of the faculty, it must have been its great "*fame*" which has caused it to receive this passing nod.—KIDNEY *diseases, weakness of the back and spine, irregular, painful and suppressed Menstruation, Fluor Albus*, and the entire complicated train of evils which follow a disordered system, are at once relieved by the medicine. Send for pamphlets from Agents, and you will find evidence of the value of the Lithontriptic there put forth. As a remedy for the irregularities of the female system, it has in the compound a "root" which has been resorted to in the north of Europe for centuries—as a sure cure for this complaint, and as a restorer of the health of the entire system. LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS DISEASES, &c., are instantly relieved. People of the West will find it *the only* remedy in these complaints, as well as FEVER AND AGUE. There is no remedy like it, and *no calomel or quinine* forms any part of this mixture. No injury will result in its use, and its active properties are manifested in the use of a single 30 oz bottles.—For FEVER AND AGUE, *Bilious Disorders, take no other medicine.* RHEUMATISM, GOUT, will *find relief.*—The action of this medicine upon the Blood, will change the disease—which originates *in* the blood—and a healthy result will follow. DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, &c., yield in a few days' use of this Medicine. *Inflammation* OF THE LUNGS, COUGH, CONSUMPTION also, has ever *found relief.* SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, PILES, *Inflamed Eyes*—all caused by impure blood; will find this article the remedy. The system, completely acted upon by the twenty-two different properties of the mixture, is purified and restored; as a particure will not follow. The train of common complaints *Palpitation of the Heart, Sick Headache, Debility*, &c., are all the result of some derangement of the system, and this GREAT RESTORER will do its work. The promises set forth in the advertisement are based upon the proof of what it has done in the past four years. The written testimony of 1000 Agents, in Canada, the United States, England and South America, in the possession of the proprietor and can be seen by all interested; is a sufficient demonstration that it is the *best Medicine ever offered to the World.* Get the pamphlet, and study the principle as there laid down, of the method of cure. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles. *Look out and not get imposed upon.* Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture" blown upon the glass, the *written* signature of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," *stamped on the cork.* None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—*orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted*; post paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article; 132 Nassau st., New York city; 295 Essex st., Salem, Mass.; and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as advertised in the papers.

Agents in this county; BENTLEY & READ, Montrose; HENRY BURRITT, New Milford; WM. F. BRADLEY, Great Bend; O. W. OWEN, Travelling agent.



DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

This extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold; it cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER MEDICINE.

The great beauty and superiority of this medicine over all other is, while it eradicates diseases, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Fall and Winter medicines known; it not only purifies the whole system, and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the great secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the past two years more than 35,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 20,000 of these were considered incurable. More than

2,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism;
3,000 cases of Dyspeptia;
4,000 cases of general debility and want of energy;
7,000 cases of the different female complaints;
2,000 cases of Scrofula;
1,500 cases of Liver complaint;
2,500 cases of diseases of the kidney and dropsy;
8,000 cases of Consumption;

And thousands of cases of diseases of the blood, *viz.*: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, pimples on the face &c., together with numerous cases of sick headache, pain in the side and chest, spinal affections, &c.

This, we are aware must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and other agents from all parts of the United States informing us of the extraordinary cures. R. Van Bushkirk, Esq., one of the most respectable Druggists in Newark, N. J. informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands in the city of New York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character. It is the best medicine for the preventive of disease known—it undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

5,000 CHILDREN THE PAST SEASON.

As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Summer season. It has never been known to injure in the least the most delicate child.

RHEUMATISM.

This Sarsaparilla is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic complaints, however severe or chronic. The astonishing cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other remedies sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system, even when the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen

☞ Hear Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract of a letter received from him.

DR. TOWNSEND—I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two of your bottles to the care of Dr. Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians, and recommend your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Cleanse and strengthen. Consumption can be cured. Bronchitis, Consumption Liver Complaints, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of blood, soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or profuse Expectoration, Pain in the side &c have been and can be cured.

DR. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir: Nearly twenty years ago I took a violent cold, which settled on my lungs and affected me severely; indeed, finally it became a constant hacking cough but not so severe as to prevent me from attending to my business—Within the last few years it increased on me gradually. At last I became reduced—I breathed with difficulty, and raised with my cough much bad matter, and for the last nine months previous to using your Sarsaparilla, had no regular night sweats; indeed my friends and myself supposed I would die with the consumption; but I have the happiness to attribute this, to my surprise after using three bottles of your Sarsaparilla I find my health restored. It revived me gradually, and I am now enjoying much better health than I have for the last 20 years I have almost entirely lost my appetite, which is now also returned. You are at liberty to publish this in the papers with my name if you choose.

My little girl, who is three years old, had a very bad cough the whole of last winter. We became very much alarmed on her account. While using the medicine, I gave her some of it, and it soon entirely relieved her, as well as myself, and she is well now, and hearty as any child I ever saw. She was also full of little blotches; it took them away, and her skin is smooth and fair now, and I am satisfied she recovered her health from using your excellent medicine.

S. W. CONANT, 444 Bowery.

GIRLS READ THIS.

You who have pale complexions, dull eyes, blotches on the face, rough skin, and are "out of spirits," use a bottle or two of Dr. Townsends Sarsaparilla. It will cleanse your blood, remove the freckles and blotches, and give you animation, sparkling eyes, fine spirits, and beautiful complexion—all of which are of immense value to unmarried ladies.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Leucorrhœa or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the System, no matter whether the result of inherent cause, or produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, from taking it once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

DR. TOWNSEND—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also heaving it recommended for such cases I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla and followed the directions you gave me. In a short time it removed her complaints, and restored her to health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. MOORE.

Albany, Aug. 17 1847. Grand & Lydius sts.

TO MOTHERS & MARRIED LADIES.—This Extract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in reference to female complaints. No female who has reason to believe she is approaching that critical period "the turn of life," should neglect to take it, as it is a certain preventive for any of the numerous and horrible diseases to which females are subject at that time of life This period may be delayed several years, by using this medicine. Not is it less valuable for those approaching womanhood, as it is calculated to assist nature, by quickening the blood and invigorating the system. Indeed this medicine is invaluable for all the diseases to which women are subject.

It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies, by removing the impurities of the body, not so far stimulating the system as to produce a subsequent relaxation, which is the case of most medicines taken for female weakness and disease.

SCROFULA CURED.—This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

DR. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severly with bad sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel under deep obligation.

Yours, respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster street.

New York, March 1, 1847.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.—Dr Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, physicians in the city of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market,

H H PAULDING, M D.
J WILSON, "
R B BRIGGS, "
Albany, April 1, 1846. P ELMENDORF, "

U S OFFICER.—Capt G W M'Lean, one of the U S Marine corps, and a member of the New Jersey Legislature, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

RAHWAY, January 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza, and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr Townsend's sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to said medicine. I have continued taking it and find that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G W McLEAN.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is no less successful in curing this distressing complaint than for diseases of the blood