

Pike County Press.

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NO 5

BRIEF MENTION

John Horbeck, whose hand was badly torn by a shell last Saturday at Edgemere went to St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn for treatment. He was taking them from his gun when one accidentally exploded.

The Maple City papers say "Main Street resembles a mortar bed while the crossings are plastered with stickiness sublime." More is said-but that is sufficient to indicate why the inhabitants would rather die there than reside in Milford.

The Courts on an appeal have decided that Geo. J. Hubbard in Port Jervis must remove the wooden awnings in front of his properties. He has fought the ordinance requiring this with the characteristic stubbornness of a man opposed to public improvements.

C. G. Wood is in Philadelphia this week to attend the Quarterly Communication of the Grand Lodge F. & A. M., as representative of Milford Lodge. He was accompanied with his wife who will visit friends in N. Y.

The school directors of the Independent district have bought for use in the schools a Columbia Standard Laboratory. Five hundred different experiments can be done with it and in teaching physics it becomes an indispensable adjunct for pupils, especially those who go from here to other schools. This equipment puts our high school on a level with any in the State.

Many a man has made a good living who has made a poor life and some men have made splendid lives who have made very moderate and even poor livings.

Mrs. Sarah Westfall, an aunt to the Bull family, here died at Matamoras last week aged over 80 years.

An Automobile Legal Association has been formed in the New England States and one is being organized in New York. They will have an attorney in all towns who will care for automobilists who may be arrested. Any owner of an auto may join the Association by paying \$10 and this entitles him to a certificate which on presentation to the Attorney ensures him legal aid without cost in case of difficulty.

Mrs. C. F. Van Iowegen and daughter, Mrs. S. M. Coddick and son William of Port Jervis and Mrs. Amos Van Etten and daughter Jennie of Kingston N. Y. were guests with the family of J. E. Van Etten last Saturday.

The State Highway Department is preparing a list of States in which there are reciprocal laws which allow autos from other States to run for a certain length of time without taking out a State license. The reciprocity clause in the Penna. State law license is effective Jan. 1st 1910.

Nine million copies of the Agriculture Schedule have been ordered by the Census Department. They will cost \$4,600,000 of paper weighing 127 tons, and will cost \$13,600,000. It will take about three weeks to print them on a press printing four sheets at each revolution and turning out 50,000 an hour.

Blanche Randall of Matamoras recently received a judgment in the U. S. Courts for \$8000 damages against the Erie for the death of her husband who was a switchman and was crushed between the cars in June 1900.

Thanksgiving was white. About four inches of snow, sleet and hail fell during the previous night and during the day.

A transcript from the docket of Esq. Howe of Blooming Grove has been filed in the Quarter Sessions charging Mrs. Bertha Webb, John Reiser and Henry Reiser, disturbing the peace and pointing a pistol on complaint of Mrs. Annie Hankins. As there seems some confusion as to the cause of the affair we refrain from giving any details lest justice may be done some of the parties.

Smokers of Turkish tobacco will be satisfied to know that two hundred and fifty pounds of leaf from that country were brought here last year.

Giadys the ten year old daughter of C. Heierich and wife, former residents of Milford township, died at the home of her parents in Bronx Avenue N. Y. Monday Nov. 22. The father was born in Germany and the mother is an English lady. She was a bright, interesting child and the bereaved parents have the sympathy of many friends.

Mrs. Fannie Patton of New York recently visited here for a few days.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

The Washington diplomatic circle is to lose either Ambassador James Bryce, from Great Britain or Consul Van Buren, the German Ambassador to the United States. The rumors that these two distinguished diplomats were to be removed from Washington are utterly without foundation and the announcement that they are to remain in their present positions is a source of gratification to their friends in official life.

Every bushel of wheat, practically every interstate railroad and every grain elevator in the middle west is affected by an order just issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission postponing the effective date of the Commission's order in what are known as the Peaver elevator cases. Several dates were fixed by the Commission for its order to become effective but for various reasons it has been postponed until April 1, 1910, in order that the Fifth Circuit Court might have opportunity to hear the cases. The suit was instituted to rescind the order of the Commission prohibiting payments for elevator wheat under the Peaver contract with certain railroads.

Secretary Knox is determined to proceed with caution and with due regard for the interests of the President in his treatment of President Zelaya of Nicaragua. He is restraining the more impetuous of his assistants from rushing an attack on the Nicaraguan president by insisting that the full facts as to the execution of the two Americans be ascertained before definite action is taken. One point remains to be determined. If the two Americans were members of the revolutionary army and were acting under the orders of their superiors when they planted the mines in the San Juan River, Zelaya is guilty of a serious breach of international law and the rules which govern military warfare. If, on the other hand, the two Americans were acting on their own responsibility, as individuals, Zelaya is thought to have been justified in ordering the summary execution. On the most eminent authority on international law in the Army explains the attitude of the State Dept. If the two men, as appears in this case, allied themselves with either a regular or a revolutionary army, and were acting under the directions of their superior officers they could be taken prisoners and tried by a military court. But no court acting within the lines of the Hague agreement could sentence a man, native or foreign, to death unless he was proved to be a spy or was acting independently of any military organization.

The regulations for the collection of the 1 per cent special excise tax of the Payne tariff law, commonly known as the "corporation tax" have been approved by President Taft. Secretary MacVough devoted painstaking study to the formulation of these regulations and he believes that when the regulations are made public much of the criticism which has been directed against the law because of the difficulty of collecting it will be dissipated. He expects that it will increase the revenues to the extent of \$27,000,000 a year.

The coming session of Congress will probably bring a bitter fight on the question of postal savings banks. This question has been agitated at the Capitol for some years past, but it has never been put to a vote in either house because the Republican leaders in Congress thought it wise to await until the sentiment of the country had become established, after all had been given an opportunity to study the proposal. The advocates of the measure contend that as it was adopted as part of the Republican platform at Chicago it is necessary to vote in it at the coming session. There are others, however, who believe that the matter should not be taken up until the Monday Congressional session its report to Congress as to the question of the postal savings banks has a direct bearing on the financial system of the country and as the establishment of such banks might interfere with the full and comprehensive scheme the Commission is expected to recommend.

Stung For 15 Years by indigestion's pangs—trying many doctors and \$200 worth of medicine in vain, B. F. Ayche, of Ingleside, N. C., at last used Dr. King's New Life Pills, and writes they wholly cured him. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. 25c at All Druggists.

THE DEER'S HORN.

They Present All the Phenomena of Animal and Vegetable Growth.

Why and how is the deer so peculiarly unlike any other of the bovidæ, the horn differing so materially from all the horned cattle in its composition, growth, maturity and decline? It presents all the phenomena of animal and vegetable growth. It sprouts from the brain without any prolongation of the frontal bone. It rises and breaks through the sinews and takes root on the bone, growing the same as a vegetable. It is nourished by and secretes albumen upon the surface and disposes of the fibrin the same as an animal.

It is clothed with a skin and hairy coat very different from those on the rest of the body. This covering and hair possess a property unknown in other animal bodies—that of being a styptic to staunch its own blood when wounded. It carries marks of the age on the buck by putting out an extra branch each year, which shows an additional power each year to produce them. And this power does not exist in the female. This difference is more distinctly marked than in any other class of animals. Again, the horn possesses properties unknown in any other animal matter. It is entirely insoluble, capable of resisting putrefaction and almost impervious to the effects of the atmosphere. And still water at 300 degrees F. will dissolve these horns readily, even though they are not soluble in alcohol and resist the action of acids and alkalis. It is the only vegetable substance that we know of that does not perpetuate itself by procreation.

The male and the female are sustained by the same nutrition and elements, and only the male produces horns. This phenomenon is quite as much of a curiosity as the absence of the horns in the buck after shedding.

Alone in Saw Mill At Midnight unmindful of dampness, drafts, storms, or cold, W. J. Atkins worked as Night Watchman, at Banner Springs, Tenn. Such exposure gave him a severe cold that settled on his lungs. He tried many remedies but all failed till he used Dr. King's New Discovery. "After using one bottle" he writes, "I went back to work as well as ever." Severe Colds, stubborn Coughs, Inflamed throats and sore lungs, Hemorrhages, Croup, and Whooping Cough get quick relief and prompt cure from this glorious medicine. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by All Druggists.

A Deer Case.

Last Saturday game wardens arrested C. McKean of Shobals for having in possession a deer killed with buckshot. He was brought before Esq. Ludwig Monday and at the hearing they failed to prove that he had fired the buckshot and as the act does not make having in possession a deer killed in that way an offense he was discharged. The facts as shown were that McKean was going to a run way saw deer tracks and following them soon saw the deer at which he fired with a rifle. The ball broke a bind thigh of the animal and grazed its fore leg. McKean followed the tracks, along which was blood, for three hours, traveling some six miles and found the deer dead. In dressing it he discovered the buckshot wound, but took the carcass home where the wardens found it. It is presumed that some one, between where McKean fired and where he found the deer, had peppered it with buckshot and fearing to follow immediately waited and saw McKean get the quarry, which so provoked him that he notified the wardens of the fact that McKean had a deer so killed in his possession.

Rich Men's Gifts Are Poor beside this: "I want to go on record as saying that I regard Electric Bitters as one of the greatest gifts that God has made to women, writes Mrs. O. Rhineault, of Vestal Center, N. Y. "I can never forget what it has done for me." This glorious medicine gives a woman buoyant spirits, vigor of body, and jubilant health. It quickly cures Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Headache, Backache, Fainting and Dizzy Spells; soon builds up the weak and sickly; and cures all ailments. 25c at All Druggists.

SCOPE OF THE CENSUS.

Mr. Harry G. Seip, Supervisor of Census, Seventh District of Pennsylvania, which comprises the counties of Northampton, Monroe, Carbon and Pike has been the recipient of numerous inquiries relative to the duties, qualifications and compensations of Census Enumerators and below are given some of the laws and instructions relating to same:

The Census Act provides that the Census of 1910 shall cover the following subjects for enumerators, First, Population; and Second, Agriculture, which will be collected wholly by enumerators under the supervision of the Supervisor, all statistics to be collected on specially prepared schedules.

The enumeration of the above subjects shall commence on the 15th day of April, 1910 and each enumerator is required to complete the work in his district within thirty days, and in cities, towns, villages or boroughs which had 5000 population or more under the Census of 1900, the work must be completed within two weeks. The Supervisor is to designate to the Director suitable persons as enumerators, and, with the consent to employ same, one or more for each subdivision.

Each enumerator will have a certain district to work, which district will be clearly and fully defined so that one enumerator cannot possibly encroach upon another's district.

The law requires that the population of incorporated boroughs, villages, towns and cities shall be returned separately from that of the territory in which same may be located. In most cases the enumeration district can be so arranged that the entire area of an incorporated place will constitute one or more enumeration districts, no one of which includes any unincorporated territory. In other cases, however, it may be necessary for an enumeration district to include part of an incorporated place and also unincorporated territory outside of such place, when it shall be the duty of the enumerator to clearly and plainly distinguish and separate, upon the population schedules, the inhabitants of such borough, village, town or city from the inhabitants of the territory not included therein.

The success and value of the census as a whole is absolutely dependent upon the thoroughness, accuracy and promptness with which the enumerators perform their duties.

In order to determine the fitness of enumerators, examinations or examination papers will be sent to applicant, consisting chiefly of the filling out of a sample or test schedule of population from data furnished and, in the case of enumerators whose work will be in the rural districts, the filling out of sample or test schedule of agriculturists. Applicants who are unable to pass this examination will be rejected.

The applicant should live in the district which he is to canvass and only in extreme cases are enumerators designated to districts other than where they live and all appointments will be made without reference to political party affiliations.

The enumerators should be active and energetic persons and should have at least an ordinary education and be able to write plainly and with reasonable rapidity. It is also hoped in many cases that the services will be secured of persons who do not care for the position on account of the pay involved, but who are willing to do the work in the public interest and for experience.

The following classes of persons are suggested as particularly likely to be good enumerators, either because of their special knowledge of the districts in which they live or because their pursuits fit them beyond that of an average citizen:

(a) In rural districts, Crop Reporters of the United States Department of Agriculture, officers and leading workers in farmers' organizations, live stock associations, co-operative creameries, etc., especially young men who have attended agricultural college or agricultural experiment stations.

(b) Physicians, particularly country physicians, will in most cases make excellent enumerators.

(c) School teachers or substitutes who may be able to give their entire attention to the work by securing temporary leave of absence.

(d) Persons who have passed Federal, State or municipal Civil Service examinations for clerical positions for mail-carriers.

(e) Local State and municipal officers, and particularly town and village clerks and assessors.

All persons who are directly or indirectly concerned in the assessment of property or in the collection of taxes and all Postmasters, post-office clerks and mail-carriers cannot act as enumerators.

It is essential that applicants for the position of enumerator should understand that their entire working time will be required during the period of enumeration as it will be impossible for an enumerator to carry on at the same time any other work or business.

Applicants who accept the appointment cannot "without justifiable cause" refuse or neglect to perform the duties of the position. Having assumed the office, they cannot retire from it at their own pleasure. In a short time regular forms will be mailed to all applicants, who must fill them out and return to the Supervisor of Census and no consideration will be given to any applicant who does not fill it out properly.

Relative to compensation, a fixed rate will be allowed for each name in the population census and for each farm in the agricultural census, but in usual cases a rate per day will be paid. In cities, towns and boroughs of 5000 or over by the Census of 1900, two cents per name will be paid, while in the rural districts the compensation for population will be from 25c to 37c cents per name. In cities, towns and boroughs of 5000 or over, five cents will be paid for each stable reported not on a farm, while in the rural districts, 15c to 20 cents per farm will be paid. In some districts where the manufacturing census will be taken, for each industry reported a compensation of 25 cents will be paid to the enumerator. While in cities of 3000 or over in the 1900 census the manufacture census will be taken by special agents.

In enumeration districts where the population is largely of some particular foreign nationality it is advantageous to obtain a member of that nationality with sufficient intelligence and education to act as an enumerator.

All persons wishing to become applicants for the position of enumerator should mail their applications to Harry G. Seip, Supervisor of Census, Seventh District, Pennsylvania, Easton, Pa. Upon the arrival of the regular application forms from Washington, same will be mailed to applicant to be filled out by him.

OBITUARY

WALLACE NEWMAN.

Mr. Newman, ex Commissioner of this county, died at his home in the Borough early last Saturday morning after a protracted illness. He was a son of James W. and Maria (Lutes) Newman and was born in Milford September 18, 1844. His great grandfather was an Englishman who came to America and settled in Connecticut. His grandfather, Ira B., came to Milford about 1789 and for many years resided on Water Street.

When a child his parents removed to Dingman township where they resided for a brief time and then returned to Egypt Mills but soon returned to Dingman township where they finally located, and where he bought a farm and resided until 1893 when he was elected County Commissioner and took up his residence here. He held numerous local offices and was a prominent factor in the councils of his party. In 1885 he married Sarah J. Day who died in February 1907.

He is survived by one son David J. residing in Dingman township, Celina wife of William J. Shields of the same township and Nettie H. with whom he lived. The funeral was held Monday and interment in Milford Cemetery.

HYMNICAL

HEART-TITERS

Miss Katie Beck, formerly of Milford, and Robert B. Thiel of Duluth, Minnesota were married Wednesday at the Hotel Van Dorn by Rev. Joseph Millard of Elster, N. Y. in the presence of relatives and a few friends.

The parlors were tastefully decorated by J. A. Revoire, who also adorned the table in a most attractive manner. The bride received many beautiful mementoes of regard which will remind her of the high esteem in which she is held by friends here. She is a most excellent young lady and bears with her to her western home the best hopes for a happy future.

SUNRISE.

Dedicated to ANNIE E. McCAWLEY.

The morning light is breaking
Beyond in eastern skies,
The lark is gayly singing
Greeting early sunrise,
The flowers smile their welcome
Unto the morning dawn,
The tree tops nod and rustle
At the advance of morn.

The black night is forgotten,
The diamond dew drops shine
On every blade and blossom
Sprinkled by the "Hand Divine."
Nature all is glowing,
Sparkling, radiant, and bright,
Refreshing are the breezes
That wave so soft and light.

The tripping little rivolet
As o'er the pebbles flow,
Reflect the golden sunbeams
By the early glow
Of morning, and rejoicing,
It merry speels along
To join the other streamlets
Singing nature's song.

Then hail each blessed sunrise
That we may live to see,
We know not if another day
Will dawn for you or me;
Many a flower that in full bloom
Thought to live the day,
Was plucked up by some careless hand
And then was cast away.

CECILIA A. CULLEN.

NOTES FROM SANDYSTON

Gambling commenced earlier than usual this winter and whether the capital of the gamblers will hold out is a question. When a player drops 21 dollars in one night's play it would seem that the players pocket book will go busted. It is robbery for the 5 or 8 in the game.

W. H. Vansickle, of Layton, spent the past week visiting at Portland and reports a fine time.

Wells and springs that were never before known to go dry, are dry now, and the need of a good soaking rain was never more pressing than at the present time.

The Grange at Layton has a large roomy hall in their building and this can be rented for the transaction of all town business. Being situated in the centre of the town it would convenience all parts of the town equally.

Mrs. Peter Beach had a vendue of personal property on the Rundle farm at Walpack Centre Dec. 1st, and will move in with her son on the Bunnel farm in Montague.

Jesse Loscy will occupy the farm vacated by Mrs. Beach.

Wednesday last was the last day for deer hunting in Jersey. The weather was very inclement, still quite a number tried their luck, and as usual not a deer was captured in this town.

John Hornbeck of Dingmans was seriously hurt on Saturday last by the explosion of a cartridge tearing off the thumb and lacerating his right hand.

J. J. Vansickle has offered to give fifty dollars for the holding of an exhibition by the schools of this town.

This will be one of the best methods for teachers and pupils wasting their time that could be desired. Enough time is lost now.

According to an order from the P. O. Dept. all mail passing through the Layton office must be carefully counted every day this week. The country P. M. certainly has his troubles.

Thanksgiving Day was an incident that many laymen, guests failed to respond to the best weather. The shooting match at Honesdale was knocked out for the same reason.

James Black will rebuild the barn recently burned on his old farm. Mr. Shafter's property in the building was not insured.

Lloyd Depue of Chatham N. J. spent part of the past week with his parents at Layton.

The young people of Hevans and vicinity gave a farewell to Ira Van Atta on Thursday evening. Every body had a grand good time and departed at a late hour.

WANTED!

SALESMEN to represent us in the sale of our High Grade Goods. Don't delay, apply at once. Steady employment; liberal terms. Experience not necessary.

ALLEN NORSEY CO.
Rochester, N. Y.

A Gun License Law.

It is quite probable that a gun license law will be one of the acts proposed in the next legislature in this State. Its chief feature will be to provide that every person carrying a gun in this State must pay a small license fee, of perhaps one dollar, except to hunt on his own land, for the privilege of so doing, and that when hunting he must carry with him this license, giving his name and address, and shall be obliged to show it on request of the land owner, lessee, tenant or employee connected with the land on which enters. It will absolutely prohibit carrying fire arms by unincorporated foreigners and boys under sixteen years of age. It will also provide that no one may enter on the premises of another without the written permission of the latter. Many advantages it is presumed will accrue to farmers and land owners from such a law. They under it could ascertain the name and address of the trespasser and could lay hands on him and detain or arrest him without warrant, with a penalty of say \$25, part of which would go to the land owner. Many farmers now post their lands because of the troubles they experience with irresponsible gunners. With this law a man who conducts himself with proper care and decorum, does not destroy crops, break down fences, tear open gates and bars and steal nuts and fruits would be welcomed properly to hunt on posted lands.

The city gunners spend thousands of dollars annually in pursuit of sport. They find health and recreation in tramping through the woods whether they recure any game or not. They are gentlemen who would not steal the farmer's crops or chickens and it might be profitable for farmers to come in close touch with them. They come out to spend money for the sake of entertainment, provisions and team hire and they often desire to buy and carry back fresh country products as real delicacies. By becoming acquainted with a few such men the farmer might sell much of his produce directly to the consumer at greatly increased profits, without the intervention of the itinerant middleman or agent, and with much greater satisfaction to the purchaser.

With a gun license law the farmer could be on the job hunters, rifle raff, and vagabond hunters off his land, those who are of no benefit, but only a nuisance to him, and the city sportsman with money would soon learn to find a place where there was some game, and this would induce him to come out and seek them. Let us cultivate the acquaintanceship of our city brethren for to the countryman this is something of considerable financial importance. There is nothing selfish about it but something of mutual social and substantial benefit.

Looking One's Best. It is a woman's delight to look her best but pimples, skin eruptions, sores and boils rob life of joy. Listen! Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; makes the skin soft and velvety. It glorifies the face. Cures Pimples, Sore Eyes, Cold Sores, Cracked Lips, Chapped Hands. Try it. 25c at All Druggists.