Agricultural.

Work in the Garden.

SOWING SEEDS.—Prepare a border with a shutoern exposure, by manuring liberally with unfermented stable manure, dig this in a spit deep, rake the ground thoroughly, then put on a covering of well rotted manure, an inch or two deep, rake this in well, then lay off your border in suitable divisions, to receive the different kinds of seeds that you intend to sow. Your bed being thus prepared, sow early and late cabbage seed, as the Early York, Battersea and Sugar Loaf—the large Flat Dutch, the Drum Head, and Savoy. This, embracing early and late varieties, will secure a continuous supply of cabbage for the table or market, as the early kinds may be about being used up, the late kinds will come into play. Having sown your cabbage seeds, of different sorts, sow ashes thereon with a light hand, then rake the seed in, so as to cover them lightly, when you must pat the ground down with the back of your spade. It may be well here to remark that plant beds should not be shaded, but well exposed to sun and air. When the plants come up, if they should be attacked by lice, bugs, or other insects, mix up equal quantities of soot, ashes and flour of sulphur, and give them a very slight dusting with the mixture, two or three days in succession. Having sown your Cabbage seed, in the other divisions of your prepared bed, sow Tomatoes, Egg Plant, Cauliflower, Broccli, Celery, and Lettuce seeds.

PEAS.—Select a loamy bed, and manure it with well rotted manure, dig that in, rake your peas therein thickly and cover with the hoe, patting down the ground as you proceed. To secure a continuous supply, you can either sow the early varieties at intervals of ten days apart, or sow the early and late kinds at the same time.

EARLY POTATOES.—These may be planted as soon as ever the frost is out of the ground. Sound potatoes must be selected, as it is useless to plant those infected with rot; and, indeed, as a precautionary means, we would advise that (for the garden culture) the seed Potatoes should be immersed in brine before being cut into sets, and when cut, that they should be dried in Ashes, Lime, or Plaster.—In planting the sets, after manuring the drills, we would sprinkle a mixture of charcoal dust, lime and ashes over them prior to covering them up. When the potatoe plants are about an inch high, we would dust over them a mixture of equal parts of lime, plaster and salt, in such quantity as to give the young plants a gentle dusting. We do not say that this treatment will protect the potatoe from the rot, but it may do so, and is worth a trial.

EARLY TURNIPS.—In the early part of this month will be a good time to prepare a bed for early turnips. For this crop a compost made of six parts cow dung, one of lime, and one of ashes, will be found to be the best. Mix the whole thoroughly together by frequently turning over the mass, then spread one-half the compost on the bed, and dig it in the depth of the spade, rake the bed well, then spread the other half a spade deep, and rake the bed thoroughly, when it will be ready to receive the seed. Previously, however, to sowing the seed—which should be Early Dutch—it should be soaked in fish oil for twelve hours, then taken out, drained and dried in ashes or lime, sowed thinly, raked in and the ground compressed, by being patted with the back of the spade. As soon as the plants come up, a mixture of equal parts of plaster and ashes should be sown thereon, so as to dust the plants well. The operation should be repeated daily, each morning, until the plants get into the rough plants begin to belly, they must be thinned out so as to stand about 8 inces apart, and the weeds kept down until the leaves shades the ground.—Thus treated, a bed of early turnips may be secured for table and market—and of this, those who live near a market, may be assured, that they will find ready sale and good prices, as but few persons raise turnips this early for market.

CABBAGE PLANTS.—Those who have been so provident as to raise Cabbage plants in a hot bed, should sieze the occasion of preparing a bed to set them out in, as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Cabbages are gross feeders, therefore require a good deal of strong manure. To prepare plants raised in hot beds for transplantation, it is necessary to raise up the lights for several days, to inure them to the weather before setting them out. To protect them from the cut worm, prepare a paste-like mixture of soot and flour of sulphur, moistened and brought to the consistence of paste, and suffered to cool, as you are about to set the plants out, dip the roots and stem of each plant into it up to the leaves, when it must be inserted into the ground. This mixture will not only protect the plants from the attacks of the cut-worm, but serve as an active manure to give them an early start in their growth, a thing of great importance as all gardeners well know.

EARLY BEETS, PARSNIPS AND CARROTS.—We advise that a bed in each garden should be appropriated to secure an early supply of these excellent table roots. As the same soil suits, one bed would serve for a supply. The manure to be used should be thoroughly rotted; the bed dug deeply and well raked and laid off into drills 21-2 feet apart, which should be sown as thinly as possible, and covered up about 6 inches apart, the parsnips 6 inches apart, and the carrots about 4 inches apart.—The weeds must be cleaned out and the earth loosened two or three times before the crop is laid by.

BEANS.—The Lisbon, Mazagan and Windsor beans may be planted as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Beans delight best in a clayey, or clayey mould soil, which should be moderately manured, dug with care and thoroughly raked.

CULINARY AND MEDICINAL HERBS, of all kinds, may now be planted out.

From the Iris.

ONWARD.

BY AARON DE LANO.

Through life's tempests are beating
With power on your head,
And earth's pleasures so fleeting
Forever seem fled:
Though sorrows surround you,
Temptations assail,
If your watchword be "onward,"
At last you'll prevail.

Though friends whom you fondly
Had reckoned your own,
Have left you, life's current
To stem all alone;
Though hopes so long cherished
May one by one fail,
If your watchword be "Onward,"
At last you,ll prevail.

Then cease all repining—
Choose rather to laugh—
For surely that's wiser,
And better by half,
Then should sorrow oppress you,
Or troubles assail,
With your watchword still "onward,"
You never can fail.

Useful Information for Children.

WHETHER OF LARGER OR SMALLER GROWTH.—NUMBER I.

I have often heard children ask the question,—"*What does the Almanac mean by the* DOMINICAL LETTER?"—"*What is its use?*" and "*Why is there a new one every year?*"

These are very proper inquiries; and an intelligible answer to them would enable you, to solve a great many other questions, which you would find extremely useful, as well as entertaining. And if you will give your attention to the subject, and not allow yourselves to pass from one sentence to another, till you have fully comprehended the preceding, I will answer these questions, so that you can readily understand and apply the information to many practical uses. I shall number the paragraphs, so that your attention may be directed to each, in order, till you are satisfied that you fully understand them all.

Observe then, I. That our Almanac-makers have chosen to denote the days of the week, by the first 7 letters of the Alphabet;—just as in music the 7 original tones of the *octave* are indicated by the same symbols.

2. If the year consisted of exactly 52 weeks, (or 364 days,) you plainly see, that these letters being once applied, would remain invariable from year to year. In that case, if A represented the last day of January, (as it always does,) and the others followed in order, G would denote the 1st day of Dec., and of course the first day of the next year would naturally commence again with A. Thus these letters would severally represent the same day of the week in every year. But,

3. As an ordinary year consists of 365 days, there is one day over a complete week, which makes the last day of Dec. the same day of the week (and denoted by the same letter) as the first day of the previous January.—Consequently, the next year must commence one day of the week later than the preceding.—And if this order were regularly continued, you plainly perceive, that these letters would severally run through the whole week, in the course of seven years: and then the 1st day of January would recur on the same day of the week, as seven years before. But,

4. You know that, ordinarily, every 4th year is a Leap Year, which contains 366 days: consequently the next year will commence 2 days later than the preceding. Hence the former order is interrupted every 4th year; and the letters indicating the days of the week are deranged; (just as the locality of the semitone in the octave and, consequently, the names of the notes are changed, by the introduction of flats and sharps;) and a return of any day of the year, to the same day of the week, would not take place, till after the lapse of 4 times, 7, or 28.

5. To obviate both of these difficulties, so that the first day of every year may be donoted by A, and the first of each month by its own letter from year to year, (while the days of the week are constantly changing,) a method had been adopted to accommodate these letters to the days of the week, in exact conformity to the above mentioned changes.—Hence,

6. The letter which in any other year stands for the *first day of the week*, called the LORD'S DAY (*Dies Domini*) is the Dominical Letter for that year.

I will only add here, that it was formerly the practice of our Almanac-makers, to indicate the several days of the week, by these 7 letters in their order; the Dominical Letter, a Capital, and the other Roman. But of late years, they have adopted, with less regard to scheme, the *initials* of the secular days, using only the Dominical Letter of the year to indicate the sabbath.

In my next, I will give my youthful readers the Rule for finding the Dominical Letter, for any year, which they will find perfectly easy, and applicable to many pleasant and useful operations.

"What branch of education do you have chiefly in your school?"

"A *willow* branch, sir! The master has used up almost a whole tree!"

Advertisements.

PLOUGHS.

A NEW and full assortment of *Ploughs* and *Plough Casting* of the most approved construction, just received, and for sale at low prices by H. BURRITT.
New Milford, April 4th, 1847.

OLD STAND—OLD STORE—Old Goods and New Ones.

AT the store of the Subscriber **No. 6.** Turnpike street, may be found a general assortment of Goods. Good goods and at the lowest **prices**—Consisting of

DRY GOODS,	GROCERIES,
CROCKERY,	STONE-WARE,
HARD-WARE,	SADDLERY,
IRON AND STEEL,	NAILS,
PLOUGHS,	BOOTS AND SHOES.

Shoe-Kit and findings &c.
M. S. WILSON.
Montrose, March 3. 1847.

INFORMATION GRATIS.

THE Subscriber's Books and accounts are at his Store **No. 6.** Turnpike Street, and he is generally there ready to wait upon those who call to examine them. Those who have neglected settling over six years are requested to call and renew their obligations to pay. Those whose accounts have stood five, four, three or over two years are most earnestly requested to make payment and those whose obligations have not stood over one year since they became due are informed that payment will not be **refused** of them—A general settlement is disired.
M. S. WILSON.
March 3, 1847.

A Rare Chance.

GODEY'S REPRINT of the two most popular and Fashionable English Magazines.
Reprint of Blackwood's Lady's Magazine, Monthly,..... $1 per an.
Do, London World of Fashion,..... $1 per an.
Two copies of either, or one copy of each, one year,..... $1 50 do.
Any person subscribing to **Godey's Lady's Book**, and sending **$3** in advance, shall be furnished with that work one year, and a copy also one year, of either of the Reprints, gratis.
The above works afford a greater profit to local or travelling agents than any other work published. For terms, address the Publishers.
L. A. GODEY, Philadelphia.

DOCT. R. THAYER,
Eclectic, Botanic and Hydropathic Physician,

WOULD announce to the citizens of Montrose and vicinity that he has made a permanent location in the village of Montrose, where he will be happy to wait upon all those who may favor him with their patronage.—From the long experience he has had in his practice, he thinks he can safely recommend himself to this community with perfect confidence of success.

He will take patients at his residence where they will receive especial care and attendance; and would especially invite all those who are afflicted with Chronic Diseases, and have failed to obtain relief from Physicians of the Alopathy School, to give him a call; for by his practice he has been taught, that most, if not all of the diseases which afflict the human family, can be cured or greatly mitigated. He will keep on hand a large assortment of

BOTANIC MEDICINES,

for family uses; consisting of Stomach and Billious Pills, Cough Syrups, Strengthening Bitters, Spice Bitters, Scrofula Syrups, Composition Powders, Arabic Balsam, Mother's Cordial, Strengthening and Adhesive Plasters, Worm Syrup, which is an infallible remedy, with medicines which are effectual in curing Chronic and Acute Rheumatism, with many others too numerous to mention. He would also say, that patients laboring under diseases of a Consumptive and Cancerious nature, need not despair of relief under his treatment.
Montrose, March 4. 1847. No. 9—tf

1847.
FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.
'Small Profits & quick Returns.'

THE subscribers have the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the public, that they have received from the city, a well selected stock of GOODS, bought by one of the firm, at much lower prices than many of the same goods could be bought in the fall, and we are desirous of disposing of them at a very SMALL PROFIT for Cash, Beeswax, Flannel, Socks, Flaxseed, Rye, Corn Oats, &c. &c.—We are satisfied that we can offer *greater inducements* to purchasers, than we ever have done before; and *Remember*, that we will not be UNDERSOLD. *Bentley & Read.*
Montrose. Feb. 1, 1847.

Dalley's,

MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, a cure for Sore Eyes, Cuts, Swellings, Burns, Bruises &c. &c. just received and for sale by *Bentley & Read.*

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Montrose, Pa., April 1st, 1847.

Arnold Henry S.	Losier Miss Harriet
Asborn Milton	Little Mary A.
Armes William 3	Little George
Aldrich Nathan	Lewis George W. 2
Allen Charles	Mahor Tho's
Brown Joseph M.	Moore Joseph
Beach Emily	Mylert Mrs A. N.
Buckley John	McCollum John
Brown Miss Huldah	Messenger Horace P.
Baldwin Miss L. A. 2	Moore Mrs. Maria
Bullard Miss Amanda G.	McMeehan James
Butterfield Benj. A.	Miller Dan'l
Bissel Edward	Maine Ezekiel
Beebe Mrs. Sarah A.	McGray Patrick
Brewster Miss Octavia	McKeeby Gilbert
Carswell Lydia W.	Marsh Hiram C.
Cronk William	Newcomb Samuel 2
Cuon Miss Helen S.	Nichols Abel
Crane John A.	Orton Miss Elizabeth
Coon F. B.	Peckins Margaret
Dudly Leonard	Peckins Mrs. T.
Davis William	Perkins Ruth A.
Dow John	Post Matilda E.
Donly Catharine	Potter Miss Clarinda E.
Davison William	Park L. Lorana
Flyt Barret	Pickering Thomas W.
Fraser Franklin	Reardon William
Fesenden Henry	Reynolds Effy
Fesenden Henry L.	Sherer Mrs. Susan
Fesenden Isaac	Sayer Erei 2
Fordham Geo. M.	Sanderson Miss E.
Fairchild Miss Sarah	Simpson Miss Jane
Foster Geo. W.	Shuy Theodore
Grover Miss Helen	Smith Miss Jane
Gardner L.	Smith Robert
Gardner Jerusha S.	Thayre Bishop
Garretson Deborah	Tracy Silas E.
Howell Susan	Thompson Rev. J.
Hoyt Rev. James	Tuttle Miss Ruby
Herkimer Peter	Tyler Mrs. Cordelia
Isbell Zuri G. 3	Thayer Enock
Jefferson Miss Mary	Whitney Hallam E.
Jesup J. P.	Wartrous Joseph
Jackson Joshua	Walker Mrs. Ruth
Jackson O. P.	White Hon. Geo.
Johnson B. A.	Young Israel
Kent Robert	

H. J. WEBB, P. M.

BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends, and the public, that he has purchased the shop formerly occupied by P. Jenks, but more recently by Mr. H. Patrick, a few rods west of the Court House, where he is now carrying on the above business in all its branches. He solicits a share of the public patronage.
WALTER FOLLET.
Montrose, Jan. 20, 1847.

NEW GOODS,

JUST opened and selling at our usual low prices—including more of those Large Family Bibles. J. LYONS.
Feb. 3, 1847

N. B. Those who have promised Grain and calculate to bring it, will do well to do so immediately. J. L.

TIN WARE.

50 DOZ. Tin Ware, including Pans, Pails, Dippers, Coffee and Tea Pots, Bakers, Basins, &c. &c., at wholesale or retail, at greatly reduced prices, for sale by
April 1. J. LYONS.

STONE WARE.

A FULL assortment of Stone Ware this day received, and will be sold CHEAP by
BENTLEY & READ.
Feb. 11, 1847.

VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINES.

DR. Segur's Restorative Pills, Dr. Spooner's Hygeian, do. Lee's, Hooper's, and Tomatto, do. Also, Dr. Rafferty's Family Medicines, consisting of Balm of Gilead, Worm Oil, Vegetable Pills, Eye Water, Strengthening Plaster, Embrocation, &c. &c.
For their superior excellence and great usefulness, these medicines are entitled to a place in every family. *Try them.*
OPODELDOC. Dr. Jayne's Vermituge, Godfrey's Cordial, Covert's Balm of Life, Camphor, Horehound, Paregoric, Licorice, &c. &c., for sale by J. LYONS.
April 8, 1847.

HYER'S PILLS.

The American Improved Hygeian Vegetable Medicine.

THESE Pills are one of the best Medical Compounds in use at the present day.—As a common family physic, for administration in all temporary complaints of the stomach and bowels, head ache, colds, &c., they may be fully depended upon, and a prompt use of them on the first appearance of indisposition will invariably save much sickness. They are peculiarly adapted to all cases of weakness and general debility—any derangement of the system, and especially with females—and a steady uninterrupted use of them, in strict conformity with the directions will very soon restore the organs of the stomach to their natural tone and action, and regulate the bowels, and renovate the whole system.

There is no disposition to give extravagant commendations of them. What is here stated, is the result of actual experience with them, and that through a period of fifteen years. It is not supposed, or pretended, that they will *raise the dead;* neither are they designed to be used as freely as we use our food! Such is not the true purpose of medicine. Its only appropriate office is to assist nature in restoring the system to a proper tone and action, when unavoidably, or through carelessness or excess, it becomes deranged. Many are careless, and hence need this aid. And the most careful are liable to irregularities of the system. It is needless almost to say, that a prompt use of *safe* and *effective* remedies, on the first appearance of illness, is the part of wisdom. ☞ *Such a Medicine the Proprietor knows these Pills to be.* ☜ And he is certain that in forty nine cases out of fifty, where a fair trial is made according to the directions, they will be used again as a standard medicine. *He has never known an instance*, where they have been thus used, in which they have not met with UNQUALIFIED APPROVAL!

Numerous testimonials may be seen at the General Office of sale, and references will be given to substantial *living* witnesses of their valuable curative properties.

The Pills are purely vegetable, are of two kinds, stimulant and purgative, purifying the blood, and producing a healthy action through the entire system; are a valuable Anti Bilious Medicine, and eminently useful in all long standing complaints—Weakness, General Debility, Dyspepsy, Pulmonary Affections, Liver Complaints, Rheumatic and Spasmodic Affections, Female Complaints, Palpitations, &c.

No Family, after a fair trial, will be without them.

They are put up in FIFTY CENT and DOLLAR PACKAGES, each having a pamphlet embracing a valuable Treatise on Disease, with full directions for use. The Dollar packages are the cheapest to the purchaser. They may be ordered through Druggists, giving the Street and No. of the General Depot.

Sold, Wholesale and Retail, at
No. 140 Fulton street, Second Floor, N. Y.,
Between Nassau-street and Broadway.
☞ *As you value Health—Try them!* ☜
☞ The above Pills are also for sale at the store of BENTLEY & READ, of this place.

The Grape-Vine Cradle.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he is now engaged in manufacturing one of the most useful instruments for cutting grain, ever offered in market. The structure of this Cradle is such as to enable a man to cut his grain with much less labor than is usually required—thereby almost changing the task into pleasure. A number of citizens of this county, who have used the Cradle during the past season, (whose names can be given if reference is desired) hesitate not to pronounce it superior, by fifty per cent., to any instrument of the kind they ever used.

An opportunity of examining the structure and utility of the instrument will shortly be given. They will be offered for sale by the first of May, at all the principal stores and public places throughout the country.

Prices—according to the article.

For a common article, (scythe included)			$4 00
Do	Wire trimed &c.	do	5 00
Do	Five teeth and trimed	do	5,50
Do	Teeth plated	do	6,00

G. S. AMES.
Gibson, Feb. 6th, 1847.

NEW DRY GOODS AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

THE Subscriber would inform the citizens of Montrose and vicinity, that he has just returned from Boston and New York, with

$15,000

worth of Dry Goods, which have been purchased for Cash, since the reduction of the Tariff!! and will be sold from 25 to 50 per cent. less than Spring prices.

MERCHANTS in particular, will find it to their interest, to call and examine his stock, before visiting New York; as he is confident, his advantages are such as to enable him to sell on better terms than they can buy in New York. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the East end of Exchange Buildings.
R. J. WISNER.
Binghamton, Sept. 17th, 1846.

GARDEN SEEDS.

A LARGE stock of FRESH GARDEN SEEDS, (including *Shaker's,*) just opened and for sale by J. LYONS.
March 10, 1847.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT KERR, late of Bridgewater township, dec'd. are *requested to make immediate* payment; and all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them duly attested for settlement to the subscriber.
HENRY L. KERR, *Administrator.*
Bridgewater, March 18, 1847. 11-6w.

A FEW more Spring patterns of DE LAINE and Cashmers on hand, and will be sold very **Cheap** by *Bentley & Read.*

Tariff Reduced.
3,000 HATS, CAPS AND MUFFS!!

OF all kinds, qualities and sizes, and at lower prices than ever before known, may be found at the Hat Factory opposite the "Democrat" Office, where the public at large, and those wishing to purchase in particular, are invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as we will not be undersold by any *York State* Shop, or "*Farmers' Store*" in the County. The best of workmen are employed at the shop, and all hats manufactured by them are warranted.
N. B. *Cash paid for Sheep Pelts and Furs.*
Nov. 18th, 1846.

"A BOOK THAT WILL SUIT YOU."

A Discussion on Universalism, between A. O. Warren, and O. Fraser, just published, & for sale at the store of Jerre Lyons, Montrose. Price 12½ cents.

STEEL BEEDS and PURSE TWIST, a new supply just received, also, Steel Bag and Purse Clasps, Slides, &c. &c.
Bentley & Read.

FRANK MILLER'S, celebrated *Leather Preservative* and *water Proof Oil Blacking* just the thing for this weather, for sale by *Bentley & Read.*

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY DRUG STORE.

BENTLEY & READ, have this day received an addition to their stock of *Drugs, Medicines, Dyestuffs, Oils, &c. &c.*, which makes their winter assortment complete, and to which they invite the attention of their friends in Susquehanna county. Physicians and others supplied with every article in our line at as *low a rate* as at any other establishment in Northern Pennsylvania.
Montrose, Dec. 9. 1846.

PURE winter strained, Fall & Refined Whale OILS, also, Linseed and Tanner's do., for sale cheap by
BENTLEY & READ.

WISTEK'S *Balsam of Wild Cherry, Scarpas Accoustic Oil, World's Salve.* Jayne's Expectorant, Vermifuge, Carminative Balsam, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Dr. M'Munn's Elixer of Opium, Balsam of Life, Bullard's Oil Soap, British & Harlem Oils, Moffats Phenix Bitters, Shumar's & Wistar's Cough Lozenges, and many others of the popular medicines of the day, for sale *right* by
BENTLEY & READ.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm, containing one hundred acres, situate in that part of the township of New Milford, known as the Stanley settlement, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania. About sixty acres of said farm are in a good state of cultivation,—the whole is well watered—good and convenient buildings thereon—and an orchard of 200 bearing

APPLE TREES,

which last year, when most orchards in the neighborhood were rendered worthless for the season by the frost, yielded upwards of 400 bushels!—also, a good variety of other fruits among which are Pears, Peaches, Plums, &c. The portion not cleared is well timbered, and the farm as a whole, offers good inducements to any one who is desirous of purchasing a farm in this section of country. There are also attached to the premises, a Cider Mill and Cider Mill House. JOHN STANLEY.
New Milford, June 11th, 1846. 23—tf

OUR MOTTO—QUICK SALES—READY PAY AND SMALL PROFITS!

EDWIN TIFFANY would respectfully inform his old customers & the public in general, that he has just received a rich assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

and what is better, they have been bought at *unheard of bargains*, and will be sold accordingly. In his assortment may be found

Dry-Goods,	Morocco-Skins,
Groceries,	Paints, Oils and
Crockery,	Dye-Stuffs,
Hardware,	Sole & Upper Leather,
Drugs,	Spt's. Turpentine, Medicines, &c. &c.,

which will be sold at his usual low prices. EDWIN TIFFANY
Brooklyn, Oct. 31, 1846.

PLUMBE'S NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY,
AND PHOTOGRAPHERS FURNISHING DEPOTS;

AWARDED the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New-York and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotype and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia 130 Chestnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover Sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 178 Main St.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vielle Rue du Semple; Liverpool, 32 Church St. 26-1y

CANDLES—Home manufacture, for sale by J. LYONS.

NEW GOODS.

WE are now receiving a large assortment of new goods, to which we invite the attention of our friends.
MILLS & SHERMAN.

NEW FALL GOODS.

HENRY BURRITT would invite the attention of his friends and the public to the superior and extensive assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods for Fall and Winter, which he is now receiving, comprising full varieties of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Paints, Medicines, Lamp and Linseed Oils, Fish, Buffalo Robes, Palm leaves &c. &c. His new supplies and general stock of goods will at all times as heretofore be found of the most attractive and desirable character, and will be sold at prices entirely conformable to the present low grade of the market, and for most goods, at a large reduction from former prices, for *Cash, Produce*, or approved *Credit.*
New Milford, Oct. 21st, 1846.

NEW DRY GOODS.

NOW opening at H. Burritt's a choice assortment of Calico Prints; Plain Black, Striped and Lustered Alpaccas; Black, Plain and Fancy Mousselline de Laines; Extra Rich do. Robes, New Styles, rich Cashmere de Ecosse, Dress Silks; Silk Velvets, Satins, Silks & Ribbonds for Bonnets; Gimps, Dress Cords & Fringes; Plain de Laine, Net and Wool Shawls of the newest Styles from $1,50 to $6; Ladies and Gents Patent Rubber Shoes, Broad Cloths, Black and Fancy Cassimeres very cheap, do. Satinetts, Winter Vestings of Superior Styles, Cotton Yarn, Carpet Warp, Bed Ticks, Sheetings &c. &c. all of which will be sold at reduced prices and very cheap.
New Milford, Oct. 21st, 1846.

STOVES—*Six Plate Stoves* of superior pattern, and *Stove Pipe*, also, just received and will be sold low by H. BURRITT.
New Milford, Dec 1, 1846.

200 BUSHELS

OF Dried Apples for sale by E. TIFFANY.
Brooklyn, Jan. 19, 1847.

HEAD OF NAVIGATION!!?
Will Never Strike its Colours or Be Undersold!

THE Subscriber tenders his grateful acknowledgements, to those who have patronized him, and solicits a continuance of their patronage, and of the public generally. He is now receiving his well selected stock of goods as follows:

DRY GOODS.

Among which may be found—Beaver Cloths Broad Cloths, Plain and Fancy Kerseymeres Satinetts, *Some New Styles* Muslin De Laine Cashmeres, Oregon and Alpacca Robes.

1,500

YDS. Prints—Brochie Damask Woolen and Waffle Shawls, Silk Velvet, Black Satin, and Merino Vestings, New Patterns, Cotton Yarn, Tickings, Sheetings and Batts, Ladie's Hosiery, a great Variety—

MUFFS, FUR TRIM'D CLOTH, AND OIL SILK CAPS.

GROCERIES.

Molasses, St. Croix Syrup, Imperial Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Souchong Teas, *fresh.* Brown Sugars, Loaf sugar, also white pulverized do. Extra American Mustard, Best Mould tallow and sperm candles, Coffee, Rice, Sweet Tobacco &c. &c.

Shoes & Boots.

Ladie's french kid Slips, also Buskins and Gaiters, Men's and Boy's thick boots, Misses and Child's do in great variety. Also Ladie's and Gent's Rubber shoes.

CROCKERY.

A good assortment of Crockery, Glass Ware Tin Ware Etc.

HARDWARE.

Mill Saws, Carpenters Saws, Knives and Forks Pen and Pocket Knives, Best Cutlery, *Circular* Extra, Curry Combs, Augurs, Hinges, Hammers, Sand paper, &c &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Floor Cloths, Window glass, Confectionary, French, Bunch Raisins, Traveling Bags, Carpet Bags, School Books, Dye Woods, Indigo, Nutmeg, Shad, Mackerel &c. &c.

All of which will be offered for sale at the lowest possible prices for *Cash, approved* credit or exchanged for Flannel, Socks, Rye, Oats, Wheat, Butter, Cheese, Wool, Beeswax, Corn, Bacon, Tallow, Lard, Pelts, Furs, and Geese Feathers, by M. C. TYLER.
Montrose, Nov. 11th 1846.

CODFISH.—A prime lot just received and for sale cheap by BENTLEY & READ.
Dec. 16, 1846.

Business Cards.

DR. H. SMITH,
DENTIST—Sets Teeth on Gold Plate and does all Dentist work in the best style. All work warranted. Can be found at L. Searle's on Monday and Tuesday of each week.

MILLS & SHERMAN,
Dealers in Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hard-Ware, Crockery, Iron, Nails, Fish &c.—One door below Judge Post's.

E. TIFFANY,
Dealer in Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hardware &c—Brooklyn, Susq'a, Co., Pa.

I. B. LATHROP,
Physician and Surgeon—Office over the Exchange, Springville, Pa.

PARK & DIMOCK,
Physicians and Surgeons, Montrose, Pa.—Office over R. Searle & Co's Store.

DAVID CLEMONS,
Coach, Wagon & Sleigh Manufacturer and Repairer—Shop on the Wilkesbarre Turnpike, a few rods below the Village.

M. C. TYLER,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware Crockery, Looking Glasses, Stone & Glassware, Shoes, &c.—First Store below the Court House, East side of Public Avenue.

LITTLE & STREETER,
Attorneys at Law,—Office one door above the Farmers' Store.

WM. J. TURRELL,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.—Office in the Store of I. L. Post & Co., in the room formerly occupied by Henry Drinker.

BENTLEY & READ
Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Dye-stuffs, Crockery, Hardware, Groceries, Looking Glasses, Clocks, Watches, Musical Instruments, Jewelry, Tin and Stone Ware, Iron, Nails &c. &c.—One door east of the old stand of Bentley & Mitchell.