

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

TO RELIEVE A WRETCHED, SUFFERING PEOPLE.

The Associate Society of Red Cross of Phila. has, during the present war and the distress in Cuba, which preceded the breaking out of hostilities between our country and Spain, been actively engaged in its humanitarian work of ministering to the necessities of the men in the field and the suffering Cubans. It has sent many articles of comfort, even of life-saving importance to our troops in their various camps, sometimes in response to most touching appeals; the appeal came and the Society was ready. It has besides made a large number of shipments of goods, provisions, clothing, medicines to the Cubans. In all its work it has been nobly upheld, notably by the people of Philadelphia, but also by those of other parts of the State and of New Jersey.

During the blockade and the siege of Santiago, one branch of its ministrations was necessarily suspended, but the Society was not idle, stores continued to be received, money to be collected. Among other things the equipment of a field ambulance and hospital service has been undertaken and already has so far proceeded as to be properly regarded as an accomplished fact, and the Society will be able to put in the field six ambulances, with their proper appurtenance and a properly equipped field hospital.

The fall of Santiago reopens the opportunity merciful work in Cuba. The Society has already made arrangements to forward several tons of stores, which have been only waiting a chance to be sent, and has appropriated in addition for this shipment \$1,200. But this is but a drop in the ocean of suffering. More must be done. The Society proposes, therefore, to charter a steamer, to sail from Philadelphia about August 15th, to convey the ambulance corps and equipment to the front and to load the vessel with stores, such as soldiers may need and which the government does not provide, and with clothing, food, and medicine and such other things as many require by those wretched, suffering people, whom we encouraged to resist Spain and to make a struggle for liberty, and whose suffering has been fearfully and necessarily enhanced by the war upon which we have entered.

The Society, therefore, appeals to what has never been appeal to in vain, to the grand old heart of Pennsylvania, the grand Commonwealth whose foundations were laid in love to man,—to save lives—to relieve suffering—to feed the starving—to clothe the naked. The Society makes this appeal in all confidence. Pennsylvania has never yet failed when called upon in the name of patriotism and humanity. She will not fail now!

Contributions in money may be sent to William Hill, Treasurer, No. 308 Walnut Street, Philadelphia; contributions of stores addressed to the Associate Society of the Red Cross, Philadelphia, 1501 Chestnut Street.

Now For Niagara Falls And Toronto, Ont.

On Saturday evening, August 6th, the Erie will run a Grand Moonlight excursion to Niagara Falls at \$3 and to Toronto Ont., for \$4 for the round trip, leaving Port Jervis on a train at 7.30 p.m., arriving at the Falls at 8.50 a.m., Sunday, Aug. 7th. The Niagara Falls tickets will be good to return on special train leaving the falls at 5 p. m. Sunday, August 7th, or on any regular train Monday, August 8th.

The Toronto tickets will be accepted any day within the limit between Suspension Bridge and Toronto in either direction, allowing a stop at Niagara Falls and Buffalo, returning, and will be good for return trip on or before Wednesday, Aug. 11th.

There will be a special train leaving Suspension Bridge after arrival of Niagara Falls trains, Sunday, Aug. 7, and arriving at Toronto at 10:15 a. m.

Don't miss this grand opportunity as the fare is within the reach of all, and remember the date Saturday August 6, and train leaves P. J. 7:30 p. m.

To Let, on Hartford St., furnished house with large grounds. Inquire at Press Office.

BRIEF MENTION.

It is reported that Gen. Lee will soon go to Cuba with Seventh corps. If your watch needs any repairs go to Rudolph, the jeweler, Milford, Pa.

If your watch needs cleaning take it to John Rudolph, the jeweler, Milford Pa.

The Hartman piano is a reliable instrument. See the ad. of Marsh, of Port Jervis.

The rather feeble notes of a Katy did were heard this week. Six weeks to frost.

The entertainment for the benefit of the Episcopal Organ fund, Saturday night, netted \$35.

Five prisoners confined in the Goshen jail, escaped Tuesday evening. One has been captured.

The play given in Brown's Hall last Saturday was fairly well attended, and enjoyed by those present.

W. G. Tutill, of Port Jervis, was drowned while bathing in a lake near Monroe, Wednesday evening.

Sparrow and Franks, of Port Jervis, offer great bargains in their clothing store. A word to the wise, etc.

The Presbyterian Sunday School picnicked last Friday at Raymondskill and the Episcopal school near Matamoras.

Service may be expected at the Sawkill School-house, the weather permitting, on Sunday, Aug. 7th, at 2:30 p. m.

The N. Y. Journal, of Wednesday, labels a picture of Cecil Rhodes as speaker F. B. Reed, and one of the speaker as Rhodes. Such is fame.

Martin Thorne, the murderer of Guldensappe, the big bath rubber, was executed Aug. 1 at Sing Sing. He showed no feeling and went smilingly to the chair.

WANTED.—A boy 16 or 18 years old who understands care of horses, and cows, and willing to do chores and be generally useful. Inquire at Press Office. 1w

Crop conditions, during the past week have been decidedly favorable for corn and it has made excellent progress, especially in the great corn states of the central valleys.

We have received from Congressman Kirkpatrick, the year book of the United States department of Agriculture. It is handsomely illustrated and contains much valuable information.

The several severe showers recently beat down corn and buckwheat to such an extent that much of it will not rise, and will be considerably injured. Rapid growth had weakened the stalks.

Hon. E. R. Keeler, President Judge of the Twenty-Seventh Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour died at his home in Bloomsburg August 1, of Bright's disease.

The M., M. & N. Y. R. B. bridge at Matamoras, is about completed. A few Italians have been at work but construction of the road is yet practically at a stand still. The reason is variously surmised but not known.

The papers are saying that the locusts have attacked woods, and stripped many fine trees of foliage, around Durham this county. Please tell us just where that is. We reckon the locusts are just about as mythical as the place.

The severest thunder storm ever known in the history of the city visited Philadelphia Wednesday noon. In an hour and one half 5 1/2 inches of rain fell. Many buildings were struck by lightning, great damage was done by water and several oil tanks were fired.

The Commissioners will scrap and paint the County bridges at Mrs. Brown's, Gordon's dam, and Montemonte in Dingmans, Klier's Mill, and Mott street, in Milford, Hamilton's in Milford township, Shohola Falls in Shohola, Cummins and Rosetown in Westfall.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarella, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarella—beauty for ten cents. All drug stores, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

DR. WM. PEPPER.

Death of a Distinguished Pennsylvanian.

One of Pennsylvania's distinguished sons passed away last Friday, when Dr. Pepper, of the University of Pa., died suddenly in California, where he had gone for the benefit of his health. His life work has been building up and organizing the public institutions of Philadelphia, more especially in developing the usefulness of the great University of which he was the head. From a small school hardly known outside the city limits and without proper departments it has grown to be one of the best equipped and most celebrated Universities in the world. The Philadelphia Press, speaking of his labors, says:

"His contributions began the work of extending the medical course and his professional skill planned its extensions. The development of graduate work, the creation of new departments, the extension of the grounds of the university and the multiplication of its buildings went on under his administration as provost. He drew to the institution endowments, instructors and pupils; he wakened a new local pride, and his policy made it the center of a list of related societies. The archeological research which has given it the first Oriental collections in the country and one of the first Babylonian collections in the world was his work. He founded and expanded its museum. He endowed himself a laboratory for special work. Outside of the University he urged and brought to its beginnings university extension. He nursed the Free City Library through all its stages until its circulation has made a world record. He lifted the Commercial Museum to its present position. He was fast turning the 'Associated Museums' into collections worthy any city. The coming exposition felt his leadership.

"These public tasks and labors he accomplished and achieved while he carried on an exhausting practice, whose extent was only limited by his time and strength, and not always by that. He held his place as a medical instructor of the first rank. He was a voluminous writer in medicine, and added to its standard work a general view of the art of healing as remarkable for the scope of its design as for the extent of its learning, for the accuracy of its judgment as for the skill of its treatment. Sought by the wealthy, he was at the daily call of the poor his time commanding a return unsurpassed in his calling; he gave freely to public work and in the two closing years of his life, when strength was failing when health was broken and every friend he had and every fiber in his frame was pleading with him for rest, he gave his magnificent energy and capacity to a campaign for pure water and the passage of the loan bill.

His life ends. Thousands who benefited and will benefit by his labors will never know his name. His sad and untimely end leaves much that he had planned and would have accomplished incomplete; but the lesson of his life and the example of his devotion are complete and ineffaceable. It is by such men that cities prosper and civilization advances; for this is done not by trump and drum, by amassing wealth and erecting buildings, but by adding to education, by promoting knowledge, by organizing research and giving access to the tools and records of science and learning. These things he did, and he was, besides all this, the dear friend, the philanthropist, the public citizen, the liberal giver and the eminent physician. His departure to all who knew him personally leaves a void more empty and the future bare.

Statistics show that the per capita consumption of intoxicants in this country is slowly but steadily decreasing. It could be decreased at the same rate for a long time and still be large. Various causes are assigned for the reduced consumption of liquors, and doubtless it is due to a combination of influences. Whatever the cause we may be thankful for the fact as an indication that our progress is in the right direction.

If your watch needs a main spring Rudolph, the jeweler at Milford will put one in.

Pillbury's vites at Mitchell's.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 1, '98.

President McKinley's reply to the Spanish "feeler" as to the terms upon which we would negotiate peace, which is now in the hands of the Spanish ministry is not only liberal, it is, under the circumstances magnanimous. It provides for the evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico, the former to have an independent government, under the protection of the U. S., and that the latter shall become our property. Spanish troops upon both to be sent home at the expense of Spain, and leave the question of what shall be done with the Philippine islands, to be settled afterwards. If Spain is wise, she will lose no time in accepting these terms, as it is very certain that if the war is continued the terms will grow harder and harder, but for Spain to display wisdom will be a new thing under the sun. The French Ambassador, who is now also the Spanish Minister, accepted the terms, but, of course, his accepting goes for nothing until confirmed by Spain.

Our preparations for pushing the campaign in Porto Rico and in the Philippines have not been stopped to await Spain's answer, and will not be stopped, and if Spain refuses the terms or attempts to gain time by quibbling, the plans for sending Commodore Watson's fleet to Spain, which were deferred in order to give Spain a chance to ask for peace, will at once be carried out. It is doubtful whether any other country than U. S. would have been so generous to a defeated foe as not to insist upon the payment of a large money indemnity; it is also doubtful whether the Spanish character is capable of appreciating that generosity.

The results of the first week of the campaign of Gen. Miles in Porto Rico, have been more than pleasing to President McKinley and every member of his Cabinet, notwithstanding the attempt on the part of some of the yellow journals, to create the impression that the relations of Secretary Alger and Gen. Miles had become unfriendly because the latter had not conducted the campaign in accordance with Alger's orders. The same sort of stories were circulated about Secretary Alger, and Gen. Shafter has since stated that he was allowed to conduct his campaign on his own judgment, and was never at any time hampered in the slightest degree by orders from the War Department.

It is well known in Washington that General Miles has supreme control of the Porto Rico campaign, which was planned by himself, and that neither President McKinley nor Secretary Alger has interfered with him or expect to have any cause to do so. The administration has the utmost confidence in Gen. Miles. That confidence has been fully justified by what he has accomplished in a single week. The entire southern end of the island, including its second city and a number of smaller ones, is under our flag; and not a single American life has been lost, Hurrah for Miles!

Brigadier General Chas. P. Egan, Commissary General of the army made public a scathing denunciation of Mr. Robert B. Roosevelt, for having written a letter to the Secretary of the sons of the American Revolution, charging shameful incapacity or infamous dishonesty in the commissary department. The tenor of Gen. Egan's remarks, which make a column of nonpariel may be judged from the following quotation: "Notoriety is what Mr. Roosevelt wants, and he is bound to have it. He deserved it—he stayed at home. He did right to stay at home. Notoriety is what he is after; we see it in every line of his writing. He carefully avoids giving a name or a date. Of course, we knew why. He could not do it and tell the truth. But he could manufacture a letter in such shape and form as to bring misery to every father, mother, wife and sister of the men at the front, who did not know that the flagrant representation of a lawyer for the purpose of notoriety were what they were reading, not a statement of facts, not a true or fair representation of the action of officers, nor the truth regarding the situation in the field, but a low, libellous, scandalous vilification of honorable men.

Sickness continues to increase in Gen. Shafter's army at a rate that would be alarming were it not for

the small number of deaths. As it is, there is much finessiness, and plans for bringing the men back to the U. S. at the earliest possible moment are being perfected.

Dispatches from Admiral Dewey, and Gen. Merritt, who has arrived and taken command of the army, have increased the apprehension that we shall have to whip both the Spaniards and the insurgents before the Manila campaign is over. It is expected that Gen. Merritt and Admiral Dewey will make a combined land and water attack on Manila in a few days, if the Spanish do not meet their demands for surrender, and if Spain does not accept our terms of peace. Then it will be seen whether they will have to fight the insurgents.

DOTTINGS FROM DINGMANS.

Frequent showers.
This has been a hot summer.
The oats crop was a failure.
Apples will be apples this Winter.
Quite a number of city visitors are in town.

Social life around Silver Lake is at its height.

Irving Angle is progressing finely with the building of his new dwelling on his lot opposite Mercier's Bellevue Hotel. When complete it will be another commendable addition to this picturesque little village.

Those of our neighbors who have been unable to gather their hay until now are much delayed in the work by the frequency of the showers which are a feature of the latter part of the summer of 1898.

The most gratifying success attended the efforts of our neighbors who have been fishing in some of the waters in the back townships, and magnificent quantities of pickerel and "catfish" are brought home by the jubilant anglers.

Lightning struck in a dog-kennel near the house of Gilbert Heater, on Saturday night last, and killed a hound lying therein. The bolt fell very near the dwelling-house but fortunately failed to do other damage than as stated.

Andrew Snyder will very shortly resume the building of his commodious barn, having quit for a time on account of harvesting. The frame of the barn is all ready to raise.

Messrs. Dusenberry and Allerton each seem to be doing a nice business at their respective ice-cream rooms during this heated term, and are dispensing liberal quantities of the delicious delicacy to both visitors and home customers.

After all, there are in the aggregate, a good number of city people sojourning in this part of the county, numbers being domiciled at the boarding houses and farm dwellings in the neighborhood.

John Vater is visiting friends in the vicinity of Center at present.

The Methodist Church at Dingmans is to be treated to a new coat of paint, and the funds necessary for the same are being raised by subscription.

The dying foliage of many trees in ridges hereabout indicate the unusual severity of our late drought.

The Sabbath School at Meadow Brook, under the superintendence of Palmer Depe, Esq., is said to be in a flourishing condition, with a most gratifying support, and that at Dingmans also is reported to be progressing finely.

W. H. L.

Gold From Sea Water.

Rev. P. F. Jernogan, an ex-Baptist minister the promoter of the Electrolytic Marine Salts Company, of Boston, who professed to have discovered a method of extracting gold from ordinary sea water, has landed in France and although a warrant was issued in Paris for his arrest he has not yet been captured. The scheme was to let a box in which was placed prepared quicksilver, down in the sea from a dock, then a confederate guided by a life line and dressed in a diver's suit would wade out to the box and substitute some preparation in which gold was mixed. When the box was hauled up it contained, sure enough, gold which assayed a large profit. Several were duped in large sums by the glibness of the man and apparent reality of the invention. Farmers and others mortgaged their places to raise money, with which after securing the scamp suddenly left the country.

PERSONAL.

Robt. Struthers spent a couple of days this week in N. Y.

Levi Land, of Blooming Grove, was at Milford this week.

George P. Van Wyck, Jr., of Washington, is a Milford visitor.

The family of Dr. Reed is entertaining Louisa Fay at the Anchoage.

Howard De Mott, of N. Y. is spending a weeks vacation in Milford.

Miss Fannie Snyder of Centreville, N.J., visited with Milford friends last week.

Superintendent of Schools, Geo. Sawyer, of Mill Rift, was a caller at Milford, Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Myers will leave tomorrow for a trip to Bridgport, Conn. and the Catskills.

G. A. Giequel, Deputy Chief of the N. Y. Fire Department, with his family, is sojourning in town.

Prothy, J. C. Westbrook and Hon. John D. Bidis visited Blooming Grove a couple of days this week.

Julius Mulford, of Delaware, suffered a paralytic stroke some days ago, which leaves him in a very enfeebled condition.

Hon. John B. Storm, the well known lawyer, of Stroudsburg, is at Danville, N. Y. undergoing treatment for paralysis.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ryman and son Clarence, of Des Moines, Iowa, visited his cousin, Wm. Ryman, on Catharine St., last week.

Frank Plume, for a long time a guest at the Dimmick House, expects to spend some time at Montauk, leaving here next week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tuttle of Dingmans Ferry, an aged lady, is afflicted with cancer, and her advanced age, 86, renders proper treatment impracticable.

A number of young people from this place attended the dance at Frick's Grove Wednesday evening and tripped the light fantastic to their hearts' content.

Capt. W. J. Kay, employed in the Foreign Money Order Department in the N. Y. Post Office, has been spending several days with the family of Robt. Struthers.

C. F. Rockwell Treas. of Wayne County expects soon to visit Milford the "scene of his childhood" where he was born and lived the first 22 years of his life, and which place he left fifty years ago.

Several patriotic young ladies in town having mended the flag which floated from the Knob, with which the elements had too roughly toyed, it was on Wednesday again hoisted to the breeze by Geo. K. Ball, Geo. Armstrong, Harry Reed and John Van Etten.

Miss Mary Louise Gummer, of Guyward, closed her third season with the Mozart symphony Club, of N. Y. at Mt. Gretna, Pa., Saturday evening. She has accepted a position as contralto soloist in a church on West 45th street New York, for the coming year.—Forum.

A. H. Campbell, of N. Y., special agent of the American Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals is passing his vacation at the Conasaugh House and is highly pleased with its healthful surroundings and agreeable management. He expects soon to be joined by John P. Haines, the President of the Society.

Milford Prices.

Flour, bbl. \$6.00 Butter, lb 20c., Creamery, 25. Eggs, doz. 18. Oats, 42c. Feed and Meal, cwt. 95c. Corn, 55c.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Congregation held their Annual fair and sale of fancy articles on the Church grounds Thursday afternoon.

There is much sickness in Shaftor's army; the total for Aug. 1 was 4,239, of which 3,179 were fever cases. The death rate is not high.

General Wheeler's Cavalry commands at Santiago have been ordered home and will be brought to Long Island.

For job printing come to the Press Office.

OUR PEACE TERMS.

CONDITIONS AGREED ON BY THE PRESIDENT AND CABINET.

The reply made through the French Ambassador to the Spanish proposition for peace is in substance:

1. Spain must give up Cuba.
2. All Spanish troops must be removed from Porto Rico and the minor West Indies, and the islands ceded to the United States.
3. Control by the United States over Manila, the bay, and surrounding territory, including Cavite.

No claim is now put forward for pecuniary indemnity but all sovereignty over Cuba, and its evacuation by Spain, the cession and evacuation of Porto Rico and other islands in the West Indies under Spain.

The United States to occupy and hold the city, bay, and harbor of Manila, pending a treaty of peace which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines. If these terms are accepted commissioners will be appointed by each country to meet and conclude a treaty of peace on the basis above indicated. It is thought Spain will accept, as the general opinion among the foreign powers is that the terms are as easy as she could expect and far better than she will obtain if the war is further prolonged by her refusal.

General Miles, in command of the Porto Rico expedition telegraphed last Sunday that the volunteers were surrendering themselves with arms and ammunition. Four-fifths of the people are overjoyed at the arrival of the army. Two thousand from one place volunteered to serve with it. They brought in transportation, beef, cattle and other needed supplies. The Custom House had already yielded \$14,000.

The reply of Spain to the terms offered by this government has been received by the French Ambassador, but it will probably not be presented until has received further instructions which he now expects. Whether the President will make public the Spanish note when he receives it may largely depend on whether Spain accepts the terms in their entirety as he demanded. There may be diplomatic qualifications or reservations in the answer which may necessitate further explanations or possibly the withdrawal of the terms. The cabinet is divided in opinion as to the sincerity of Spain and some members have little faith in her good intentions. If her reply is an acceptance the details will be formally arranged and an armistice agreed on and proclaimed and peace commissioners appointed.

Reports from Madrid are that if a definite reply is received from the U. S. on the questions submitted by the Spanish government the cabinet will meet at once and accept the terms of peace.

CLEAN UP.

Now is the time when every household should clean up and purify his premises, and then see they are kept so. It is unpleasant and should be wholly unnecessary to compel the Borough officials to enforce to cleanliness those who are in a manner dependent on the good health of the town. Self interest, if not pride, should prompt exertion to keep the Borough in a good sanitary condition, and especially should the health and comfort of those we invite here as city guests to spend their money with us, as well as that of our neighbors, be considered. No person has a right to maintain a nuisance on his premises. If he be impervious to bad odors and dangerous exhalations from decaying vegetable matter, and other garbage, he has no right to inflict them on the community, or rise in righteous indignation if he is requested to abate them. Do not longer invite disease by neglect and carelessness in these matters. Every good citizen who has the well being and prosperity of the Borough at heart will aid in removing everything offensive and detrimental to public health. There are some no doubt who feel perfectly able to pay doctors' bills and even the expense of undertaking for their own families, but they should not assume that the same odors or willingness extends to others in their vicinity. Now let each vie with the other in the good work of cleaning.

Educate Your Slaves With Cascarella. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.