# Cringly Court

Cringly Court was in a state of ferment. Not that this implied a strange condition, for the sense of excitement was the only sensation that stirred the fetid air of the court, and changed the complexion of its dirty brick walls to the impoverished dwellers within.

Mrs. Clancy of No. 5 was the first to spread the news, as she darted up the stairs to inform Mrs. Amioni above, and then shuffled out along the fire-escape to huskily whisper through the window to Mrs. Levitsky. Then the wireless telegraphy of the court flashed the information to all the inhabitants thereof. The cause of it all was that a man was coming through the court taking names.

What could be his foil desire? Was he an agent of the police? Most likely. But who was the culprit sought? Hard telling, according to Mrs. Clancy, for "the ways of police is very strange." But it behooved all to be submissive, for they had trouble enough without the minions of the law interdicting them.

So when the man called at the houses in the court, he was met with ready answers, albeit the faces of his respondents were pale, and they were palpably nervous, and what odd questions he asked! Mrs. Ataloni was sure it must have been a search for undesirable aliens, so she hastened to exhibit her husband's naturalization papers. Mrs. Levitsky met the man's advent with stoicism, for did not the police of Russia come less civilly and at unexpected hours and seasons to question? And woe betide a refused answer. But this was "a nice feller." As for Mrs. Clancy, she gave glib but wonderful replies, and at the man's departure she winked assuringly to herself.

At the further end of the court the grimy black wall of a machine factory seemed to prop a leaning old wooden relic of a house. The census man climbed two rickety flights without a response, but at the top of the ladder, like stairs to the rooms "beneath the eaves," he was met by the quaintest little figure of a woman. Attired in an antique styled black brocade, with a little white lace cap, she looked a neat, wholesome picture of the ancient grandmother. Nor did her apartment, with sagged floor, slanting ceiling and general ill repair, fail to consort to her appearance. Tidy as her figure, yet as ancient in suggestion.

The tendered seat was a relief to his weariness, and the first few questions were answered quietly. But there is a strange tendency to some lonely natures, perhaps it is a searching out for sympathy or maybe the desire to listen to the recital, even though by themselves, of a cherished incident that impels them to expatiate on events where the least hinting mention is offered. And in this case the dear, little, old lady was so alluring in her quaintness that he raised his pencil and listened when she digressed.

"My name it is Denise de la Bourillon. Please put in the 'de la' because they belong there. I have the right. Yes, I was born in the France. My husband was of the nobility, Anatole Mare de la Bourillon. Ah, he was a handsome gentleman, so beautiful, so proud. See, here is his picture! Was he not beautiful? Ah, me! It is so sad. You are a young man. You are not married? Ah, then, perhaps you do not yet know what it is, the grand passion?—

"You know, in the France the parents make what you call the match. When Anatole's father came to my father to arrange the match, my father storm. The Bourillon were noble, but very poor. My parents were wealthy and had an eye to a young man of equal wealth. So my father forbid Anatole the house. My, how I cry. They decide to take a voyage with me to take me away from Anatole. But one morning at church, I meet Anatole and tell him, and he beg and plead that I shall elope. A good priest shall marry us, and we shall go across the sea. I was afraid, but I love him and consent at last.

"We were married and sailed to this country. The war was in the land, and times were so hard. There was no work for a poor foreign gentleman, and soon we were very, very poor and hungry. Anatole was so—sad, and when alone I cry. One day he come to me and kiss me and put $300 in my hands. I am frightened, but Anatole weep with his face in his hands. And then I know. He has enlist for soldier, and this was what you call bounty money. The war was promised to be over soon at once so there is no danger, and the money would keep me against he return.

"Ah me, how I cry. How I wait for him to come back and all the time I hear of more and more fighting until at last I get the word. He will not come back. How I prayed to go, too, but the good priest he scold and tell me to pray and let the good Saviour work his will. So here I am, but I am waiting for my Anatole. It is a long time. Yes, the good government pays me what you call pension, so I am comfortable while I wait for my Anatole."

It was raining in Cringly Court when the census man departed, and the drops would fall on one cheek, so he brushed them off with his kerchief as he left the court.—CLARA A. SHEA.

---

**Still a Fool.**

Patience.—"She says she married him to reform him."

Patrice.—"And he says he was a fool when he married her." "Well, she says she hasn't reformed him a bit."

---

**Tipped the Tipper.**

"Why did you tip that boy so handsomely for handing you your coat?"

"Did you see the coat he gave me?"

---


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**A Plume Hunter's Wealth.**

The death of Herbert La Praith and the inheritance by his son George of $50,000 in cash reveals a most unusual but highly profitable occupation. The elder La Praith was a hunter for the skins of white herons, crests of pelicans, and the glossy many colored wings of the Western grebe. The favorite hunting grounds of the plume hunter were in the tule and alkaline swamps and lakes in southern Oregon and he is known to have been highly successful in evading the laws of two States and in amassing a snug fortune by the illegal sale of the valued skins.

La Praith once told a friend here that he shot from ten to twenty birds each day during the nestling season and that each white heron represented a profit of $50 to him. When he was unable to secure more than ten birds in a single half day he went back to camp. The hunter shipped his spoils to New York and often accompanied the trunks, posing as a commercial traveler.

It is a misdemeanor to kill either herons, grebes or pelicans in Oregon and Washington, and there can be no doubt that the dead man's gun destroyed thousands of the beautifully plumed birds.—Seattle Correspondence St. Paul Pioneer Press.

# A PROCLAMATION

By the Sheriff

## General Election

Whereas, by Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," approved the 20th day of June, A. D. 1860, it is made the duty of the Sheriff—

FIRST, to enumerate the officers to be elected and give a list of all nominations

SECOND, to designate the places at which the elections are to be held.

THIRD, to publish the notice of the qualifications of election officers, in the manner and form prescribed by the third paragraph, section ten, of said act,

Now, therefore, I, George Gregory, High Sheriff of the County of Pike, do make known by this proclamation to the electors of said county, that on

## Tuesday, Nov. 8th

1910, being the day of the general election, the following persons are to be voted for by the freemen of the County of Pike between the hours of seven o'clock in the forenoon and seven o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to wit:—

One person for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Representative in Congress from the Twenty-sixth Congressional District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, comprising the counties of Carbon, Monroe, Northampton and Pike.

One person for Senator of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to represent the Fourteenth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Carbon Monroe, Pike and Wayne.

One person for Representative in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the County of Pike.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the following is a list of all nominations certified to me by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to wit:—

### REPUBLICAN

**Governor**
Mark one
John K. Tener

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
John M. Reynolds

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
Mark one
Henry Houck

**Representative in Congress**
Mark one
Robert Brown

**Senator in the General Assembly**
Mark one
Winfred D. Lewis

**Representative in the General Assembly**
Mark one
Alfred Marvin

### DEMOCRATIC

**Governor**
Mark one
Webster Grim

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
Thomas H. Greevy

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
Mark one
James I. Blakslee

**Representative in Congress**
Mark one
A. Mitchell Palmer

**Senator in the General Assembly**
Mark one
Harvey Huffman

**Representative in the General Assembly**
Mark one
Arthur M. Adams

### PROHIBITION

**Governor**
Mark one
Madison F. Larkin

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
Charles F. McConkey

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
Mark one
Charles W. Huntington

**Representative in Congress**
Mark one
Arthur E. Speaker

**Senator in the General Assembly**
Harvey Huffman

**Representative in the General Assembly**
Mark one
E. S. Wolfe

### SOCIALIST

**Governor**
Mark one
John W. Slayton

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
Louis Cohen

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
Mark one
Beaumont Sykes

**Representative in Congress**
Mark one
Edward A. Evans

### INDUSTRIALIST

**Governor**
Mark one
George Anton

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
Wm. H. Thomas

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
James Erwin

### KEYSTONE

**Governor**
Mark one
William H. Berry

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
D. Clarence Gibboney

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
Mark one
John J. Casey

### WORKINGMENS LEAGUE

**Governor**
Mark one
John K. Tener

**Lieutenant Governor**
Mark one
John M. Reynolds

**Secretary of Internal Affairs**
Mark one
Henry Houck

# Places of Voting

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several districts of Pike county are as follows, to wit:—

The electors of the township of Blooming Grove to meet at the house of Moses C. Westbrook in said township.

The electors of the township of Delaware to meet at the election house on Main street, Dingman's Ferry, in said township

The electors of the township of Dingman to meet at the house of E. O. Bollis tat in said township.

The electors of the township of Greene to meet at the house of Theo. Correll in said township.

The electors of the township of Lackawaxen to meet at the house of George H Howland, dec'd, in said township.

The electors of the township of Lehman to meet at the store house of Jacob Nyce and George Kyle, dec'd, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Matamoras to meet at "Moeller's Hall" in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Milford to meet at the new court house in said borough.

The electors of the township of Milford to meet at the house of John McCarty in said township.

The electors of the township of Palmyra to meet at the house of Richard Reichert in said township.

The electors of the township of Porter to meet at the house of Chas. W. Cole right in said township.

The electors of the township of Shohola to meet at Vogt's Hall in said township.

The electors of the township of Westfall to meet at the house of Ephraim Shay in said township.

## Notice Is Hereby Given

That it is provided by said Act of Assembly approved June 20, 1866, "That every person except the Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this state, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this state or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the state Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no judge, inspector or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for except that of an election officer."

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH

GEORGE GREGORY,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Milford, Pa., Oct. 24, 1910.

---

**LIKELY ENOUGH.**

**Proper Classification of a Remarkably Energetic Chap.**

"While a well-dressed feller—stranger in the village—was crankin' up his automobile out here yesterday," said the landlord of the Pruntytown tavern, "the machine got started up somehow and he was knocked down and run over and jammed into the mud and dragged a ways, and so on.

"He scrambled up, gave a yell, and set out after the machine, which wasn't goin' so awful fast. Before he overtook it he stepped on a round stone, which threw him, head, neck, and heels, into the mud again; but he got up, yellin' louder than ever, and finally managed to ketch the machine and climbed in and stopped it.

"Lester Fagg happened to be right there with a pick-ax on his shoulder, and the feller jumped out, grabbed the pick-ax, and sailed in on the machine, and picked and tore it 'most all to pieces. Then he threw down the pick and put off on foot down the road, a-stompin' so heavy that the mud flew as high as his head every time he jumped.

"I asked Lester who he s'posed the feller was, and he said he guessed he must be one o' them Idle Rich that we read so much about in the papers nowadays."

---

**Merely Postponed.**

Teddy was being a bad boy.

He wouldn't take his castor oil, he wouldn't. He hated the stuff! Boo-hoo-oo-oo!

His mother remonstrated. No use. She would give him a ball. She would give him a box of chocolates. She would give him a ball and a box of chocolates. All in vain.

Then mamma leaned her head upon her hands, and pretended to cry. If there was one thing Teddy could not bear, it was to see his mother cry.

He sat up in bed.

"What's the matter, mother dear?" he asked, in wavering tones.

"I'm grieved that my son won't take his castor oil for me," wailed mamma.

Teddy took her hand.

"Oh, I wouldn't feel badly if I were you, mother dear!" he said soothingly. "Father will be home soon, and he'll make me take it."

---

**Before the Time of Motes.**

The Rev. Henry van Dyke of Princeton is quoted as telling this story at a recent Presbyterian gathering:

"A Connecticut pastor of a denomination well known to us was questioning a boy pupil of the Sunday-school. The lad answered greatly to the satisfaction of the good man, but finally the latter was stumped when the youngster made his last reply.

"'What commandment, my son, did Adam break when he ate the apple?' asked the pastor.

"'Please, sir,' returned the boy, 'there were no commandments at that time.'"

---

**Manners.**

They were the little daughters of an artist, Edith and Ethel.

"You don't look so very much alike," remarked a visitor.

"Oh, no!" answered Ethel, who was the younger. "I'm in mamma's later manner."

---

**Summer Board.**

"I'm an author, you understand, spending my vaction on a farm to get local color. How much will board be?"

"Ten per week," replied the farmer, "and $2 extra if we're expected to talk dialect."

---

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved (If the Senate concur,) That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform, and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:—

"Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction therefore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the courts whenever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice."

A true copy of Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

---

Number Two

RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur,) That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

A true copy of Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

---

Number Three

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the courts of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of Judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Resolution No. 3

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine Section Eight.

Section 2 Amend Section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, so as to read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, so as to read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase


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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

**First National Bank of Milford**

in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, Sept 1st, 1910.

RESOURCES

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and discounts | $ 70,085 67 |
| Overdrafts, secured and unsecured | 8 95 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 25,000 00 |
| Premiums on U. S. Bonds | 900 00 |
| Bonds, securities, etc. | 94 677 50 |
| Banking house, furniture and fixtures | 1 888 00 |
| Due from National Banks (not reserve agents) | 350 45 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 41,685 32 |
| Checks and other Cash Items | 188 55 |
| Notes of other National Banks | 1,985 00 |
| Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents | 91 69 |
| Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: | |
| Specie $ 11 703 19 | |
| Legal-tender notes 4,345 00 | 15,950 19 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation) | 1250 00 |
| Total | $253,057 98 |

LIABILITIES

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock paid in | $ 25,000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 15,000 00 |
| Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid | 9,171 21 |
| National Bank notes outstanding | 25,000 00 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 177,879 08 |
| Demand certificates of deposit | 1,809 16 |
| Certified checks | 97 53 |
| Total | $253,057 98 |

State of Pennsylvania, County of Pike, ss:

I, John C. Warner, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN C. WARNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of Sept 1910.

J. C. CHAMBERLAIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

C. O. ARMSTRONG,
A. D. BROWN,
W. A. H. MITCHELL } Directors.


William B. Kenworthey M. D

Physician and Surgeon.

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
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| " 6 Daily Express | 5.40 | " |
| " 36, Local Except Sunday | 6.10 | " |
| " 44 Holidays only | 6.20 | " |
| No. 8, Daily Express | 6.54 | A. M. |
| " 702, Way Sunday only | 7.21 | " |
| " 42, Local except Sun & Hol | 7.25 | " |
| " 30, Local Except Sunday | 10.20 | " |
| " 4, Daily Express | 1.34 | P. M. |
| " 704, Sunday Only | 8.30 | " |
| " 24, Way daily exc't Sund'y | 8.20 | " |
| " 2, Daily Express | 4.56 | " |
| " 26, Way daily exc't Sund'y | 6.35 | " |
| " 708, Local Sunday Only | 7.15 | " |

WESTWARD.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No 7, Daily Express | 12 28 | A. M. |
| " 47, Daily | 3.35 | " |
| " 17 Daily Milk Train | 8.10 | A. M. |
| " 1, Daily Express | 11.34 | " |
| " 115, For Hoboken & Pt Sun | 12.15 | P. M. |
| " 3, Express Chicago limited | 5.32 | " |
| " 29, Daily Except Sunday | 6.00 | " |
| " 5, Limited Daily Express | 10.05 | " |

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