

# Pike County Press.

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MILFORD, PIKE COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1909.

NO 38

## BRIEF MENTION

Mr. Dan Wheeler and young son arrived Saturday to spend the summer with friends in town. Mr. Wheeler will make week end trips to Milford.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. White were called to White Plains the first of the week by the severe illness of Mrs. White's father, Mr. Carpenter. They returned Tuesday evening.

Miss Helen Van Nostrand is visiting Mrs. James Bull at her attractive home on Ann Street.

The engagement of Miss Jennie Bull, one of Milford's most prominent and popular young ladies, and George P. Van Wyck of Washington D. C. is announced.

Roy E. Smith, a son of Clarence Smith, was drowned at Crayville, N. Y. last Sunday. He went swimming and dove where the water was deep and did not come up. His companions rescued him from the water after some time but life was extinct. His age was 16 years. The remains were brought here Monday and interred in Milford Cemetery.

The Cuban Giants took the reins of the Milford June Tuesday by a score of 4 to 1 in eleven innings. The score would have been 14 to 0 in favor of Milford but for a series of blunders by the home nine. A blunder is the best thing that the Giants can do and then their innings showed them to be the eleven which Milford went wild and allowed them three runs.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Wright man of Brooklyn are here for an extended visit with their daughter Mrs. Jas. P. Van Etten.

Silas C. Soble, who is in the drug business in Newark, N. J., is not in good health.

Mrs. A. T. Seely is visiting her daughter Mrs. Geo. Ellenberger at Portland, Pa.

About sixty boys from Grace Chapel 14th Street and 1st Avenue, N. Y., are in camp at the old Cummins place in Westfall. They formerly camped at Oyster Bay and were named by President Roosevelt Military Camp. They drill every evening and are proficient in handling small arms. They occupy 24 tents and live a regular army life.

John D. Hooker has just given ten million dollars to the general education fund. His known benefactions now reach the modest sum of one hundred and twenty million dollars.

Mrs. Aristotle Dubois who has been living in New York, is passing the summer months with her young son at the home of her parents G. J. Gebhardt and wife in Dingman township.

Miss Elsie Mott is visiting her friend Mrs. Le Close at Huntington, L. I.

The livermen of Milford have combined on uniform rates for vehicles to various points. This may be of advantage to them and will likely result in the best rates being in greatest demand.

J. F. O'Neill of Wilkes Barre has issued a certiorari to review the proceedings by which he was arrested and fined for speeding in the Borough of Matawora.

Mrs. S. B. McEwen of New York, a sister of Arthur B. McGarry, recently visited here. She is suffering from an affliction of her eyes which threatens partially to destroy her sight.

Dr. M. N. Armstrong of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting his brother here this week.

An attempt was made last Friday to deliver some of the steel filing case fixtures to the county under a contract made last year with the old board of commissioners, but which was repudiated by the new board. Delivery was refused and this will probably lay the foundation for a suit against the county to recover for the whole amount of the contract. If suit is brought, and it is tried, there may be some quite sensational developments, as in the manner in which the supposed contract was let.

The contract for building a reinforced concrete bridge over Dill's Brook in Matawora was let last Friday by Mr. Sanderson of Wayne County for \$1193. The bids for a stone arch bridge were considerably higher, probably because of the cut stone work required.

Envelopes required to rent. Equipped Mrs. E. P. Adams, Cooper Street and Ann Street, Milford, Pa. If

Thomas Tenax, who was born in Essex County, N. J., a sprightly old gentleman of this borough, will celebrate his 67th birthday tomorrow, July 17th. He enlisted in the Mexican war from Missouri and served two years and ten months commanding a company of cavalrymen. His regiment was one of the best drilled in the army but only encountered the Mexicans twice, and then not in a stand up fight. The Mexicans were too shy to face the troops and broke away when they came to close quarters.

Mrs. Mary D. Biddle, her daughter Patty and sister Miss Susan Decher arrived yesterday from Washington, D. C. to spend the summer in their cottage at Oyster Bay.

C. A. Billings and wife are again guests at the Fairview.

Laurel Wilson of New York is spending his vacation in town.

Alfred T. Seely has beautified his already attractive home by enclosing the yard with an artistic iron fence. It is the only one of its kind in town and is an addition to any property where a fence is required.

The many friends of Robert Findlay are pleased to hear of his improvement and hope soon to see him about town.

## A Social Event of Milford

Mrs. Henry B. Reed entertained a large party of children at the Anshorage Wednesday afternoon in honor of her grand daughter Bertie Kenworthy, who celebrated her seventh birthday.

Over fifty of the little ones gathered, some danced, some played games and were rewarded by prizes that brought joy to a child's heart.

The games were directed by a trained kindergarten teacher, Miss Liane Rochette, and Miss Maude Kline furnished the music for the dancing games.

Altogether this was the most elaborate and charming child's party ever given in Milford.

## Recipes for Blackberry Time

**BAKED BLACKBERRY Pudding**—Two cups of flour, into which has been sifted a heaping spoonful of good baking powder, one cup of sugar, one egg, a tablespoonful of butter and a quart of blackberries. Cream sugar and butter, add the egg, well beaten, then stir in the flour, and when well mixed add the blackberries; mix well, and bake in a greased pan, with room for swelling. Serve hot, with the following sauce:

**A HEALTHFUL AND APPETIZING HARD SAUCE**—One tablespoonful of butter, one cupful of sugar and one tablespoonful of sweet cream. Put into a bowl, and stir till well creamed, adding a sprinkling of nutmeg or a few drops of any flavoring you prefer. When creamed add, stirring it in lightly, the whipped white of an egg; when this is mixed add two more tablespoonfuls of cream, beat well, and pile on a glass dish. Most hard sauces are indigestible and greasy, but this is perfectly light, porous and healthful.

**BOILED BLACKBERRY Pudding**—Make an ordinary biscuit dough with sour milk and soda, but put in very little shortening. Roll the dough in to a thin sheet, and spread with a generous layer of blackberries sprinkled thickly with sugar. Roll this over and over into a compact roll; roll up in a floured cloth, drop into boiling water and boil hard for at least an hour. Untie the cloth and let the pudding out on a large platter; cut in slices and serve hot, dressed with the hard sauce given above.

The Delinestor for August.

At the sign of the CUP and SAUCER, a tea room has been opened in the Cottage adjoining the Sawkill House on Harford Street. The room will be open daily from 3:30 to 5:30 P. M.

How Mother Grew Young

"It would be hard to overstate the wonderful change in my mother since she began to use Electric Blisters," writes Mrs. W. L. Gilpatrick of Danforth Me. "Although past 70 she seems young to be growing young again. She suffered untold misery from dyspepsia for 20 years. At last she could neither eat, drink nor sleep. Doctors gave her up and all remedies failed. Electric Blisters worked such wonders for her health. They invigorate all vital organs, cure Liver and Kidney troubles, induce sleep, improve the appetite and appetites. Only local All Druggists.

## TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania has introduced in Congress a Bill to permit national banks to lend money on real estate. When secured by mortgage, judgment or other form of certificate of indebtedness which may be made a lien on real estate, under the laws of the state in which such loan shall be made; provided, that no such association (national bank) shall have the right to loan on the security of real estate more than one half the amount of the combined capital and surplus of such association, nor more than one half the amount of moneys deposited with such association on which said association pays interest to its depositors, and with respect to which it requires, or may by its regulations require, at least sixty days notice before withdrawal.

Congressman Palmer, according to an Associated Press Dispatch has given his views as follows:—"Modern methods of banking make it absolutely necessary that national banks, to properly perform their functions, should have the privilege of lending money on real estate. When the National Bank Act was passed in 1863, the universal custom of bankers was to lend money on personal security. Nowadays bankers look askance upon loans secured by personal endorsement, and require some kind of collateral, preferably a listed stock or bond. Formerly, when a bank was approached to lend money the first question put to the borrower was, 'Who will endorse your note?' Now, it is, 'What collateral can you put up to secure the loan?'"

A large proportion of the savings accounts in our national banks, especially in the country districts, comes from a class of people who, when they desire to borrow money, have no other security to offer than their real estate. Because these persons, who furnish most of the money to the banks, can not borrow from their local institutions, we find country banks everywhere sending their money away from home to invest in the large cities, where listed stocks and bonds are available as collateral. The demand of bankers for listed securities as collateral is largely responsible for the inflation of the prices of these securities, and borrowers are, therefore, compelled to go into a market, inflated by the use of their own funds in speculation, to get collateral as a substitute for that which they have but which the law does not permit them to use. A national bank is a quasi-public institution, and ought to serve the needs of the public in its immediate vicinity. It can never properly do this until it is permitted to lend money on the security which its local patrons possess.

Real estate is the most stable security which can be accepted for loans, but the objection to permitting banks to accept it, heretofore, has been that it is not a quick asset. This was a serious objection when banks received all their deposits subject to call. Of late years, however, nearly every national bank in the country has established a savings department in which the deposits are subject to withdrawal only on notice. No harm could possibly result if the banks were permitted to loan, say, one half of such time deposits on mortgages and other forms of real security. Such a change in the National Bank Act would accommodate the people in their home communities, would keep their money at home where it belongs, and would tend to strengthen the banks in that there would be no longer a temptation, which now prevails amongst the country banks, to send their money to the large cities, where it may be loaned on collateral of which country bankers have little accurate knowledge."

## Life 10,000 Years Ago

Scientists have found in a cave in Switzerland bones of men who lived 10,000 years ago, when life was in constant danger from wild beasts. To day the danger, as shown by A. M. Brown of Alexander, Me., is largely from deadly disease. "If it had not been for Dr. King's New Discovery which cured me, I could not have lived," he writes, "suffering as I did from a severe lung trouble and stubborn cough. To cure some lungs, Cold's obstinate Coughs, and prevent Pneumonia, its best medicine on earth for and \$1.00. Guaranteed by All Druggists. Trial bottle free.

## NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

With the practical perfection of the designed and adequately oiled mechanism the Republican majority in the two houses of Congress have passed the tariff bill to its final stage and it is now in the hands of the conference committee to which is delegated the onerous task of adjusting the differences between the two bills passed by the two houses of Congress. The vote on the bill in the Senate stood 46 to 34, ten Republicans voting against the measure and one Democrat, Mr. McKeeney of Louisiana, for it. The Republicans who voted against the bill all belonged to the "insurgent camp" and were perfectly consistent in their course, having voted against most of the amendments but on the bill in the Senate. There are few of these who would have voted against the bill had their votes been necessary to pass it but, with a simple majority of three who approved its provisions, they cast negative votes as an expression of protest against the Senate measure and with the hope that course would strengthen the House conference in their demand that the lower rates of the House be substituted for those imposed by the Senate.

At noon following the passage of the bill by the Senate, the House met and after an hour and thirty minutes debate adopted a resolution which sent the bill to conference forthwith, the vote by which that was accomplished being 178 to 121. Of course there were the usual loud cries of protest from the Democrats, the same well against the propriety of the House which they invariably employ and which is so lacking in sincerity that many of the minority are wholly unable to maintain straight faces as their colleagues but the air and fulminate against the same course as the House adopted in the case of the Wilson bill, when the Democrats enjoyed a simple majority. The Republicans have become so accustomed to the course of the opposition that it occasions them no concern and they pursue the even tenor of their way with the same unhesitating complicity of a steam-roller.

There was just one small hitch in the operation and that was behind closed doors. Representative Payne, as chairman of the Ways and Means committee, asserted his right to select the conferees. The Speaker, ignoring all precedents, refused to recognize the right of Mr. Payne and made up the House side of the conference committee to suit himself. The result is that the conferees are mostly "stand-patters", including Representatives Townsend and Calderhead of Kansas, both representing the highest type of protectionist and neither of whom would have been chosen had Mr. Payne had his way. The fact is that Mr. Payne is himself too rigidly disposed toward downward revision to suit the Speaker who deemed it wise to offset Mr. Payne's downward revision tendencies with two extreme "stand-patters".

The tariff bill was sent to conference about 5:30 p. m. and at 6:30 the conferees held their first meeting. It consisted only of an informal discussion of the plans of procedure. It was decided to meet daily at 10 a. m. in the large room in which the Senate Finance committee framed their substitute. The session will be almost continuous, probably lasting from 10 in the morning until far into the night. By working at this speed it is expected that their work can be completed within ten days and most of the members of Congress look for final adjournment not later than July 24th. The Democratic members of the conference committee were informed that further presence would not be required until the Republicans had reached an agreement.

The utmost interest attaches to the course of the President with regard to the bill. He has scrupulously kept his hands off until now but has indicated that once the bill went to conference he would exert all the influence he could command to secure the adoption of the lowest duties fixed by each house. Of course there is little ground for hoping that he can accomplish that end, but it is probable his efforts will have some effect in modifying the Senate duties.

The President, after having taken his family to his summer home at Beverly, Massachusetts, and attending the Tercentenary Celebration of Lake Champlain, returned to the White House to await the completion

of the tariff bill and to council with the conferees. He is disgusted with the tinkering to which the corporation tax amendment was subjected in the Senate and will exert his influence to have it rewritten so as to eliminate the Clapp, La Follette and other amendments. Mr. Taft brought word that Mrs. Taft had so far recovered her health as to make possible for him to announce definitely that he would make his long projected western journey.

## How To Cure Rheumatism

To cure rheumatism, it is necessary to rid the system of the excess of uric acid; and to do this a proper diet is even more important than the use of drugs, though in very severe cases the latter are not to be despised in conjunction with the dieting that is absolutely essential.

The Massachusetts General Hospital of Boston allows the following diet for its rheumatic patients: Graham or brown bread, white bread (limited to one-half slice daily), corn, oatmeal, rice, milk, eggs, flour puddings, crackers, beans, peas, all kinds of vegetables except potatoes, tomatoes and asparagus, rhubarb, fresh fish, butter, cheese, Luttermilk cream, alkaline waters and loafs. Avoid: Red meats, starch or potatoes, white bread and sugar.

The sensible use of water, both internally and externally, plays a large part in the prevention or cure of rheumatism. One or two glasses, either hot or cold, taken before breakfast every morning is excellent to start the organs of digestion for the day, and at least one glass should be taken between meals. Often the plain water will be enough to move a slightly constipated person, but, if not, a mild laxative water may be taken instead. It is very essential to keep the bowels open in cases of rheumatism.

Uric acid in the system is a poison and it must not be forgotten that poisonous waste matter is also eliminated through the skin. The pores of the skin must be kept freely open and not allowed to become clogged, if we hope to obtain the best results with rheumatic cases. A hot bath at bedtime is often very helpful.

The Delinestor for August.

**Tortured On A Horse**  
"For ten years I couldn't ride a horse without being in torture from piles," writes L. S. Nagler, of Rogers, Ky., "when all doctors and other remedies failed, Badken's Arnica Salve cured me." Infallible for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Boils, Fever, Sores, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Corns. 25c guaranteed by All Druggists.

## WANTED!

SALESMEN to represent us in the sale of our High Grade Goods. Don't delay, apply at once. Steady employment; liberal terms. Experience not necessary.

ALLEN NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

## A Night Rider's Raid

The worst night riders are calomel, croton oil or aloes pills. They raid your bowels to rob you of rest. Not so with Dr. King's New Life Pills. They never distress or inconvenience, but always cleanse the system, curing Colds, Headache, Constipation, Malaria, 25 cts All Druggists.

## LOST

A one quart "Thermos Bottle" on the automobile road between Bloomington Grove Park and Milford, Sunday June 20, 1909. Please notify DR. F. GILPIN, Newfoundland, Pa.

## Real Estate Transfers

Felix Olmeyer to Julia Bertrand and wife, 10 acres Green.

George Gregory Sheriff sold as property of Wilkes Barre East and West R. R. Co. to Joseph R. Perry, Franchises, etc., \$10,000.

Reinhold Wengel to John G. B. Weugel, 100 acres Blooming Grove.

Ferdinand Gehlhardt to Heinrich Bieser and wife, 102 acres Palmyra \$4300.

Mass Bach to Antonio Mazza, lot in Hyde Park, Porter.

James W. Lauer to Anna Stampf, 282 acres Westfall.

Augustus Emery et al to Garret Brodhead, interest in 180 acres Delaware.

David O. Brodhead to Garret Brodhead, undivided interest in 88 acres Delaware.

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## NOTES FROM SANDYSTON

I see that the Milford Bridge Co. has made a one and a half per cent semi annual dividend, but, I have never heard of any dividend being passed by the Dingman Bridge Co. If they have any surplus it might be put on the bridge in repairs.

Farmers Institutes will be held at Montague Nov 10, at Layton Nov 11, and at Newton Nov 12.

These meetings are productive of much good to the farmer and should be more largely attended than they are.

Haying is in full swing and we are having fine weather for getting it in but help is very scarce is the one serious drawback.

G. D. Gunn of Walpack was taken to the Port Jervis hospital for an operation for cancer a fortnight ago. He was well enough to be brought to his home on Friday.

A case under the "Disorderly Act" was tried before Esquire Horst at Layton on Wednesday last.

One side swore that so and so was the case and the other side swore directly opposite on all points and the Justice was compelled to dismiss the prisoner.

A big fire has raged along the mountain in Walpack nearly all of last week, but at this writing the fire is about out.

Twenty cents an hour for fighting fire is pretty good pay, and that may have had something to do with prolonging it.

A dilapidated bridge near the residence of Floyd Fuller is badly in need of repair. Our Freeholder has been notified to see to it, but he says it is not a county bridge and refuses to order it repaired, saying that it is the duty of the road overseer to attend to it, and also refuses. Some body's horse will get hurt there, and then somebody will have to settle.

The continuous dry weather is seriously affecting all vegetation and unless rain comes very soon gardens and pastures will be ruined. While parts of the West is getting more of its share of rain, the middle states are not getting any.

The day of the Newton-Milford ball game a Deckertown party was sitting in his carriage in front of my house.

A couple of autos from Milford passed when one party ran by the other, opposite to the carriage, his machine striking the wheel of the wagon, but glancing.

Somebody might have been hurt by that smart fool's action.

The local option crusaders gave a stereopticon picture show some days ago showing the sale of intoxicating liquor by Senator Price in his drug store. Also at the Cochran House in Newton. Money nor love could get a drunk on Sunday of either place is the opinion of all who know them. The pictures are put up jobs.

John J. Vansickle made a prepared speech before the Sussex County Board of Freeholders at its last meeting that is likely to set some members of the Board to do some thinking. He told them that a township in this county had purchased a steam roller for \$323 40 less than the county paid for a similar one, and that there was something wrong in the letting of the contract for building the Newton Netcong Macadam road and Vansickle plainly pointed out that wrong.

Now several members of the board are on the war path, and there will be some investigating done, which should have been done years ago.

As it stands now it promises to be a very pretty fight.

It is truly amusing if it were not a serious matter to note that the Committee appointed to investigate the charges made by Freeholder Vansickle before the Board of Freeholders of this county should be the very ones pointed at in the charger. To investigate ones self is a novel spectacle.

The Newark Evening News says the director of the board side-stepped whatever that may mean.

The Annual Harvest Home of the Layton congregation of the M. E. church will be held on the church grounds on the afternoon and evening of August 18.

The law requiring lights on all vehicles after nightfall is disregarded and may not be obeyed until someone is hauled up and fined with the costs.

Samuel Smith has sold his property near Layton known as the Buchanan lot to George Owen for \$278.

The lot contains 27 acres. Walter McCracken will not take his position in the drug store of Mr. Horlet until later on account of the rush of work in the shop.

## To Prevent Chamois Gloves From Shrinking

When you have a pair of washable chamois gloves, and they shrink, fill them with rice while they are wet and let it remain in them until dry. This will stretch them evenly.

The Delinestor for August.

## Base Ball As It Is

Base ball has grown to be a simple matter of money in securing, first a battery and then a supporting field. It takes a town in these days with considerable spot cash and a large population to support a nine which can rank with the professionals of other places, and when reduced to that patriotism for the home team is largely eliminated and the purely gambling sentiment predominates. It may be open to question whether in the end this pays either financially or in cultivating a proper spirit for sport, as an abstract proposition to entertain. A nine composed of home talent which would play nines from surrounding towns of its class would amuse and excite perhaps more genuine fun while arousing a spirit of friendly interest, than does a battle royal between hired batter-ies represented at so much per head.

Many who view ball games are not so far up in the technical education as to appreciate the finer points and are more aroused and entertained at a wild scramble for a ball than they are at an exhibition of fancy pitching where sides are retired in one or two three outers. When base ball comes back, if it ever does, to a trial of skill between home talent when neighboring town boys contend for honors and the experts hired to do fancy work are eliminated, we believe the sport will really furnish more genuine enjoyment and be on a more substantial basis.

## The Undesirable Mosquito

"Preparations should be made at once to down the undesirable mosquito," is the suggestion made by the Division of Zoology of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. Mosquitoes carry the germs of disease and there is no more potent disseminator of levers. The utmost precautions should be taken to keep the mosquito out of our homes.

As pools of stagnant water, cisterns and cess pools are breeding places of mosquitoes, Prof. H. A. Surface the State Zoologist, says all tanks of water cisterns, or vessels which hold water or which might hold water after a rain, be covered, or screened with a screen of at least 18 meshes of wire to the inch. Standing water on lots or common should not be permitted. All shallow lots should be drained and kept dry, and post holes filled, old tin cans and bottles emptied, and all breeding places destroyed. All stables ought to be provided with a right receptacles for refuse, and this refuse should be removed every week.

Where there are large natural bodies of water which cannot be drained, the surface should be disinfected and oiled with kerosene at frequent and regular intervals. Kerosene is invaluable in this connection, and it is also good as a disinfectant. Chloride of lime, or common copperas (sulphate of iron) can be thrown into cess pools. Even the water used in sprinkling carts can be charged with disinfectants, and will prove a valuable aid in keeping away the mosquitoes. The proprietors of restaurants, meat markets, milk depots and bakeries should be compelled to screen their premises as well as all receptacles in which water stands or food is kept and prepared, in order to guard against mosquitoes and flies.

## Would You?

The Minneapolis Star asks a few questions which are worthy of consideration: Would you know if you were about to have a wedding in your family if you heard the bells in a hand-bell? If a member of your family died would you announce it on a billboard? If your wife gave a reception would you give the account thereof to the theatre program man? No. Then why don't you put your business announcements in the newspaper, where they will be seen, and read? Yes, why?

William Reub, known here as a piano tuner, was hit by a trolley car in Port Jervis recently and somewhat injured.