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A Full stock of the Best Brands of Flour Constantly on Hand.

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Milford Milling Co., Milford, Pike Co., Penna.

DO YOU EXPECT TO BUILD? THEN SEE A. D. BROWN and SON, Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Lumber, Contractors and Builders. Estimates made; personal attention given and work guaranteed. OFFICE, Brown's Building, Milford, Pa.

T. Armstrong & Co., Successors to BROWN & ARMSTRONG.

We offer a line of new Spring Goods, UNSURPASSED AND COMPLETE..... Our point is that you need not go away from home to supply all your needs, or to secure bargains. We expect to satisfy you in both particulars. DRY GOODS, now and stylish. GROCERIES, fresh and good. HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, AND CLOTHING. Any thing in any line at bottom prices. To accomplish this end we have adopted a new system. All our prices are fixed on a basis of cash payment. This obviates the necessity to allow a margin for bad debts and interest. To accommodate responsible parties we cheerfully open monthly accounts, and expect prompt payment monthly, as our prices will not enable us to carry accounts longer. Statements rendered the first of every month, and if paid within three days from date of bill, a cash discount of 2% is allowed. The same discounts given on all cash purchases exceeding \$1.00. Goods sent out will be C. O. D. unless otherwise previously arranged. T. ARMSTRONG & CO., Milford, Pa.

Advertisement for Montgomery Ward & Co. featuring a large illustration of a building and text: "We carry a stock of goods valued at \$1,500,000.00. We receive from \$10,000 to \$20,000 letters every day. We own and occupy the tallest mercantile building in the world. We have over 4,000,000 customers. Sixteen hundred clerks are constantly engaged filling out-of-town orders. OUR GENERAL CATALOGUE is the book of the people—it quotes Wholesale Prices to Everybody, has over 1,200 pages, 15,000 illustrations, and 60,000 descriptions of articles with prices. It costs 75 cents to print and mail each copy. We want you to have one. SEND FIFTEEN CENTS to show your good faith, and we'll send you a copy FREE, with all charges prepaid. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Michigan Ave. and Madison Street CHICAGO

Millinery Parlors Largest and finest selection of Millinery. Our designs are the latest, and prices lowest consistent with good work. COMPLETE LINE OF INFANTS WEAR. HAIR SWITCHES AND BANGS IN ALL SHADES. All orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed to all our patrons. SALLEY & ENNIS, 79 Pike Street, Port Jervis, N. Y.

THE MEN HUNTING GAME.

COL. BADEN-POWELL HAS WRITTEN A BOOK ON IT.

He Declares it a Great Sport, and Tells How to Bag Your Enemy Without Being Bagged—Extracts From "Aids to Scouting."

Colonel Baden-Powell declares that "man-stalking" is the best game of which he knows, and the Colonel has had experience enough as a hunter of both two and four footed animals to know. He has written a book called "Aids to Scouting," and in it he clearly lays down the rules of the sport. The scout's ten commandments, he says, are pluck and self-reliance, ability to find his way in a strange country and use his eyes and ears. He must be able to keep himself hidden, track the enemy, get across country, take care of himself and his horse, and report his information.

On starting on a reconnaissance, if you see a mountain to the northward it will serve as a guide. Similarly, when you pass any conspicuous object, like a withered tree, broken gate or a strangely shaped rock, keep it in your mind. On passing such landmarks do not omit to look back, and see what their appearance is from the other side.

A moving enemy is easy to see, but one who stands still, or who is the same color as the ground around him, is very hard to see for the unpracticed eye. Common sense and a little reflection will often suggest to you the most likely points to look to find him.

For instance, you come across three fresh paths trodden in the grass on the South African veldt, all running parallel to each other, at a few yards distance. By having studied the habits of your enemy you will know at once that this means three companies have passed that way on the march, as generally they march in single file, each company following its own leader. If the footmarks show that the men were wearing sandals it means they were on a long march; if barefooted, they were not going far.

It is often a useful thing, after passing a place where you suspect an enemy to be hiding, to turn very suddenly and look for him. You may catch him looking out less carefully. In selecting your lookout place, always be careful to see that there is more than one way out of it, so that, if an enemy cuts you off at one you can escape by the other. Thus a tower is a tempting place to look out from, but if an enemy comes and stands guard at the foot of it you cannot get away, whereas the roof of a house will give you an almost equally good view and possibly several different ways of getting to the ground.

Trees, for the same reason as towers, must be used with caution. Remember that men are very apt to forget to look up in trees for you—unless they see your footmarks on the ground leading to a tree. I have stood under a tree with an enemy up in it, and never noticed him till he fired down at me.

Tracking means following up footmarks. It is called "spooring" in South Africa. Scouting without tracking is like bread-and-butter without the bread. The first thing to learn is to distinguish the pace at which a horse or man was moving when he made the track. It will be seen that a horse walking leaves pairs of footmarks, each pair of feet coming close to the impression of the fore foot. At a trot each pair of footmarks is at a greater distance from the next, and the ground is more forcibly struck, the toe more deeply indented in the ground than at a walk. At a canter there are two single footmarks, and then a pair; at a gallop single footmarks deeply indented.

With a man walking, the whole flat of the foot comes equally on the ground, the feet a little under one yard apart. Running, the toes are more deeply indented in the ground, and the feet are more than a yard apart. Native trackers boast that not only can they tell a person's sex and age by their tracks, but also their characters. They say that people who turn out their toes much are generally liars. It was a trick with highwaymen of old, and with horse-stealers more recently, to put their horses' shoes on wrong way round, in order to deceive trackers who might try to follow them up; but a good tracker would not be taken in. Similarly, thieves often walk backward. In tracking where spoor is difficult to see—such as on hard ground, or in grass—note the direction of the last footprint that you can see, and then look on in the same direction, but well ahead of you—say, 20 to 30 yards—and in the grass you will generally see the blades bent or trodden, and on hard ground possibly stones displaced or scratched, and so on—small signs, which, seen in a line one behind the other, give a kind of track that otherwise would not be noticed. I once tracked a bicycle on a hard macadam road, where it really made no impression at all, but by looking along the surface of the road for a long distance ahead of me, under the rising sun, as it happened, the line it had taken was quite visible through the almost invisible coating of dew upon the ground. Standing on the track, and looking down upon it close to my feet, I could not see the slightest sign of it.

Torturing skin eruptions, burns and sores are soothed at once and promptly healed by applying De Witt's witch hazel salve, the best known cure for piles. Beware of worthless counterfeits.

This is the season when mothers are alarmed on account of croup. It is quickly cured by one minute cough cure, which children like to take.

UNCERTAIN TELEPHONES.

They Are Cheap in Switzerland But They Drive Strangers Mad.

"I noticed some reference in the paper the other day to the cheapness of telephone service in Switzerland," said a New Orleans broker recently returned from an extended visit abroad. "I can vouch for the fact that the tolls are very low, but the way the exchanges are run is well calculated to drive a man to drink. While I was at Bern last fall I desired to 'phone to a friend who was in a small village in the adjoining canton, although forty miles distant. I was told that I would find a public instrument at the post-office, and with a good deal of difficulty I located the bureau; as they termed it, in a suite of rooms up stairs. A very military-looking old gentleman with a white mustache received me and listened politely to my request. It was then about ten in the morning, and he informed me with many apologies that I would have to call again, as the line was only open between two and four. I was annoyed, but presented myself in time, and was then put through a series of interrogations that reminded me of an application for life insurance.

"When I had satisfied the old gentleman that I was a harmless American crank, and that my intentions were strictly honorable, he called up the village exchange and directed them to send a messenger to the hotel where my friend, another long wait ensued, and when the bell finally rang, the manager had a mysterious confab in monosyllables with the other end of the line. 'I am very sorry,' he said at last, 'but your friend will not be permitted to use the telephone today; he has forgotten to bring his passport.' That was the last straw, and I—well, I said things, picturesque things, lurid things. The old gentleman told me it was necessary to observe precautions to prevent the service being used by military spies. I never got to talk with my friend, but learned that the charge would have been only four cents for three minutes."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

BLACK WALNUT GOES ABROAD.

States Along the Mississippi Are Searched for Fine Trees.

The great size often reached by the black walnut, the richness of the dark brown wood, the unique beauty of the grain sometimes found in burls, knots, feathers and in the curl of the roots, all conspire to make this the most choice and high-priced of our native woods. Twenty-five years ago walnut was extensively used in the manufacture of fine furniture and finishings in this country, but manufacturers adroitly drew attention to the beauty of darkly stained quartered oak, and the use of the rarer wood has greatly declined. But all this time the search for the fine black walnut logs has gone on systematically, though quietly, the trade attracting little attention, though the volume of lumber handled has been large.

The great source of supply has been the central portions of the Mississippi valley. The walnut is at home in the rich fertile bottom lands of the western streams and in the stony limestone soils of the hills and mountains, and in such localities the buyers have left few trees unsurveyed.

Throughout eastern Kansas, Missouri and Arkansas, as well as the States along the Ohio and its tributaries, may be seen a few logs at this little station, a car or two at that, with carefully hewn sides and painted ends, ready for the market.

If you ask where this market is you will find that the great bulk of this rare lumber goes to Europe. While we have been led into an enthusiastic admiration for fine oak, stained according to the degrees of antiquity it is supposed to represent, our European cousins have been paying fancy prices for the rich black walnut that we have allowed to go "out of the fashion."—Berea Quarterly.

The Stamp Question.

Meaning that she should purchase a few stamps ahead and not be bothering the druggist every day in the year, he said: "Don't you know that a druggist doesn't like to sell stamps in that way?" "Is it possible he is afraid I won't pay him?" she questioned spiritedly. "Pay him?" he demanded. "What do you mean?" "Why, I purchased four yesterday, and as I forgot my purse I asked him to charge them—the mean thing."

"Have mercy!" he cried. "Woman, spare me any more!"—Indianapolis Sun.

A Question of Dignity.

"What makes you keep forever talking about humility?" asked the irritable man. "You've used the word over and over again." "I know it. You don't think I'd put off such a wonderful specimen of weather with a monosyllabic like 'hot,' do you?"—Washington Star.

Justice.

"Judge, they are accusing you of favoring your friends and being too severe on your enemies when you get a chance at them." "Oh, well, it will average up all right in the long run, so justice in the abstract is none the loser."—Indianapolis Journal.

Troops on outpost duty do not salute their superiors or notice them, unless addressed.

Return the bicycle dealer and repairer has reduced the price of renting and repairing bicycles. A few Bargain wheels from \$5 up. Gears rented and repaired. Shop on broad street Milford Pa. If Dress making in all branches. Will go to the house or do the work at home. Address MARY LUDWIG, opposite Sawkill Mill, Milford, Pa.

HOW THE HORSE EATS.

ONE OF NATURE'S REMARKABLE PROVISIONS FOR OLD AGE.

A Horse's Teeth Wear Down But Always Keep Sharp—Use of Saliva as an Aid to Digestion—Importance of Chewing.

A horse with a "full mouth" has forty-two teeth, namely, six front teeth in each jaw, and one tooth and six back teeth on each side of each jaw, writes an English veterinarian in the London Live Stock Journal. Each tooth is covered with a very hard, white and comparatively thin layer of enamel, which in the front teeth forms a depression in the cutting surface table of the tooth. Hence, when a front tooth comes into wear, its table has two irregularly-shaped rings of enamel, with soft tooth-substance (dentine) between them.

In each back tooth the layer of enamel is doubled in on each side so as to form on the table sharp and hard ridges, which project above the soft dentine. The tables of the back teeth slope downward and outward, that is to say, their inner edges are higher than their outer edges. The action of the back teeth is that of a mill, in which the sharp surfaces of the upper and lower back teeth on each side of the mouth work laterally against each other, and thus grind the food which is brought between them by the tongue and cheeks.

As the lower jaw is narrower than the upper jaw, the horse can chew with his back teeth only on one side of his mouth at a time, which he often continues to do for even so long as an hour, without changing to the other side. A horse is unable to use his front teeth and his back teeth at the same time; for when he works his jaws laterally, the front teeth of the lower jaw become separated from those of the upper jaw.

Each tooth is lodged in a socket of its jaw bone, and becomes developed from its dental pulp, which is provided with blood vessels, nerves and secreting cells. Owing to the continued secretion of dentine, the teeth are forced slowly out of their sockets, which movement more or less makes up for the wear entailed on the teeth by mastication.

Our own teeth, on the contrary, remain stationary in their sockets after they have attained their full size. The greater amount of wear undergone by the back teeth of the horse is compensated for by the increasing obliquity of the incisors with age. As the teeth wear down in time, the layers of enamel of both the front and back teeth gradually become thinner and weaker, until at last they disappear altogether, or fall to fulfill their purpose as cutting projections on the tables of the teeth. Hence, mastication becomes less perfect with age, and as the animal grows old, he becomes increasingly liable to indigestion from the faulty action of his teeth.

On an average, a horse takes about nine minutes to eat one pound of oats, and about twelve minutes to consume the same weight of hay. While the food is being chewed, it becomes more or less mixed with saliva, which flows into the mouth from the salivary glands in response to the stimulus caused by the presence of the food, and which helps the animal to swallow. In horses, the chief source of saliva is the parotid glands, which are of greater comparative size in them than in all other animals except ruminants.

The saliva of the parotid glands consists of about 99.3 per cent of water. Carpenter points out that the size of the parotid glands in animals is proportionate to the degree in which the mastication of their food is performed; and that these glands are absent in birds, which swallow their food whole.

Although dogs secrete saliva abundantly, starch is not a component of their natural food. As the requirements of the horse's digestion demands that he should thoroughly chew his food, we ought to give it to him in suitably minute particles. Saliva contains the ferment ptyalin, which has the property of converting starch into sugar, in which form it is absorbed into the body. The action of the ptyaline of the saliva on starch is of too brief duration to have much effect; for it ceases soon after the arrival of the food in the stomach, on account of the presence of acid in the gastric juices. The digestive changes which the food undergoes in the mouth therefore appear to be more mechanical than chemical.

Work Both Ways.

"The young men of the present day," said the elderly person, "have great advantages of the young men of my day, both in education and business training." "But the trouble is," said the young man, "they have no advantage over me another."—Indianapolis Journal.

Boers Using Chinese Tactics.

Masked positions so greatly adopted by the Boers were utilized by the Chinese against British forces, notably the Taku Forts.

For Sale.

The noted Sawkill House property. About two and a half lots on corner of Harford and Madison streets, and running back to alley in rear of barn. Inquire of J. C. CHAMBERLAIN Real Estate Agent, Office on Harford street.

A fine assortment of outfitting supplies at W. & G. Mitchell's.

ERIE RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

Corrected to Date.

Solid Pullman trains to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chautauque Lake, Cleveland, Chicago and Cincinnati. Tickets on sale at Port Jervis at lower rates than via any other first-class line.

TRAINS NOW LEAVE PORT JERVIS AS FOLLOWS.

Table with 2 columns: Train No. and Time. EASTWARD: No. 19, Daily Express, 8:24 A.M.; No. 10, Daily Express, 8:59 A.M.; No. 16, Daily Except Sunday, 9:29 A.M.; No. 27, Daily Express, 10:00 A.M.; No. 606, Sunday Only, 10:29 A.M.; No. 28, Daily Except Sunday, 10:59 A.M.; No. 6, Daily Way Train, 11:15 P.M.; No. 30, Way Express Sunday, 11:45 P.M.; No. 2, Daily Express, 4:25 P.M.; No. 600, Sunday Only, 4:50 P.M.; No. 4, Daily Express, 6:30 P.M.; No. 18, Sunday Only, 6:50 P.M.; No. 22, Daily Except Sunday, 7:50 P.M.; No. 14, Daily, 10:50 P.M.

Table with 2 columns: Train No. and Time. WESTWARD: No. 3, Daily Express, 12:30 A.M.; No. 17, Daily Milk Train, 8:05 A.M.; No. 1, Daily Express, 8:30 A.M.; No. 11, For Holiday Expt Sun, 10:10 P.M.; No. 5, Daily, 6:15 P.M.; No. 27, Daily Except Sunday, 8:20 P.M.; No. 7, Daily Express, 10:15 P.M.

Trains leave Chambers street, New York for Port Jervis on week days at 1:00, 7:30, 9:10, 10:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:30, 7:30, 9:15 P. M. On Sunday, 7:30, 9:00, 10:15, 11:30, 2:30, 7:30 and 9:15 P. M.

D. E. Roberts, General Passenger Agent, New York.

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Big China Store IN PORT JERVIS, N. Y. Largest Stock.

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For Sets of Dishes, Lamps and Glassware. Occupying the entire floor of Building.

We buy Butter, Eggs and Grain.

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PORT JERVIS, N. Y. UP TOWN.

KENTUCKY WHISKY. ORDER IT FROM KENTUCKY. SEND US \$3.00 AND WE WILL SHIP YOU 4 FULL QUARTS OF THE CELEBRATED OLD MAMMOTH CAVE. (To any point in U.S. East of Denver) Securely packed without marks indicating contents. IT WAS MADE IN OLD KENTUCKY. AUG. COLDEWEY & CO. 231 W. MAIN ST. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY. EST. 1848 - DEFENDANCE - ANY LOCAL BAR.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

MILFORD. FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Milford. Sabbath services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath school immediately after 10:30 A. M. service. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 P. M. A cordial welcome will be extended to all. Those not attached to other churches are especially invited. REV. THOMAS NICHOLS, Pastor. CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Milford. Services Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 12:30 P. M. Week-day services Friday at 10 A. M. Holy Communion Sunday at 2:45 A. M. Seats free. All are welcome. REV. CHAS. B. CARPENTER, Pastor. M. E. CHURCH, Services at the M. E. Church Sundays: Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath school at 11:45 A. M. Epworth league at 6:45 P. M. Weekly prayer meeting on Wednesdays at 7:30 P. M. Class meeting conducted by Wm. Angle on Fridays at 7:30 P. M. An earnest invitation is extended to anyone who may desire to worship with us. REV. C. R. SCHUBERT, Pastor. MATAMORAS. EPWORTH M. E. CHURCH, Matamoros. Services every Sabbath at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath school at 11:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Class meeting Monday evening at 7:30. Class meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30. Everyone welcome. REV. T. G. SPRINGER. HOPE EVANGELICAL CHURCH, Matamoros. Services next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Junior C. E. before and after C. E. prayer meeting after the evening service. 3-4 week prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Seats free. A cordial welcome to all. Come. REV. J. A. WINGARD, Pastor. Secret Societies. MILFORD LODGE, No. 344, F. & A. M. Lodge meets Wednesday, or before Full Moon at the Sawkill House, Milford Pa. N. Emery, Jr., Secretary. Milford John O. Westbrook, W. M., Milford, Pa. VAN DER MAERE LODGE, No. 888, I. O. O. F. Meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 P. M., Brown's Building, D. H. Hornbeck, Sec'y. Jacob McCarry, N. G. PRUDENCE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 1, O. O. F. Meets every second and fourth Fridays in each month in Oak Hollows Hall, Brown's building, Miss Katharine Klein, N. G. Miss Wilhelmine Beck, Sec'y.

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Look for the Warning.

Heart disease kills suddenly, but never without warning. The warnings may be faint and brief, or may be startling and extend over many years, but they are none the less certain and positive. Too often the victim is deceived by the thought, "It will pass away." Alas, it never passes away voluntarily. Once established, heart disease never gets better of itself. If Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is used in the early stages recovery is absolutely certain in every case where its use is persisted in.

"For many years I was a great sufferer from heart disease before I finally found relief. I was subject to fainting and sinking spells, fullness about the heart, and was unable to attend to my household duties. I tried nearly every remedy that was recommended to me and doctored with the leading physicians of this section but obtained no help until I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. It has done me more good than all the medicine I ever took." MRS. ANNA HOLLOWAY, Geneva, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold at all druggists on a positive guarantee. Write for free advice and booklet to Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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