

Comp. Office 21 1 03

VOL. VIII.

MILFORD, PIKE COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1903.

NO. 10.

THE WASHINGTON LETTER.

Congress convened at noon Monday and will bend its energies with exceptional application to the accomplishment of the great amount of work which remains to be done before the end of the session. With the parliamentary ability for which he has long been famous, Senator Quay has managed to preserve the status of his territorial bill which is still the unfinished business. The early hours of the session will doubtless witness an earnest attempt on the part of the republicans in the senate to amend to the Omnibus bill its coup de grace but it will require exceptional ability to catch Mr. Quay off his guard. Meanwhile, an opposition measure which provides for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as one state has been introduced and will be used as a foil for the more sweeping measure.

There is intense interest in the fate of the Cuban treaty. At the last cabinet meeting it was determined to force the issue, in so far as the administration has the power, and to make a vote for its ratification a test of loyalty to the president. Nevertheless there are some senators who regard the bill as the first step in a movement which has for its ultimate and the lowering of the Dingley tariff and they are, as yet, strongly opposed to the convention. Senator Platt of Connecticut returned to Washington early with a view to getting a grasp on the situation and of furthering the interests of measure of which he is a known champion. Senator Scott is one of those believed to oppose the bill, although he refused to acknowledge his opposition when approached by your correspondent. On the 7th, a hearing will be given to the friends of the New Foundland treaty its opponents having already been heard. It is not regarded at this time as likely that the treaty will be ratified, however.

The most interesting political feature of the week is the publication of Senator Hoar's anti-trust bill which, if not an administration measure, conforms closely to the recommendations of the president and the attorney general. It provides for full publicity for the usual form of trust and prohibits combinations in restraint of trade. Already, serious opposition has developed in the person of Representative Jenkins, chairman of the judiciary committee, the support of which committee must be secured before the bill can come before the house for consideration. There are many who regard the bill as unconstitutional but it may be passed if only to test the law.

Secretary Hay has practically concluded negotiations with Dr. Herran, the representative of Colombia and is now waiting the decision of the Colombia government in regard to the treaty which will authorize the construction of the Panama canal. The terms of the treaty as they now stand provide for an initial payment to Colombia of \$10,000,000 and an annuity of \$100,000 beginning in ten years and continuing thereafter for all time, or as long as the United States shall maintain the canal. It is believed that these terms are personally satisfactory to Dr. Herran, the Colombian minister, but he fears that they will not meet with the approval of his countrymen. To sign a treaty which did not meet with their approval would be dangerous. It will be remembered that when Senator Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, secured the intervention of the United States in the Venezuela boundary question his countrymen were so pleased that they elevated him to the presidency but—when the decision of the court of arbitration failed to satisfy all the demands of the Venezuelans, Castro led a revolution which deposed Andrade and compelled him to flee to Paris for his life.

The protests of Great Britain and Germany against what they viewed as a violation of the open door policy in the Philippines were noted in my last letter together with the fact that Secretary Root had referred the matter to congress. Since then, however, the officials of the war department have been making some investigations as to the workings of the law and its relations to the International Agreement concerning Philippine trade and have secured some surprisingly gratifying statistics. That there has been any violation of the open door policy is now positively denied. It is argued that in refunding the export duty of \$7.00 per ton on Manila hemp, the United States is doing nothing not equally possible to any other nation which, if it so desires may help its manufacturers by refunding the duty also. It is shown moreover that under the provisions of the law the importation of hemp by this country has increased to the rate of 90,000 tons per annum and, where formerly fully half of this amount was imported from Great Britain and other nations, now the importation from Great Britain and all other countries has decreased to the rate of 384 tons per annum. In other words, the United States is becoming the great hemp manufacturing country of the world. The importation of this vast amount of raw material is materially aiding American manufacturers and artisans, to the undoubted injury of their foreign competitors.

PERSONALS

Dr. N. B. Johnson of Shohola was a visitor to town Tuesday.

Paul Humbert of Brooklynn was in town for a few days recently.

D. H. Shoemaker is a guest this week at the Crisman House.

Richard Nills expects soon to enter the high school at Owego, N. Y.

Charles Clark residing on Water street is quite seriously ill with a cold.

Harvey L. West left town Tuesday to enter a soldiers home at Dayton, Ohio.

Ross Brodhead of Washington, D. C., has been spending several days in town.

Miss Jane Seaman of Tuckahoe, N. Y., was a guest in town for a few days recently.

Messrs Levi Howell and Reeder Morgan of Dingman's Ferry were in town Wednesday.

Fred and Lucian, sons of R. B. Thrall of Seymour, Ct., visited friends in town this week.

John De C. Van Etten of New York attended the wedding of his sister last Saturday evening.

Miss Bessie Van Etten, who has been spending her vacation in town, returned to her duties Monday.

Mrs. D. H. Ryder has announced herself a candidate for the office of school director in Delaware township.

County Superintendent of Schools Lucian B. Westbrook has been in this section of the county this week visiting schools.

The young folks who spent the holidays in town have returned to their respective duties. Fred Klaer to the U. P., Walter L. Angle to the Jeff and Elba and Henry Klaer to Blair Hall.

A. D. Brown and daughters, Miss Lydia and Mrs. Frances Westfall, expect to leave next Thursday for Tampa, Florida, where Mr. Brown has a brother, Henry, who recently suffered a stroke of paralysis and is seriously ill.

There is a rumor afloat that Frank Crisman, proprietor of the La Tourette House, Bergen Point, may resume business in town and the same hearsay mentions the Sawkill House as the possible place. If Frank so concludes he may be assured of a warm welcome to his native town.

CHAS. K. CHAMPLIN

Coming to Milford—A Rare Treat on January 10th

We are just informed as we go to press, that owing to an accidental vacancy of one night, in the booking for the season of Chas. K. Champlin and his big dramatic stock company, Milford is to be favored with the presence of this well known organization on Friday evening, Jan. 10th. It seems that in booking the entire week of Jan. 12th at the Grand Opera House in Port Jervis, Friday night was pre-empted by the local lecture bureau, so to fill the week Mr. Champlin will bring his company here, and produce one of his good plays, probably the "Fatal Card," one of the late New York attractions under the supervision of Mr. Frohman. Mr. Champlin diversifies his plays by introducing bright musical and other specialties between acts, five of which he carries. Miss Grace Thunton, the charming singing and dancing soprano, Fred Woodbury, a rich baritone with illustrated songs, The Ryan Bros. (three) acrobats and pantomime entertainers, Leo Lunn, character impersonator and musical monologue, and Master Johnny Guiso, the greatest boy soprano in America, these are extra attractions, separate and distinct from the play, which is produced in full by Mr. Champlin's entire company of eighteen people. Lithographs and other means of notification will soon be in evidence here and we can say for the Press that when Senator Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, secured the intervention of the United States in the Venezuela boundary question his countrymen were so pleased that they elevated him to the presidency but—when the decision of the court of arbitration failed to satisfy all the demands of the Venezuelans, Castro led a revolution which deposed Andrade and compelled him to flee to Paris for his life.

The protests of Great Britain and Germany against what they viewed as a violation of the open door policy in the Philippines were noted in my last letter together with the fact that Secretary Root had referred the matter to congress. Since then, however, the officials of the war department have been making some investigations as to the workings of the law and its relations to the International Agreement concerning Philippine trade and have secured some surprisingly gratifying statistics. That there has been any violation of the open door policy is now positively denied. It is argued that in refunding the export duty of \$7.00 per ton on Manila hemp, the United States is doing nothing not equally possible to any other nation which, if it so desires may help its manufacturers by refunding the duty also. It is shown moreover that under the provisions of the law the importation of hemp by this country has increased to the rate of 90,000 tons per annum and, where formerly fully half of this amount was imported from Great Britain and other nations, now the importation from Great Britain and all other countries has decreased to the rate of 384 tons per annum. In other words, the United States is becoming the great hemp manufacturing country of the world. The importation of this vast amount of raw material is materially aiding American manufacturers and artisans, to the undoubted injury of their foreign competitors.

This company is in Middletown this week, and has "broken the record" for attendance, turning away hundreds on Monday evening last. The price of admission here will be 25, 35 and 50 cents. It will be a jolly stretch-ride for the members of the company, of the show last, and equally pleasant to the patrons here.

Hands Should Never Ache

Never mind that trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster of Winton, Va. she writes: "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of sick headaches I had suffered from for two years." Cures headache, constipation, indigestion, 25c at all drug stores.

Finds Way to Live Long

The startling announcement of a discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by Editor O. H. Downey of Chubbuck, Ind. "I wish to state," he writes, "that Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for coughs, colds and grip. It's invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread pneumonia or consumption. Its relief is instant and sure certain." All druggists guarantee 50c and \$1 bottle, and give trial bottles free.

Advertisements in the Press

PERSONALS

Dr. N. B. Johnson of Shohola was a visitor to town Tuesday.

Paul Humbert of Brooklynn was in town for a few days recently.

D. H. Shoemaker is a guest this week at the Crisman House.

Richard Nills expects soon to enter the high school at Owego, N. Y.

Charles Clark residing on Water street is quite seriously ill with a cold.

Harvey L. West left town Tuesday to enter a soldiers home at Dayton, Ohio.

Ross Brodhead of Washington, D. C., has been spending several days in town.

Miss Jane Seaman of Tuckahoe, N. Y., was a guest in town for a few days recently.

Messrs Levi Howell and Reeder Morgan of Dingman's Ferry were in town Wednesday.

Fred and Lucian, sons of R. B. Thrall of Seymour, Ct., visited friends in town this week.

John De C. Van Etten of New York attended the wedding of his sister last Saturday evening.

Miss Bessie Van Etten, who has been spending her vacation in town, returned to her duties Monday.

Mrs. D. H. Ryder has announced herself a candidate for the office of school director in Delaware township.

County Superintendent of Schools Lucian B. Westbrook has been in this section of the county this week visiting schools.

The young folks who spent the holidays in town have returned to their respective duties. Fred Klaer to the U. P., Walter L. Angle to the Jeff and Elba and Henry Klaer to Blair Hall.

A. D. Brown and daughters, Miss Lydia and Mrs. Frances Westfall, expect to leave next Thursday for Tampa, Florida, where Mr. Brown has a brother, Henry, who recently suffered a stroke of paralysis and is seriously ill.

There is a rumor afloat that Frank Crisman, proprietor of the La Tourette House, Bergen Point, may resume business in town and the same hearsay mentions the Sawkill House as the possible place. If Frank so concludes he may be assured of a warm welcome to his native town.

CHAS. K. CHAMPLIN

Coming to Milford—A Rare Treat on January 10th

We are just informed as we go to press, that owing to an accidental vacancy of one night, in the booking for the season of Chas. K. Champlin and his big dramatic stock company, Milford is to be favored with the presence of this well known organization on Friday evening, Jan. 10th. It seems that in booking the entire week of Jan. 12th at the Grand Opera House in Port Jervis, Friday night was pre-empted by the local lecture bureau, so to fill the week Mr. Champlin will bring his company here, and produce one of his good plays, probably the "Fatal Card," one of the late New York attractions under the supervision of Mr. Frohman. Mr. Champlin diversifies his plays by introducing bright musical and other specialties between acts, five of which he carries. Miss Grace Thunton, the charming singing and dancing soprano, Fred Woodbury, a rich baritone with illustrated songs, The Ryan Bros. (three) acrobats and pantomime entertainers, Leo Lunn, character impersonator and musical monologue, and Master Johnny Guiso, the greatest boy soprano in America, these are extra attractions, separate and distinct from the play, which is produced in full by Mr. Champlin's entire company of eighteen people. Lithographs and other means of notification will soon be in evidence here and we can say for the Press that when Senator Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, secured the intervention of the United States in the Venezuela boundary question his countrymen were so pleased that they elevated him to the presidency but—when the decision of the court of arbitration failed to satisfy all the demands of the Venezuelans, Castro led a revolution which deposed Andrade and compelled him to flee to Paris for his life.

The protests of Great Britain and Germany against what they viewed as a violation of the open door policy in the Philippines were noted in my last letter together with the fact that Secretary Root had referred the matter to congress. Since then, however, the officials of the war department have been making some investigations as to the workings of the law and its relations to the International Agreement concerning Philippine trade and have secured some surprisingly gratifying statistics. That there has been any violation of the open door policy is now positively denied. It is argued that in refunding the export duty of \$7.00 per ton on Manila hemp, the United States is doing nothing not equally possible to any other nation which, if it so desires may help its manufacturers by refunding the duty also. It is shown moreover that under the provisions of the law the importation of hemp by this country has increased to the rate of 90,000 tons per annum and, where formerly fully half of this amount was imported from Great Britain and other nations, now the importation from Great Britain and all other countries has decreased to the rate of 384 tons per annum. In other words, the United States is becoming the great hemp manufacturing country of the world. The importation of this vast amount of raw material is materially aiding American manufacturers and artisans, to the undoubted injury of their foreign competitors.

This company is in Middletown this week, and has "broken the record" for attendance, turning away hundreds on Monday evening last. The price of admission here will be 25, 35 and 50 cents. It will be a jolly stretch-ride for the members of the company, of the show last, and equally pleasant to the patrons here.

Hands Should Never Ache

Never mind that trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster of Winton, Va. she writes: "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of sick headaches I had suffered from for two years." Cures headache, constipation, indigestion, 25c at all drug stores.

Finds Way to Live Long

The startling announcement of a discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by Editor O. H. Downey of Chubbuck, Ind. "I wish to state," he writes, "that Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for coughs, colds and grip. It's invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread pneumonia or consumption. Its relief is instant and sure certain." All druggists guarantee 50c and \$1 bottle, and give trial bottles free.

Advertisements in the Press

OBITUARY

ALLEN CRAIG
Judge Craig, mentioned of whose death on Wednesday, Dec. 31, was made in the *Press* last week, was born Dec. 25th, 1836, at Lehigh Gap in Carbon county. After reading law in the office of Hon. M. M. Diomiek he was admitted to the Carbon county bar in 1859 and served as district attorney from that year until 1862. In 1865 he was elected to the legislature and re-elected in 1867 and 1869. In 1878 he was elected state senator from this district and held the office four years. He then resumed his practice and in 1893 was elected president judge of the forty-third judicial district comprising Carbon and Monroe counties. When the legislature in 1901 made Carbon a separate district he became judge in Monroe and Pike. He was a candidate for the office in Carbon at the November election but was defeated.

He married in 1860 Miss Belle D. Douglas who, with her four children, Douglas, Harry, Harriet and Gay, survive him. Judge Craig was a man of legal ability, fair minded, impartial and perfectly upright. He was held in high esteem by his fellow citizens and had the confidence and respect of the members of the bar of the district.

The funeral, which was largely attended by both the profession and laymen, was held at his home in Match Chunk last Saturday.

JOHN S. CRAWFORD
Mr. Crawford, who was well known in this vicinity, met death near Port Jervis about noon Jan. 2d by being struck by a train on the Erie. He was a carpenter in the shops but had been sent out to do some work and stepped on the track in front of No. 1. His leg was broken and his head injured.

He was born at Raymondskill in Dingnan township about 52 years ago and was a son of the late William C. and Julia Ann (Hazen) Crawford. For some time he resided in this town but latterly has been in the employ of the Erie for seventeen years. He was a kind hearted, whole souled, genial man and a friend to all. He was a member of Port Jervis Union of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

Two brothers, Edward of Scranton, Alanson L., of Jersey City, and two sisters, Mrs. Olive R. McCarty of Port Jervis, with whom he resided, and Mrs. Arthur Pierson, of Dingnan township, survive. The funeral, conducted by Rev. T. E. Smith, was held Sunday from the chapel of the Presbyterian church in Port Jervis and the remains were interred in the Milford cemetery.

Court House Matters
County Auditors P. C. Kinkel, W. H. Clune and A. H. Down met last Monday and after organizing by electing J. F. Terwilliger clerk proceeded to audit the accounts of the several county officials. They are yet engaged in the work.

Jury Commissioners W. T. Struble and Peter Belsher met Monday and adjourned until Tuesday morning when they appointed Jas. H. Heller clerk and proceeded to fill the wheel with 350 names of persons to serve as jurors for the ensuing year.

County Commissioners Wm. F. Beck, E. Vandermark and P. M. Nills had quite a contest over the selection of a clerk, which was finally settled Tuesday by the appointment of Theodore H. Baker. The salary was fixed at \$500 a year. John McCarty was appointed janitor at a salary of \$175 a year. The commissions of the treasurer were fixed the same as for the preceding term.

Unclaimed Letters
List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Milford for the week ending Jan. 3, 1903:

Mrs. Anna Bennett, Miss Anna M. Steiner (5), Miss Una M. Cranston.

Persons claiming the above will please say "Advertised" and give date of this list.

The Secret of Long Life
Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric Bitters regulate stomach, liver and kidneys, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in curing kidney troubles, female complaints, nervous diseases, constipation, dyspepsia and malaria. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by all druggists.

BRIEF MENTION.

There will be three railroad meetings in town Saturday.

The services held this, the week of prayer, in the churches here have been well attended.

Elections will be held this year February 17th and all certificates of nominations must be filed before January 30th.

Andrew Carnegie has given one million five hundred thousand dollars to establish thirty branch libraries in Philadelphia.

Hon. Boies Penrose was renominated for United States senator by the joint caucus of the legislature Tuesday without a dissenting vote.

Governor Stone last Monday appointed Wilton A. Erdman, Esq., of Stroudsburg president judge of this district to succeed Hon. Allen Craig, deceased.

The Pennsylvania legislature met Monday. Harry F. Walton of Philadelphia will be speaker of the house and John M. Scott speaker pro tem of the senate.

The Eastern Free Press, of which postmaster C. N. Andrews is editor, has been bought by a syndicate headed by Orrin Seffus, Esq., who is an applicant for the position of postmaster at Easton in place of Andrews.

At the election held Tuesday evening by the Brethren Thomas Armstrong was elected chief, Bunham Gregory first and B. E. Brown second assistant, W. T. Struble was elected general treasurer, and Frank Schorr general secretary of the department.

Lester F. Christians of Hawley and Miss Gassie S., a daughter of Joseph Atkinson of White Mills, Wayne county, were married at the Presbyterian parsonage in Homestead by Rev. W. H. Swift, D. D., Dec. 31st. The groom is a nephew of Mrs. Thos. Armstrong of Milford and has numerous friends here who will join in good wishes for the future happiness and prosperity of these worthy young people.

Through the courtesy of A. R. Sherman we are in receipt of a copy of *The Hustler*, a paper published at North Wilkesbarre, N. C., where Mr. Sherman is superintendent of the tannery of C. C. Smoot and Sons, the largest in the state. The plant covers acres of ground and employs from one to two hundred men. This copy of the paper is devoted to exploiting the town and shows that it must be a growing and lively place.

Literature in Politics
Whatever the returns for his labor in the field of authorship nowadays he cannot complain when he enters the domain of politics. There he is rewarded with surprising success. To a literary president and a poetical commissioner of pensions an historian has been added as governor of Pennsylvania. Winston Churchill has been sent to the legislature in Vermont and Booth Tarkington, despite his confusing experience with stage fright when he attempted his first speech, has been successful in Indiana. Nor does it end there. The luck of literature in politics extends even to the relatives of authors. Barton Harrison, son of Mrs. Barton Harrison, goes to congress from New York.

If the present popularity of literature continues we may expect to see Mr. Dooley in the senate and David Harum in the cabinet.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Brought to Time
A paper in Golden, Col., raked in many delinquents on the ground of this eloquent appeal: "You may approximate the stars in a nail keg, hang the ocean on a grapevine with a towel, cut off the tail end of a tornado for a keepsake, put the sky in the ground to soak, unbackle the bellyband of eternity and open up the sun and moon as health resorts, but never be deuded with the idea that you can escape the other side of purgatory if you don't pay for your paper.—Exchange.

Agents Wanted
Purchasing Agents wanted, to take orders for ladies furnishing goods and shoes. The book agent is an unwelcome visitor, but the purchasing agent with selected samples of furnishings and shoes is always welcome. You can establish a permanent and increasing trade sample free if references are satisfactory. Labels complimentary. GARDNER & BUCKLEY, 214 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Wonderful Creation

It is sad to think that so few people know the beauties, the mystery, the awful vastness of God's world. The creation of God is so immense that we can not begin to comprehend it. Let us look at one piece of His handiwork.

The sun, it is supposed, is a hot, self-luminous body, enormous in size as compared with our earth. It is ninety-three million miles away from us. Of course we can not begin to imagine the vastness of that distance. It would take an express train traveling fifty miles per hour, eighty thousand eight hundred and sixty-six days or two hundred and twenty-two years to get there. It is eight hundred and sixty-six thousand five hundred miles in diameter. The moon is two hundred and thirty-nine thousand miles distant from the earth. By putting the earth in the center of the sun, the moon could move in its orbit around the earth inside of the sun with the outer edge or crust of the sun still being one hundred and ninety-four thousand miles from the moon.

The same great body throws out burning gas with a velocity of two hundred to five hundred miles per second. It is lightning power is six hundred thousand times that of the full moon or over one hundred and fifty times our strongest calcium lights. The heat given out in one hour is as much as would be given by a crust of anthracite coal twenty-five feet thick over the whole surface of the earth.

It is from fifteen million to twenty million years old and in five million years more will be entirely cold and give no light.

Ours is but one of the many suns, just like this, in the firmament, showing what a wonderful, sublime being our Maker is.

Real Estate Transfers
Samuel Ward to Sarah Ward his wife, 50 acres, Lehigh, \$10.

Mary Jane Bennett and husband to Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 214 acres, part of Isaac Wykoff, No. 154, Blooming Grove, \$318.

George Daumann, Jr., treasurer, to County Commissioners 100 acres, Richard Lewis, No. 194, Porter, taxes.

Commissioners to E. T. Revlers, same land, tax.

Commonwealth to John C. Westbrook, Jr., commissions as recorder of deeds, probonary, register of wills, clerk of quarter sessions, orphans court and over and terminer.

Thomas Stout to H. B. Schooley and Irwin Coolbaugh, 508 acres, Lackawaxen on road from Rowlands to Hawley, \$4,000.

He Misunderstands Us
Either we have been deluding ourselves in the belief that we are of undue world importance, or else we must credit some European statesmen with knowing little outside the confines of their own countries. Prior to the Spanish war we heard some remarkable stories emanating from European sources as to how the various American countries composing the United States were divided against each other on the question of war with Spain, and now an article in a Berlin paper by General Von Bogulawski, said to be one of the foremost military writers in discussing the American impudence of the Monroe doctrine, says: "America is divided into many states. In varieties of race and language she is hardly second to Europe!" and then he proceeds to convey the impression that Germany has as much right to acquire land in South America as she has in Africa.

Comb Foundation for Bees
Many people will say they have seen artificial honey comb, but they are mistaken. What they have seen is comb foundation. It consists of sheets of pure beeswax rolled thru a machine like a clothes-wringer. The rollers on this machine are so cut as to make indentations on the surface of the wax, exactly like the base of a honey cell made by bees. When this foundation is used the bees simply add wax to the partitions between the cell bases and do what is termed "drawing out" the foundation. Foundation is used to get all worker-size cells, to assure straight combs, and to get the combs where they are wanted.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

New Century Comfort
Millions are daily finding a world of comfort in Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It kills pain from burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, conquers ulcers and fever sores; cures eruptions, salt rheum, boils and felonies; removes corns and warts. Best place come on earth. Only 25c at all drug stores.

Club Women's Views on Woman Suffrage
"I believe in the extension of the suffrage to women for the following reasons: First, it would ensure a higher morality in government, not because women are naturally better than men, but because the domestic virtues, temperance, chastity, general orderliness of life, are more essential to the happiness of men and women. Second, because no one class, however well intentioned, can be trusted to comprehend the interests of another class. Third, because if a voice in the making and administering of the laws by which they are governed is the right of all the members of a family who happen to be born males, it must be the right of all those members who happen to be born females."—Eliza B. Turner, president and founder Working Woman's Guild, Philadelphia, Pa.

Miss Myra Lloyd Dock, a well known lecturer for clubs of women, and a member of our state forestry commission, says: "Heartily and earnestly, more and more, I believe in the principle that there should be no taxation without representation. I do not look upon the right of suffrage as a mere-evil, for personally I should like to see the unworthy and intentionally base, deprived of it. I often wonder that clergymen and others should adjure women's auxiliaries to continue their noble work; to assert that hospitals and other things, depend so much on the woman's board and yet in the one respect of expressing ourselves by ballot we are considered unfit."

Advertisements in the Press